Recipes

BAKED TRIPE-SPANISH STYLE

Boil four pounds of fresh tripe till tender. Drain, sprinkle with salt and pepper, and arrange in a well-buttered pan. Pour over it one quart of chopped tomatoes, one large onion sliced very thin, half a cupful of chopped parsley, and, if it is liked, the skin of a large red pepper, minced fine. A tenspoonful of Tabasco sauce may he used if more flavor is liked. Pour over all one-half cupful of melted butter and bake for one hour. This is equal to the finest fish.

NEVER FAIL HAM OMELET.

Never-fall omelet might be a better name. Six eggs beaten separately, adding whites last. One cup milk; six teaspeons cornstarch, one teaspoon baking powder. Pour mixture into buttered spider, sprinkle with chopped ham and coll when it begins to cook through. BOILED TRIPE WITH RICE

Put two pounds of fresh tripe to boil in two quarts of water. Add one chopped onion, a bit of garlie, three tomatoes sliced, salt and pepper, and when half the water has boiled away put in a small cupful of rice. Simmer gently and serve when the rice is dry.

TOMATO SOUP WITH MACARONI. The left-over macaroni of yesterday's dish may be used in the soup. If there is none left, rice may be used, as it is not patriculariy desirable to have macaroni of any other foodstuff two days in succession, unless there are left overs to be

FRIED FLOUNDERS.

Two hours before wanted, cleanse nicely and rub all over with salt. Wipe dry and dip into beaten egg; sprinkle with cracker, pounded, or crumbs. Fry about ten minutes in boiling lard.

WASFLES.

One pint sour milk; put in flour until batter drops from spcon; add two tablespeenfuls of melted butter, two eggs beaten separately, one tablesponful of sigar, one teaspoonful of soda, half-teaspoonful salt; add whites last. STUFFED TRIPE.

Select long strips of fresh tripe and boil in salted water till tender. Prepare a dressing as for roast chicken or turkey, spread it thinly on the strips of trope, rell them and secure with a wooden skewer-a toothpick answers nicely. Arrange the rolls in a buttered pan and hake till done. This is an excellent luncheon dish and is very dainty served cold, the slices cut round the rolls like jelly cake.

NIGHT NOISES OF FORES

Animals and Birds That Seldem Move About in the Daytime.

Nothing can be more weird, more mysterious, than night in the forest. Wel versed in hunting lore though he be, a man will hear sounds at night waich he cannot identify. The hours of darkness are not hours of silence, for there are birds and beasts whose day begins after sundown, who seek their food in the black night while the diurnal ercatures are sleeping.

One of the very commonest animals in the East, the porcupine, is so completely nocturnal in its habits that it is rarely seen. Perhaps as you ride by moonlight your pony shies at a whitish, rustling something which crosses the track just ahead of him, says a correspondent of the Field, or your favorite terrier, after a marauding emedition, will return with a stout and cruel quill embedded in the muscles of his chest. The silent watch over a kill for a goal stealing leopard is full of eeriness and mystery. Ears are intensely on the alert, so that no sound in the vicinity is missed. Then is made startlingly manifest the strange double life of the jungle, the life of the night as opposed to the much more familiar life of the day.

Everywhere around are strange movements and rustlings, while those creatures which move across such of the foreground as is illuminated by the uncertain rays of the moon seem to take on fintastic shipes, until after many nights of watching it is almost easy to believe in pixies and gob ins, or even the strange beings of native legend,

In Kashmir on a spur overlooking the Lolab Valley we had pitched our dining tent under a huge walnut tree. Erery night strange rustlings and chatterings used to come from its ample foliage and walnuts detached by busy tech would tumble from the tree. We took our visitors to be flying squirrels and made attempts to smoot one of them; but though we had a big log fre close to and illuminated the walnut tree with pine torch as well, we never accusive saw one of the animals nor establis led

their identity for certain. In the plains of India and Cay'or the great finit eating buts are no dono. responsible for many of the night sounds heard among the tree tops. Then there are huge insicts of miny kindwhose crawling among the dry lates adds largely to the noises water come from the ground. Cose dues become very active at night and make considerable excursions from their watery haunts.

I have known a crocodile to walk 200 yards from the edge of a like in which. li lived in order to reach the cargass of a dead piz. On its return ie dragged the pig with it to the like; the broad trail to'd the whole story next mo, nin; is clearly as though we had witnessed the entire p rformance. Simbhar and tions bears are also creatures of the night, the deer particularly so in Ceyon, probably because they are so incessantly harried by hunters. On the Seilgherries and in Wynard I used to see sambinar come out to feed comparatively early in the evening, while they did not retreat to their m'dd y haunts till some time after sunrise.

Bears in Ceylon are so seldom seen by day that it is customary to sit over water holes for them in the hot weather. There are pleaty of them in the island, they love among the numerous rocky reform him.



Is a concentrated extract of spices that flavors catsup and preserves it for all time. Many people have given up the making of catsup because it always spoiled. You can now make better and neer looking catsup than you ever made before if you insist on getting Parke's Catsup Flavor from your grown. Catsup Flavor from your grocer. It leaves the natural red color of the toma-

PARKE & PARKE NAMELTON DRUGGISTS CANADA

hills which are a feature of the Ceylon

Though it is hard to know who or what are the makers of the incessant movement which is going on all night in the woods the actual voices of birds and animals are by no means equally difficult to identify. In the hills, even in a big station like Mussoorie, are constantly heard the loud calls of barking deer; the little creature's resonant bark is almost indistinguishable from that of a dog. The muntjac is said to be particularly vociferous when there is a leopard about. I have, however, often heard these tiny deer barking a a most excited way when there could have been no leopards within many miles.

A very familiar warning of the approach of night is the squawk of night nerons as they sail overhead. In most Indian compounds is found a family of quaint little brown owls who come out f the hollow tree where they spend the day as soon as duck descends and begin their voluble chatter. Natives are very superstitious about the big gray-white owls and consider them to be the harbingers of evil, but no bad odor attaches to the merry little brown fellow

who is everybody's friend. Hindoos have all sorts of beliefs regarding trees. If you want a man to tell the absolute truth you take him beneath a pipal. Under the shadow of the pipal every Hindu is supposed to become a George Washington. In the Madras hills the natives always regard large trees as the abodes of devils. Near a bungalow I lived in at Wellington, 10 miles from Ootacamund, there was a large hollow tree. In the hollow pious hands had erected a miniature altar of bricks, and on this were usually to be seen one of those little classically shaped clay lamps to burn mustard oil and a few tiny coins to propitiate the devil

who lived in the tree. On the other hand there are aberiginal tribes in Wynaad who never leave the shelter of the pathless forest. I have stood on a hill and looking over the vast jungles of Mysore have seen thin smoke wreaths ascending far away from the centre of the forest, the fires of those jungle men cooking their evening

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in

Scowls vs. Smiles.

(By Cynthia Grey.)

There is just as little excuse for a frown on a woman's pretty face as there is for the man in the moon to think he can frighten the people on earth by frowning.

A scowl on milady's face is fully as distressing as would be a scowl on the man in the moon's face, too! No man with a spark of life in his

veins but thaws at the sight of a pretty woman. We are all cheered by the pleasant-faced man in the moon. There is no more justification in a

woman's frown than there is in a mild little house cat trying to roar like a

It is absolute idiocy for anybody to try to impress others with their importance or learning by frowning—and many of them pucker their pretty brows for this very reason.

One can conceive of only one personage who has anything like a legitimate right to frown; the very old philosopher who has earned his place in the world of knowledge. At that, genuine philosophers usually smile!

But the young man, or the young woman, or the pretty girl, or the baby, cherishes a fond delusion if any of them hope to impress the world with their importance or intelligence by copy-catting the hoary-headed old philosopher whose labors have soured him.

Frowns do not pay. Smiles win friends and conduce to good blood circulation.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, E.c.

ness man

Carnegie's Business Types. Andrew Carnegie, at the Inncheon to Prince Tsai Tao in Mr. Schwab's vast and splendid mansion in Riverside drive, says the Washington Star, is reported to have administered a smiling rebuke to the twentieth century type of busi-

"In my time it was different," said Mr. Carnegie, "but nowadays there are too many business men who may be described like this:

Positive They got on. "'Comparative-They get honor. "Superlative-They get honestsemetimes.'

Some Truth In It.

Discussing the proposed laws aminst secrebing meterists, Raymond Hitchccek, the actor, said to the New York

Tribune man: "It is time to Sheck these men. They are getting quite reckless. There was more truth than humor in a burlesque dialogue I read in a manuscript play the other night.

"'If there's one thing more than another I hate to run ever,' said the burksque chauffeur, 'it's a baby.'

"'Quite right,' his companion agreed. These feeding bottles do play hob with a tire, don't they?""

Making our money in oil doesn't always have a refining influence on .s. There are pleaty of them in the island, ough to do to keep her busy. Slobbs and they find cave dwellings such as NA release she has married a man to

SMOKE'S EFFECT ON BRIDGES MSERABLE WITH Materially Injured.

When a locomotive is making speed against a grade with its full complement of cars and tonnage behind it the blast from the smokestack may attain almost explosive force. But regardless of how many pounds dead weight might be blown from the stack, its corrosive and heat effects in passing under bridge and viaduet structures have been under careful study by the engineers.

The "Cotton Farm" bridge in Boston was built in 1896 with a clearance of only fifteen feet above the line of the Boston & Maine road. The floor of the bridge was supported by hollow tile arches, resting upon flanges of steel "I" beams. These steel beams were protected by heavy lead plates and above were rendered rust proof by cement tiles.

In ten years the locomotive blast had eaten into the lead sheeting and into the tiling to such an extent that much of the coating fell to the ground and all of it had to be torn out.

At another point in Boston is a bridge panning the road where locomotives in one direction take a heavy grade in passing. The height of the clearance is eighteen feet, while the bridge has only

wooden stringers. On the up grade end of the bridge, where forced blast is necessary, the stringers are eroded and burned to a lepth of a quarter inch; on the down grade end damage is not noticeable. The udgment of the engineers is that eighteen feet clearance allows of a cheaper bridge and a longer life to it than the more costly structure at the minimum of fifteen feet .- From the Chicago Trib-

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited. Gentlemen,-I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT on my vessel and in my family for years, and for the every day ills and accidents of life I consider it has no equal.

I could not start on a voyage without it, if it cost a dollar a bottle. CAPT. F. R. DESJARDIN.

Schr. "Storke," St. Andre, Kamouraska.

Philosophy of Work. CHANNING.

Labor is discovered to be the great, the grand conqueror, enriching and building up nations more sure than the proudest battles.

CICERO.

What is there that is illustrious that s not also attended by labor.

EPICHARMUS. The gods sell everything good for la-

JOUBERT. Genius begins great , works; labor alone finishes them. LIVY.

Toil and pleasure, in their natures opposite, are yet linked together in a kind

MAZZINI. Labor is the divine law of our existence: repose is dessertion and suicide.

Your Druggist Will Tell You

Murine Eye Remedy Relieves Sore Eyes, Strengthens Weak Eyes. Doesn't Smart, Soothes Eye Pain, and Sells for 50c. Try Murine in Your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes for Scaly Eyelids and Granulation

Change in English Prayerbook.

The accession of a new sovereign in freat Britain brings about many changes, but none, perhaps, so full of sentiment as the changes necessary in he Book of Common Prayer. The name Edward, wherever it appears, must now be changed to read George. In the litany is a prayer for the welfare of the royal personages close to the sovereign. This now reads "our gracious Queen Alexandra, George Prince of Wales, the Princess of Wales, and all the royal family. The plates from which the book is printed are being altered, and the following will appear: "Our gracious Queen Mary Alexandra the Queen Mother, Edward Duke of Cornwall, and all the royal family." With every change of sovereigns an alteration similar to this is recessary.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

The Country Weekers.

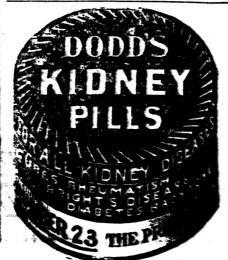
Jerome S. McWade, addressing a children's country week association, of Duluth, says the Washington Star, cited many striking similies and metaphors in unaccustomed pastoral surroundings. "A boy," he said, "had his attention

called to the sunset. "'Look!' said the missionary. 'Isn't the sunset beautiful—the round, yellow sun sinking in the midst of white

"'It's fine,' the boy agreed. 'It's just | like a fried egg.' "In the same party was a little girl.

eye was caught by the sparkle of the dew on the grass. "It's hotter'n I thought,' she said. The grass is all covered with presspira-

Any bartender will tell you there is a difference between knowing how a cash register works and knowing how to



Wonderful Fruit Medicine "Fruit-a-tives."

Mr. Mathias Dery, of 225 Church street, Ottawa, Ont., was treated for years by physicians for Painful Dyspepsia. He spent so much money for doctor's medicines without getting much relief that he had about made up his mind that his case was hope-

Seeing "Fruit-a-tives" advertised, however, Mr. Dery thought he would invest 50c in a box of these wonderful fruit juice tablets. And this famous fruit medicine cld

for Mr. Dery what all the doctors could not do-it cured him. He writes:-"Fruit-a-tives" positively cured me of severe Dyspepsia when physicians failed to relieve me."

"Fruit-a-tives" makes the stomach sweet and clean, insures sound diges-tion and regulates bowels, kidneys and 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, or trial box. 25c—at all dealers, or from Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

Lord Kelvin's Religious Views.

The scientific man in looking at matter, wondering what it will do, thinking over the results of certain combinations which he can impose upon it declares that there is something beyond a mass of dead matter. His very thought is in itself a contradiction to the idea that there is nothing but dead matter. Science can show that what we see in the world of dead matter and of life is not a result of fortuitous atoms. St. Peter speaks of scoffers who said that "all things continue as they were from the beginning of the creation," but affirms himself that "all these things shall be dissolved." It seems to me that even physical science absolutely demonstrates the scientific truth of these words. In science, as in morals and politics, there is no periodicity. Whatever we prophesy of the future it will be unlike the past. Everything is in a state of evolution and progress. The science of dead matter, which has been my chief life study, is strenuous on the point that the age of the world is definite.

A PIANO FOR 50 CENTS

A WEEK This is a golden opportunity for anyone to own an instrument. We have a large stock of used pianos, taken in exchange on Heintzman & Co. pianos. These instruments are such well-known makes as Weber, Chickering, Haines Bros., Thomas and Dominion, and the price is from \$60 to \$125. Each one guaranteed for five years, and will be taken back in exchange with full amount allowed any time in three years. Do not let this chance slip by you. A post card will bring full particulars.— Heintzman & Co., 71 King street east, Hamilton, Ont.

Road History Illustrated.

A novelty at the Brussels International Exposition is a graphic history of roads from the Roman road to the most perfected modern form. An average about a third of a mile in length leads up to the pavilion of civil engineering, and is divided into sections, each two meters long, representing all the different types of roads that have been employed by civilized nations. Thus the visitor is enabled to make a direct comparison showing the peculiarities and advantages of all the various kinds of highways that man has devised to enable him to move about easily on the surface of his planet, on foot, on horseback and in carriages and wagons.

If every housekeeper would use Wilson's Fly Pads freely during the summer months, the house fly peril would soon be greatly diminished.

AFTER THE BURIAL

(Philadelphia Record.)

Once upon a Time a Royal Family, having suffered a sad Bereavement, received Condolences from its Neighbors, both Royal and Republican. A Republican Neighbor sent a Favorite Son, with Credentials, believing that the Solemnities of the Occasion would keep in Check a Precocity which had often caused Consternation at Home and Abroad. In a reasonable Time after the Burial (during which the irrepressible One actually kept quiet) the Bereaved People courteously honored the Restless One with the Freedom of the City, in a precious Casket, notwithstanding that the Great Man had already taken some Egyptian Liberties without being asked. Having noticed in the Domestic Affairs of his Hosts a Serious Race Problem, and having settled the Race Problems at Home, the Frank One put the Freedom of the City in his She rose at dawn one morning, and her | Pants Pocket, when he drew a Prepared Lecture showing the Perplexed People exactly what to Do. The surprised Hosts did not show their Guest the Door, with a Passport in a Scap Box; they simply Considered the Source.

Moral:-One is Enough.-O. B. Server.

A Diplomatic Rebuke.

A neat turn of phrase is that quoted of Lord Palmerston in a recent book. It seems that some young gentlemen in the foreign office amused themselves quite frequently by flashing the rays of the sun by means of a mirror into the eves of some young ladies who lived across the street.

The father of the ladies complained to Palmerston, who thereupon issued this order:

"The Secretary of State desires that the gentlemen 🕳 his department wil not cast disagreeable reflections on the ladies opposite."-Youth's Companion.

Overheard at Atlantic City-Blobbs-That girl who came down yesterday brought the biggest trunk I ever saw. Slobbs-I saw her in the surf this moraing, and she didn't need it for her bathing suit.

PISCATORIAL DON'TS.

Rules for These Who Fish With Pole and Those Who Angle With Red. Don't walk right up to a riff and fish it, stay above it and let your line float lown to it, and if you don't get a strike hold your pole still and reel your line in and let it run out again two or three times; then awing your pole from side

If using red worms don't put on a big bait. One nice worm is enough. Start about three-quarters from head and string worm on the hook, let the head stick out so there are ends to wabble. Pull point of hook out so the worms can't come off. Don't jerk hard to hook a fish.

Don't pull too quick. Don't let the line slacken. When a fish is hooked don't get excit-

ed; if a big fish is hooked give him time. Time is golden. Don't take any intoxicating drinks.

Again, don't stand so your shadow is on the water if it is a still day and nothing is moving, and don't forget that time and patience make the best fisherman. Don't swear if you lose a nice fish; it's no use—he is gone.

Don't uce lead on line when fishing

for trout. Don't use a heavy line.

Don't use white lines and a good many more things too numerous to mention here.—Fur News.

ZAM-BUK CURES SUNBURN.

Neglect of a sunburn on face, arm or neck often leads to the after growth of skin which is freekled or course; and this is particularly distressing to ladies. Timely application of Zam-Buk will prevent this. Zam-Buk is a herbal balm, which soothes and cools the burned skin and assists nature to replace the damaged tissue with soft, velvety man! I would give a word of counsel

skin. Zam-Buk -is also good for stings, scratches, heat sores, blisters on hands or feet and all skin injuries. Applied to these it quickly stops the smarting, fine speakers quite ineffective, below and ensures quick healing. As it is their ordinary level, simply because free from animal fat, and mineral color they were tired and their vitality was from heat rash, chafed places, etc. Sold everywhere by druggists and store-keep- stone as a speaker was that inexhaustisee the name "Zam-Buk" on the box before buying.

Beyond the Reach of Law.

Dr. Pigou, the Dean of Bristol, has for long had the reputation of being one of the brightest humorists in the church. One of his stories turns upon the deeased wife's sister. It appears that a ricar of Dr. Pigou's acquaintance had in ignorance, solemnized such a marriage, and he interviewed the old verger whose business it was to look after such things. "Yes, yes," exclaimed the old man, "I knowed the parties. I knowed them."

"Then, why in the world didn't you. ell me?" exclaimed the vicar. "Well, vicar, it was this way, you see," replied the old fellow. "One of 'em parties was 83 and t'other was 86. Says I to meself: 'It can't last long; bother the

laws and let 'em two wed.' "-From M.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Oregon Man's Insect Catcher. In the country all sorts of homely devices are used to catch the bugs and kill them, and an Oregon man, who probably had his apple orchard overrun by some destructive species, patented a trap for the pests. A barrel has pieces cut out of the upper portion, and is half filled with rotten or bruised apples or some other odoriferous fruit. On top of the barrel is placed a pan partially filled with water, oil or some poisonous liquid. From the apex of a trinod that keeps the basin from falling

off the barrel hangs a lantern. In the daytime the insects will be tracted by the odor of the fruit, and in flying up to feast many of them are likely to fly into the water. At night the lantern is lighted and bugs will come from afar to flutter against it and meet their death in the liquid be-

low.—From the Chicago Tribune.

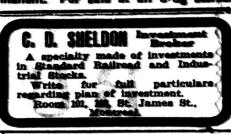
Spiced Beets. Use young, tender beets. Boil, peel and chop fine. Put in a pan with a tablespoonful of butter, two of vinegar and salt and pepper to taste. These are nice served with salt cod and mashed potato. If the beets are small use four to each tablespoonful of butter.

ISSUE NU. 32, 1910.

AGENTS WANTED

START TEA ROUTE TO-DAY. SEND postal for circulars, or 10c for ples and terms. Alfred Tyler, Los

Dr. Martel's Female Pil SEVENTEEN YEARS THE STAN Prescribed and recommended for up-men's silments, a scientifically gre-pared remady of preven worth. The result from their use is quick and gas-manent. For sale at all drug stores.



GLADSTONE'S FACE.

Who can ever forget that unforgetta ble face of Gladstone—the beaked strong and yet perfectly proportioned nose, giving with its slight aquilineness an impression of strength of domination and of scorn; the face white as ivory and vet not fragile: the large, sinuous mouth, that seemed to be as quick to express every emotion as though it were an Aeolian harp; the strong, square chin; the eyes, brilliant and shining and as pure black as a piece of coal shining in the darkness; and, lastly, the melodious voice that could give every tone, every half-tone, every semi-quaver of a long gammit of perfect elocution? And then the wondrous vitality of the to young orators, which is that their effectiveness in speech, as in every other pursuit of life, is largely dependent on their state of health. I have seen very ing matter, it is particularly suited to exhausted. To be able to vitalize others the delicate skin of babies, suffering you must be vital yourself; and a part, at least, of the enormous power of Gladers. Beware of harmful imitations, and ble strength of lung and limb and nerve which lav behind that strangely pallid and white skin.—T. P. O'Connor. in T.

WINDSOR LADY'S APPEAL

instructions, my home treatment which postively cures Leucorrhoea, Ulceration, Displacements, Falling of the Womb, Painful or Irregular periods, Uterine and Ovarian Tumors or Growths, also Hot Flushes, Nervousness, Melancholy, Pains in the Head Back or Bowels, Kidney and Bladder troubles. where caused by weekness peculiar to our ex. You can continue treatment at home at a cost of only 12 cents a week. My heek, "Woman's Own Medical Adviser," also cent free on request. Write to-day. Address, Mrs. M. Summers. Box H. S. Windsor, Out. Seasonable Notes

You can't keep a good th down Smite a fly on one cheek and he re

turneth to the other. This is thirsty weather. Even the mercury is filling its glass higher these

If you want a high time on your vacation hie to the mountains. Undoubtedly many of our sweet girl graduates will make good-fudge. A hook in the jaw is apt to finish

both the fish and the fighter. Henry asks what is good for mosquito bites. Human cuticle is considered very good.—Henry—Boston Transcript.

Don't experiment with unsatisfactory substitutes. Wilson's Fly Pads are the best fly killers made and will kill many times more flies than any other article.

The Other Extreme.

"Well," sighs the man with the wash tie; "now that the aeroplane is becoming popular the women won't spend so much money for automobile hats and veils."

"No," growls the man with the in-

growing mustache. "But they'll blow in

just as much on silk stockings and high-

heeled shoes."-Judge. My love of God is wrong unless 1:

makes him more lovely to others.



That Splitting Headache will vanish if you take "NA-DRU-CO" Headache Wafers Give quick sure relief, and we guarantee they contain nothing harmful to the heart or nervous system. 25c. a bax, at all druggists.

Photography Taught Free Your name on a post card will secure for you a Free at

CLUB DEPARTMENT OF Dominion Photo Supply Co., Limited 294 YONGE STREET TORONTO.

At the Outset

Young married couples should start their housekeeping careers aright. Remember, Mrs. June-Bride, that

Eddy's Indurated Ware

absolutely safe and harmless. Matches, Paper of all de

Woodenware, Pails, Tubs and Wash Boards.

THE PARTY OF THE P Sunday

LESSON VII.-AUG. 14, 1910.

The Laborers in the Vineyard.

Commentary .- I. Early Laborers hir

(vs. 1, 2). 1. For-This word shows the

what follows is connected with wh

has gone before. The parable illustrat the principle stated in the preceding verse. The Kingdom of heaven is his -Another phase of the kingdom is p sented, which relates to rewards for sevice rendered. It is a noticeable fa that Jesus employs a large number parables to represent the many phase of the divine administration. Household er One who owns and manages an tensive business. In the parable touseholder represents God. Went early to hire laborers There was mu work to be done and an eagerness the part of the householder to have completed, hence he sought for labore early in the morning. 2. Agreed wi the laborers-He found those who aired to work and a definite price w arranged. The laborers represent the who, as servants of God, have spec regard to the wages expected. A pen a day—"Shilling."— R. V. The Rom coin denarius, of the value of fourte cents. Its purchasing power at that ti would be equal to a dollar or more no hence it was considered fair wage Vineyard-This represents the servi of God on earth. As the household sought laborers for his vineyard, so G is seeking workers to do His bidding winning souls for Him. "Christ call Peter and the (other) apostles, and se them as laborers in His vineyard, ear in the morning of the Christian dispe

sation."—Whedon.

II Later laborers sent (vs. 3-7). About the third hour-The day fr six o'clock in the morning until six night was divided into twelve hou hence the third hour was nine o'clock the morning. Saw others, in the m ketplace An open place in the city w used for a market, a place of assemi for the transaction of public busine as well as a place where those desiri to labor waited for employers to appe These men were not there when householder went early.

4. Go ye also—His first group of la orers was not sufficient for the work be done. God is constantly calling r workers into His service. Whatsoever right I will give you-There was no finite amount fixed upon. They we their way-They evidently desired of ployment and went at once, trusting thouseholder to bestow the proper ward. The best service to God is reered through love to Him and not fre the motive of personal advantage. The laborers went their way without qu tionings and misgivings. 5. Sixth minth—Teelve and three o'clock. wise Other laborers had found th way to the market-place, and since vineyard was not fully supplied, were sent, trusting the household even though no bargain was made Eleventh hour-Five o'clock, with one hour to work. Why stand yet hall the day idle— There was a mili buke in the householder's question.

question comes with great force to il

who through the most favorable ve

of life neglect the soul's salvation. III. The laborers rewarded (vs.8-8. when even was come-Six o'cl the close of the day's labor. The of the Jews required that the labe should receive his wages each day (I 19:13). steward-In this parable steward represents Christ. give t their hire-After labor is reward, fr the last unto the first. The order payment is the inverse of that of lab This is almost a necessary part of parable. For, if the first laborers leen paid first, they would either ha gone away without knowing what w done to the last, or, if they had rema ed, their objection could not have I urged.-Edersheim. Our Lord ke closely to the principle which he desig to illustrate. 9. every man a penny Those who went to work last had be employed in the vineyard but one ho yet their pay was for a full day's lab-10. the first supposed that they show

the first supposed that they shot

have received more-They had no

ground for such a supposition inasmu

as they had made a definite baty

with the householder and they receive their full wages according to th IV. The complaint of the first labe ers (vs. 11-16). 11, they murmured Christians may indeed be rewarded cording to their works; but the sp that sets high value on its work. claims high pay over others, may its works very lowly prized with Go That very spirit may destroy the ward .- Whedon, the goodman of house-The householder. 12. equal u us Equal only? in mere money valu We are rewarded as we go. We get victory in every fight; we have a heav every sunset; we are paid by the he by the moment, by the breathing. get what we can receive, we are rewa ed according to our capacity, and we : not at liberty, according to this paral to estimate things by hours and by n nies and by time spent, but by anot hw which comes into revelation and eration oftentimes beyond the limits mere words, so that we cannot expli

The severe toil of the entire day not simply one hour, and the burn rays of the midday sun. 13. friend—This was a respectful for of address. I do thee no wrong-Str justice had been done, since the wag agreed upon had been paid in full. householder had a right to give money to whom he would, for by so ing he was not defrauding those who he had hired. No complaint was ma by those who commenced work at nit twelve or three o'clock. They had trus the householder to give what w This was not a case of injust rard the all-day laborers, but a ca Mberality toward those who went

later, trusting the kindness

the law to a man who has not actua

lived under its beneficent operation.

Parker, the burden and heat of the c