looked up in nd he caught as he stood ar attire. ious than the with his head was Imogene d That some boold you velve at Imagene with passion little bear wholit a whek and not lowing and he hoped and let love sir I gaaped her and woo outed. "Wby de-plume l'in TP Bird App STTOP in the World t has been Marylebone. boy from its roughout the rk, during the er, 1888, sup-PAIR. through the South Wales, a months, 150 British army been holding comrades in a commanding icerit visit to ils, naval and and hayonesses ha Army supinficent instituat his expense in a horse car lav," demarked this eminent pading a sheepw reports. A him, and said mid l'aine, 'it's ns of the Massa-"t Spoken. ne of her driends, a mile of or 6 nd applarently in e that, 'daid the akes little girls her tears and have cried when rtants man + 1 wonder ways son conla , my son ' t guess, 'or you 11. over there armed life." ra helhaa listened t an accident."-Changer. warm in Canada. adition Bill has ng the nineties in Mortreal -- N. Y thday. FASS Today was rated the occasion mns of type, cottucking the baby hr shotgun. wastiful town

nomatherwhose

eginber to blow,

arnett's "Fauntle-

" amount up to

recess of Wales re-

phis: "You are

mment I have ever

rish that I might

M.PP., of Portage

naster Stirton, of

instant he sowed

Mr. Mc Kenzie was

this county, and is

ing extensively in

apring,

own."

a ever, think.

210 CHI USH-

Spring Fancies, THE YOUNG MAN, In the spring the youth his person in the latest And begins to cast admiring glances on the other In the spring a nameless yearning, something that he cannot trace, Comes upon him when he meets a maiden with THE YOUNG WOMAN. In the spring the maiden doffs the glossy seal which enables her to don a bigger bustle than Then she puts on lighter garments, snowy laces, ribbons gay; And a gorgeous hat the climax caps of her new All the recrets of the toilet uses with a woman's For her heart, too, is responsive to the season's Soon some strange, mysterious process brings together youth and maid;
There are meetings in the moonlight, there are whisperings in the shade,
Wandavings in sachaded places often till the Wanderings in the snade, Wanderings in secluded places, often till the Loving glances, sweet confessions, stolen kisses at the gate; Petty quarrels over nothing that with misery fill Pride's surrender, explanations and delicious When the tender grass is springing and the open-When the tender grass is springing and the open-ing buds appear,
When the birds are gayly singing and the skies are blue and clear.

Thus its course in spring love runneth, culminating in the May, With parental blessings and the naming of the vedding-day. A simple young girl just entering society writes to our fashion editor to know how to make an empire gown. Take a large-sized tablecloth, Stitch two sides together. itun a pucker round the top On a ribbon tether. Cut some arm-noles near the neck, Put the belt below them, Just to touch the shoulder blades, So as not to show them. Let the skirt be flowing loose, Like a sail that's flapping in the vagrant southern breeze, Masts and yard-arms tapping. Tack some buttons up the back, Two or three is plenty, For you know an empire gown In the waist is scanty. Put some lace about the neck, Sew it there or pin it-Then, to make the gown complete, Let the girl get in it. Ontario Spring Assizes, 1889, ARMOUR, C. J.

Stratford ..... Tuesday, 12th March Tuesday, 19th March
Tuesday, 28th March Wednesday, 20th Message Wednesday, 3rd April Monday, 8th April Monday, 8th April Thursday, 11th April Rose, J. Milton Monday, 11th March
Brampton Thursday, 14th March
Orangeville Monday, 29th April St. Catharines......Monday, 6th May Rose, J. Toronto, Criminal Court ..... Monday, 18th March Toronto, Civil Court ......Monday, 15th April amendment a perfectly fair proposition. Kingston Monday, 25th March
Kingston Monday, 1st April
Picton Tuesday, 9th April
Belleville Tuesday, 18th April
Cobourg Monday, 22nd April .....Monday, 25th March Cobourg......Monday, 6th May STREET, J. Walkerton. Tuesday, 12th March
Goderich. Tuesday, 19th March
Sarnia Tuesday, 26th March
St Thomas Monday, 1st April

Monday, 1st April
Monday, 8th April Chatham.... Chatham Monday, Still April
Sandwich Wednesday, 17th April
Woodstock Wednesday, 24th April
London Monday, 8th May MACMAHON, J. Ottawa Tuesday, 12th March
L'Orignal Monday, 25th March
Perth Thursday, 28th March
Pembroke Tuesday, 2nd April Barrie Monday, 8th April
Peterboro Monday, 22nd April 

Chancery Spring Sittings, 1889. THE HON, MR. JUSTICE ROBERTSON, Toronto, Monday, 8th April. THE CHANCELLOR.

Chatham, Wednesday, 6th March. Sandwich, Tuesday, 12th March. London, Monday, 18 h March. Walkerton, Thursday, 11th April. Goderich, Wednesday, 17th April. Sarnia, Thursday, 25th April. St. Thomas, Wednesday, 1st May. THE HON. MR. JUSTICE PROUDFOOT,

Brantford, Wednesday, 8th March. Simcoe, Wednesday, 13th March. Simcoe, Wednesday, 13th March. Owen Sound, Monday, 1st April. Hamilton, Monday, 20th May. Guelph, Thursday, 30th May. St. Catharines, Thursday, 6th June. THE HON. MR. JUSTICE FERGUSON.

Belleville, Thursday, 21st March. Belleville, Thursday, 21st March. Cornwall, Monday, 15th April. Ottawa, Monday, 22nd April. Kingston, Wednesday, 22nd May. Brockville, Tuesday, 24th May. Cobourg, Thursday, h June.

THE HON. MR. JUSTICE ROBERTSON. .indsay, Monday, 11th March. Peterboro', Friday, 15th March. Woodstock, Wednesday, 20th March. Stratford, Wednesday, 3rd April. Whitby, Tuesday, 7th May. Barrie, Monday, 13th May.

BELOW will be found a list of United States Presidents, and the lengths of their terms of office, from the time when the thirteen States set up shop for themselves down to the present time : George Washington .....

John Adams 4 years
Thomas Jefferson 8 years
James Madison 8 years
9 years ohn Quincy Adams 4 years John Quincy Adams
Andrew Jackson
Martin Van Buren
John Tyler
James K Polk
James K Polk
James Taylor
James Buchanan
John Tyler
James Buchanan
John Tyler
James Buchanan
John Tyler
James Buchanan
John Tyler
James Huchanan
John Tyler
James Buchanan
John White—No.
Mr. White—No.
Mr. Laurier — Then why should we sidered to find; for the object is too suggestive of a laurier for a moment.

Mr. White—No.
Mr. White—No.
Mr. White—No.
Mr. White—No.
Mr. White—No.
Mr. White—No.
Mr. White—air it retains to be hard to find; for the object is too suggestive of a lauridered for a moment.

John Tyler
James Buchanan
Jernature
Je James Buchanan 4 years Abraham Lincoln 4 years, 1 mooth, 11 days Andrew Johnson.......3 years, 10 months, 20 days for foreign ports would be useless. Lumber lysses S Grant S years was shipped subject to inspection when it was shipped subject to inspection when it Chester A. Arthur 3 years, 54 months circover Cleveland 4 years The body of Gilbert Fletcher, who disap-

peared from some in Toronto last Christmas, was washed ashore yesterday a little Act of this kind. As regards pine lumber, to the west of the Humber. Deceased every lumberman on the Ottawa River great steel works, Cleveland, Ohio, where a

Willis Green, Anderson Mitchell and no cause for inspection. Willis Green, Anderson Mitchell and no cause for inspection.

Daniel Jones, all colored, were hanged Mr. Mills (Bothwell) said that lumber. lets. It will pick up 800 lb. billets and Oh, yes, we'll have to go if we want to keep yesterday at Arkadelphia, Ark., for the men were to be put to the expense to fur. drop them where wanted by the touch of a

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Mr. Cook introduced a Bill to amend the Civil Service Act. He explained that the Bill provided that Canadians should have And the fluttering of a ribbon or the perfume of the British Isles, should not be placed in positions which Canadians should have. The Bill provided that all persons appointed must first be resident in Canada five years. This was only promoting and carrying out the policy which the Government declared in 1878 to be proper. That policy was Canada for the Canadians. He regretted that the Government had not followed that policy, and he new proposed that they should be compelled to do it.

Mr. Bergin-What about the Irish? Sir John Macdonald-The hon. gentleman has no Irish in his constituency. Mr. Cook-Yes, I have plenty there, and

Sir John Macdonald—They will not vote Mr. Bergin-This means no Irish need

apply. The Bill was read a first time.

Mr. Brown, in moving the House into committee on the Bill to make further provision for the prevention of cruelty to animals, said he was prepared to make tion. explanations and amendments in committee which would meet the views of many who had opposed it.

The House went into committee. Mr. Tisdale moved that the committee

The motion was carried on a vote of 67 yeas and 60 nays. The House went into committee on Mr.

irkpatrick's Bill for Reciprocity in Mr. Kirkpatrick said the Bill had been changed in committee, so as to be an exact counterpart of the American offer.

Mr. Chariton was opposed to a reciprocity that would give the Americans the advantage of the Canadian trade without giving us anything ic return. Unless Canadian tugs were allowed to tow American vessels and rafts, the privilege of reciprocity in wrecking would be valueless. He therefore moved to add a clause embodying that

Mr. Labelle said the amendment would kill the Bill. Mr. Mulock said that a similar Bill had

peen voted down last session. Mr. Mitchell-It was not understood. Mr. Mulock said the opposition was having an educational effect. He would like to know if the objections taken by the Minister of Customs last year had been removed. There was evidently a change of heart.

Mr. Waldie said the Bill had an element of humanity in its favor and important advantages to the marine interests of the country.

Mr. Curran was against the amendment, because it would make the Bill in-

Mr. Edgar favored reciprocity in towing, but felt if that condition were added to the Bill it would destroy its effect. Mr. Cook considered Mr. Charlton's

Tuesday, 12th March taken on the amendment, which was lost. Yeas, 21; nays, 67. The Bill was reported from committee.

remainder of the session Government party in search of a certain valuable moss; measures shall have precedence on Wed-Mr. Laurier objected to the motion for

the reason that he thought it was premature. Already the Government had taken Thursdays, and if this motion should carry the only day left at the disposal of private members would be Mondays. Sir John Macdonald said there seemed

to be a general desire amongst the mem. bers that the House should prorogue before Easter, and it was with that view that he proposed the motion. To get through in time there must be short speeches, late sittings, and a general desire on the part of the members to return to their homes as soon as possible.

Sir Richard Cartwright said there was no precedent for taking every day but one for Government business in the sixth week of the session.

The motion was carried, not to come into operation till Wednesday week. Mr. Costigan moved the House into Committee of the Whole on the resolution declaring it expedient to assimilate and

amend the laws in force in the several Provinces in relation to the inspection, culling and measuring of timber and lumber. Mr. Cook wanted to know what lumber. men or gentlemen had advised the Government to take this step.

Mr. Macdowall-I would like to call the attention of the hon. gentleman to the fact that the terms lumbermen and gentlemen are synonymous. Mr. Jones (Halifax) said the Act would

saddle four permanent officers upon the country at a salary of \$2,000 a year. Mr. Charlton asked if it was intended to make a classification of lumber.

Mr. Costigan said it would be impossible to make a classification which would apply to all the different Provinces. Mr. White (Renfrew) said the object of the Bill was to establish an office in the interest of the lumber trade, and to so col-

lect fees, so that it would not be a burden upon the other classes of the community. Where disputes occurred as to measurement there would be a Governmental authority to settle them.

Mr. Laurier-Does the hon. gentleman believe there should be compulsory inspection?

Mr. Ives said the inspection of lumber

pine, it was of no use in other grades. Mr. Perley (Ottawa) said, as far as his

experience went, there was no call for an would object to registration when there was

would be interfering with the right of contract, and if it was optional it could effect no useful end.

Sir John Macdonald said that as there was evidently a great deal of difference of opinion on the matter, he therefore asked that the committee agree to pass the resolution and allow a bill based on it to be introduced. In committee on the Bill he was quite willing the provisions hould be discussed the same as upon the resolution.

The resolution was passed and a Bill based on them was read a first time.

Mr. Haggart moved the second reading vision that post office inspectors shall not be subject to Civil Service examina-

Sir John Macdonald said these inspectors should be appointed on account of special

to do away with the Examining Board altogether. Mr. Mills (Bothwell) said it was rumored that an hon, gentleman living in Toronto was to be appointed Post Office Inspector, and he supposed it would be ob-

jectionable to subject him to an examina-The Bill was read a second time.

Mr. Haggart moved the House into committee to consider a resolution to amend the Civil Service Act and to regulate the salaries of certain officers of the Civil Service. The resolution provided for a readjustment of the salaries of post office inspectors and other officers in the post office service.

Mr. Jones objected to the increases in salary proposed in the case of the postsimply a piece of log-rolling and could not be justified on any ground.

Sir John Macdonald said it was only proposed to raise the salary of the Toronto postmaster to the figure that the Montreal postmaster had been in receipt of for years.

porated as a Bill. The following Government Bills were

read a third time : To make further provision respecting the speedy trial of certain indictable offences. To amend the Act respecting certificates to masters and mates of ships.

Another Robinson Crusee.

A curious story has been told by Prof. Lee, who accompanied as naturalist a recent expedition to the South Pacific set forth in the constitution: Ocean. Years ago the Ecuador Government planted a convict colony on Charles Island, one of the Galapagos group. The convicts revolted, killed the Governor and escaped, leaving behind pigs, cattle, donkeys and horses. Since that time no one was thought to live there and at Chatham Island, another of the group, the exploring party were told that Charles Island was entirely deserted. They were, therefore, rather surprised when they visited Charles Island to come upon a man nearly that time he had been alone on the island. He had lived on fruit and herbs, had captured wild cattle by setting traps for them, killed them with a spear made by tying his pocket-knife to a stick, and from their hides made a hut. He was glad to see men again and asked to be taken back to Chatham Island, which was granted, of course. -London Saturday Journal.

To-Day's Personal Points.

Miss Dallas Yorke, the fiancee of the pudgy Duke of Portland, is a gigantic woman, over 6 feet in height. Portland says that he has loved her long.

The richest man in Boston is Fred L. Ames, whose fortune is reckoned at about \$20,000,000. His grandfather, Oliver Ames, used to peddle shovels of his own handiwork.

Harriet Beecher Stowe's son is writing the biography of his illustrious mother, and will publish it when finished.

Miss Hattie Proctor, of Defiance, Pa., is said to have devised a method of producing gas from crude oil at a cost of only five cents per 1,000 feet.

A Bad Spell.

A merchant's clerk wrote a check for forty

The New States.

It is suggested that as "Pa" is used as an abbreviation of Pennsylvania, "Ma." might be used as an abbreviation for Montana. A good abbreviation for the State of Washington -if it retains that name-will be hard to find; for the obvious "Wash." is too suggestive of a laundry to be considered for a moment. This fact alone ought to rule out that name for the new

A Frightfut Example. Magistrate—What is your name? Facetions tramp—Robert Elsmere. "Eh? Wha-why, bless me, I thought Robert Elsmere was a preacher." "Yes, y'r Honor, I was. This is what

The direct use of electricity as a laborsaving machine has been applied at the large electro-magnet is used, suspended

doubtin' hes brought me to."

BENEVOLENT HUMBUG.

Our Eastern Ontario exchanges report that notwithstanding the warnings which farmers have received time and again, it is yet possible in some localities for seed wheat peddlers to obtain \$15 a bushel for supposed-to-be remarkable qualities of at No. 38 Madison street, is the proud wheat and oats, the conditions being that the sellers will buy so much of the products of the seed at a similar rate. It is scarcely necessary to say that the time never comes when these "friends of the she horrified the nurse and astounded Dr. farmer" will call for the implementing of Phillips, the family physician, by exhibitof the Bill to amend the Civil Service Act. the wily wheat agents get the farmer to condition is not stated in the note which sign, and when it becomes due it is found to be in the hands of some "shaver" who has not so much consideration for the welfare of the agriculturist as had his professedly benevolent friend, the vendor of the fitness, and not in consequence of having the newspapers carefully will not be taken Mr. McMullen thought it would be well that the present is not an age of miracles, and that it is impossible to obtain something from nothing; but there are others who seem to believe that sort of talk when it is aimed at them by a politician whose object is to make the agriculturist believe that the more taxes he pays the better off he becomes. We do not wonder that such credulous individuals occasionally get taken in by swindling travelling agents who pretend to be philanthropists, with but one aim to put a fabulous sum of money into the auditor's pocket for a very small considera-

But it must not be supposed that farmers are the only class of men who can be gulled or who are ready to spend money freely at the request of men who offer them enormous, though improbable, returns for masters of Toronto and Ottawa. It was of men abroad who appeal to every their investments. There is a class member of the community for support of schemes to filch money from their dupes, and who even prostitute Scripture to aid in their enterprises. We refer to the professional organizers of that class of friendly societies which inveigle the unthinking or The resolution was reported and incor- by the promise of enormous and impossible returns for their money. Such a set of men must have been the promoters of the "Order of the Financial Union," which has just reached a stage of partial collapse in the United States. On first consideration, it may be imagined that the "Financial Union" was a mere money making institution; but if its originators the finest clothes for her—Chicago Correand promoters are to be believed, it has a higher and holier aim than the mere worship of Mammon. Here are its objects, as

To unite in the bonds of fidelity, equality and morality all acceptable white persons of both sexes of good moral character, steady habits, sound bodily health, reputable calling and who believe in the Supreme Intelligent Being, the Creator and the Preserver of the Universe. To improve the condition of its membership morally, socially and materially.

The institution was organized in Paternaked, carrying a pig on his back. He was has been brought up short by a Committee medicine for women, sold by druggiess, quite as surprised as they and was at first of Investigation chosen from various lodges under a positive guarantee from the After further discussion a division was in great fear, but finally they got him to throughout its jurisdiction. This commit-His hair and beard had grown to tee has thrown the whole concern into every case or money will be refunded. This great length and he had lost all notion of Chancery, on the ground that it has been guarantee has been printed on the bottle-Sir John Macdonald moved that for the had come from Chatham Island with a money sent to headquarters in Paterson, many years. N.J., have been appropriated. An applicathat he had deserted his companions, who tion will this week be made for a receiver had come off without him, and that since to wind up the concern. Now let us inquire into the manner in which hard-working men and women were induced to join this aggregation of benevolence. By the payment of a small weekly sum the member would receive certain sick benefits or \$1,000 at the end of five years. The membership is divided into four grades, and there are four different insurance certificates. A member who pays 25 cents a week at the end of five years will be entitled to receive \$250. If sick he is advanced \$5 a week until he has received \$125, half the amount of his certificate. If during five years he should have more than 25 weeks' sickness the supreme moguls of the Fidelity, Equality & Morality can't advance him another cent. If the member should be neglected, they often terminate in consumptotally disabled he receives \$125; should he tion. die, his heirs receive \$125. But here is the table of rates and "benefits" which

each of the four certificates bring: Weekly Weekly Am't Paid Amount Paid at End of Pay Benefit on Total Paid at End of ment. When Sick. Disability. Death. Five Years \$0 25 3125 \$125 375 500 750 1,000 375 1 00 23 500

The great prize for which most of the people who have joined the Order rush is the \$1,000. By paying \$5 as an inftiation dollars, and spelled the numerical adjective fee, \$1 a week and \$1 a quarter as dues, at "f.o.u.r.t.y." His employer directed his the end of the five years all being well, \$280 attention to the error, with the remark, will have been paid by the member, and "You seem to have a bad spell this morning," then he will be handed \$1,000. Just think to which the clerk replied, "Sure enough; of it! Four hundred per cent. on your for us. Cash Furnished on satisfactory guaranty Address, C. S. Pace, Hyde Park, Vermont, U. S. Address, C. S. Pace, Hyde Park, Vermont, U. S. Cash Furnished on satisfactory guaranty and the control of the clerk replied, "Sure enough; of it! Four hundred per cent. on your for us. Cash Furnished on satisfactory guaranty and the clerk replied, "Sure enough; of it! Four hundred per cent. on your for us. Cash Furnished on satisfactory guaranty and the clerk replied, "Sure enough; of it! Four hundred per cent. on your for us. Cash Furnished on satisfactory guaranty and the clerk replied, "Sure enough; of it! Four hundred per cent. on your for us. Cash Furnished on satisfactory guaranty and the clerk replied, "Sure enough; of it! Four hundred per cent. on your for us. Cash Furnished on satisfactory guaranty and the clerk replied, "Sure enough; of it! Four hundred per cent. on your for us. Cash Furnished on satisfactory guaranty and the clerk replied in the clerk replied i clerk will still further amend his ortho. only a few thousand men and women have graphy, meanwhile, if any suffer from a seen fit to rush to riches by the avenue bad spell" of headache, superinduced by thus provided. But how in creation any constipation, ask your druggist for Dr. body of men can make the 400 per cent. on Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. the money paid is the problem. Have they Entirely vegetable, mild, prompt and a secret process whereby they transform copeffective, and a most efficient remedy for per into gold or \$100 bills into \$1,000 notes? derangements of the liver, stomach and Such powers are not conferred on mortals in these degenerate days. And to assume that the very ordinary men who set the "Order of the Financial Unity" on its feet can accomplish by ordinary and legal processes what the cleverest commercial men cesses what the cleverest commercial men are unable to do, is to credit them with greater capacity for business than their past records warrant. The collapse now imminent bears out this conclusion. Still, we suppose when the next friendly society greater capacity for business than their "fake" comes along, offering inducements to join it which are clearly impossible of to join it which are clearly impossible of realization, it will find plenty of men willing to pay in their money and take the risk, whether it operates in the United States or in Canada. A safe rule is to treat with the greatest suspicion all promoters of schemes purporting to confer benefits on the investor out of all proportions.

SALESMEN We wish a few men sellour goods by sample to the wholesale and refacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp wages \$3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages devertising, etc. Centennial Manufacturing Co., Cincinnati, Ohio. tion to the money he pays in, whether he deals in seed wheat, oats, trees or friendly society benefits.—Hamilton Times.

Patriotism a la Protectionist Leader. Mrs. Greatman—Can we go to Europe

yesterday at Arkadelphia, Ark., for the men were to be put to the expense to furminder of a negro preacher named Arthur hish a position for some friends of the Gov. key, the movement of the crane being done much, and woollen goods are very cheap warm next winter. The rassage don't cost READY FOR MASTICATION.

A Baby Born With Six Upper and Four Lower Teeth.

George Baker, a restaurant keeper, living possessor of a baby girl who was born with a set of teeth. When little Julia Orine Baker arrived in town a day or two ago, ing a nice upper row of six white front teeth and four perfect ones on her lower gums. They were almost fully developed and were hard enough to use on the toughest beefsteak in existence. It might be thought that the little stranger would develop accomplishments in keeping with he early growth of teeth, and start out, walk, talk, sit up at the table, and perform ever so many clever acts, and her fond father doubtless gleefully

imagined that she would do something of the kind to sort of keep up the record, but she did none of these. She can bite, though, and that, too, good and hard, as her father can testify, she having got his little finger in her mouth and made him dance. However, the little one shows remarkable signs of physical vigor, and at present she eats bread sopped in milk and little particles of tenderly cooked chicken, a feat which is said to be unprecedented in the annals of medical science. Dr. Phillips says that her case is the most remarkable one he ever had the good fortune to have in his charge. When the teeth were first noticed the doctor put his finger gently on one of them to see if it really was ivory or a soft gristle. This tooth proved a white piece of soft substance. The others, however, were real ivory, and were as hard as the molars of a grown person.

During the whole course of my professional career," said Dr. Phillips, "I never came in contact with such a case."

"What is the scientific reasoning for it?" "That I can't imagine. The child will doubtless grow rapidly and develop early. It is going to be a remarkable baby.

It is the first baby that has come to the Bakers, and they are as proud as can be of their girl. The neighbors for blocks around and strangers, too, have been to see this most remarkable child. Julia's grandpapa, who lives in New York State, was so happy over the little girl's arrival that he sent a big roll of Uncie Sam's greenbacks to buy spondent of St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

"The Merry Wives of Windsor"

could scarcely have played such fantastic pranks had they been subject to the many ills so common among the women of to-day. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a legitimate medicine, carefully compounded by an experienced and skilful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate organization. It is purely vegetable in its comson, N.J., on May 9th, 1887, and it has position, and perfectly harmless in its spread its lodges over many States; but effects in any condition of the system. It before it could get its professedly benevo- cures all those weaknesses and ailments lent intentions into good working order, it peculiar to women, and it is the only unable to find just how large sums of wrapper, and faithfully carried out for

> A Wise Man. Mrs. Brown-My husband is one of the most generous of men. Mrs. Terwilliger-That's nice.

Mrs. Brown—Yes; I made him a present of a box of cigars for Christmas and he has given them all away to his friends. He hasn't smoked a single one himself.

If you have the bronchitis, you often are hoarse, Your throat's raw and smarting; your hacking, of course;
And if you're not careful, the first thing you Your lungs are attacked, and disease lays you

By using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, bronchial affections and all kindred complaints can be cured, but if

THE spirit of many farewells to the retired United States President by the Democratic pressappears in this brief paragraph from the Memphis (Tenn.) Appeal: "Adieu, President Cleveland. It may be for ever but it may be for only four years."

D C N L. 13 89.

MERCHANTS, BUTCHERS TRADERS We want a good MAN in your locality to pick up

CALF SKINS

The Shoe & Leather Reporter, N. Y., and Shoe The Shoe & Leather Reporter, N. Y., and Shoe & Leather Review, Chicago, the leading trade papers of the U.S. in the Hide line, have sent their representatives to investigate Mr. Page's bustness, and after a thorough examination and comparison the Reporter gives him this endorsement. "We believe that in extent of light-weight rane material collected and carried, Mr. Page holds the lead of any competitor and that his present stock is the largest held by any house in this country."

And the Review says: And the Hevrew says:

'After a most thorough investigation of Mer Page's business as compared with others in same line, we have become fully satisfied that in a specialty, light-weight stock, he is unquestionably the largest dealer in this country, while in superiority of quality he is compassedly at the head.

DUNNS

