

NEWS OF THE DAY IN BRIEF

Brantford Man Drops Dead on Way Home.

Twin Sisters Asphyxiated at Brooklyn.

Kingston Favors Erection of a Big Hotel.

A chauffeur's protective association was formed in Toronto.

Herman Affeldt was acquitted at Berlin of the charge of setting fire to his wife's barn.

The death occurred very suddenly of Thomas Elliott, of Galt. Pneumonia was the cause of death.

At Maribank, Hungerford Township, the Orange Hall and a house adjoining, owned by Mr. Ogleman, were destroyed by fire.

Daniel Lynch, an employee of the Time Recording Company at 17 Allice street, Toronto, dropped dead shortly after starting work.

Edward Willis, a prosperous farmer residing about three miles from Millbrook, Ont., was killed by a horse, receiving injuries to his skull to which he succumbed.

Enquiry was made at Kingston from Watertown, N.Y., regarding Miss Isabel Briceand, a stenographer of that city, who mysteriously disappeared on Tuesday evening.

Charles Melville was possibly fatally and three others slightly injured in an explosion of the melting tank of the Haultain Paving Company's plant at St. Boniface, Man.

H. L. Reinhardt, after ten months' absence, resumed his position as accountant at the Royal Bank, Guelph. Mr. Reinhardt was injured in a tobogganing accident last January.

Chas. K. Buchanan, a well known resident and accountant of Brantford dropped dead on his way home to dinner. He had lived retired for some years. Death was due to heart failure.

Twin sisters, 83 years old, Mrs. Eva L. Eno and Mrs. Ada L. Sanford, of New Britain, Conn., were found dead from gas asphyxiation, at the home of their niece, Mrs. J. E. Humason, of Brooklyn.

While working on a roof of a new house on Pauline avenue, Toronto, George S. Barber, a young man who lives with his father at 3 Avde street, slipped and fell to the ground, a distance of 30 feet.

Just after completing a nine months' sentence in the Central Prison for house breaking in Ottawa, Albert Noel was again placed under arrest on a similar charge. The latter offence was committed at Aylmer, Que., about a year ago.

Prof. Alexander Macmillan, of Queen's School of Mining, who has been elected to the Prince Edward Island Legislature, will become Minister of Agriculture in the new Conservative Government. It is understood, in the event of which he will retire from the staff of Queen's.

While crossing one of the busiest sections of Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mrs. M. A. Heath, 81 years old, and residing at 47 Windsor avenue, Windsor, was struck by a street car and so seriously injured that she died in St. Mary's Hospital.

Cyril Asquith, the younger son of the British Prime Minister, has been awarded the Hertford scholarship, a university prize for Latin, tenable for one year. It amounts to \$210. This scholarship is regarded as the blue ribbon of the classical school at Oxford.

While William Low was engaged at Port Dover hauling a cake of ice along the runway into the fish house, a string of cars was shunted down the siding which the runaway crosses. Low was caught by a car and badly injured. He was removed to the hospital and his left leg amputated.

The property owners of Kingston voted on a by-law to guarantee a bond issue of \$100,000 to promote the erection of a hotel on the harbor front near the yacht club house. The vote was: For, 1,460; against, 297. There is some uncertainty as to whether the measure received the necessary number of votes.

A Trial Treatment of Cuticura Soap and Ointment Free to Skin Sufferers

If you, or someone dear to you, are suffering the itching, burning, sleep-destroying torments of eczema or other cruel skin eruption, with its embarrassing, unsightly disfigurement; if you have tried all manner of treatment, no matter how harsh, to no avail, and have all but given up hope of cure, write to-day for a liberal sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Thousands of skin-tortured sufferers, from infancy to age, have found that the first warm bath with Cuticura Soap and gentle application of Cuticura Ointment bring instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and prove the first steps in a speedy and successful treatment. Address "Cuticura," Dept. 10M, Boston, U. S. A.

with all the public schools. Flower culture had a great uplifting effect on children. The beautifying of villages would do much to solve the problem of how to keep the younger generation from migrating to the large towns and cities. He thought it was a mistake to make free grants of seeds and bulbs to children and suggested that a nominal charge be made. The fact of a child paying for a thing if it were only a cent, made it take a deeper interest in it. So with the seeds, they would be watched with greater care.

The treasurer reported receipts for the year, \$177.68; expenses, \$83.37; balance in hand \$94.31. It was decided to amend the constitution to provide that all societies with a membership of 200 or less, should contribute \$2 per year, 100, 200 and up to 500, an extra \$1 per 100 or fraction thereof. The president was authorized to nominate a committee to wait upon the Government to secure a charter of incorporation for the Association. Papers were read on "Sweet Peas, Varieties and Cultivation," by Mr. T. D. DeKray; "The Jordan Garden," by Mr. W. Gayman; Jordan Harbor, His Worship Mayor Geary extended civic greetings and welcome to the delegates.

Mrs. Dunnington-Guild, of London, England, told the members of the Horticultural Society last evening that the gridiron method of city planning, as adopted in Canada, possessed no advantages and had many faults. In order to go from one place to another it was necessary to travel around two sides of a square, and there were no local points for public utilities.

After Suffering Years

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Fox Creek, N.B.—"I have always had pains in the loins and weakness there, and often after my food would distress me and cause soreness. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me much good. I am stronger, digestion is better, and I can walk with ambition. I have encouraged many mothers of families to take it, as it is the best remedy in the world. You can publish this in the papers."—Mrs. WILLIAM BOURQUEZ, Fox Creek, N.B., Canada.

The above is only one of the thousands of grateful letters which are constantly being received by the Pinkham Medicine Company of Lynn, Mass., which prove beyond a doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, actually does cure the obstinate diseases of women after all other means have failed, and that every woman suffering women over it to benefit to at least give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial before submitting to an operation, or giving up hope of recovery.

Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., writes: "I feel that every woman who has tried this medicine should know how good it is."

FRUIT GROWERS DELIBERATIONS

Want More Government Inspectors Appointed.

Mr. Caesar Deals With Diseases of Peaches.

Better Orcharding Wanted—Election of Officers.

Toronto dispatch: The Ontario fruit growers' Association continued its deliberations and discussions yesterday in the Foresters' Hall, College street. District directors for the coming year were elected as follows: Wm. Alford, Ottawa; W. C. Beaven, Prescott; W. H. Dempsey, Trenton; Wm. Stinton, Oshawa; W. J. Bragg, Bowmanville; L. A. Hamilton, Lorne Park; J. W. Smith, Vienna; A. Onslow, Niagara-on-the-Lake; J. O. Gilbertson, Simcoe; D. Johnson, Forest; R. R. Sloan, Porter's Brown, Owen Sound; Prof. J. W. Crow, Ontario Agricultural College.

A resolution was passed expressing appreciation of the appointment of Mr. Martin Burrell to a portfolio in the Borden Cabinet. Four resolutions dealt with fruit inspectors and their duties, the substance of which were as follows: That the Ontario Government provide short courses at the O. A. C. Guelph for fruit inspectors and fruit schools throughout the province for packers; that the Dominion Government amend the inspection and sales act so as to define a minimum size for grades in the various varieties of apples, and to provide for the appointment of a larger number of inspectors, and for the services, on request of growers, of these inspectors at the point of shipment; that the Dominion Government appoint a commission of three in each province to examine and to recommend for appointment applicants for positions of fruit inspectors.

Other resolutions asked the Dominion Government to secure by cable in foreign countries daily market prices of fruit in their respective districts, and to publish the same in newspapers that circulate in the fruit districts; asked the Ontario Government to send a capable man to Europe to study co-operative methods and marketing conditions, and to give the Horticultural Experiment Station at Jordan Harbor every encouragement in the work of plant breeding, propagation and distribution; that the Dominion Government provide for absolute uniformity in shapes of baskets used for carrying fruit; that the railway companies be asked to improve the condition of the many old refrigerator cars now in use.

A resolution that proposed the holding in Ontario of a national apple show was turned down. Not one member spoke in its favor. It was felt that in the Ontario Horticultural Exhibition the province already had a show, and an annual one, that would eventually develop into an exhibition equal to the biggest of big shows anywhere.

Mr. L. Caesar, of the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, gave a valuable address on "Peach Diseases," including peach leaf curl, brown rot, scab, cankers, gumming, mildew, crown gall, and "little peach," but the discussion chiefly centered around the last two, which are the most difficult to control. Mr. Caesar stated that there were 50,000 peach trees, infected with these two diseases, that should be cut down. This is, however, only 4 per cent of the total number of peach trees in the province. Probably nine-tenths of the diseased trees are found in 35 orchards.

In order to prevent the spread of and to control insect and fungus pests of peach trees, Mr. Caesar made the following suggestions: A good biologist should be appointed for studying the disease and teaching the inspectors, and the present system of appointing, paying and overseeing inspectors should be remodeled. The suggestions were endorsed in a resolution by the association. How "little peach" and yellow cankers were described by Mr. B. D. Van Buren, chief of the Bureau of Horticulture, Albany, N.Y.

Mr. James E. Johnson, manager of the Norfolk Fruit Growers' Association, Simcoe, discussed the question of operation. As an argument in its favor, he said that in 1906 the Norfolk Association had only 17 members, while this year the membership was 535. Before success could be hoped for a persistent and energetic campaign in better orcharding must be carried on among the members. In this regard the speaker thought that the Federal and Provincial Departments of Agriculture could lend greater aid than they were now doing.

BOMB BURST

And Scared the Crowd in a Chicago Dance Hall.

Chicago, Nov. 20.—Bomb throwing, which for many weeks has been almost entirely missing, was renewed last night, when one of the missiles was hurled at a dance hall in the Tenderloin district. Like many preceding in the last few years, the resultant explosion did little damage. The bomb exploded with a roar that could be heard for half a mile. Buildings in the vicinity were shaken and a large plate glass window was blown out of the front of the dance hall. A dance was in progress at the time, and the dancers rushed to the street. It was the popular belief that the bomb had been exploded because of the recent investigation into vice by the civil service commission.

CENSUS FIGURES

Returns Given of a Number of Smaller Places.

Ottawa, Nov. 20.—The Census bureau has completed the compilation of census returns for cities, towns and villages. The figures for most of the larger places were given some time ago. The number of people in other places is now made known, as shown by the returns collected in June last, and completed returns for some cities and towns that have previously been given, and in which revision shows changes. The figures for Ontario are as follows: Toronto: 376,246; Fort William: 16,409; Ottawa: 86,340; Port Arthur: 12,126; London: 49,177; Orangeville: 2,340; Brantford: 22,965; Shelburne: 11,113; Hamilton: 81,881; Grand Valley: 77,528; St. Catharines: 13,480; Chesham: 883; St. Thomas: 14,060; Thornbury: 791; Windsor: 17,819; Owen Sound: 12,553; Kingston: 18,815; Iroquois: 2,549; Brockville: 9,572; Morrisburg: 1,696; Kincaidine: 1,936; Wainfleet: 1,143; Wainwright: 2,264; Bowmanville: 2,511; Port Elgin: 1,235; Port Hope: 5,080; Southampton: 1,691; Millbrook: 793; Walkerton: 1,681; Newcastle: 655; Chesley: 1,736; Aylmer: 2,000; Port Stanley: 896; Cardinal: 1,111; Springfield: 434; Kemptonville: 1,192; Rodney: 276; Markdale: 991; Dutton: 836; Dunlop: 689; West Lorne: 740; Meaford: 1,211; Sandwich: 2,262; Durham: 1,527; Walkerville: 3,202; Chatsworth: 357; Belle River: 520; Hanover: 2,242; Amherstburg: 2,556; Neustadt: 466; Essex: 1,356; Caledonia: 952; Kingsville: 1,427; Cayuga: 736; Leamington: 2,652; Dunnville: 2,554; Tilbury: 406; Hagersville: 1,106; Alexandria: 2,318; Jarvis: 510; Lenoir: 610; Milton: 1,677; Maxwell: 759; Acton: 1,020; Prescott: 304; Burlington: 1,831; Georgetown: 1,574; Clinton: 2,251; Oakville: 2,372; Godfrey: 422; Deseronto: 2,018; Bothwell: 1,351; Madoc: 1,058; Dresden: 1,005; Tweed: 1,365; Ridgeway: 1,905; Belleville: 9,650; Wallaceburg: 2,458; Trenton: 3,904; Thamesville: 809; Lucknow: 967; Chatham: 10,761; Bancroft: 620; Blenheim: 1,386; Marmora: 865; Tilbury: 962; Strirling: 850; Hepworth: 309; Ingham: 2,238; Portsoy: 1,786; Brant: 806; Forest: 1,444; Bruce: 2,902; Petrolia: 3,518; Wroxeter: 2,266; Alvinston: 806; Seaforth: 1,983; Paisley: 830; Bayfield: 499; Teeswater: 853; Exeter: 1,534; Theoford: 1,659; Hensall: 792; Almonte: 2,422; Watford: 1,092; Carleton Place: 3,028; Lanark: 737; Wyoming: 589; Perth: 357; Courtwright: 379; Smith's Falls: 641; Parkhill: 1,289; Newboro: 460; Alisa Craig: 568; Ganoquoque: 3764; Lucas: 709; Westport: 803; Stratford: 2,821; Napanee: 2,907; Glencoe: 841; Beulah: 347; Newbury: 377; Newburg: 465; Bracebridge: 2,776; Niagara: 12,229; Gravenhurst: 1,621; Beamsville: 1,094; Huntsville: 2,388; Grimsby: 1,689; Port Carling: 328; Athens: 890; Simcoe: 327; Merriton: 1,670; Delhi: 825; Port Dalhousie: 1,177; Port Dover: 1,138; Tara: 551; Waterford: 1,083; Tiverton: 242; Brighton: 1,316; Sarnia: 9,936; Port Rowan: 721; Point Edward: 874; Campbellford: 3,061; Hastings: 838; Mitchell: 1,766; Colborne: 969; St. Mary's: 3,395; Colong: 3,073; Havelock: 1,433; Uxbridge: 1,832; Lakefield: 1,397; Beaverton: 1,015; Newboro: 811; Cannington: 934; Peterborough: 18,312; Oshawa: 7,433; Hawkesbury: 1,812; Whitby: 2,247; L'Orignal: 1,331; Port Perry: 1,145; Vankele Hill: 1,577; Woodstock: 9,921; Picton: 3,561; Embro: 477; Bloomfield: 610; Ingersoll: 4,757; Wellington: 786; Tillsonburg: 2,758; Pembroke: 5,624; Norwich: 1,109; Cobden: 762; Brampton: 3,412; Arrprior: 4,395; Ingersoll: 707; Renfrew: 3,946; Stouville: 543; Eganville: 1,189; Stratford: 12,229; Casselman: 966; Listowel: 2,290; Rockland: 3,397; Milverton: 826; Midland: 4,080; Orillia: 6,835; Preston: 3,883; Penetang: 4,568; Ayr: 1,494; Coldwater: 651; New Hamburg: 1,494; Collingwood: 7,077; Niagara Falls: 9,245; Stayner: 1,029; Thorold: 2,265; Creemore: 643; Welland: 5,311; Alliston: 1,279; Bridgeburg: 1,175; Barrie: 6,428; Chippewa: 707; Beeton: 564; Port Erie: 1,147; Bradford: 946; Port Colborne: 1,824; Port Huron: 507; Harrison: 1,491; Gravelly: 659; Mount Forest: 1,837; Frenchville: 111; Palmerston: 1,065; Paris: 1,005; Arthur: 246; Berlin: 15,192; Bellwood: 1,098; Waterloo: 4,360; Clifford: 246; Elmira: 1,780; Drayton: 595; Galt: 10,299; Guelph: 15,197; Hespler: 2,268; Elora: 1,197; Erin: 511; South River: 593; Fergus: 1,534; Sundridge: 420; Dundas: 4,297; Pownassan: 638; Watford: 756; Lindsay: 6,056; Markham: 909; Bobocyeon: 1,002; Richmond Hill: 652; Fencion Falls: 1,065; Weston: 1,875; Haliburton: 492; Woodbridge: 607; Omemee: 508; Mimico: 1,107; Richmond: 426; Aurora: 1,901; Fort Frances: 1,423; Newmarket: 2,968; Arkeno: 426; Holland Landy: 505; Oil Springs: 646; Stouffville: 1,025; Dryden: 714; N. Toronto: 5,262; Kewatin: 1,212; Parry Sound: 3,400; Kenora: 4,679; Kearney: 812; Blind River: 2,558; Burk's Falls: 973; Cheslanton: 1,945; Duput Harbor: 437; Chelmsford: 550; Massey: 864; Mattawa: 1,523; Little Current: 1,208; North Bay: 7,715; Cobwood: 657; Sturgeon Falls: 2,188; Gore Bay: 1,793; Sudbury: 4,139; Grace Mine: 685; Bonfield: 484; S. Ste Marie: 1,086; Cobalt: 563; Steeton: 303; Englehart: 670; Cache Bay: 886; Havelock: 3674; Copper Cliff: 3,096; Hatchburg: 629; Cochrane: 1,714; New Liskeard: 2,207; South Essex: 406; Tilbury: 1,592.

Toronto dispatch: The military conference which was called together by Col. Sam Hughes, the new Minister of Militia, was a decided success. Some one hundred military men from all parts of Canada were present and they took hold of the conference with enthusiasm. After an introductory address by Col. Sam Hughes the conference dispersed into three sections, infantry, artillery, and cavalry. The infantry section was presided over by General Cotton. It was generally agreed that the rural regiments at present were in a serious condition, and to remedy this larger pay and armories for the rural regiments were advocated, a resolution to the effect being passed, a number of officers advocated compulsory service and the idea was greeted with applause. However no action was taken, this and other matters being left to a resolution committee composed of Col. Weston, Col. L. Abelle, Col. Davidson, Col. Rogers and Col. Stuart. General Cotton advocated that the customs duty on uniforms and accoutrements be removed. A suggestion which was received with considerable applause.

It was Col. Ponton, of Belleville, who brought up the question of compulsory service. He thought the pay was not the trouble so much as the need of campaign of inspiration amongst the young men. He deprecated the spirit of anti-militarism which was sweeping the country. He thought manhood suffrage should be dependent on service. The country was ripe for this move. Col. Welmore agreed with this idea. It was an excellent suggestion. There should be some form of compulsory service. Sir Henry Pellatt said that in Toronto the cadet corps was the greatest strength for recruiting. As for joining at the troops they never heard of such a thing. On the contrary they were always cheered.

Col. Fisher, of Brockville, also advocated some form of conscription. Lt. Col. Thompson said that the city corps were at present up to strength, but the rural militia was a heartbreak. Unless there was an improvement they might as well disband. Better pay and armories, he thought was the remedy.

CONSCRIPTION IN CANADA

Military Conference Views It With Favor.

Rural Corps Said to be in Bad Shape.

Manhood Suffrage Should Go With Service.

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THE BEEKEEPERS

Several Valuable Papers at Convention.

Mr. James on Educational Methods in Farming.

Toronto dispatch: The Beekeepers' Convention continued yesterday with a large number of delegates present from all parts of the province. The president, Mr. W. J. Craig, was in the chair. The opening speech of the afternoon session was delivered by the president on "Bees from the Bee to the Foundation Mill." This was followed by an instructive address on "Methods of Organizing Beekeepers," by Mr. E. B. Tyrrell, secretary National Beekeepers Association, Detroit. If they were going to handle supplies, he said, the plan he would lay before them was to sell at the regular retail price, and not to cut the price. He proposed that they should become a business institution, not merely for themselves, but for everybody who wished to buy.

Mr. C. C. James, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, spoke next, and was well received. Referring to the previous speech, he said that the price of products was going very high for the consumer, yet he knew that the high price was not going into the consumers' pockets. "This is a serious problem to which you farmers should give attention," he said. "To see that you get a square deal is sufficient reason alone for organization."

Mr. James' special topic was "Educational Methods in Agriculture." It is necessary that the farmers of Ontario be educated in the very best means for getting the best results. The department used to send out men to speak on methods of agriculture, and much literature was distributed on the same subject. Yet these did little good. More recently, therefore, we have made a change. We send a trained man right to the farm, where he takes off his coat and works along with the farmer. He prunes, cultivates, sprays, drains, plans and the results have been a decided increase in production and in quality.

"The reason why so many farms in good country run down and become unproductive is the lack of good, efficient method. Why not go in and increase indefinitely the producing power of your land? If the farmer would only rouse himself and assimilate the best methods of farming, yet unknown to him, he would double the value of his farm."

"Let me say in closing that I don't see if any department of agriculture has as much room for expansion as the production of honey. You can also increase the market, and I may say that if you get more people to eat honey you will be doing them a great service."

QUINN'S POLICY

Brotherhood Won't Pay It to the Widow.

Chicago, Nov. 20.—The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers will refuse to pay an insurance policy of \$2,500 on the life of John Quinn, whose widow is in the county jail charged with responsibility for his death.

Officials of the organization informed Ed. James Meehey, of the Kensington police station, yesterday that the action had been taken because of a clause in the by-laws of the organization, which states that the money will not be paid in cases where the beneficiary is supposed to be responsible for the death.

Two former board members of the Quinn household, who are now in Chatham, Que., were visited by Detective James Callahan. It was stated they will be compelled to return to Chicago to testify before the grand jury.

GRIRO ACQUITTED

Go and Sin No More, the Judge Told Him.

Warns Him Regarding the Black Hand Societies.

Toronto dispatch: Found not guilty by a jury of the criminal assault charge after two hours' deliberation, Frank Griro, accused of murdering Frank Traro on July 20, at the corner of Front and Church streets, was liberated by Mr. Justice Riddell yesterday afternoon. "No person could possibly find fault with your verdict," said his lordship to the jury. "You believed his story, and you had every right to do so." Turning to the freed prisoner, who stood up in the dock, the judge said: "Let me give you a word of warning, and through you, to your people. You have no right to carry weapons. There has been the cause of many fatalities among your people. Also, do not be imposed upon by people who tell you they are members of the Black Hand Society. They extort money out of people who fear that sort of thing. I charge you to come to the police. The laws of this country are strong enough to extend the hand of protection. Now go and behave yourself and become a good Canadian citizen." His lordship also asked Griro to break away from his former companions, and lead a decent, respectable life. He said there was no reason why he should not become a credit to himself and the country in which he is now a citizen.

Griro said: "I thank you, sir," and smilingly left the dock and strode out of the court room, where he was greeted by a number of his friends.

In his address to the jury, following the submission of all the evidence, his lordship explained thoroughly the meaning of self-defence. He said that any man was perfectly justified to resist anything which he had reason to believe would bring about serious injury to himself.

His lordship said that the Canocera, which existed in Italy, had branches elsewhere. If there were branches in Ontario, and the police uncovered them, the members would get the K that which the law allowed for such diabolic proceedings.

LIGHTS WENT OUT

As Murderer Was Being Sentenced to Death.

London, Nov. 20.—A trial for murder at the Stafford assizes ended under dramatic circumstances last night, just as the jury was about to pronounce the verdict of guilty, the electric lights in the court room suddenly went out and the whole building was plunged into darkness.

After a long and painful silence candles were procured by court attendants. Two lights were placed on the judge's desk and one was held in front of the prisoner, who stood erect in the dock waiting to hear his fate. Other candles were put on the jury box and the barristers' table and in this dim light the jury formally delivered its verdict.

The prisoner, who was accused of murdering his sweetheart, was then sentenced to death.

ANFUL DEATH

Burkeley, Cal., Nov. 20.—The moon and Venus were in conjunction at noon yesterday. The phenomenon was observed by members of the astronomy department of the University of California here and by hundreds of persons, as both moon and star were visible to the naked eye against clear blue sky.

VERUS AND MOON

Suprius, Wis., Nov. 20.—The ore shipping season is practically closed at this port. The Soo line ore dock leads the last cargo to-day and the Great Northern dock will suspend in a few hours. More than 20,000,000 tons of ore have been shipped, the largest amount ever from any port on the Great Lakes this year.

STEAMER FOUNDERS

London, Nov. 20.—A despatch to the Lloyd's Bank says the British steamship St. Catharine, from Hamburg for New York, has foundered off Scarborough. A lifeboat belonging to the St. Catharine, containing two bodies, was picked up on sea yesterday.

SHIPPING ORE

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