LESSON IX .- FEB. 26, 1911. Elijah Meets Ahab in Naboth's Vine-

yard .- | Kings 21: 1-29. Commentary.-I. Ahab's covetousness (vs. 1-6.) There was no wrong in Ahab's wish to secure the desirable piece of property which lay close to his palace at Jezreel, provided he had no purpose of ex - Sheriff resorting to unjust means to obtain it. of Warren Naboth was justified in withholding the County. vineyard from Ahab, because "the permanent sale of the paternal inheritance was forbidden by law (Lev. 25: 23-28; from Mc-Num. 36: 7-9), and it would seem like a denial of his allegiance to the true religion to sell it when the jubilee restoration was neglected in these idolatrous times.' It is an untavorable view that we get or Ahab as we see him skulk og in his bed-chamber because his wish is not granted. His conduct reminds us or and had that of a peevish, pampered child. He three docbecame miserable because he could not tors treating get a poor man's vineyard added to all me. AIL that he possessed. It is a true saying, failed to do That soul in which God dwells not, has ho happiness, and he who has God has a satisfying portion."—Clarke. In telling his trouble to Jezebel he handed his case over to a resourceful. conscienceless, eruel woman, who would hesitate at no iniquity if only she might accomplish her

II. Jezebel's crue! plot (vs. 7-10.) Jezebel appeared to hurl contempt at Ahab's weakness. In her view it was unreasonable for him, a king, to hesitate to appropriate Naboth's vineyard if he wanted it. She might have said, "Is Naboth King" or are you? Cheer up, Ahab, and eat. I will get the vineyard for you." To the reproach of Israel it must be said that Jezebel was the real head of the government. She assumed royal authority, issued the murderous decree, affixed the king's seal, and Naboth was a doomed man. Ahab was no less guilty than she, for he was knowing to the transaction and was responsible for the use of he seal upon the document that meant Naboth's death. Jezebel may be appropriately classed with Herodias, who caused the death of John the Baptist, III. Naboth shamefully executed (vs.

11.his city-Jezreel, about twenty miles north of Samaria. The king and queen were at the latter city. Elders .. nobles-Those in authority in the city. The elders were the representatives of the tribes dwelling in Jezreel. The nobles were leading men, socially, in the city. Did as Jezebel had sent unto them-Her letter to the elders of Jezreel speaks out, with cynical disregard of decency, the

whole ugly conspiracy. It is direct, horribly plain, and imperative. There is a perfesc nest of sins hissing and coiled together in it-hypocrisy calling religion in to attest a lie, subornation of evidence, prize was within his reach, and he contempt for the poor tools who are to perjure themselves, consciousness that what cost of innocent blood. The satissuch work will only be done by worthless men, cool, lying, ferocity and murder.-McLaren. The letter came to the elders and nobles bearing the royal autis a sort of pleasure in acquiring prothe heart and mind (Phil. iv. 6, 7). therity since the king's seal was affixed. Perty in a just way, but when posses-"In giving validity to documents, names sion is gained through deception or enemy (Luke x. 19). not in those days, nor are they now in the East, signed by the hand in writing, but impressed by a seal on which the name is engraved. Hence the importance which is attached to the signet

throughout the sacred books."-Kitto. 12 Proclaimed a fast -The elders and nobles were carrying out Jezebel's directions. The proclamation of a fast indicated that there was cause for humiliation, either because of some calamity that had fallen upon the city or was about to fall. Jezebel did not scruple to attempt to cover her cruel perfidy with a cloak of religion. Set Naboth on high-They made the case as public as possible, so that when the witnesses testified against him, indignation would be strong 13. Two men-Under Mosaic law the testimony of two witnesses was necessary to condemn one to death. Caildren of Belia!-"Base fellows." R. V. Belial is not a proper name. It means "worthlessness," "recklessness." The sons of Belial were ready to become just such witnesses as Jezebei's know that Jehovah has regard for huconspiracy demanded. Naboth did blas- man conduct, and their wrongs must be pheme God and the King-There was not the slightest proof that Naboth was Because of Ahab's repentance and humilguilty of blasphemy against God. As ination (V. 29), this prophecy was not to his blaspheming the king, t was onjust to construe his refusal to transfer to the king the vineyard, which was his ancestral possession, as either treason 22: 38; but it was afterward toldilled or blasphemy. Carried him forth -According to Jewish law executions must take place "without the camp," or city (Lev. 24. 13-16). Stoned him with stones—The prescribed manner of inflicting the death penalty. The two witnesses were to east the first stones at the condemned man. He died -The execution of Naboth was an atrocious murder. It appears that the sons of Naboth were slain at the same time (2 Kings 9, 26). 14. They sent to Jezenel —The elders and nobles had lent themselves to the wicked Jezebel to become the murderers of an innocent man and then made their official report to her. Among other sins involved in this series were covetousness, lying perincy and murder, "The wild license of Jezebel's life, the magical fascination of her arts or of her character, became a Long afterward her name lived as the

Sunday School. Doctors Said Health Gone

Suffered with Throat Trouble

Mr. B. W. Tennessee, Minn ville, Tennessee, writes: "I had

meanv good, and D r onounced m v health gone. I con- Mr. B. W. D. Barnes. cluded to

try Peruna, and after using four bottles can say I was entirely cured." Unable to Work.

Mr. Gustav Himmelreich, Hochheim, Texas, writes:

"For a number of years I suffered whenever I took cold, with severe attacks of asthma, which usually yielded to the common home remedies.

"Last year, however, I suffered for eight months without interruption so that I could not do any work at all. The various medicines that were prescribed brought me no relief.

"After taking six bottles of Peruna, wo of Lacupia and two of Manalin, I am free of my trouble so that I can do all my farm work again. I can heartily recommend this medicine to any one who suffers with this annoying and all he hopes to have, as belonging to complaint and believe that they will btain good results."

church or an individual in Asia Miner. combining in like manner fanaticism and profligacy" (Rev. 2, 20). -Smith. IV. Elijah's prophecy against Ahab

vs. 15-20). 15. Take possession of the vineyard-Jezebel's plot seemed thus far to be be successful. The death of Naboth and las ble about." sons apparently left no legal heir to the land, hence the way was open for Aurib to lay claim to it. 16. Ahaly rose ... to take possession-At last the covered was ready to take it, no matter at

faction which he hoped to secure from the possession of the vineyard was des- (I. Cor. xiii, 5-8). Covet peace, which tined to be turned into bitterness. There

source of pain 17. Word of the Lord came to Elijah-Although the prophet seemed to Ahab to have disappeared from Israel after the test at Carmel and the restoration of the rains, he was within hearing distance of Jehovali, ready to do his bidding. 18. To meet Ahab—Elijah had ed remains of that once proud, unscrupmet Ahab with messages from the Lord at the beginning of the drought, and tacle of offal and carroin outside the again at its close. Once more he was city, her blood sprinkling the walls: ag called to face the guilty King. Which is in Samaria"—R. V. The expression is used to indicate that Ahab was king the middle of the wild dogs licking the cindicate that Ahab was king the crimson drops from the wheels of his and had his official residence in Samar-ia. In the vineyard of Naboth— The have we not before us a selemin and aw-Lord gave the great prophet explicit information as to where Ahab was and his errand there. 19. Hast thou killed-The question does not imply doubt, but is the strongest kind of affirmation. Thus saith the Lord-Ahab and his wicked queen had proceeded in their fiendish purpose regardless of right or of Jehovah, but they must be made to expiated, shall dogs lick thy bloodpool of Samaria dogs did lick up his blood that fell on his chariot il nings in his son, on whom Jehovah laid the burden (2 Kings 9: ').-Wheton, 20. 17), so now he looked upon him as his enemy, failing to recognize in the prophet simply the messenger of Ged to him. Sold thyself-Ahab stopped e'i at no iniquity as long as he might gratify

his deprayed ambitions. 21-29. The prophet forecold the atter destruction of Ahab's amily and the fate of Jezebel. Although the king was guilty of abominable evils, yet at the words of God of Elijah ae came to limself sufficiently to humble himself before the Lord, and the 'hrestened destruction was delayed for a time, but it was only delayed. The penalty must be executed. As we study the history of men and nations we are amazed at the proverb in the nation (2 Kings 9: 22). great forbearance of God, yet we know that his judgments must fail in last. by-ward of all that was execrable, and

QUESTIONS.-What request did Ahab in the Apocalypse it is given to a make of Naboth? Why would it have

BLACK KNIGHT STOVE

at your dealer's, or sent postpaid on

"Black Knight" Stove Folish

liamond after a few gentle rube.

It cleans as it polishes keeps the st

E P. P. DALLEY CO. LEWISCO., MANUFACTURE, Option Planters of the fac

been improper for Naboth to grant it? Where was Naboth's home ! What were Ahab's feelings when his request was refused? Describe the course that Jezebel took. Of what sine was ezebel guilty in this matter? Of what sins was Ahab guilty? How did Ahab and Elijah come to meet in Naboth's vine-yard? Why did Ahab call Elijah hisenemy? What penalty was pronounced upon Ahab? Upon Jezebel?

PRACTICAL APPLICATIONS.

Covetousness. The covetous are those who envy the appearance, power, position or possessions of another; who desire passionately the houses, lands, money or friends of others; who greedly pursue wealth, honor or pleasure; who long inordinately for anything God withholds, or who value things seen above things not seen. We should:

Solicit satisfaction. Not circumstances, but contentment, secures happiness. Ahab, the king, with vast possessions, is heavy and displeased and turns his face to the wall, and will not eat bread, because he cannot have one little garden of herbs. Paul, the prisoner, denied every comfort, sings in the dungeon, "I have learned, in whatever state I am, therein to be content" (Phil. iv., 11, 12, R. V.). He 'coveted no man's silver, or gold, or apparel" (Acts xx. 23). Only hose who have been converted, and become as little children, know anything about Christian contentment.

Shun small evils. A proverb reads, "If thy foe be small as a gnat, fancy him as large as an elephant." In dealing with sin we must resist the smallest temptation as sturdily as the largest. A young miller said to a friend. "The water is leaking through my mill-dam. see, but the hole is only a little one." "I would try to fancy it a big one if I wer you, for if not attended to it will soon be big enough," was his friend's reply. But the young miller neglected the advice, and the water broke his milldam. Sin neglected at the beginning gains in etrength and intensity. Ahab's irst sin was years before, when he maried an immoral, heathen princess. Sacrifice self. Present the body a

living sacrifice to God (Rom. vii. I). One who can say. "I live; yet not I, but "hrist liveth in me" (Gal. ii. 20), is satisfied with God's provision for him. One who considers himself with all he has, God, will be saved from the depression arising from the desire for more. A blind fruit-vender, who had been accustomed to repine when sales were small. was converted. Shortly his wife asked. "What kind of a day have you had, John?" He only laughed and said, "The kind of a day our Father wanted me to have. The business is his now, and if he wants a poor day I've nothing to gruin-

Seek spiritual gifts. Covet those graces God only can bestow (I. Cor. xii. 10, 31; xiv. 1). Covet faith, the assurance of things hoped for, the conviction of things not seen (Heb. xi. 1, R. V.). Covet hope, which maketh not ashamed (Rom. v. 5). Covet love, which seeketh not her own and never faileth passeth all understanding, and garrisons

Covet power over all the power of the

bel managed to a wish their accursed plot. The murderers paced their bloodstained inheritance without fear of challenge or discovery. But God makesh inquisition for blood. Their time for retribution came. As we behold the mutilatulous queen, lying in the common recepful comment on the words of Him who judgeth righteous judgment? Retribution sooner or later overtakes the defiant transgressor.

Embodies Recommendations of the Milk Commission.

Regulations May be Made With Regard to Care of Cows. Etc.

The new Government milk bill, embodying the recommendations made last session by the Milk Commission, was introduced to the Legislature

yesterday by Hon. J. S. Duff, Minister of Agriculture. The bill gives municipalities com-

plete control over their milk supply, and set general standards for Province in regard to certain matters. The principle followed is that the municipality in which the milk is to be consumed should have complete control in the matter of the production, care and sale. With this object in view, municipalities are given power to pass by laws making regulations as to the care of cows, the sanitary condition of the places where cows are kept, the water supplied to cows, the care of

utensils used in handling milk, the proper storage and transportation of milk. the making of bacteriological tests as a guide to the wholesomeness of milk and such other matters as may be considered necessary. These regulations are to be approved by the Minister of Agri-Councils are also authorized to fix

standards for butterfat and total solids, but it is provided that "no milk shall be sold for human consumption ground and burrowed straight down for which contains less than twelve per more than a foot. There, it is said, they cent. of solids, of which three per cent. shall be butterfat." In addition to this, stringent provisions are made to pre- and as soon as the frost leaves the vent adulteration. Councils are also ground they will dig their way to the empowered to appoint inspectors, who surface. are given authority to inspect the source of supply, as well as every other The Chinese cook makes them into pies, point at which the milk might be con-

DISFIGURED FOR LIFE!

Mothers Should Realize What Neglect of Skin-Troubles May Mean to Children.

A lifetime of disfigurement and suffering

often results from the neglect, in infancy or childhood, of minor affections of the skin and scalp. A mother overlooks a little rash or attempts some simple treatment and in a day, perhaps, the little one is covered with severe eczema or a similar distressing eruntion. Then the struggle for a cure begins. A multitude of remedies are tried, doctor after doctor consulted and hospitals visited, but too often the suffering extends, without substantial relief, from days to weeks, weeks to months and months to years. Added to this is the ever-present fear that the itching, burning and disfiguration will become chronic, marring future welfare and making life miserable In the prevention of the simple skin troubles from which all this suffering so often arises and in establishing a condition of skin health that makes eruptions impossible, mothers are assured that nothing is purer, sweeter or more effective than Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. And greater still, if possible, is the success of these simple household remetites in the treatment of the severer skin affections themselves. With the first warm bath with Cuticura Soap and gentle application of Cuticura Ointment, the itching and burning of eczema cease, the child talls into a refreshing sleep, the mother rests and for the first

time, possibly, in many weeks peace fails on a distracted household. Frequently a single cake of Cuticura Soap and box of Cuticura Ointment are sufficient. Positive as is this statement, it is justified by more than thirty years of pronounced success. To quote but a single instance, Robert Mann, of Proctor, Minnesota, says:

Guticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, Cuticura Resolvent and Cuticura Pills are sold by drug-gists everywhere. Send to Potter, Drug & Chem. Cerp.. Boston, Mass., for a free copy of their latest 32-page Cuticura Book on treat-ment of skin diseases.

any cow which, upon physical examination by a certified vegeterinarian. shall be declared to be suffering from tuberculosis of the udder or milk glands, or whose milk, on bacteriological or microscopical examination, is shown to contain tubercle bacilli.

No cans or other utensils used the distribution of milk shall be used for any other purpose, and all must be thoroughly cleansed before again being used.

The other clauses of the bill coal with special classes of milk. Mam-Peas, bush. cipalities are empowered to establish and maintain, or assist in the establishment and maintenance, of milk depots to furnish a special supply of Hay, timothy, ton.

The terms "certified" is protected by incorporating the conditions which must be complied with before it can be used, and by providing that these conditions must be certified to either

Similarly it is provided that it shall be unlawful to apply the word "pasteurized" to any milk unless it has been subjected for at least twenty and not more than thirty minutes to a temperature of not less than 140 and not more than 145 degrees Fahrenheit and at once cooled to 45 degrees Fahrenheit or under and kept at that temperature until delivered. This is the process known as "scientific pasteurization," and eliminates the "commercial!" and eliminates the com mercial" or "continuous pasteurization," which has been somewhat in practice in recent years. This process is also to be under the inspection of the Medical

Expected in New York This Summer After Seventeen Years.

Chinese Cooks Make Salads and Pies Out of Them.

New York, Feb. 20 .- According to the Herald, the seventeen-year-old locusts. which are due to return to plague the American farmer this summer, after being absent since 1894, have made their appearance in the vicinity of New York city. Curator Ditmars, of the New York Zoological Society, has discovered the first grubs, several thousand in number in an excavation near Nyack, N. Y. By the time the frost is out of the ground these thousands will be millions,

he says. During the last previous visitation the locusts literally covered suburban New York, stripping trees, bushes, hedges, lawns and truck farms of everything green and then moving in vast clouds which obscured the sun to fresh fields. The individual locusts lived only a few days, but each female in that time found time to lay about five hundred eggs, on the branches of denuded trees. When the larvae hatched they fell to the have rested for seventeen years before the process of hatching was completed,

Chinatown will welcome the visitation. reasts them, eats them as a splad and dresses them in many mystericus ways, Regarding tubercutosis, it is pro- and even New Yorkers have found soll vided that no milk shall be sold from of these dishes palatable.



Trade conditions were practically unchanged from yesterday in all lines of live stock. Good butcher steers and heifers were quite firm at the best figures of the week and bulls and cows were steady to firm. Common eattle were rather plentiful and for a time it was thought that they would not all be sold. Prices were slightly lower for the poorer stuff, but everything was gone before noon. The run of 100 loads for Wednesday and Thursday was smaller than usual, and it is anticipated by ome of the dealers that Friday will see not a few loads arriving. Opinions mong the dealers differed as to the tate of trade, some of the small buyers inding things rather stiff. The big buyers, however, were able to secure better terms in their purchases. Sellers were inclined to find the business low on account of the reluctance of the small buyers to pay high and the independence of the bigger men. Sheep and lambs were steady at the early week quotations. There was likewise no change with regards to hogs or calves. The latter continued firm and the former weak. The large supply of hogs made the quotations additionally weak. The run consisted of 100 loads, comprising

don cattle. 1.14	() she	eb :	and	lam	b÷.
.486 hoge and 12	0 calve				,
To-day a quotati	ons:				
export cattle, ch	oice .	. 8 6	10	\$ 6	95
Do., medium		. 5	65	5	
De., light		. 5	00	5	
Do., bull,		4	50	5	
Do., cowe		4	.20	5	
Butcher, choice			90	6	
Do., medium			40		60
Do., common		4	25	4	
De., eanners			45	3	
hort-keeps		5	00	5	
eeders, steers		. 4	7.5		25
Do., bulls		3	50	4	
tockers, choice				5	
filch cows, choice,	each		40	73	
ommon and med	ium	35	1141	50	
heep, ewes	. unt	,,	95		-
Do. bucks		. 4	Z.)	4	-
pringers, each			00	4	
amb,		. 40	00	50	
Do., fed and wa	toro!	. 0	90	6	
log-, f.o.b.	reici.		20	0	
alves		. 6	141	0	
				8	
FARME	RS M.	ARK	ET.		

Receipts of grain to-day were about 600 bushels. There were 200 bushels of fall wheat, which sold at 85c per bushel, and 400 bushels of barley at 68c. Hay in moderate supply, there being sales of about 20 loads at \$17 to \$19 a

ton for timothy, and at \$10 to \$12 for mixed. One load of oat straw, bundled, sold at \$13 a ton. Dressed hogs are steady, with quota-

tions ruling at \$9.50 to \$10. Wheat, white.. \$ 0.85 \$ 0.00 Do., red...... 0 85 0 00 Do., goose 0 80 00 00 Oats, bush 0 38 0 39 0 80 Barley, bush Rye, bush 0 48 17 00 Do., mixed, ton 10 00 Straw, per ton 13 00 Alsike clover-No. 1. bush No. 2, bush 6 50 6 00 Do. No. 2. 6 00

Do., No. 3. 5 00 Do., No. 3. 5 00 Timothy, No. 1, recleaned 6 25 Do., No. 2, recleaned 5.75 Alfalfa, recleaned 12 25 Dressed logs Butter, dairy Eggs, new-laid, doz...... Ducks, spring, th Chickens, 16. 0 16 Fowl, lb.
Apples, bbl.
Cabbage, dozen Cauliflower
 Onions, bag
 0 90

 Potatoes, bag
 0 95

 Beef, hindquarters
 9 50
 Do., forequarters 8 00 Do., choice, carcase ... 9 00 Do., medium, carcase .. 8 00

0 45

1 00

8 00

Vea!, prime, per cwt11 00 13 00 isfactory. 10 00 11 50 Lamb, cwt HIDES, WOOL, TALLOW, ETC. Hides-There is no change in the situation, and prices rule stearly. City inspected, No. 1 steers and cows, 60 lbs. and up. 91-2e per lb.; No. 2, 81-2e, and No. 3, 71-2c. Country stock, cured, 8 to 81-2c at outside points, and green at

Mutton, per cwt.....

7 1-2 to Sc. Horsehair-Farmer or peddler stock. 30 to 32c per lb. Horsehides \$2.75 to \$3.

Sheephides-90e to \$1.25. Calfskins-Market is steady, with

prices from 12 to 13: here, and 11 to 12: Tallow-Solids, in barrels, No. 1, 53-4 to 6c: No. 2, solids, 5c; cakes, No. 1, 6 to of 6 1-4c, and No. 2, 5 1-2c. Wools-There is nothing new, with prices nominally unchanged. Unwashed

wools, 13 to 14e; washed at 21 to 22e; rejections, 16 to 17e. SUGAR MARKET.

per cwt., as follows: do. Redpath's ... 4 30 Beaver, granulated 4 15 chancery offices.

DOCTOR **ADVISED** LIVE STOCK. **OPERATION**

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Canifton, Ont .- "I had been a great sufferer for five years. One doctor told me it was ulcers of the uterus, and another told me it was a fibroid tumor. No one



knows what I suffered. I would always be worse at certain periods, and never was regular, and the bearing-down painswere terrible. I was very ill in bed, and the doctor told me I would have to have an operation, and that I might die

during the operation. I wrete to my sister about it and she advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Through personal experience I have found it the best medieine in the world for female troubles, for it has cured me. and I did not have to have the operation after all. The Compound also helped me while passing through Change of Life."-Mrs. LETITIA BLAIR, Canifton, Ontario.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has proved to be the most successful remedy for curing the worst forms of female ills, including displacements, inflammation, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bear-ing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, and nervous prestration. It costs but a trifle to try it, and the result has been worth millions to suffering women.

No. 1 yellow, St. Lawrence		. :
do., Redpath's		. :
do., Acadia		. 3
do, Acadia, unbranded		:
These prices are for deliv	ery	he
lots, 5e less. Prices in barre	els	are
more per cwt.		

BRADSTREETS' TRADE REVIEW

Montreal reports to Bradstreet's say rade there continues steady in tone. The volume of retail business moving is fairly good for this time of the year. Considerable attention is being paid to clearing winter lines and it would look as though at the end of the season retail stocks will have been pretty well cleared. Wholesalers report that good sorting orders are coming in from all parts of the country and that spring business is also generally satisfactory. The hardware trade is opening up icely. Deliveries of British iron are ex-0 68 pected to be light and prices are firm

Toronto reports to Bradstreet's sav general trade continues active in all lines. City trade has kept up well and wholesalers report, an excellent business in sorting and spring lines. The dry goods trade is generally brisk. Prices of linens, cottons and woollens hold firm in tone. Some buyers are delaying taking deliveries of spring goods but most merchants are calling for ship-ments as there seems to be some fear that later on in the season stocks will

Winnipeg reports say there continues an excellent movement to general trade, although bad weather has to some ϵx tent interfered with the movement of

Vancouver and Victoria reports say a good general business is moving throughout the province. Quebec report sto Bradstreet's saviet e

volume of business during the week shows improvement over the preceding Hamilton reports say business there

is steady in character and the volume compares very favorably with that of last year. Good sorting orders are coming in. Country trade at retail is satisfactory and deliveries of produce 9 50 are large. Collections are generally sat-London reports say the past week has seen little change in business condi-

tions there. Ottawa reports say the trade there is steady. A fair volume of business in

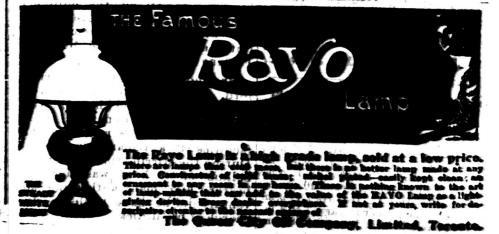
MASONIC EVENT.

Mr. R. Mahoney and His Six Sons Fill the Chairs.

Guelph Despatch: Many prominent citizens attended Guelph Lodge, No. 258, of A. F. and A. M. last night. The occasion was unique, it being Mahoney right there. Richard Mahoney, sen, inded the Worshipful Master's chair, while his six sons occupied the other officers, negitions, and the worship of the content of the conten ficers' positions, and the work of the first degree was exemplified. The reason of the change from the regular offices Was the occasion of a grandson W. M. taking the first degree.

WOMEN CATHOLICS

Milwaukee, Wis., Feb. 20.-There are at present 514,618,761 women Catholica Sugars are quoted in Toronto, in bags, in the United States, according to the 1911 Wiltzius official Catholic direc-Extra granulated, St. Lawrence .. \$ 30 tory which is now in the press. These figures are regarded as official in Cath-



Well, somebody way." said Royce, the fire; "there al paper ashes, too," Berac, it's my opi precious will on the "Nonsense!" exc tiently; "I am ont that! What are yo had gone down or stirring about the s "Looking for the he said, lightly. " of it. Stop- What out the fragment h

Bertie took it, a as he gazed at the "Great Heavens, Royce rose and l h - trouser knees 'Are you sure?" "Sure! Yes! 'Last Wlil and Tes ens! what is to be oath that I didn

Royce looked a arxious countenar "If not, who did "It must have be of mine!" replied "Ring and ask ! Bertle rang the

peared. ha asked. The man looked "Burning? Oh, y up the litter and "I told you-Bertie interrup

"The litter, yo pieces of wood, th table. But did y The man began "Well, yes, my waste-paper bask "Didn't I tell y "Univ the was manded Bertie. "Yes, my lord as far as I can "As far as yo

idiat, it is only cried Bertie. "W there a paper, a The valet loc troused. "Really, my 1 Bertie seized "Look at that

a paper, a wr The man's fac No, my lord, noi." he said, Rovee shrugg held up the bur "l am afraid take. he said. missed a paper and I find a

half burned." The valet cole most swear tha that description " 'l'most' su denificantly. wireat heave There, get out and the misera ened to obey.

> said Bertie; "i importance. 1 it. Great pow a serious thing Pove ilung My dear Be me laugh! I l earth should v to this will?" What?" ex shoul and eyei t say, why and about it?

"What do ye

"Why, this-

a draft, just be copied by t "But suppo will it isn't o Not of an made was in and this was and herefore w ... written c "the you th donlittully. "I don't th ed Royce. "F postance, or i ed behind th pend upon it

don't myself t

waste paper, painting, just "If you thi may about go and tell o "If you tal anything of What good making a et haven't got don't want b Bertie, but I mals, and I s Craddock d St. 1 V!" "What?"

"That's m Craddock, I and attorne discovered a and he'll say