30 Minutes
...fering muddled head
...taking a
...ache Wafer
...or by mail from
...nada, Limited, Montreal.

The E. B. EDDY Co., Hull, Canada

...ARRIAGEABLE.

(...n Falls Gazette.)

...proper marriageable age? ...rs. Vivian Vivian, found... of the National Society ...rs of California, the man ... the woman 35. She says ...man being harder to get ... the woman of 20 is the ... that it requires fifteen ...e and twenty-five in the ...em fit persons to live to... ...y the man has usually ...petency, or else his fail... hardly be concealed; By ...n shown up. More im... ...s, however, the man of ...ty been married before, ...aws a second prize has ...to appreciate his good ...erish his wife. The wo... ...nd out something about ...she has not been mar... ...pair ought to be happy. ...ol happier if they were ...y years older, if happy ...on wisdom and wisdom ... It would be interest... ...Vivian's age, and whe... ...idow with designs, or ...man with a new notion ...ciety.

...R LADY'S APPEAL

...I will send free with ...my home treatment ...cures Leucorrhoea, ...cements, Falling of the ...or Irregular Periods, ...n Tumors or Growths, ...Nervousness, Melan... ...e Head, Back or Bow... ...ladder Troubles, where ...ss peculiar to our sex. ...treatment at home at ...out 12 cents a week. ...n's Own Medical Ad... ...ree on request. Write ...Mrs. M. Summers, Box ...t.

...D-TUB PROBLEM.

(City Star)

...fish is put into a tub ...at add ten pounds to ...contents? ...yers, some fisherman, ...n. ...nation is to answer ...but do not be too ...correct answer only ...ches the side of the ...h floats clear of the ...d its contents weigh ...fore the fish was put ...ers have recently bet ...question.

...ent for sale every...

...EXPECTED.

...t beefy fellow over ...arkably broad shoul... ...pion chess player of ...midget with the red ...left end of our foot...

...NT CO., LIMITED:
...er of ours cured a ...emper in a valuable ...MINARD'S LINI...
Yours truly,
...ANDIE FRERICH.

...LL TRIM.

(...s Journal.)

...well-known pugi... ...m with football the ...ssalor. "I'd rather ...otball is too rough ...play in a game of ...l for 100 per cent. ...I'm not strong ...en't got the nerve. ...ction. ...eight of the foot... ...Yale-Harvard boy ...k eye you've got ...n get it in to-day's ...He scowled and ...But do you know ...alor?" ...p that blackened

...nsightly Warts
...Corn and Wart ...Corns, Warts and ...painlessly and ...t in America re... ...utnam's; it's the ...ttle.

...O HOGS.

(...ader.)

...f the city limits ...assing by certain ...the highway fat ...and overwhelm... ...of good, sound ...ind. Thousands ...l not entirely un... ...ands of families ...not overstocked ...pplied with half ...but they are not ...hards where the ...fruit.

...AIN MAN.

(...ette.)

...great Methodist ...the higher criti... ...with effective ...ms good sense. ...ble which have ...wholesome and ...in their fan... ...gets my hand ...r meaning one ...the other parts

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

LESSON V.—OCT. 29, 1911.

A Psalm of Deliverance.—Psa. 85: 1-13.

Commentary.—I. Gratitude for Deliverance (vs. 1-3). 1. Lord—Jehovah, the all-sufficient, the self-existing One. though hast been favorable—Here is a hearty recognition of God's power, authority and interest in the affairs of men, and an acknowledgement of his goodness in all his dealings with Israel. thy land—It was the land which God had provided as a dwelling-place for his people, from which they had been driven because of their sins, and to which they were being restored through the divine favor. "He chose it for his people, conveyed it to them by covenant, conquered it by his power, and dwelt in it by mercy."—Spurgeon. "The land is mine" (Lev. 25: 23). thou hast brought back the captivity of Jacob—The punishment foretold by the prophets had been inflicted, and the sin of idolatry, for which Israel was chastised, had been forsaken. The thing which to human reason seemed impossible had been accomplished. The passage agrees well with the description of the restoration given in Ezra 1: 2-4, and doubtless reference is made to the return of the exiles under the leadership of Zerubbabel. The nation of Israel is designated by the name Jacob.

2. forgiven the iniquity—The Hebrew words describe sin (1) as depravity or moral distortion, (2) as a wandering from the way or missing the mark; and forgiveness (1) as the removal of a burden, (2) as a covering of the offence, which would otherwise meet the eye of the judge and call for punishment.—Cam. Bible. The Jews in captivity had humbled themselves before the Lord, and the burden of their guilt had been removed. covered all their sin—Christ "is the propitiation for our sins" (1 John 2:2). The atonement of Christ covers the sins of all who in the evangelical sense believe. "The Lord has put it so completely away, that even his omniscient eye sees it no more."—Spurgeon. selah—No satisfactory explanation has ever been given of the meaning of this word. Some of the explanations that have been suggested are: "A sign to elevate the voice." "A change of note." "A musical note," "Up, my soul!" "An appeal, or summons, to Jehovah." It seems to have been used to give some direction as to the way the portion of the psalm should be sung. 3. all thy wrath—The divine wrath or indignation had been let loose upon the nation because of sin, but now it was withdrawn, and the people were rejoicing in the divine favor. fierceness of thine anger—The sin of Israel was the occasion of God's displeasure, and now that the sin was removed the divine displeasure ceased. The severity of the punishment inflicted was the measure of the fierceness of God's anger. Punishment less severe would not have been sufficient to meet the demand. "Lord, thou hast been favorable unto thy land," is explained and enlarged by the subsequent expressions in verses 1-3, each indicating a particular point in which favor has been shown. Underneath all these expressions is a current of thanksgiving and rejoicing.

II. A prayer for greater blessings (vs. 4-7).

4. Turn us—Although much had already been done in the nation's restoration, much still remained to be done before they could enjoy full national prosperity. The captivity had been turned, but as yet only a small proportion of the Jews had returned from Babylon to Jerusalem. The expression means "convert," and was applicable to Israel as a nation and as individuals. O God of our salvation—This was a fitting acknowledgment of them to make, that God was their sole hope and help. The prayer included in this hope is expressive of penitence, need and faith in God's mercy and power. 5. Wilt thou be angry .... for ever—We have already suffered much, and long; our fathers have suffered, and we have succeeded to their distresses. Draw not out thy anger against us from generation to generation.—Clarke. The desolation visited upon Jerusalem and the land of Judah when the nation was taken into captivity was great, and conditions there grew worse during the seventy years of exile; consequently the process of restoration was slow and arduous. It was more than twenty years after the decree of Cyrus authorizing the return that the temple was restored, and nearly one hundred before the walls of Jerusalem were rebuilt. Sin works ruin and its consequences are likely to be long-lived. 6. Revive us again—Wilt not thou return and quicken us, restore our national life according to the promises of the prophets?—Kirkpatrick. Faith increased as the petitioner proceeded with the request. The need was great, but application was being made to the right source, and confidence was growing strong. The same prayer was offered by Habakkuk (iii. 2) when he foresaw this sad condition of Israel. That thy people may rejoice in thee—A manifestation of the divine presence and favor is a ground for rejoicing. The prayer indicates that the rejoicing was not to be in the restored temple, city, nation or harvests, but in the Lord. Multitudes recognize in worldly prosperity the only ground for rejoicing, while the spiritually-minded followed of Jesus finds his real joy in the Lord. "If God is the fountain of all our mercies, he must be the centre of all our joys."—Henry. 7. Show us thy mercy—There had already been a large manifestation of God's mercy to Israel, yet there was a need for a constant exercise of that mercy. When a sinner realizes the enormity of his offences against God and what natural appeal is for mercy, and such a cry is not disregarded.

III. Assurance of prosperity (vs. 8-13.) 8. Hear what God the Lord will speak—There was a well-grounded expectation that the Lord would answer. Too often people offer up prayers, and then go their way without listening to hear what "the Lord will speak." He will speak peace—God's anger was turned away from Israel because of their changed attitude toward him, and in response to their prayer of faith he would speak peace to them. His saints—Those who had set themselves apart for God's service. Let them not turn again to folly—In the past the Jewish nation had been unstable. They had repeatedly turned to the Lord and had as often forsaken him. "Those who would enjoy conscious communion with God must avoid al that would grieve the Holy Spirit; not only grosser sins, but even follies."—Spurgeon. It is the height of folly to turn to sin after one has known the Lord. 9. That glory may dwell in our land—In that time of Solomon there was great prosperity in the nation, and the glory of the Lord was manifested in the temple at Jerusalem. "The 'glory' here is especially used in reference to the ark of the covenant, as formerly containing the holiest symbols of their religion, and the sign and pledge of Jehovah's presence and favor."—Wheaton.

10. Mercy and truth are met together—God's words concerning Israel had been proved to be true, and his mercy had been shown in the nation's restoration from captivity. Israel had repented, and mercy had been granted in keeping with God's word of truth. Mercy and truth are inseparable. Righteousness and peace have kissed each other—There can be no peace in the highest sense but upon the basis of righteousness. Justice had been meted out to Israel and, in consequence of that, peace was bestowed. The elements of God's kingdom of grace are "righteousness, and peace, and joy" (Rom. 14: 17.) 11. Truth shall spring out of the earth—There had been a period of spiritual dearth, but the truth of God would prevail in the hearts of men as a consequence of their turning to the Lord. Doubtless reference is also made to the time when Christ should appear on earth to establish his kingdom through his ministry and death. Righteousness ..... from heaven—A figure showin gthe prevalence of righteousness in the time to come when Israel should become prosperous, possibly looking forward also to Messianic times. 2. Our land shall yield her increase—Because of Israel's sin the land had become barren, but with a return to righteousness its fertility would be restored, as an indication of God's favor. 13. Righteousness hall go before him—As a herald to prepare the way. In the way of his steps—The blessings promised are conditional only by those who follow in the ways of God.

PRACTICAL SURVEY.

Topic: True intercession.

I. Based upon God's past mercies.
II. Based upon God's present needs.
III. Based upon God's ideal for man.

I. Based upon God's mercies. "Thou hast been favorable." The favor of God is the fountain of happiness to nations as well as to individuals. There is more in God to give cheer than in circumstances to cause distress. Though Cyrus had proclaimed deliverance to the Jews they recognized God's hand in it, and in their restoration were assured of divine forgiveness for all past sins. In their captivity God had marked all their tendency and knew when they were healed of their tendency to idoltry. Then was he merciful and extended his power to bring them out of the land of captivity to their own land where they could again enter upon free and open devotion to God. The thought of all their sins and the boundless love and mercy of God filled the mind of the psalmist as he approached the Lord to ask for his special help in their new life in Canaan. He desired that they might realize the full blessings of restoration. The public interests lay upon the psalmist's heart, and his prayer was for the great congregation. His sense of their present afflictions did not obscure the remembrance of former mercies.

II. Based upon man's present need. Though a representative number of the Jews were settled in their own land, they were surrounded by enemies and many evidences of their weakness were manifest. They were in a state of deep distress, such as is described in Ezra and Nehemiah. For them the psalmist sought forgiveness and consolation and prayed for a revival. His prayer expressed his dependence upon God, his confidence in God and his importunity with God. He looked to him alone as the source of reviving power and grace, since he only can speak true peace to the soul.

III. Based upon God's ideal for man. When the psalmist reached the height of his pleading, his soul grew quiet in the presence of his Maker and he felt constrained to silence before him. A patient, attentive, obedient disposition possessed him and an expectant, waiting frame of mind enabled him to grasp the ideal, the plan of God for his needy people. The very approach to a true revival was conditioned on a convenant not to "turn again to folly." As God was the fountain of all their mercies, he must be the centre of all their joys. God had thought of peace in relation to his people and fulfilled them in conformity with his truth, but always in harmony with his righteousness. When mercy, truth and righteousness have a sovereign influence on men's hearts and lives all good maw be expected. Mercy and faithfulness blend together in all God's dealings with his people, and righteousness and peace are inseparable in their spiritual experiences. The divine purpose is to reverse the moral state of things so long prevaltnt among mankind. The psalmist foresaw a spiritual revival, a new realization of God, when doubt and weakness should give place to confidence and strength, when truth should cover the earth as righteousness clothes the heavens, when earth and heavens so long alienated in sympathy and character should be one, when man should bear the image of God and earth should be the reflection of heaven. A spiritual revival begins as a personal matter and the same standard must reach from individuals to nations. What a delight to discover, instead of a world of rebels against God, a world of loyal subjects! The earth quickened by the seeds of truth and watered by the rains of righteousness shall yield her increase. Truth shall spring up and flourish and so clothe this lower world as to make it the counterpart of that upper one. As the psalmist waited before the Lord he grasped the thought of fellowship and companionship with God, a place of safety for all who walk in the "way of his steps." There was revealed to him a higher standard for his people than any previous experience had reached. His vision embraced the dispensation of the gospel. The possibility of divine life grew bright before his prayerful soul. T. R. A.

Pimples So Bad He Was Ashamed

Tried Everything but Did It No Good. One Box of Cuticura Ointment Took Pimples Away.

"About seven years ago pimples broke out all over my face and neck. When they would first come out they would be big and red, then after a while they would turn white, and matter would come out. Sometimes they would itch so I could hardly sleep. I was ashamed to go down street, my face looked so bad. I went to several doctors and got medicine, which did me no good, and bought ointment, salves and patent medicines, but none of them would cure my face and neck. A friend advised me to try Cuticura Ointment. I got one box, and it took the pimples away before I had it all used up. I can say it is a wonderful remedy. Any sufferer who has pimples should use Cuticura Ointment if they want a sure cure. I never had any soap equal to Cuticura Soap." (Signed) Aylmer Mathers, Parkhill, Ont., Dec. 24, 1910.

Sores All Over Baby's Body

"When my baby boy was six months old, his body was completely covered with large sores that seemed to itch and burn, and cause terrible suffering. The eruption began in pimples which would open and run, making large sores. His hair came out and finger nails fell off, and the sores were over the entire body, causing little or no sleep for baby or myself. Great scabs would come off when I removed his shirt. We tried a great many remedies but nothing would help him, till a friend induced me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I used the Cuticura Soap and Ointment but a short time before I could see that he was improving, and in six weeks' time he was entirely cured. He had suffered about six weeks before we tried the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, although we had tried several other salves and doctors too. I think the Cuticura Remedies will do all that is claimed for them, and a great deal more." (Signed) Mrs. Noble Tubman, Dodson, Mont., Jan 28, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., 50 Columbus Ave., Boston, U. S. A., for a liberal free sample of each, with 32-p. booklet.

AFTER 7 YEARS SUFFERING

I Was Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Waurika, Okla.—"I had female troubles for seven years, was all run down, and so nervous I could not do anything. The doctors treated me for different things but did me no good. I got so bad that I could not sleep day or night. While in this condition I read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and began its use and wrote to Mrs. Pinkham for advice. In a short time I had gained my average weight and am now strong and well."—Mrs. Sallie Stevens, R. F. D. No. 3, Box 31, Waurika, Okla.

Another Grateful Woman

London, Ont.—I feel as if I could not tell others enough about the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I was so weak and tired that I could not rest nights. A friend recommended your Compound and I soon gained health and strength and could not wish to sleep better. I know other women who have taken it for the same purpose and they join me in praising it.—Mrs. Wm. A. Buffy, 305 Dame St., London, Ont.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has surely cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, and nervous prostration.

Shiloh's Cure

STOPS COUGHS HEALS THE LUNGS PRICE, 25 CENTS

BOY SHOT AND KILLED.

Fredericton, N. B., despatch: News of a fatal shooting at Penniac, York county, late yesterday, reached here to-day. Howard P. Christie, aged 14, was accidentally shot in the head by Thomas Wade, aged 8. The boys were out gunning. The boy died twenty minutes later.

A BOND

IS A FIRST MORTGAGE

¶ A bond is a first mortgage split up into denominations of one hundred dollars and upwards. Bonds are a comparatively modern form of investment. Previously a corporation or undertaking desiring to raise money against their assets was required to place it in one or several large mortgages.

¶ Nowadays an issue of bonds is made instead.

¶ Bonds are a convenient form of mortgage, and those bonds which we offer are thoroughly investigated to determine that the payment of interest and principal is absolutely assured.

¶ We have literature more fully describing bonds in general as well as specific bonds, which we will be glad to send upon application. Send for it.

ROYAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED

Bank of Montreal Building, Notre Dame St. West, Montreal

Toronto — E. R. Wood, Managing Director

FARM AND GARDEN

HOW BEST TO BLEED POULTRY.

Aside from the common and most objectionable method of bleeding poultry, that of chopping or wringing the head off, two methods are followed by those who place the poultry on the market dressed. One method is the dislocation of the neck and allowing all the blood to remain and be sold with the bird; the other is that of bleeding in the mouth, leaving the head on the bird with every appearance of being unharmed.

In the practice of these two methods, the former has been the more common. There is some objection to it. The bird killed by this means are unsightly about the head and neck when dressed, and sometimes discoloration of the whole neck is in evidence. There is a growing favor towards dressing poultry that has been bled.

In the United States, the pure food laws compel the bleeding of poultry. One needs only to see birds killed by each of these methods to decide in favor of those that have been bled. The sooner that we in Canada awaken to the fact that poultry should be bled, the better it will be for the industry.

Before killing by the method now recommended as the best, the birds are hung up by the legs for a few minutes before being bled. Then the incision is made with a small knife, which severs the jugular vein. The blood, for the most part comes away almost instantaneously, and is caught in a small tin, which is hooked into the bill of the bird. The knife is then inserted into the brain through a small groove between two bones in the upper part of the mouth and given a slight twist. Braining the bird lets the feathers go and they then come away readily.

This method then is to cut the jugular vein, wait a minute until the blood is out, then turn the knife and brain the bird. If the chicken squawks and gives a little quiver on the knife being inserted into the brain, one knows that he has touched the brain. If done right, every muscle in the body relaxes, and as feathers are held by little muscles, they naturally let go; two draws, one up and one down and one up on either side of the breast; the same on the back, legs and neck, and the feathers are practically all out.

When through plucking, it is well to let the bird hang down for a little while. Then when it is taken down, give it a little snap; there will be a little gurgle and a "spit" of blood will come away and the bird will be perfectly clean.—Farm and Dairy.

THE HORSE.

The shape and setting of the hind limbs is very important in the horse intended for heavy work.

The more quality the mare possesses, the more marked will be her femininity.

Generic character is always a valuable point in the selection of a horse or mare, and must be in either sex strongly expressed.

Action is one of the main points to consider in the heavy-draft horses, as well as in the lighter breeds.

Fall ploughing and cultivation is heavy work. Be careful to adjust the draft so that the bearing on the animal's shoulder is true an even.

Good action in all classes of horses is generally accompanied by symmetry and well-balanced proportions.

A cold stable is not necessarily a well-ventilated stable. Now is the time to remedy poorly-ventilated stables, before the horses go into quarters.

Leggy and short-bodied mares should not be purchased for breeding purposes. Such mares cannot be expected to produce large, growthy foals.

Dirty collars and sore shoulders are closely related conditions. Keep the collar-linings clean and free from dirt and perspiration, and thus minimize the danger of this trouble.

The main consideration in the feeding of the newly-weaned colt is to produce bone and muscle, and keep him growing vigorously without fattening him.

Ponies are said to be much more intelligent, cunning, tricky and knowing than large horses, and they develop a more intimate acquaintance and friendship with human beings than is the case with horses. What is there that can instil the into the youth of the country a greater love for horses, and, incidentaly, for all domesticated animals, than the ownership and care of one of one of those miniature horses? If every child was privileged to own, feed and care for one of these pets, greater interest would soon be manifested in horses, and these noble animals would receive more intelligent care and kind treatment.

Wouldn't you give quite a bit for a tip as to the disposition of a horse you purpose buying? Let him be a model in type, and sound in every respect, but if you find he has some vicious habit, or an ugly temper, you will begin to look for another horse. Now, isn't that right?

DISPOSITION.

Although it must be admitted that disposition is to a certain extent inherited, yet most vicious, tempered horses can have this temper traced to thoughtless handling or ill-treatment as colts. As vicious a temper can be developed in a colt through improper handling as can ever grief into one. Handling as much harm can be done by petting as by ill-treatment. The worst of disposition in any disposition, timidity, timidity than in all these timidity, beginning with timidity, followed by handling, and ending with shyness.

A little thought by the owner or the man in handling the colt can maintain a sweet disposition, or habitue to a certain extent, an inherited, vicious temperament. Kind but firm management is necessary at all times. Never to try to make the colt do anything unreasonable, but see that he finishes any training you undertake to put him through. Give him enough training with the halter to let him thoroughly understand that he has to do as you wish; handle his feet and legs, and do not allow any wild frisking while he is being led. Training with these points in view will do much to develop a temperament that should at least give a good working horse, no matter what the breeding.—Farmer's Advocate and Home Journal, Winnipeg.

MARKET REPORTS

TORONTO MARKETS.

FARMER MARKET.

Dressed hogs	9 00	9.25
Butter, good to choice	0 27	0 31
Eggs, dozen	0 35	0 40
Chickens, lb.	0 14	0 15
Fowl, lb.	0 12	0 13
Turkeys, lb.	0 25	0 00
Apples, bbl.	1 75	3 00
Potatoes, bag	1 00	1 15
Beef, hindquarters	11 00	12 50
Do., forequarters	6 50	7 50
Do., choice, carcase	9 00	9 50
Do., medium, carcase	7 75	8 50
Veal, prime	10 00	12 00
Mutton, prime	7 50	9 00
Lamb	9 50	10 50

FRUIT MARKET.

Quotations were as follows:

Apples, per basket	$ 0 20	$ 0 25
Do., per barrel	1 50	3 00
do. Snows, per barrel	4 25	..
Cabbage, per crate	3 00	..
Canteloupes, per crate	0 50	0 75
do. per basket	0 25	0 35
Carrots, per basket	0 25	0 30
Cauliflower, per dozen	1 00	..
Celery, per dozen	0 20	0 30
Cranberries, barrel	9 00	..
Cucumbers, per basket	0 35	0 40
Grapes, Concords, basket	0 20	0 25
do. Niagaras	0 22½	..
do. Rogers	0 25	0 28
Lemons, case	4 00	..
Mushrooms, basket	1 00	2 00
Onions, silverskins, bask	0 40	0 45
do. Spanish, crate	3 00	3 50
Peppers, red, basket	0 35	0 40
do. green	0 15	0 25
Potatoes, bags	1 25	1 30
do. sweet, barrel	4 00	4 50
Squash, basket	0 25	0 30
Tomatoes, basket	0 25	0 30
do. green, basket	0 20	..

SUGAR MARKET.

Sugars are quoted in Toronto, in bags, per cwt., as follows:

Extra granulated, St. Lawrence	$ 5.95
Do., Redpath's	5 95
Do., Acadia	5 80
Imperial granulated	5 70
Beaver, granulated	5 70
No. 1 yellow, St. Lawrence	5 45
Do., Rerdpath's	5 45

In barrels, 5c per cwt. more; car lots, 5c less.

LIVE STOCK.

Toronto despatch: The run is fairly heavy for a week end market, and appears to have its effect on the general trade. Almost every branch of trade is slow. Given choice butcher cattle are slow. Hogs are about unchanged. Receipts show 158 cars, comprising 2,290 cattle, 2,100 sheep, 2,290 hogs and 228 calves.

To-day's quotations are: Export cattle, choice, $6 to $6.25 do., medium, $5.65 to $5.85; do., bulls, $4.50 to $5.25; butchers' cattle, choice, $5.60 to $5.75; do., medium, $5.25 to $5.50; do. common, $4.25 to $4.75; do., canners, $1 to $2.

Butchers' choice cows, $4.35 to $4.75; do., medium, $2.50 to $4.25; do., bulls, $3 to $4.80; feeding steers, $4.50 to $5; do., bulls, $4.25 to $4; stockers, choice, $4 to $4.75; do., light, $3.25 to $3.75; milkers, choice, each, $55 to $75; do., common and medium each $25 to $35; springers, $4.50 to $6.50.

Sheep—Ewes, $3 to $4; bucks and culls, $2.50 to $3; lambs, $5 to $5.25.

Hogs—Fed and watered, $6.15; do. f.o.b., $5.90 calves, $4 to $7.

GRAIN MARKET.

Toronto despatch: As a strange feeling brings a rise of half a cent on almost everything. Local quotations:

Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, red or mixed, 87 1-2 to 88 1-2c, in car lots outside.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 northern, new, $1.08; No. 2 northern, $1.06; No. 3 northern, $1.04 at track and bay ports.

Canadian western oats—No. 2, 48 1-2c; No. 3, 47 1-2c at track and bay ports.

Ontario oats—No. 2, white, 43 1-2c to 44 1-2c on cars at country points, and 46 1-2c to 47 1-2c on track at Toronto.

Canadian western oats—No. 2, 48 1-2c; No. 3, 47 1-2c on track and at bay ports.

Corn—American No. 2, yellow, none offered.

Peas—No. 2, 87 1-2c to 88 1-2c for car lots outside.

Rye—No. 2, 78 1-2c to 80 1-2c.

Barley—89 1-2c to 92 1-2c outside for malting, and 78c to 80c for feed.

OTHER MARKETS.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. close.
Wheat—					
Oct.	101⅝	102	101¼	101¼	101
Dec.	97⅝	97⅝	97¼	96¼	97⅞
May	..	..	..	102	102
Oats —					
Oct.	..	..	..	44	43¾
Dec.	..	..	..	39¾	39⅞
May	..	..	..	42⅝	42¼

CHEESE MARKETS.

Brockville.—At to-day's cheese board meeting the offerings were 1,730 colored and 1,250 white. The sales were 385 white and 590 colored at 13 13-16c, 410 white and 840 colored at 13 3-4c.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York.—Beeves—Receipts, 2,100 head; nothing doing; nominally steady.

BACKACHE

Suffered Over Nine Months, Nothing Relieved Me Until I Took PE-RU-NA.

Mrs. Joseph Lacelle, 124 Glenora Ave., Ottawa, East, Ontario, Canada, writes: "I suffered with backache and headache for over nine months and nothing relieved me until I took Peruna. This medicine is by far better than any other medicine for these troubles. A few bottles relieved me of my miserable, half-dead, half-alive condition."

Calves—Receipts, 524; veals steady; western calves, firm; grassers, nominal; veals, $5.50 to $9.50; culls, $4 to $5; westerns, $4.25 to $6.12½.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 3,700 head; sheep steady; lambs, more active; steady to 35c higher; sheep, $2 to $3.50; culls, $1.50; lambs, $4.50 to $6; culls, $4.

Hogs—Receipts, 3,194; market steady at $6.50 to $7; pigs, $6 to $6.50.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

East Buffalo.—Cattle—Receipts, 100 head; market steady.

Veals—Receipts, 100 head; market, active at $5.50 to $8.55.

Hogs—Receipts, 3,200 head; market active and strong; heavy and mixed, $6.95 to $7; Yorkers, $6.25 to $7; pigs, $6 to $6.15; roughs, $6 to $6.10; stags, $4.50 to $5.50; dairies, 6.50 to 6.90.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 3,800 head; active; sheep, steady; lambs, 10 to 15c higher; lambs, $4 to $6; yearlings, $4 to $4.25; wethers, $3.50 to $3.75; ewes, $3.25 to $3.50; sheep, mixed, $1.50 to $3.50.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

Montreal—At the Canadian Pacific Live Stock Market the receipts of live stock for the week ending Oct. 14th were 1,135 cattle, 2,235 sheep and lambs, 2,325 hogs, and 550 calves. The offerings on the market this morning were 1,600 cattle, 1,500 sheep and lambs, 1,000 hogs and 700 calves. A feature of the trade was the weaker feeling in the market for cattle, and prices declined fully 1-4c tper lb. for good to choice stock and 1-2c for the lower grades. This weakness was attributed to the fact that the supply was largely in excess of the requirements of the trade there being 500 head left over at the close owing to the fact that the demand from butchers was very limited, as they were already well supplied with stock for the balance of the week, therefore the trade throughout the day was dull and dragging, even at the above reduction in prices noted, and if it had not been for the demand from canners for supplies, who bought about 400 head at 1 1-2c to 2c per lb. for cows and at 2 1-2 to 3 1-2c for bulls, the condition of the market would have been much worse than it was, and the prospects are that the prices will go still lower in the near future, as the number of cattle in sight is large. A few choice Northwest steers sold at $5.65 to $5.75, but the bulk of the trading done in top grades was at $5.50 to $5.60, good at $5 to $5.25, and medium $4.50 to $4.75, and common at $3 to $4 per cwt. The demand for milch cows is very good at $55 to $65 per head for good to choice milkers, and at $25 to $35 for common and medium. Supplies of sheep and lambs were also in excess of the demand, and in consequence the tone of the market was weaker and prices ruled lower. Sheep sold at 3 1-2 to 3 3-4c, an dbucks and culls at 2 1-2 to 3 1-4c per lb. Lambs, weighing from 90 to 95 pounds, brought 5 to 5 1-2c per lb. There was a good demand for calves, of which the offerings were ample to fill all requirements, and sales of extra choice heavy yones were made at $15 to $20 each, and the common ones at from $3 to $10 each. There was no further change in the condition of the market for hogs, prices being about steady, under a fair demand from packers, and sales of selected lots were made at $6.25 to $6.50, and heavy lots at $5.75 to $6 per cwt., weighed off cars.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago Report—Cattle—Receipts estimate dat 6,500; market strong; beeves, $4.90 to $8.80; Texas steers, $4.10 to $6.25; western steers, $4.25 to $7.20; stockers and feeders, $3.25 to $5.75; cows and heifers, $2 to $6.25; calves, $5.50 to $9.25.

Hogs—Receipts estimated at 26,000; market strong to 5c higher; light, $6.05 to $6.75, mixed, $6.10 to $6.80; heavy, $6.05 to $6.75; roughs, $6 to $6.25; good to choice, heavy, $6.25 to $6.75; pigs, $6; buk of sales, $6.40 to $6.70.

Sheep — Receipts estimated at 38,000; market, steady; natives, $2.25 to $3.75, western, $2.40 to $3.90. Yearlings, $3.60 to $4.25; lambs, native, $3.75 to $5.80; western, $3.80 to $6.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE.

Wheat—Spot, nominal; futures, firm; Oct., 7s 6 1-4d; Dec., 7s 6 7-8d; Mar., 7s 6 1-8d.

Corn—Spot, firm; American mixed, 5s 4 1-4d; futures, strong; Jan., 5s 10d; Feb., 5s 9 1-2d.

Butter—Good U. S., 112s.

Cottonseed oil—Hull, refined, spot, 27s 7 1-2d.

Flour—Winter patents, 28s 3d.

Hops—In London, Pacific Coast, £9 10 to £10.

Beef—Extra India mess, 90s.

Pork—Prime mess, western, 109s.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., 56s 6d.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs., 56s; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs., 59s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs., 56s 6d; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs., 60s; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs., 59s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs., 59s 6d; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs., 45s 6d.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, 45s 6d; American refined, in pails, 46s 3d.

Cheese—Cnadian finest, white, 68s 6d; do., colored, 69s.

Tallow—Prime city, 35s 6d.

Turpentine spirits—38s 3d.

Resin—Common, 15s 3d.

Petroleum—Refined, 6 1-2d.

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