

**The Old Pine Box.**  
We didn't care in the long ago  
For easy chairs at were made for show—  
With velvet cushions in red and black  
Before he knew it—like them in town—  
Till his heels flew up and his head went  
down!  
But the seat we loved in the times of yore  
Was the ole pine box at the grocery store!  
That it sat in the rain an' shine,  
Four feet long by the measurin' line;  
Under the chiny-berry tree—  
Jus' as cozy as she could be!  
Best ole box for information—  
Hacked and whittled an' wrote with rhyme,  
An' so blamed sociable all the time.  
That we plotted an' thar we planned,  
Read the news in the paper, and  
Talked o' pollyticks fur and wide,  
Got mixed up as we applied!  
An' the ole town fiddler sawed away  
At "Ole Dan Tucker" an' "Nelly Gray!"  
O' they's boxes still—but they ain't do more  
Like the ole pine box at the grocery store.  
It ain't thar now, as it wuz that day—  
Esprit, I reckon, or tharowed away;  
An' one o' the folks at the ole box knowed  
Is fur along on the dusty road;  
An' some's crosst over the river wide  
An' found a home on the other side,  
Have they all forgot? Don't they sigh no more  
For the ole pine box by the grocery store?  
—Frank L. Stanton, in *Atlanta Constitution*.

**World's Fair Notes.**  
Day and night shifts of men are now  
worked on all the exposition buildings.  
The President of Ecuador has ordered  
that a complete display of women's work  
shall be prepared for the fair.  
Paraguay has decided to participate in  
the Exposition. Barbadoes, French Guiana,  
Ceylon and Corea have also joined the list.  
The District of Columbia has decided to  
ask Congress for an appropriation of \$50,000  
to enable it to make a creditable exhibit at  
the Fair.  
The upholsterers of Philadelphia have  
applied for 50,000 square feet of space in  
the Manufacturers Building for a collective  
exhibit from their several establishments.  
The Department of Electricity is making  
an effort to secure a complete collection of  
historical electrical apparatus in order to  
show the progress of the science from early  
times.  
British Guiana has appointed its Royal  
Agricultural and Commercial Society a  
World's Fair Commission to represent the  
colony, and has appropriated \$20,000 for an  
exhibit.  
The Daughters of the American Revolution  
have been granted 3,000 square feet for  
an exhibit in the Woman's Building. The  
organization, of which Mrs. Harrison is  
president, has 1,000 members.  
The American Street Railway Association  
has applied for 50,000 square feet in the  
Transportation Building, and has appointed a  
committee to help Chief Smith get a suitable  
exhibit, which will be collective.  
Three women have been appointed in  
Dutch Guiana to collect a display for the  
women's department, and in Mexico and  
quite a number of other countries provisions  
for women's displays are being made.  
Mexico has made a World's Fair appropria-  
tion of \$50,000. This is only prelimi-  
nary, however, and it is fully expected that  
the whole of the \$750,000, which was  
asked for, and perhaps more will be voted.  
Haseen Ben Ali, of Morocco, is seeking a  
concession to make a Morocco exhibit at the  
Exposition. He says he will expend \$50,000  
in showing the people, manners, customs,  
amusements, etc., of his country, and in  
bringing to Chicago a tribe of Berbers.  
The Catholic Church in Chicago wants to  
make an exhibition at the fair, and has ap-  
plied for 75 x 75 feet of space. The exhibit,  
according to the request, is to consist of,  
first, kindergarten work; second, primary  
grades; third, grammar schools; fourth,  
colleges and academies; fifth, industrial  
schools, orphanages, and deaf and dumb in-  
stitutions.

**A Contented Child.**  
Fond mother—How do you like your new  
governess, Johnny?  
Johnny—Oh, I like her so much.  
"I'm so glad my little boy has a nice  
teacher at last."  
"Oh, she's awful nice. She says she don't  
care whether I learn anything or not, so long  
as pop pays her salary."

**A Warning to Employers.**  
Brantford *Expositor*: The trust officer  
has made up his mind to rigorously enforce  
the provisions of the Public School Act,  
even to the prosecution of employers who  
employ children under school age.  
An Italian professor predicts that in  
a few centuries there will be no more  
blondes.

**The Earl of Aberdeen's Jam Factory.**  
Toronto *Telegram*: At first sight Lord  
Aberdeen's project of establishing a jam  
factory in British Columbia looks like a  
theme for respectful jests. Think below  
the surface, and the scheme takes a noble  
appearance. It is a departure from the  
line of activity usually adhered to by the  
nobility and gentry. Ambition might have  
led His Lordship to associate the name  
of Aberdeen with some glorious  
but empty act of statesmanship. He  
chose the better part. Canada is not  
suffering for any hand-made constitutions.  
Lords and earls cannot invent new systems  
of Government, or become benefactors by  
adjusting imported laws to our needs. Lord  
Aberdeen did what he could. He saw a  
great stretch of country adapted to fruit  
growing. He had the skill to see and the  
money to improve an opportunity. It was  
easy then to adorn the wilderness with a  
jam factory. Future generations will eat  
British Columbia canned fruit, and remem-  
ber with gratitude the illustrious founder of  
the industry when the names of greater  
noblemen who merely tinkered with our  
laws are forgotten.

**The Tomato.**  
No vegetable has undergone a greater  
development in the last generation than  
the tomato. Persons who still esteem  
the tomatoe young well remember the time  
when the only tomatoe to be seen were the  
small round or oval ones called love  
apples and deemed inedible. They seem to  
have been appropriated for table use first in  
this country, for an old English traveler  
tells how he astonished his fellow-diners at  
a continental table d'hôte by eating the  
tomatoes placed on the table purely as  
garniture.

**A New Word.**  
Philadelphia *Record*: There is a very  
good word in use in many parts of the  
United States which is not found in the  
dictionaries. It is the word "briggling," and  
is used in the sense of futile dalliance.  
The action of the presbyters in the Briggs  
heresy case affords a fine example of  
"briggling."

**Careful of Her Reputation.**  
New York *Herald*: Dying wife—I want  
you to promise me that you will marry  
again, John.  
Husband—Do you really wish it?  
Dying wife—Yes; I don't want people to  
say I was the means of souring you on my  
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**His Reputation Shattered.**  
Brooklyn *Life*: Maddox—I always  
thought Cuzmo had the reputation of being  
a smart man.  
Gazzam—Well?  
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**Too Slow.**  
Tom—The old gentleman caught me kiss-  
ing Alice last night.  
Ned—I'm surprised. You ought to go  
slow about such things.  
"Why, I went altogether too slow about  
it. That's how I got caught."  
E. Werner, the German novelist, transla-  
tions of whose stories are so popular in  
this country, is Elizabeth Burtzweiser.  
She is a spinster and lives in Berlin.  
The recent municipal census of Toronto  
makes the population of the city 189,914,  
as against 181,220 by the Dominion census  
last spring.

**SHORT ON POLITICS.**

**Why Farmer Haywood Declined to Discuss  
the Issues.**  
It was on a Fourth avenue car coming  
down from the Grand Central, says the New  
York *World*. A man about 60 years of  
age, who had just arrived by train, sat  
down beside a youngish man who had been  
talking politics.  
"Beg pardon, but you are from the in-  
terior of the State?" queried the younger  
man after a bit.  
"Yass," was the curt reply.  
"From Elmira?"  
"No; near Auburn."  
"Ah! well, I suppose the campaign is  
booming up your way?"  
The old man looked sharply at him but  
made no reply.  
"I suppose the campaign is booming up  
your way?" repeated the politician.  
"I don't want nuthin' to say to you on  
politics," replied the old man as he drew  
himself away. "A feller on the train be-  
gan on me just this way, and we hadn't  
talked five minutes before he called me a  
blamed old liar and said he could lick me  
in two minutes. Corn is purty fair and  
taters is a big crop, and I ain't sayin' a  
word about politics."

**Nearly Upon Fact.**  
There are nearly 10,000 steamships in the  
world.  
In London there is one doctor to every  
880 people.  
Nearly a quarter of all cases of insanity  
are hereditary.  
"Thomas" occurs, on the average, thirty-  
nine times in every 1,000 names.  
Gipsies originally came from India, not  
Egypt, as is usually supposed.  
The average length of life is considerably  
longer in England than in France.  
Tea is very cheap in China; in one pro-  
vince of the empire good tea is sold at 1½d.  
a pound.  
The entire coast-line of the globe is about  
136,000 miles.  
All the world over at least 25,000,000 peo-  
ple die every year.  
Directors of the Bank of England receive  
salaries of \$500.  
Sandwich in Kent, Eng., was once a sea-  
port, though it is now two miles from the  
shore.  
London postmen are said to walk on the  
average 12 miles a day.  
About 300 deaths from accidental poi-  
soning occur in England every year.  
More than 200,000,000 pounds of tea are  
consumed in England every year.  
The largest known moth is the Giant  
Atlas, a native of China, the wings of  
which measure 9 inches across.  
The first steamship to cross the Atlantic  
was the *Rising Sun*, in the year 1818.  
Theatres are most common in the United  
States, where there are about 65 to every  
million inhabitants.

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**A HAMILTONIAN'S WOES.**

**He Embarks on the Matrimonial Sea Only to Get  
Shipwrecked.**

**MARRIED TO ANOTHER MAN'S WIFE.**  
A Cleveland despatch says: A man  
appeared at the Police Prosecutor's office at  
the central station Thursday and asked for  
a warrant for his wife upon the charge of  
bigamy. His name is C. W. Smith, and his  
occupation that of a fancy painter and  
decorator. He came to this city  
about two weeks ago. He said  
that his life was a wandering one as  
he never remained very long in one  
place, and that he came here from Ash-  
tubula, where he had been working on a  
church. His home and relatives are in  
Hamilton, Ont., which place he left not  
long ago. About three weeks ago he went  
to Ashtubula in search of employment, and  
was engaged shortly after his arrival. On  
Friday, Oct. 23, he met at the St. James  
Hotel, where he was staying, a young  
domestic employed there, by the name of  
Lydia Anna Russell. The young  
woman was comely, and Smith lost  
his heart to her at once. He wooed with  
such success that on the following Wednes-  
day they went before a Justice of the Peace  
and were married. Mrs. Smith is nineteen  
years of age and the painter felt that his  
cup of joy was full. They immediately re-  
moved to Cleveland and engaged a suite of  
rooms near the corner of Bank and Lake  
streets, where the honeymoon was spent.

The young wife appeared happy and joy-  
ous and for a few days all went well. But  
soon a cloud seemed to have fallen over the  
spirits of the young woman, and she was  
pressed by her husband to divulge the  
cause. For several days she would not  
speak, but finally on Wednesday of last  
week she revealed to him the reason of her  
sadness. She was not his legal wife, she  
said, for she had another husband living,  
and, more than that, a little daugh-  
ter, 3 years old, was with its grandmother  
in Chicago. She was married to a mer-  
chant named Frank E. Dowd, at Lenox, O., about  
four years ago, but he deserted her. Smith  
had grown deeply in love with the woman  
he supposed to be his legal wife, and her  
story was a severe blow to him. Had he  
been alone in the world, he said he should  
not have minded so much, but his relatives  
in Ontario are respectable people and he  
thought it his duty, for their sakes,  
to free himself from the dis-  
grace attached to his name. When asked if he  
could produce proof of the woman's former  
marriage, Smith replied in the negative,  
but said she would swear to the fact that  
it was true. This did not satisfy the re-  
quirements of Police Court practice,  
and the warrant was refused. Smith  
was seen at his room last night and  
appeared to be broken down by the sad-  
tide his affairs had taken. He said he  
should have committed suicide, such was  
his grief, but was deterred by the thought  
that it was the only unpardonable sin. His  
eyes filled with tears and his voice became  
husky as he recited the tale, and his woe is  
evidently no unreal thing to him. He does  
not know what he shall do next. He affirms  
that he has not the least particle of sym-  
pathy for the woman, while he weeps bitterly  
over her deception.

**Towards the end of the last century,**  
about 1785, a young Edinburgh painter,  
named Robert Baker, was thrown into  
prison by his creditors. His cell was under-  
ground, receiving the daylight from a hole  
in the ceiling. For a long time he failed to  
notice the manner in which the light struck  
the walls, when one day, receiving a letter,  
he peeped to read it against  
the light side of the wall. The  
effect appeared to him so novel and ex-  
traordinary that he resolved as soon as he  
was free to repeat it on large-sized pictures,  
the light being made to fall  
from above. The year following  
he took out a patent for an entire  
new contrivance called by him  
"La Nature a Coup d'Œil," and since  
called "panoramas," for the purpose of  
displaying views of nature on a large scale.  
This, according to M. Germain Bapst, in a  
highly interesting monograph entitled  
"L'Histoire des Panoramas," just issued  
by the National Printing Press in France,  
settles the origin of the invention, although  
the honor was disputed by Provost in  
France and Breyssig in Germany. M. Bapst,  
however, shows beyond doubt that Barker  
really discovered the principle of panora-  
mic views. His first circular panorama,  
representing the British fleet at anchor off  
Portsmouth, was exhibited in Leicester  
square in 1792, the first on the continent  
appearing in Paris and Berlin in 1800. Next  
year will therefore be the centenary of  
panoramas.

**A Hint Worth Taking.**  
Detroit *News*: Rev. S. P. Holcombe, of  
Detroit, made a telling point when he said  
in the convention of Christians at work in  
Washington yesterday that while it was a  
good idea to start paupers to work, yet it  
was not right to expect them to do 25 cents  
worth of work in return for a 15-cent  
meal and then brag about what  
splendid mission work is being done. The  
church workers must learn to render value  
for value. This is a fundamental principle  
in economics, and right good religious  
doctrine, too. In the last analysis there is  
no conflict in good religion and good econ-  
omics. Science and religion are in perfect  
harmony here, but some of the church  
workers need to learn this truth.

The first Chair of Labor ever instituted in  
Europe was decreed by the Paris Municipal  
Council last July. Henre Reville has been  
named as Professor. He will lecture at the  
Hotel de Ville.  
A Chemnitz mechanic has just constructed  
a horizontal steam engine, with valve gear  
and all appurtenances complete, within the  
shell of an ordinary Italian nut. It is the  
smallest engine in the world. The diameter  
of the fly wheel is 10 millimetres (0.4 inch);  
the boiler is 18 millimetres (0.7 inch long  
and 6.5 millimetres (0.26 inch) high. The  
lilliputian engine is intended for spirit-  
heating, and it is stated to work very well.  
—After a man and woman have been mar-  
ried five years both claim to have been  
coaxed into it.

**NEWS OF THE WEEK.**

**Home distemper is prevalent in the neigh-  
borhood of Kingston.**

A family of four persons was burned to  
death at Columbus, O., yesterday morning.  
Mrs. Cartwright, formerly Miss Maester,  
of Ottawa, has been murdered in Chicago.  
The protocol of a treaty of commerce  
between Italy and Germany has been signed.  
A proposition to admit lawyers to mem-  
bership in the Knights of Labor has been  
rejected.  
The steamship Ontario, from Montreal for  
Bristol, lost 120 head of cattle during heavy  
weather.  
The business failures during the past week  
numbered for the United States 253 and for  
Canada 38.  
F. Glover has been arrested, charged with  
setting fire to a barn belonging to Mr. Van-  
dusen, Oakland township.  
Alaskans are complaining against United  
States officials, and the formation of a Ter-  
ritorial Government is being advocated.  
A compromise has been arranged in the  
suit growing out of the probate of the will  
of Mrs. Wood, the aunt of Mrs. Parnell.  
The important firm of S. Wigle & Sons,  
with several branches in Western Ontario,  
has assigned for the benefit of its creditors.  
The election of F. G. Forbes, M. P. for  
Queen's County, N. S., will be invalidated.  
Corrupt practices by agents have been ad-  
mitted.  
Ex-King Milan is to receive an additional  
2,000,000 from Serbia as a part of the  
price for his compliance in living away from  
that country.  
A conspiracy has been unearthed in  
Russia, the object of which was to secure  
responsible government. Many arrests  
have been made.  
The trial of the election petition against  
the return of Mr. P. H. Spohn, M. P. for  
East Simcoe, was concluded at Barrie yester-  
day, the court unseating the respondent  
with costs.  
The Ottawa *Free Press* says some of Sir  
Adolphe Caron's friends say that he is going  
to be sworn in as Lieutenant Governor of  
Quebec, on the 23rd inst., Mr. Angers re-  
signing the position to enter the Federal  
Ministry.  
Charles A. Peaks, late Superintendent in  
Boston of the Boston & Albany Railroad  
grain elevator, who left town last August  
owing the company about \$5,000, has been  
arrested in Halifax, N. S. Peaks' defalcation  
was caused by gambling.  
John Pope, the Peterboro' man who is  
charged under the Charities Act with the  
seduction of Etta Finley, has been com-  
mited for trial. The age of the girl, which  
was in doubt at the preliminary trial, has  
been established as being only 15 years.  
A Calgary despatch says Richard Steele,  
laborer, came in from working on the Cal-  
gary & Edmonton Railway last night.  
Early this morning his body was found near  
the police station frozen stiff. Beside his  
body was a beer bottle half filled with  
whisky.  
Some student rioting has been taking  
place in Montreal, and the Recorder warned  
two of them who were brought before him  
that he intended treating their misconduct,  
if established, with the utmost severity, and  
remanded the case until Tuesday next that  
they might obtain the assistance of counsel.  
The U. S. Superintendent of Immigration  
has been informed that four Canadian tele-  
graph operators employed by the Northern  
Pacific Railway Company in North Dakota  
have been replaced by American operators.  
It was charged that the employment of the  
Canadians was in violation of the alien con-  
tract labor law.  
The Anarchists who were arrested at  
Grief's hall, Chicago, last night were held in  
\$600 bail each to answer. Grief became the  
bondsmen for most of them. He said to a  
reporter, as he left the Police Court, this  
morning, that as a result of the raid his  
daughter, who was very ill at the time, is  
now at the point of death.  
Wm. Morris, a confectioner of Newark,  
N. J., while driving over the Bridge street  
bridge yesterday with his wife, suddenly  
jumped from the wagon and with one  
bound threw himself over the railing into  
the river. The man was drowned before  
assistance arrived. The suicide was caused  
by business troubles and a reverse of for-  
tune.  
At the meeting of the Treasury Board on  
Thursday, the superannuation of Lieut.-  
Col. Macdonald, Sergeant-at-Arms of the  
Dominion House of Commons, was decided  
upon. He retires with an annual allowance  
of \$2,200. He was appointed Sergeant-at-  
Arms of the Legislative Assembly of the old  
Province of Canada in 1854, and to the same  
office by the Dominion House in 1867.  
The Manitobans and Northwest Presbyter-  
ian Synod convenes at Brandon to-day.  
Mr. Sutherland has been elected in North  
Qu'Appelle, and not Mr. Stewart, as at first  
reported.  
Brantford City Council will, it is ex-  
pected, pass a by-law to prohibit juveniles  
smoking on the streets.  
Windsor ratepayers will vote at the next  
election on the question of having the town  
incorporated as a city.  
The engineers and firemen on the Belt  
Line according to a St. Louis despatch,  
have declared a strike.  
The peculiar disease from which pigs at  
Kingston Penitentiary piggery recently  
died was not hog cholera.  
In a scuffle on the Delaware Reserve an  
Indian named Nathan received injuries on  
Saturday from which he died.  
Henry Curtis, a negro, was hanged at  
Portsmouth, Va., yesterday, for the murder  
of James T. Walter in 1889.  
The revision of the Dominion voters' list  
for London commenced yesterday. The  
corrections applied for number 1,700.  
The schooner Hattie M. Crowell, of  
Greenport, L. I., has foundered at sea, and  
Capt. Benjamin Chase is reported to have  
been drowned.  
The result of the Local election in East  
Wellington yesterday is not yet known, but  
the returns from fourteen divisions give  
Craig a majority over Kirkwood.  
George Summers, who was in the boat on  
Humber bay when the accident occurred by  
which John McEachern lost his life, re-  
turned to his work in the Dominion Show  
Case Works yesterday. The unfortunate

young man is in an alarmingly nervous con-  
dition, although every effort is being made  
by his friends to restore him to his former  
cheerful frame of mind.  
At a conference of Liberal-Unionists at  
Manchester yesterday the Duke of Argyll  
referred to Mr. Gladstone as a fanatic in-  
capable of argument, and declared his fol-  
lowers to be mere puppets.  
The Masonic lodge at Delta was broken  
into a few nights ago. The regalia and  
warrant were stolen. The regalia were sub-  
sequently found hanging about the necks of  
cows and horses in the neighborhood.  
The stevedores and wharf laborers of  
Montreal, who have been in the habit of  
going to the United States every winter  
for work, are likely to be debarred from  
their usual employment this year by the  
operation of the United States Alien Labor  
law.  
The Court of Appeal yesterday dismissed  
the appeal of the Attorney-General of  
Canada against the decision of Judge Rob-  
ertson dismissing an action brought to secure  
for Dominion Government buildings in Tor-  
onto the advantage of the rebate in water  
rate allowed other customers paying within  
first two months.  
Fred. Bartram has been arrested in Oron-  
daga township by Brantford police and  
brought to that city. The crime for which  
he is now arrested is stealing two steers in  
1899. The grand jury brought in a true  
bill at that time, but Bartram cleared out  
and has succeeded in evading arrest until  
the present time.  
A despatch from Nevers, France, gives  
the details of a fatal accident that occurred  
to-day in a colliery near that city. While  
a party of eight miners were descending  
into the pit the rope by means of which the  
cage was raised broke, and the cage and its  
occupants dashed to the bottom of the pit.  
Three of the miners were instantly killed,  
and the five others were so badly injured  
that little hope is entertained for their re-  
covery.  
Advices from Chicla, twelve miles from  
Cadix, say a terrible hurricane has been  
sweeping over that place. The Segura  
has overflowed its banks, and is inundating  
the town. The streets are impassable,  
and the new bridge has been destroyed.  
Large numbers of cattle have been drowned.  
Further advices from Negropont state  
that the unknown British oil steamer sup-  
posed to have been burned there is believed  
to have been from Batoum. Several bodies  
have been recovered, and the total number  
who perished by the disaster is now placed  
at twenty. The victims include the captain,  
his wife and two children.  
The petitions against three Liberal mem-  
bers of the House of Commons have been  
dismissed—Mr. Mulock in North York,  
Mr. Eremont in Quebec County, and Mr.  
Leduc in Nicolet. Three Conservatives so  
far are in the same position—Sir Hector  
Langlois in Three Rivers, Col. O'Brien in  
Manukoka, and Mr. Taylor in South Leeds.

**For Men Only.**  
Men who shave themselves often com-  
plain of the difficulty that they experience  
in keeping their razors sharp. If they  
would adopt the methods of the professional  
barber in one or two respects they would  
find the task of keeping the razor in a proper  
condition by no means a difficult one. If  
you watch an amateur stropping his razor  
you will notice that when he turns it the  
edge is frequently next the leather—in other  
words, he turns it on the edge. This should  
never be done, as the fine edge is very  
likely to touch the strop and be turned.  
A barber always turns his hand so that  
the back of the blade is next the leather  
and the edge in the air. Again, a  
man should never use a strop made of  
leather glued to wood. A great many are  
sold, but all are destructive to razors. There  
is always more or less of a shock when the  
thin blade is brought against any unyield-  
ing substance, and the entire edge is  
frequently turned upward along its whole  
length. The worst cuts are inflicted by such  
a razor. The strop should be of leather,  
with no backing whatever. Another point  
that is little understood is the efficiency of  
hot water in keeping a razor blade sharp.  
Why this is I do not know, but the effect is  
unquestionable. Let a man who shaves  
himself frequently dip his razor into very  
hot water, and he will find that the opera-  
tion is much easier, and that the blade re-  
quires far less stropping than when this is  
omitted.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat*.

**Lives in a Saloon.**  
A big green parrot hanging in a down-  
town saloon is possessed of a wonderful  
faculty. He sizes up every customer that  
comes in with an unerring eye, says the  
Philadelphia *Record*, and comments on the  
legal age of the applicant for a drink. The  
bird rarely makes a mistake, and when pass-  
ing judgment uses two set phrases. If a  
person comes in who is not of age, the  
parrot, without an instant's hesitation yells  
out: "Hello, boy, get out!" But if a man  
comes in who is undoubtedly of legal age  
the wise bird calls out: "Hello, old man,  
what will you have?" When a strange dog  
comes in the bird yells "Rats!" and when a  
cat makes its appearance the invariable  
salutation is: "Scat, you hussy!"

**Buffet's New Honor.**  
Admirers of Lord Dufferin in Canada, and  
there are many, will be glad to learn of his  
appointment to the position of Lord War-  
den of the Cinque Ports. The Lord War-  
den is one of those sinecures reserved by  
the Government as a reward for statesmen  
and commanders who have performed  
eminent services to the nation, and was  
formerly an adjunct of the Premiership. The  
Cinque Ports are Dover, Sandwich, Romney,  
Winchelsea and Hythe, to which are now  
added Hythe and Hastings. These ports  
have various privileges as pilotage, issuing  
of writs and other judicial matters.

**Juvenile Generosity.**  
Mrs. Grayneck—Johnny, I am very glad  
to see that you gave your sister the larger  
half of your apple.  
Johnny—Yes, I was very glad to give it  
to her.  
Mrs. Grayneck—My little son, you do not  
know how it delights me to hear you say so.  
Johnny—Yes'm; there was a big worm  
hole in that half.

**Bituminous rock is used for many street  
pavements in California. It is found in  
some parts of the State, and closely re-  
sembles asphalt.**

**"German Syrup"**

We have selected two or  
three lines from letters  
freshly received from pa-  
rents who have given German Syrup  
to their children in the emergencies  
of Croup. You will credit these,  
because they come from good, sub-  
stantial people, happy in finding  
what so many families lack—a med-  
icine containing no evil drug, which  
mother can administer with con-  
fidence to the little ones in their  
most critical hours, safe and sure  
that it will carry them through.  
Ed. L. WILLIAMS, Mrs. JAS. W. KIRK,  
Alma, Neb. I give it to my children when  
they are troubled with Croup and never  
saw any preparation act like it. It is simply  
miraculous.  
Fully one-half of our customers  
are mothers who use Boschee's German  
Syrup among their children. A medicine  
to be successful with the little folks  
must be a treatment for the sudden and  
terrible foes of childhood, whooping  
cough, croup, diphtheria and the dan-  
gerous inflammations of delicate throats  
and lungs. @