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Very Woman

FIFTY YEARS.

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BIRDS

Explained.

Sunday School.

LESSON X.—MARCH 5, 1911.

Elijah Goes Up by a Whirlwind into Heaven.—2 Kings 2: 1-12.

COMMENTARY.—Elijah's departure at hand (vs. 1-8). 1. When the Lord would take up Elijah—The prophet's life-work was drawing to a close, and he was to enter upon his eternal reward.

2. Tarry here.—Both Elijah and Elisha knew that the former was to be translated that day. Elijah desired to be alone when he went to heaven.

3. A farewell visit.—The "sons of the prophets" knew what the day would bring forth, probably by a direct revelation to them, for it is not likely that Elijah had told them of his approaching departure.

4. The whirlwind.—The whirlwind which bore Elijah up into heaven was a symbol of the power of God's word.

5. The mantle.—The mantle which fell upon Elisha was a symbol of the transfer of Elijah's power to his successor.

6. The chariot of fire.—The chariot of fire which bore Elijah up into heaven was a symbol of the power of God's word.



Cured Awful Ringworm

"Well over four years ago my two little girls were taken with a dreadful scalp trouble that the doctors called ringworm. We attended the Hospital as out-patients for a year. I had to apply their ointment with my hands, giving the children frightful pain.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment

afford the speediest and most economical treatment for itching, burning, scaling eruptions of infants, children and adults. A single use is often sufficient. Sold throughout the world.

Practical Application. "The Lord would take up Elijah (vs. 1). Elijah going up by a whirlwind into heaven (vs. 11) is suggestive of a company of people who shall be caught up to meet the Lord (1 Thes. 4: 14-17).

7. The mantle.—The mantle which fell upon Elisha was a symbol of the transfer of Elijah's power to his successor.

8. The chariot of fire.—The chariot of fire which bore Elijah up into heaven was a symbol of the power of God's word.

9. The mantle.—The mantle which fell upon Elisha was a symbol of the transfer of Elijah's power to his successor.

three hundred dollars. What then, darling? "Because, papa, I thought maybe you would lay it out this year in Bibles for poor children to remember me by."

BEE-KEEPING AT ONTARIO AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE

Co-operative Experiment in Control of Swarming—Results of 1910.

At the beginning of the year 1910, when the Agriculture Department was organized at the Ontario Agricultural College for instruction and experimental work, steps were immediately taken to inaugurate Co-operative Experiments.

There are three great problems in bee-management in this country, viz.: Brood Diseases, wintering and Swarm Control. While the first two are very real, the swarming problem comes home to every bee-keeper whether he realizes it or not.

There is nothing on the farm which requires so little care in proportion to the returns as the bees. This is why they are so often kept at a loss; because their habits are so simple that it is utterly unnecessary to give them a little attention, but what they do require they must have. It is to call attention to this bit of work and to help fit it into its proper place among the other farm duties, that these Co-operative Experiments are undertaken.

The management of an apiary for honey must be approached in the same business-like manner as the management of a dairy herd for milk. There is no more "luck" or "chance" in the one than in the other. Scientific principles govern both, failure in either is due to some definite cause which must be discovered and mastered before success can be attained.

One first principle in handling any live stock is to be master of the situation. One cannot get full value from a horse until it is completely under control. It is the same with bees. To be a successful bee-keeper one must be a bee-master; not in any cruel sense any more than with a horse. To manage a horse one must know a horse from A to Z. To manage bees one must study the habits and disposition, and learn as far as possible why and how they do things. This takes time, but it is well spent.

It is encouraging to see the interest taken in this work by the younger bee-keepers, thirty of the sixty-two experimenters have had bees for not more than ten years. What might be called full reports were received from twenty-five experimenters. The average number of colonies which these experimenters used in experimental groups is 11.7. Each group according to instructions was divided into two lots, lot A and lot B, having an average of 5.3 colonies in each lot. Of the colonies in lot A, 18 per cent. cast first swarms. Of the colonies in lot B, 38 per cent. cast first swarms. It will be seen from this that while the experimenters could not be expected to entirely prevent swarming the first year, they have met with a marked degree of success in controlling the swarming impulse, reducing it from 38 per cent. to 18 per cent.

colony of lot A are in better shape for wintering than lot B. Thirteen said they could see no difference, and two failed to report on this point.

Perhaps the most interesting part of these results is the report on the benefits derived by the experimenters from the work. Some of these are the following:

"Closer attention and practical experience." "Your method saves half the work." "Much more intimate knowledge of bees." "More system in work."

A full report of this experiment will appear in the annual report of the Experimental Union for 1910.

The plan for 1911 is to send out the same experiment to those desiring it in the spring, and also experiment No. 2, which will be for the prevention of Noddy, swarming in the production of Comb Honey. Persons interested in this work may get further information by writing to:

MORLEY PETTIT, Agricultural College, Guelph, Ontario.

MARKET REPORTS

TORONTO MARKETS. FARMERS' MARKET. The offerings of grain to-day were only 100 bushels of barley, which is quoted at 70c per bushel. Wheat is lower, the quotation given by dealers being 80c.

Table with columns for various commodities and their prices. Includes items like Wheat, Barley, Oats, Peas, Rye, Buckwheat, Hay, etc.

LIVE STOCK

While butchers found buying no easier to-day than at the opening of the week, drivers complained that the market was fully 40c lower. This circumstance was the result of heavy shipments of common cattle for the past few days, which have not been taken up. While the top figure for steers and heifers must be posted lower to the extent of 20c at least than a week ago, cattle of the quality of last week would have brought just as good figures to-day. Most of the trade in butcher cattle hovered around \$5.50 to \$6.00.

Table with columns for various live stock items and their prices. Includes items like Export cattle, Do, medium, Do, light, Do, bulls, Do, cows, etc.

SEEDS

The following prices are being paid by seed merchants to growers:

Table with columns for various seed types and their prices. Includes items like Aiskie, No. 1, Aiskie, No. 2, Aiskie, No. 3, Red clover, No. 1, Red clover, No. 2, Red clover, No. 3.

WOOL MARKET

Quotations are: 21c to 22c for mercantile fleece; 13c to 14c for unwashed wool, and 16c for rejects.

OTHER MARKETS

CLOSING WHEAT MARKETS. Winnipeg—Winnipeg May wheat was Chicago 90 87 1/2 Minneapolis 95 92 1/2 Duluth 95 92 1/2

Another Modern Miracle Locomotor Ataxia Cured

The Sufferer Had Been Given Up as Incurable by Several Doctors—Hospital Treatment Also Failed—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Worked the Miracle.

Before the discovery of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, locomotor ataxia was considered an incurable disease. It has been fully demonstrated however, that this disease can be cured through the use of these pills when the treatment is persisted in, and the directions carefully followed.

In proof of the power of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to cure this terrible malady, Mrs. Sarah Jane Ruller, of Antler, Sask., says: "For seven years from 1900 to 1907, my son James was afflicted with locomotor ataxia. During that time he was treated by several of the best doctors in the west, but their treatment failed to be of any benefit, and he kept growing worse and worse, till finally he lost all control of his limbs, and he could not move at all. I had to carry him from his bed to a chair, where I would have to tie him, to enable him to sit up. He was as helpless as an infant; he lost all control of his kidneys and bowels, and we daily looked for death to relieve him of his suffering. In 1905 we sent him to the Brandon Hospital, hoping that the treatment there would benefit him. In this, though, we were disappointed, and the hospital doctor advised me to take him home, as they said they could do nothing for him. At this time a friend advised the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Being willing to try anything in the hope of finding relief for my boy, I bought a supply. In less than three months I noted a slight improvement in his condition. In six months he could walk once more and more able to attend school and do the chores about the house. What Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for him is truly wonderful, and I would strongly recommend them to all sufferers, for they most certainly saved my boy's life."

In substantiation of what Mr. Ruller says, Mr. A. E. Steele, the well-known lumber and coal dealer of Antler, writes: "With reference to what Mrs. Ruller says concerning her son's cure by Pink Pills, I have no hesitation in saying that what she says is absolutely true in every particular, as I am personally acquainted with the case."

This great cure is not the only one performed by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They have brought thousands back to health and strength after some of the best doctors in the country have been forced to give up the case as incurable. Not only in cases of locomotor ataxia, but in cases of partial paralysis, sciatica, acute rheumatism, and many other severe ailments have they been successful. The whole secret of their wonderful success is in their power to make rich, red, health-giving blood—the one essential for good health. The pills are sold by all medicine dealers, or direct by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

ing the first week in November. In October last, Winnipeg May sold at \$10.10. Today the close was \$11.38 to \$11.52. Showing a clear drop of 10c from the high point of the 1910 crop. The break was 1 to 1.18 on the day, July 28, was down 2 to 2.18 and September 7-8. The market was quiet, but not without some activity. Shipments of goods have been delayed and travellers have had considerable difficulty in getting about. Mail orders have, however, been good and prospects for spring business continue excellent. Values generally hold firm in tone.

Every farmer's every farmer's



WINDSOR THE SALT THAT MAKES THE BUTTER BETTER. They all use it—for making delicious butter for their own table. They found out years ago that Windsor Butter Salt dissolves quicker, works in easier, and helps butter to keep better. Windsor Salt is absolutely pure and every grain is a perfect crystal. If you want to get "top" prices for your butter, use Windsor Butter Salt.