# THE RUSSELL DIVORCE.

## The Strange Story Told by the Wife of the Earl.

THE HORRORS OF HIGH LIFE.

A London cable gives the following additional particulars of the suit for divorce brought by Countess Russell, a beautiful

with Roberts. His wife could not feel other- her husband had treated her. She was very wise than outraged and distressed by those weak, and her nervous system was comretations. When the Countess objected to pletely upset. Roberts' presence in the house the Earl told her to go to his Satanic majesty. Sir Edservant to summon Lady Scott, the Countlike, and you can go to the devil."

Countess said that when she left the Earl she asked him to kiss her. Herefused with

During the recital of the incidents of her married life, Earl Russell, who was sitting Earl but against another man, whose name in court, frequently buried his face in his hands to hide his laughter. His actions them if he had not stood high in the opinion showed that he felt no compunction for his of his colleagues. treatment of his wife : in fact, he seemed to think the whole affair was a fine subject for mirth. Many of the spectators looked upon the earl with disgust.

Continuing her evidence against her husthe floor. There was a general tittering in the court room when the countess, in describing a quarrel that had occurred between jeers and hisses of the mob. herself and the earl, stated that Sir Charles Russell resumed his argument the latter had rushed about the room for the defendant. He attempted to refute SIR CHARLES CROSS-EXAMINES.

tion against her husband or Roberts. witness replied with decision, "Yes." This answer created a sensation. The witness then added that she had never made a direct charge against either the earl or Roberts. The countess admitted that she had written a letter to Harry Marriellier. who was the best man at her wedding, assuring him that she brought no charge against Roberts, adding that she was in the heads of clever men and would bring no charges against the earl unless she was fully able to prove them.

Sir Charles asked the countess if the state of her health had not been given as the reason for breaking off an engagement to marry she had entered into before her betrothal to Earl Russell.

Witness admitted that she had had a former engagement, and that it was broken off owing to the condition of her health.

Sir Charles asked witness whether she was not attended by two doctors in 1888 for a certain complaint. The countess replied that the doctors mentioned had given her medicine from time to time. The court adjourned before the cross-

examination was finished.

HOW THE COUNTESS LOOKED. The countess was attired in an elegant blue velvet dress. She wore an expensive bea, about her neck and a large hat, which set off her beauty to great advantage. She displayed much modesty, and was greatly embarrassed by some of the questions put sell was very much put out by his objecting responded in a meek and almost inaudible voice. Lady Scott, the petitioner's mother, who sought by her presence to add to her daughter's courage in the trying position in which she was placed, was also elegantly dressed, and over all she were a magnificent fur cloak. She occupied her time while her daughter was giving her testimony by continually sniffing at a vinaigrette. The countess' sister was also present. She sat beside her mother and was wrapped from to Ascot for the reason that they were head to foot in furs, which even the warmth several persons there whom he did not wish of the court-room could not compel her to her to meet. He positively denied that he THE EARL'S APPEARANCE.

contrast to his handsome and stylish young weapon of that description in the house. wife. He is a weak-eyed, youngish looking With reference to the charge that when the man. He has hair of a reddish tinge, and is Countess on one occasion asked him after a what is known in slang parlance as "washed row for £5 he threw her a half sovereign. out." He wears spectacles.

A London cable continues as follows the report of the divorce trial of Earl Russell : Eliza Vale, the maid who found the Countess in a faint on the floor in her room, was then called. She testified that on this occasion she heard the Countess pleading with the Earl. Afterwards witness found her mis-

tress lying naked on the floor. a letter from the Earl's solicitor advising on the floor. The Earl said that after he her to borrow £1,500 from an insurance and his wife had retired he declared he company for the purpose of settling her would not go to Lord Salisbury's owing to teen States out of thirty-three; in 1864 they debts. When asked whether the state of the refusal of the Countess togoto Amberley carried twenty-two out of the twenty-five her health had anything to do with her Cottage, the Earl's residence in Berkshire. that voted; in 1868 they carried twenty. York and speaking of the dives of the said that he will try and unite the factions. separation from her h sband, the Countess The Countess got out of bed and fainted on six out of thirty-eight; in 1872 twenty-nine Bowery said: "What struck me most was replied that her doctor told her she was the floor. When she came to he said, of thirty-eight; in 1876 twent-one out of that there were so few women in them comsuffering much from worry, and she would "How are you, darling?" She replied, thirty-eight; in 1880 nineteen out of thirty-pared with ours at home. But you will stretch a sheet across the room and the he better if she separated from the Earl for "Don't you dare call me darling," and then eight; in 1884 eighteen out of thirty-eight; soon have as many women drunkards as we ladies stand behind it and stick their feet some little time. It was then agreed that threw a soap dish at him and made for him in 1888 twenty out of thirty-eight. Next have unless this terrible traffic is prohibited. under it so you can see only their shoes. three m with, and then she would see how herself out of a window if he remained in How many of them will the Republicans fearful effects of hereditary craving for shoes and the lady who is in them you take her husianus would treat her. During this the room with her. The Earl declared carry?

period she went to stay with relatives of that the statements made by the Earl at Pembroke Lodge.

minded of her debts by the Earl.

The next witness called on behalf of the petitioner was Dr. Godson, the family he had only used it in fun. physician of Lady Scott. Dr. Godson teswoman, against her husband, Earl Russell, tified that he had constantly attended the a grandson of the celebrated English statesman, Lord John Russell: The Countess He had never seen any indication of hysteria and that she intended to impute some on the part of the Countess. Before her portion of her husband's cruel conduct to marriage she periodically suffered severe an instance of unaccustomed restraint. the influence Professor Roberts had over pains. At the time of her marriage she was attacked by the influenza. This developed Sir Edward Clark explained that Roberts into pleurisy, and witness attended her was the mathematical master of a school at twice daily until she went to Torquay. Bath. A serious suggestion against Earl When she returned he again attended her Russell was involved in his alleged relations She then complained of the manner in which

The evidence for the Countess here closed Sir Charles Russell presented the case for ward said the Earl was much upset by the Earl Russell. He said he would limit himprospect of the Countess not having a child. self to the broad issue of the case. So far He abused her in vulgar terms for this. as the separation of the Countess and Earl Rarly in May the Earl and Countess pro- Russell was concerned, all he would say was posed to attend a levee. The Countess that the lady was at liberty to leave her had never kept his wife up in the night to came to London and stayed at the Albe- husband when she liked. The sole object of marle Hotel. She laid out the clothes which the present suit was to force the payment of told him she was "d——d sorry" she had the Earl was to wear. When the Earl alimony by the Earl. Sir Charles, in reserived he refused to allow a servant to ferring to the Roberts incident, declared that dress him, and insisted that the Countess the Countess, through veiled and obscure should leave the dinner table and come to innuendo, simply desired to wound her their room to act as his valet. When they busband. She was afraid to strike openly. returned from the levee, he also compelled | Why had the other side not made that serithe Countess to attend to him. The Countess ous allegation honestly, straightforwardly, hysterical fit and exclaimed. "D was annoyed that her husband should force and directly? Unless the suggestion in you. her to perform such services, and told him connection with Roberts was meant to be The Earl at once rang the bell and told the considered and dealt with, a greater act of Earl. He referred to the Earl's conduct cruelty could not have been performed than before marriage, and the latter admitted mother. When Lady Scott entered the in bringing it forward. Sir Charles then that before he married her he seduced a room the Earl said : " Here is your sacred rebutted the charges of cruelty. He asked servant, but he had told Lady Mabel Scott daughter; take her away as soon as you the jury not to be carried away by a clever his fiancee, all the circumstances, and she and engaging woman telling them a story found that no reason to discard him. In reply to a question by Sir Edward, the that was untrue in all its essential detailsa woman so perverted as to put forward the hopeless case by odious imputations. These imputations were made not only against the and reputation might have been blasted by

The court then adjourned. close of the day's proceedings, and as the Earl left he was hooted at, and attempts were made to strike him. The police en- and was in no way connected with the Wilband, the countess testified that when she deavored to protect him, but the crowd liams girl. was ill the earl summoned her to his study overpowered them, and the Earl was obliged and called her vile names and threw her to to seek refuge in the Temple. Being still followed, however, he jumped into a cab, and succeeded in getting away amid the Sir Charles Russell resumed his argument

yelling and striking the walls with his fists. the statements of violence at the hands of the Earl. Sir Charles then turned to the The witness was cross-examined by Sir Charles Russell. He opened by asking the charges if she meant to make any imputatrumped up in order to give strength to an otherwise weak case, and that though the letter. darkest insinuations had been made, no one was willing to come forward and make a direct charge of the nature hinted at against either the earl or the professor.

A London cable says: The first witness for the defence was Prof. Roberts. The professor testified that he was friendly with had no details? the earl at college. He afterwards became acquainted with the Scott family. After the marriage of the earl and Lady Mabel he visited at their home. He had sung with the countess and had thought her a charming hostess. The witness made a very emphatic denial of the actions imputed to him by the countess in relation to Earl Russell.

Mr. Inderwick, of counsel for the countess, asked to be allowed to put in evidence letters that had passed between the earl and Prof. Roberts to show the relations which existed between them. Sir Edward Clarke said he could not see any issue requiring the letters to be produced, but he nevertheless consented to their being ad-

THE EARL'S TESTIMONY.

mitted. Earl Russell now took the stand. testified he had never heard the slightest objection made to the presence of Prof. Roberts in the house. The witness had objected to his wife going to a certain lady's house, and based his objection on the fact that the lady was divorced. Countess Rus-To most of the inquiries she to her visiting the lady's home, and in the quarrel that followed with him he said to her, "If you say such things you will soon be sorry you married me." The countess replied, "So I am sorry." The earl declared he had never insisted that the countess should dress him. If she had requested him to allow her to dress him, he would not have let her do so. He was very much attached to her and had tried to make things tess. pleasant for her. He objected to her going had gone to the cabinet in search of a pistol. At the time alluded to his pistols were in a In appearance Earl Russell is a great warehouse and there was not a single the Earl said it was not true. He was about to give her the money she had asked for when she said. "I don't want your dirty money." The Earl denied the various other charges. He admitted that on one occasion that the Countess had boxed his ears.

CALLED HER. " DARLING."

Sir Chas. Russell then drew from the Earl his version of the bedroom incident, when The Countess admitted she had received the Countess was found nude and in a faint Farl should part for at least with the poker. She threatened to throw year there will be forty-four States to vote. It will be impossible for you to escape the Then you go along and pick out a pair of

Countess that he left her and went to Sir Charles Russell here read letters ex- Roberts' bedroom were absolutely false. changed by the Earl and Countess during the time the latter was at Pembroke Lodge.

A number of letters from the Countess to the Roberts. Once when his wife was hysteri-A number of letters from the Countess to the Earl commenced "Dear Frank," and those of the Earl to the Countess began "Dear Mabel." Countess Russell testified that her husband had been repaid all the money he the levee he had scolded the Countess behad advanced ' pay her debts. During her cause she had lunched with a divorcee who against Albert Fauster for bigamy was conmarried life she had been constantly revery well deserved to be divorced. The cluded at dark last night and was generally Larl admitted he had once used the word of a very damaging nature to the defendant. "barren" in conversation with his wife, but Faustre's flippant manner upon the stand

The Earl stated he did not think his had been brought from Canada, the home wife's health or nerves suffered during her of the accused, to testify against him, and married life. Her ailments were caused by they wove around him a net of such conunaccustomed restraints.

SHE SMOKED CIGARETTES.

The earl replied that one instance was his limiting his wife to six cigarettes a day. Witness declared he was not unduly anxious to have a son. He denied that he ever had sworn at his wife or called her a brute or a beast. He was much annoyed shortly after his marriage by learning that many of the countess' debts were unpaid. Once a milliner came to the house and created bother. The countess came to witness and asked him to "Get her out for God's sake." adding, "she's screaming in the hall and learn of get rid of her." The earl stated he make up his accounts. Once the countess married him. When the countess fainted in the bedroom he bathed her face with water and eau de Cologne and tried every When she recovered she went into a violent

THE EARL'S CHARACTER.

The Earl admitted that he had been intimate with a girl named Williams. He had Roberts incident in order to support a seduced her. This intimacy continued until of the trip. within a short time of his engagement to Lady Mabel Scott. The girl brought an action against him for breach of promise of marriage. He paid £500 down and was to pay her £1 a week. He is still paying her this latter sum. The Countess objected to his re-engaging a man servant A mob surrounded the Law Courts at the named Moyse, but he persisted in his lose of the day's proceedings, and as the determination to take him back into his employ, saying that he was a good servant

A NEW TACK. Sir Edward Clarke now went on a new

tack. He started in by asking the Earl, When did you leave Oxford?" The Earl-In May, 1885.

Sir Edward-Had you been there a full college course?

Sir. Edward-Were vou sent down? The Earl-I was.

Sir Edward-To a man or a woman?

The Earl—To a man, I suppose. I never saw the letter and never heard what it was or what was in it. Sir Edward-Do you mean to say you were sent down on a complaint of which you

The Earl-I never new any of the details. My college was Balloil. I left England for a time and went to America for seven months. I suppose the circumstances connected with my leaving college were known to my relations.

HE LEFT COLLEGE.

Sir Edward announced that he was through with the witness, and Sir Charles then proceeded to re-examine him. In reply to the questions put to him by his counsel Earl Russell stated that Dr. Jowett was master of Balloil College while he was there. Having demanded but being refused an examination into the charge made against him in connection with the alleged improper letter, the witness had taken his name off the books of the college. Since leaving Balloil, Dr. Jowitt had invited him to visit him there, and Dr. Jowett came to his wedding. Before his marriage he told his fiancees mother he had been "sent down" from Oxford and the nature of the charge against him. He did not tell his future wife, because her mother had requested him not to do so. Court then adjourned.

HER DIVORCE-COURT DRESS.

The plaintiff, the beautiful Mabel Edith. Countess of Russell, wore a stunning blue is only 22 years of age, and has a reputation

Her pretty dress has a curious story behind it. A few days ago a visitor is said Philip Stedman, whose home is in Delaware to have called and found her in an unusually bright and cheerful frame of mind. She wore the new frock, and she seemed ing on fire, and jump into the river, where particularly pleased with it.

"Do you like my new dress?" she asked. The visitor very politely replied, "I think Your Ladyship looks charming."

"Ah !" said the Countess with a little sigh of satisfaction, "I'm so glad you like t. because it's my divorce-court dress. You know—the one I shall wear when my case omes off." Lady Scott, the mother of the Countess, is a beauty of a somewhat corpulent type, who wore a long fur coat which was thrown open and a tiny Erench bonnet loss on the Pease is about \$10,000. on the back of her curly head.

Bishop Brooks interfered to secure to the Salvation Army the right to give a street parade in Boston.

The Republicans of 1860 carried seven-

A CANADIAN BIGAMIST.

of "Prof." Foster, or

very materially injured his case. Witnesses vincing proof that it will be barely possible gay party of excursionists, they were marby the parents of the girl.

and soon discovered the Canadian marriage and had Faustre arrested.

When the latter took the stand he stated debauch and he did not know it. "About a month after that he had heard

been married, but did not believe it. Colonel Nelson, upon cross examination, took the witness and then the denouement came. The Colonel asked, "Then you never had contemplated marriage with the young lady prior to the trip to the Falls?"

Faustre looked straight at the witness and, without changing a muscle, said: "No, sir; neither before nor at the time

Colonel Nelson then handed him as official-looking document, bearing an ominous-looking seal, and asked: you ever see that before?"

It was a marriage license issued to Faustre and Miss Eichenberger four days before the trip to the Falls. It was an unexpected blow, and the self

possession of the witness at once deserted him, and he looked confused. He spent several minutes in examining the paper, and declared he had never seen it before. Colonel O'Neil, who represented the de-

hope in the case.

the laws of the Dominion. Sir Edward—What was the complaint the former was asked if he recognized her, gathered at the station with the evident he turned, stared brazenly at her for a intention of insulting the McCarthyite noment, and said he did not : then turning

ten vears. babe in her arms.

with a sentence of three years in State's

spected young lady. In the following spring hospital. the young couple moved to Belleville. Albert being possessed of musical talent, entered Albert College for the purpose of about six months' time he matriculated in professor.

## BURNED AT THE DOCK.

#### A Steam Barge Fire in Which Two Men Lose Their Lives. A Cleveland despatch says: The steam

barge James S. Pease, which came into port from Lake Superior on Tuesday, caught fire about noon, and was nearly destroyed before the fire department extinguished the flames. There were two men and the cook in the after cabin, which was burning, and only one of the three, the cook, Anna L. Bennen, was saved. The latter was in the kitchen when the fire was discovered. She endeavored to rescue her personal belongings, but as a fine horse-woman, who drives a tandem | coat and one or two garments of her own. among her intimates as "the bad Coun- her way through the smoke and flames, managed to reach the side of the boat and to emerge from the burning cabin, his clothsank before aid could reach him. He was about 70 years of age, and leaves a wife and

A New Name for It.

Harper's Young People: "Oh, mamma! cried Willie, on seeing a zebra for the first time, "do come here and see this poor little bon and Hapsburg. convict pony.

Lady Somerset has been slumming in New

PERISHED IN THE FLAMES.

Five of a Family of Seven Burned to Death at Detroit.

TWO RO AND SERVANT GIRL ESCAPE:

A Detroit despatch says: A frightful fatality occurred shortly after 2 o'clock this morning, when, in the partial burning of the two-story brick store and residence of George J. Reis, corner of Orleans and Catharine streets, five persons lost their lives. The list of the dead includes five members of Mr. Reis' family of seven, viz., Mr. Reis himself, his wife and three sons. Eight Sir Edward Clarke asked witness to give for him to escape the penitentiary. The store, but three of them—the servant girl testimony showed that Faustre was a and two sons, Moxy and Tony-escaped. music teacher in London, Ontario, and It was within a few moments of 2 o'clock that in 1881, while visiting Niagara Falls with a Miss Eichenberger and others of a the blaze two blocks away. The fire was in the front part of the store and spreading come to this country, where he had engaged in his profession, using it as a means of alluring susceptible girls to their ruin. He the scene promptly the flames had spread had married in Indiana, and had been through the entire store. Immediately after divorced. Some time later he came to Newport and won the affections of Miss Minnie Knight, the daughter of a well known marchant of the daughter of a well known marchant of the daughter of a well window to the front window to the front window to the front window to the first the daughter of a well window to the front window to the first the daughter of t Minnie Knight, the daughter of a well known merchant of that city. The marriage was a clandestine one, and bitterly opposed by the parents of the girl.

The latter climbed down the lightning rod, Mr. Knight set to work at once to find and escaped uninjured, as did also Tony Mr. Knight set to work at once to find out something about his musical son-in-law, and the servant girl, who jumped to the and soon discovered the Canadian marriage sidewalk. When the door leading to the rear stairway of the house was broken open a frightful sight met the view. Lying in a that he had made the trip to Niagara Falls heap at the foot of the stairway were the bodies of Mr. Reis and his wife, burned to occasion, and if a marriage was performed a crisp. The firemen at once made their occasion, and if a marriage was performed way to the upper floor, and there found, it was while he was in the stupor of his first the body of Charles Reis, aged 20, debauch and he did not know it. stretched on the floor near a side window. rumor that he and Miss Eichenberger had and in one of the front rooms were found the bodies of the two boys, recognized as Eddie Reis, aged 8, and Josie, aged 12. All three had been suffocated by the smoke. The bodies were taken from the burning building. The dead are : George J. Reis, aged 50;

Mrs. Reis, his wife, aged 45; Charles Reis, son, aged 20; Josie Reis, son, aged 12; Eddie Reis, son, aged 8.

George J. Reis was an old and respected citizen, having lived in the vicinity of his awful death for more than twenty years. There is no clue as to the origin of the fire. The damage to the building and contents will amount to about \$2,000.

#### A SHILLELAH FIGHT.

#### Parnellites Lay for McCarthyites, but Find Them Ready. A London cable says: A disgraceful

scene occurred to-day at the railway station in Limerick, growing out of the antipathy fence, seemed to be dumbfounded, so unex- entertained by the two factions of the Irish pectedly had the shaft struck his client, and party for each other. The McCarthyites from that moment he seemed to have lost had been holding a convention at Limerick, and among the prominent speakers present The authenticity of the document was were Mr. Wm. O'Brien and Mr. John proved by a Canadian official, and a barris- Dillon. After the business had been conter of that country was present to testify to cluded, a large number of those present escorted Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien to the Faustre's first wife was present, and when station. A large crowd of Parnellites had When Messrs, Dillon and O'Brie to the jury he said, half apologetically: arrived at the station they were greeted But you know how a person will change in with hoots and yells, and many en years."

opprobrious epithets were hurled at them.

Wife No. 2 was also present, with her The McCarthyites who had accompanied Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien were highly Later.—The jury was out only twenty indignant at the treatment accorded minutes, and returned a verdict of guilty. them. Most of them carried heavy walking-sticks, and before the Parnellites realized their intentions they swooped down London Free Press: Albert was the son in a body upon the insulters of their leaders. of Mr Foster, who kept the brick hotel in The latter resisted as best they could, and for the village of Lambeth for some years. On a time the scrimmage was a mighty lively the 19th of September, 1881, he married one. Many of the Parnellites were hurt, Miss Carrie Eichenberger, of the village of and several were so badly injured that it Delaware, a very estimable and highly re- was found necessary to remove them to the

The McCarthvite section of the Irish Parliamentary party have decided to take deof cisive steps to secure the Irish funds at becoming thoroughly trained in music. In present in the hands of Mr. Munro, the Paris banker. Mr. Parnell was one of the music, for which honor he dubbed himself trustees of these funds, and upon his death. acting upon instructions from Mrs. Parnell, Mr. Munroe refused to let anyone draw the money. Mr. Justin McCarthy and Mr. Timothy Healy have now commenced an action against Mr. Munroe to decide the ownership of the funds, and to compel him to restore the money to those who are entitled to the possession of it.

### BOW PEDRO DEAD.

#### Brazil's Old Ruler Will Never Again See the Land He Loved. A Paris cable says: Dom Petro, ex-

Emperor of Brazil, died to-day. Pedro IL. (de Alcantara) was born in 1825 at Rio-Janeiro. On the abdication of Dom Pedro velvet dress, mink boa and chic hat. She was unsuccessful. She was compelled to I., his father, in 1831, he succeeded to the drop everything except the captain's over-throne of Brazil, but, being a minor, the country was ruled by a Council of Regency and is a good sculler. She is also known which she hastily picked up, and, groping until 1840. He was a man of a very high order of intelligence, and well known in Europe and the United States. He did a jumped to the dock. The first engineer, great deal to develop the material resources of the country, which prospered under his place, Buffalo, was seen by several witnesses rule. In 1871 he issued an imperial decree for the gradual abolition of slavery. The total emancipation of the slaves in his he floated for several minutes. Several dominion was effected in 1888 On Novemattempts were made to rescue him, but he ber 16, 1889, a revolution broke out which was supported by the army. The Ministry resigned, and a provisional government was family in Buffalo. The other, who was at formed under the presidency of General da work in the hold in the after part of the Fonseca. The provisional government on boat, was the fireman, and he has not been the same day declared the Monarchy abolseen since. It is thought he perished. The ished, and, on the 17th, the ex-Emperor barge Planet, which was lying at the dock and his family were compelled to leave for close to the Pease, caught fire, and wassaved Europe. The ex-Emperor has since resided only by dint of desperate exertion. The in Portugal, and rapidly failed in health. His wife, Princess Theresa Christina Maria. sister of Francis I. King of Naples, whom he married tn 1843, died shortly after the revolution. Dom Pedro was a lineal descendant of the houses of Braganza, Bour-

> John Howard Parnell, as head of the Parnell family, sailed for Ireland and it is The latest fad out West, says the St Joseph News, is a shoe party. They

Yes! ca' me "Scotty sic' a name can n nick-names just I'm quite conte

To be a Scot is naedi Maist folk can trust a He's never lang oot o The honest, fait

A Scotchman has th Through thick and th His toust is aye in ric The perseverin' He's 'tentive baith to

To friends he's trut a In life's great race he "I'll win or dee An' if he meets wi' ar Scotlan's sons when They'll 'gree like brit A "clannish" n

Though aft he travels

He's aye a -cotchman An' prood to crack o's A loyal son is Should Scotlan' ever He'll gie her enemies
An' make them howl

Then ca' me "Scotty Vickname like that ca 'Il shake yer han' wi' Whan ere ye ca'

And gie respect

A WOMAN

Wonderful Feats of St

A Leipsic correspon Post Dispatch says : Leipsic are agog at p athlete, Miss Victoria of the Crown Lands, Strasburg, and from years old she was dril circus. Miss Victo woman, tall, muscul withal in the various exhibits her wonderfu lift hundreds of with one hand to her. She cuts in two iron chai in thickness, and st cannon ball by catchi hand, thus robbing it This wonderful feat ball that weighs 12 po ten feet from the mor of the most wonderfu witnessed by anybody lute certainty go han ordinary strength. L pounds, a gigantic hands and with heav from her body, Mis her almost supernatu

### barrel of an enormous

verv best advantage.

performance in the te

armor and balancing

"I'm doing mission of the time," was the most charming women friend, who asked how "I see by your looks mean by that. I'll te ago life was a burden victim to female w aggravated character the doctors failed to was a long, steady lingering, living death Pierce's Faverite Pres the newspaper. So vertisement impresse caught at the glimmer as the drowning man straw. Still, I did n I got the medicine, an I feel so well, so strong that I go about telling saved me. In no other show my gratitude to

who has proved such and my love for my su

Useful K To purify water har coal in it. For toothache try apply it frequently, if Vinegar bottles m

To brighten carpe warm water in which drops of ammonia. If the color has bee fruit stains ammonia the color.

crushed eggshells in a

A good liniment fo matism, swellings, e saturated with camph A good cement is must never be used w are to come in contact To clean a stove of of salt into it during a remove the clinkers Good Housekeeping.

### Cheap Clothi

It is perfectly astor prices clothing is sold tweed suit can be had \$10 or \$11, and an e very high grade, well made to order for \$1. overcoat, of the very to order for \$10 to \$1 broadcloth full dress s out, which would cost can be had for \$25 to kerchiefs can be boug durable gloves (kid cents to 70 cents; the at 18 cents, and the cuffs at 25 cents. I boas, 12 feet long, car tisul and stylishly tri n the show windows balbriggan hose at 75 and elegant Llama w \$5 per suit. The En tlemen are fine dress stylish attires all over where else in the wor Chattanooga Times.

The Queen of Por fashion leaders with woman in Europe.
and auburn hair adm dress variety, and s caprice of fashion.

Some men expect t streets of heaven beca on the plate once a w