HOT TIMES AT

Murder Threats Over the Pankhurst Sentence.

per

that dis-

he heard

riving fall RENCH'S orld-lam-

psy and me treat-sucess rom att rid; over

neir pail-nmber of redared bilycoddle less over ship will

ghs may

ess over bu**n**00 dan**ser**

lately I

ver fext

LLEN.

OCEAN

o inches the dox.

ard.

s. To To

o. The but the

miles an

usumaly

mes the

uld have

9: 1 HO 2

e square

euralgia

n letterie

a 2006

d. "This r, "L got

train. '-

ATTEMPTED RESCUE

Sympathizers Tried to Release the Prisoner.

Loudon, April 7.-The Suffragettes are furious over the sentence yesterday of Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst to three years at hard labor for inciting the bomb throwing at the house at Walter leath, which was being built for d cellor of the Exchequer Lloyd-George. They threatened last night that they would institute a reign of terror compared with which the militancy of the past would be a mere Pin orick.

According to the Standard murder will be forthwith added to their scheduled illegalities This paper quotes an unnamed leader as saying to a reporter of the Standard: "Human life is now in peril. We have resolved to espect it no longer, and troubles of all sorts must be faced."

ONLY PANNING THE FLAMES. Miss Annie Kenney, a Suffragette leader, in a speech last night said:
"I wonder if Judge Lush realized that
instead of stopping the agitation he was only fauning the flames? Millancy will continue and will be more furious than ever. We are going to make public intolerable until a bill is guessed enfranchising women. Until our leader, Mrs. Pankhurst, and the other women who are now prisoners in various jails are released we shall so from bad to worse."

Miss Kenney appealed to those who

were indignant at the sentence of Mrs. Pankhurst to show their indignation by some definite deed within

Mrs. John, who at one time was a fellow-prisoner with Mrs. Pankhurst, made a speech in Glasgow last night in which she promised that a reign of terror would be instituted throughout the country. Other women followed with inflammatory speeches.

The Women's Social and Political Union issued a manifesto last night in regard to the sentence, in which it was said: "The sentence is an incitement to the women to continue the fight with more vigor than ever. It will inevitably be more furious from now onward."

The scene in court yesterday after Mrs. Pankhurst was sentenced was inpracedented. It was a demonstration of hysteria never before seen in public of such a scale. Women of all ages, with their eyes bulging, their faces discreted with mouthings of ms, thumped the atauped on the floor, and shook watching the play of fury. The judge's face revealed his disgust and indignation as the few Police Court sttendants tried in vain to quell the pandemonium.

FRENZY RENEWED.

The uproar partly subsided in a few moments, but when Mrs. Pankhurst was removed from the dock the fromey of the Suffragettes was again renewed. There were shouts of Irwin B. Laughlin, Charge d'Affaires of "shame!" and "god luck!" Then the American embassy in London. The the women cheered Mrs. Pankhurst. and began singing the Suffragette "war song," which is to the tune of the "Marseillaise." They continued to do this until the tired judge, taking advantage of a little silence, ordered the court to be cleared. Several of the women began the racket again, where. upon Judge Lush threatened to imprison them for contempt of court. He siso ordered that all women should be excluded from trials for the remainder of the sessions except by special permission.

The news of the sentence was taken to the crowd outside by a well-dressed woman in a hysterical condition, who likened it to the crucifixion of Christ on Calvary. Among the curious crowds outside there was a large number of Suffragettee, who shouted "Shame!" and hissed, while the rest of the crowd cheered. This crowd hung around the prisonene entrance to the court for a long time in order to get a glimpse of Mrs. Pankhuret and cheer or hoot her. The police encouraged them to stay by assuring them that she would soon come out. Meanwhile the prisoner was put in as ordinary closed cab in the courtyard in her case to the disadvantage of an and ensuspectingly left by an exit into another street. The automobile in which Mrs. Pankhurst came to the court foilewed and the crowd was balked.

ATTEMPTED RESCUE.

On nearing the entrance to Holloway fail the two wardresses who accompanied Mrs. Pankhuret in the eloses carriage saw a crowd around the gates. They were nearly all women who had left the Old Bailey immediately after Mrs. Pankhurst had been sentenced, and hurried in cabe and other vehicles to give her a parting cheer, A hurricane of shrill, confused cries broke as the cab containing the prisoner drew close to the jail. Then there occurred what looked like an attempt at rescue. The cab got outside British waters, and while ahe was entering the gate when a was entering the Canton River, they pro-Suffragette sprang at the horse's head duced revolvers, with which they killed and tried to turn the horse. A London cab horse in not easily disconcertification but between the pulling of cers. They tried to burn the cabin of a woman missionary, and stole her monping and the chorus of yells the horse ey and watch. They then ransacked the backed and twisted the eab so that officers' cabins and the baggage and the front and rear wheels were locked. pockets of the passengers. The pirates. The Suffragettes surged around the cab, killed one and wounded four Chinese the In a few moments, however, a po-license pushed his way through the crowd and gripped the wrist of the Suffree the who was holding the bridle and they had been operating for four hours.

The woman missionary made a successful appeal that the lives of the strong pull started shead. Women then officers of the et in he snared.

It is understood that Mrs. Pankhurst will be transferred to the women's prison at Aylesbury, but it does not seem worth while to remove her there as her quick release is certain, and few people doubt that she will ap-pear as she promised at Albert Hall on April 10, when the Suffragettes plan to hold a great meeting. There is reason to believe that the officials of the jail will not attempt to feed her for-eibly. As soon as she is hungry enough to get a doctor's certificate that her health is in danger, she will be released. 'on license" for a period which is in the discretion of the Home Secretary, who has this power in the eases of all persons sentenced to penal servitude. Her case will not be affected by Home Secretary McKenna's new bill, which is designed to deal only with women who are not sentenced to penal servitude, and which provides that, whenever they are ill they shall be released, but can be sent back to jail when they have suffi-Pankhurst will soon he free again. When she has recuperated from self-starvation she may be sent back, when she will start another hunger strike and will again be liberated. This will continue until the sentence of three years is either remitted or has been served. The periods of release will count as part of the sentence. Nobody supposes that she will serve the whole term.

In Matter of the American "Hunger Striker."

Investigates and Says No Cause For Complaint.

London, April 7.-United States suffragists who are fighting for the release from jail of Mies Zelie Emerson, of Jackson, Mich., induced Irwin B. Laughlin, the American Charge d'Affaires, today to ask the British Foreign Office to expedite the request made by Mrs. Emerson to Home Secretary McKenna for permission to have her daughter examined by her own paysician.

A certain section of Americans n England, indignant at the alleged inaction of the United States embassy, have instituted a movement for the removal from the embassy of Mr. Laughlin. Mrs. J. J. White; of New York, has written to President Wilson and other prominent Americans demanding the scalp of the Charge d'Affaires, giving as their ground "his failure to protect American

A petition, signed by 125 prominent physicians, including Sir Victor Horsley, Dr. Mansell-Moulin, Dr. Pemberton Peake, Dr. Cuthbert Lockyer, and Dr. Octavia Lewin, has been sent to Home Secretary McKenna strongly protesting against forcible feeding in jails and dering that "the cases where the oners tion is resited are accompanied by immediate risk to the life of the patient. In addition there is danger of permanent damage to the health, both of the body and mind."

WASHINGTON SATISFIED.

Washington, April 7.-The State Department to-day received a complete report on the case of Miss Zelie Emerson, the American suffragette, who is in a London prison following her participation in a window smashing episode, from report was sent on the direction of Secretary of State, Bryan, to whom friends of Miss Emerson, including Senators Townsend and Smith, of Michigan, had appealed in her behalf.

Mr. Laughlin reports that, if any thing. Miss Emerson is being treated more leniently than are the English suffragettes who are in prison with her for the same offence. He stated that Mrs. Emerson, the young woman's mother, had been in London for a week, and has informed the embassy that she has no charges to make that the feeding of her daughter by means of a stomach tube has been applied in a manner to cause any discomfort inseparable from its nature. It is not expected that anything further will be done by the State Department in the case in view of the embassy's report.

The American embassy has had Miss Emerson's case under consideration since Feb. 19, when she was sentenced to two months' hard labor for breaking windows in a suffragette agitation. The embasey then informed friends of the young woman that no action could be taken unless it could be shown that the British authorities were discriminating American citizen.

CHINESE PIRATES

Raid British Steamer and Kill Several.

Hong Kong, April 7 .- Chinese pirates to-day made a raid on the local Brit- a young man who gives his address ish steamer Taion and succeeded in mak- as 36 Main street, Toronto, was picking their escape. About fifty of the pirates embarked at Hong Kong on April 2 as passengers. As soon as the Taion the Chinese steersman. They then seized and bound the English captain and offiwhich looked as though it would over- passengers, disabled the engines and dy-

eprang seide to save their toes and the gates closed behind the prisoner. OUICK RELEASE CERTAIN. ON FRENCH SOIL

Particulars of That Very Unfortunate Incident.

VESSEL SEARCHED

But No Plans or Photographs Were Found

Luneville, France, April 7 .- The German military dirigible airship, Zeppelin IV., made a landing in the military ciently recovered. For this reason Mrs. parade grounds here to-day, and was seized by the French authorities.

The incident has caused tremendtus that the German officers aboard the airship explained that they had been lost in the clouds, and did not know they had crossed the French frontier.

The innabitants of the eastern frontier regions of France have been much igitated the last few weeks over reports nat German dirigibles have been observed or heard nightly hovering over the forts. But the stories, like those of the phantom airship of England, never were roperly substantiated.

The people of Luneville were therefore considerably startled shortly before noon to-day when a brownish yellow airship appeared at a great height in the bouds coming from the direction of Nancy. It was apparent that the pilot was having a battle with the wind and that he was making an effort to reach the earth. Finally a safe landing was made in the parade grounds, where two squadrons of cavalry were drilling. The cavalrymen rode up and formed a cor don. They caught the ropes thrown from

the dirigible and securely moored it. The local authorities and Brigadier General Antide Leon Lescot were immediately summoned and were closely followed by a huge crowd of excited people. It required the efforts of two companies of infantry to keep the indignant populace at a distance.

Zeppelin IV., which is of the latest and largest model, carried ten passengers, of whom four were officers in uniform-a Prussian captain and lieutenant and two Wurtemburger lieutenants. The captain explained to Gen. Lescot.

through an interpreter, that the Zeppelin was undergoing a test prior to being taken over by the War Department. He and the other officers had been assigned to that task. They left Friedrichshafen early in the morning. With the intention of making ascen sion trials they had mounted to a height

of 3,000 metres (about 9,750 feet), and had lost their course in the clouds. They were carried along by a strong east wind and had passed several times over certain points and then, observing the cavalry, thought they had reached Saarbrucken. As they were short of gasoline they decided to land. They did not know that they had crossed the French frontier.

The chief of cer of the engineer corps at Luneville is noved the magnetos from the engines, is that the airship could not get under way, and the cabin was searched for photographic apparatus, sketches or similar articles. Noth nature, however, was found. Nothing of that

The German officers were permitted to telephone to Fridrichshafen for a supply of hydrogen and for mechanicians.

TORE UP GERMAN FLAG. Some of the spectators who witnessed the landing of the Zeppelin say that she had a German flag flying, but when near the ground it was hastily hauled down, torn to pieces, and thrown away, apparently with the idea of avoiding any unpleasant incident.

After the German officers had an swered the questions of Ceneral Lescot and had been searched, they were taken in the Mayor's automobile to a hotel. The military engineers made a careful examination of the airship. They found that she had been slightly damaged, and was partially deflated. It will therefore be impossible to move the airship until hydrogen is brought from Friedrichshafen and repairs have been made. No instructions have yet been received from the Minister of War regarding the disposition of the airship. Meanwhile it is solidly moored to iron stakes, and will be watched all night by soldiers and eixty workmen, the latter having been especially hired by the German officers.

SENSATION IN BERLIN. Berlin, April 7 .- The capture of the Reppelin eruiser at Luneville, France. to-day was not known generally in this ity until late this evening. It created big sensation. The consensus of opinion is that the gravest feature of the affair is that the French were able in a leisurely manner to acquaint themselves with the secrets of the latest German airship. The affair is regarded here as a rgrettable misadventure which brought about the presence of the ship over French territory. It is said that the ship is technically not a military craft. as it is still the property of the Zeppelin firm.

WAS THROWN FROM TRAIN.

North Bay despatch: George Childs, ed up by the crew of a C. P. R. freight train near Cliffe Station about half-past six o'clock this morning. Childs, who was severely infured, said that he had been pushed from the train by a companion. The injured man was brought to North Bay, and at the hospital was found to have | been caused by a eigarette. fractured his skull. Shortly after being picked up he became unconscious and is still in that condition, so that no further particulars could be obtained. He may recover.

LAKE SAILOR FOR 60 YEARS.

Kingston-despatch-The death counsel this afternoon of Cap. A. the terson, one of the oldest marines in Canada. He has been sailing on the lakes for over 60 years and also did service on the ocean. The deceased was borne in Carrick Fergus, Ireland, 81 years ago. At the age of 27 he came to this country, taking up residence in the country.

Viscount Who Decided Mrs. Maybrick's Case.

London cable: Viscount Llandaff, descendant of the Welsh family of Mathew, of Llandaff, died to-day. He had not been conspicuous lately, but was greatly prominent when he was Home Secretary. The story of his appointment is told in Winston Churchill's biography of his father. His tenure of office was very stormy, especially in connection with the riots in Trafalgar Square in 1887. It also fell to his lot to decide the fate of Mrs. Maybrick, the American woman who was sentenced to imprisonment for life for poisoning her husband, but who was pardoned a few years ago. He was born in Ceyion on January 13, 1826. He was a member of Parliament for a number of years, a Fellow of University College of London, a member of the Senate of the University of London, a barriater and K. C. He was excitement, notwithstanding the fact a Conservative in politics, and a Roman Catholic in religion. He was never married, therefore there is no heir to the title, which was created in 1895.

Another Flood May Hit the Stricken Town

Conditions Around Evansville Also Bad.

Washington despatch: To-day's special flood bulletin: "The crest of the lower Ohio flood is in the vicinity of Evansville, Ind., where the stage of the river Friday morning was 48.2 feet, 13.2 feet above ficod stage. The river at Cairo comtinues to rise slowly, and is now at a stage of 54.7 feet, a rise of .2 feet since Thursday morning. The Mississippi River, south of Cairo, continues to rise slowly.

DAYTON IN DANGER AGAIN. Dayten, Ohio, despatch: Ten more nches of water in the Miami River will give Dayton another flood. A ten-hour downpour, which did not end until 1 o'clock this morning, together with clogged sewer intakes, flooded many streets in the city last night. Monument avenue, Third, east and west of the business section, parts of Main street, Wayne avenue and other thoroughfares, stood upwards of one foot deep. Much apprehension was felt in Riverdale, because of the washed condition of the levees, and guardsmen, assisted by many residente, kept a constant vigil. Adjutant-General Wood directed that especial attention be paid to patrolling the

The same condition prevailed in Edgemont, because of the deep gash cut in for several years. the levee near the Washington street bridge. Telephone reports from Piqua, Bellefontaine, Troy and other places north indicated that there had been incessant rains, and Dayton will get the issue. The situation is at a standstill now, yet Dayton citizens are uneasy, because the weather forecaster declares that a recurrence of the flood is pos-

It was necessary to-day to dynamite a number of rubbish piles along the river, that the accumulation might float

ANOTHER LEVEE GONE.

Evansville, Ind., despatch: The Howell levee, protecting 200 families in Ingleside between Evaneville and Howell, gave way to-day, and the Ingleside district is now inundated, with depths of from six to ten feet. Heroic work for three days to protect the levee failed. and its breaking was expected. Minute men had been posted all along the dangerous dike, and when the water began to pour over the top, the alarm was counded and bells were rung in Howell, to warn the people in Ingleside to flee. There was no loss of life. Street ear service with Howell is cut off. The Ohio River continued to rise slowly here to-day, with a stage at 7 o'clock of 48.2 feet, practically four-tenths above the record of 1884, and no signs of abatement before late to-day.

Conditions in the Wabash bottoms, where the flood spent its greatest force in the last three days, are somewhat ameliorated to-day. Relief boats from here reached Uniontown, Ky., and the 2,000 people there who have been marconed in the fair grounds, without food and with only the shelter that the animal stalls provide, are better situated determined to act independently, against now.

ALBERTA TOWN IN FIRE

Calgary, Alta., Auril 4.-Langdon, a town twenty miles east of Calgary, is burning. A telephone message was received in Calgary at 1 o'clock this morning stating that a fire, starting in a livery stable, had consumed that structure and spread to a hotel. A strong wind was blowing, and the roof of the hotel had just fallen as the operator was telephoning. Help was asked for. The motor truck of the Calgary fire department left a few minutes later for Langdon. The roads are good and the firemen expect to make the run in 25 minutes. A later telephone message said the fire had consumed the hotel and jumped across the street, where there were several business places directly in its path. It is thought to have

ARCTIC EXPEDITION LOST.

Boston, April 7 .- John E. Thaver, of Lancaster, has received word from Nome, Alaska, of the loss of the vessel in which he sent an expedition to the Arctic three years ago to secure material for Harvard University. Captain John Koren, leader of the extotal wreck on the shores of Siberia. but that the specimens collected had hoen cached there No !'ves were

LLANDAFF DEAD NEWS OF THE DAY IN BRIEF

Record Whitefish Catch at Port Stanley.

SEABROOKE DEAD

Paris Auto Bandits Planned to Suicide.

Thre men were hurt by street cars in Coronto and two may die. Ten horses were burned to death in fire on the Toronto Esplanade.

The Evangelical Alliance will take up the appeal in the Tremblay case. Hon. W. J. Hanna premised that a tax reform bill would be introduced at the present session.

Rev. Dr. A. J. MacGillivray, of Toronto, was inducted as pastor of Knox Presbyterian Church, Guelph.

The prosecution of the Winnipey moving picture men who opened their houses last Sunday for the benefit of the Dayton flood sufferers has been authorized by Attorney-General Louden.

The New York Chamber of Commerce paid a high tribute to the late J. Pierpont Morgan.

After pleading guilty to the illegal practice of medicine, Mrs. Emma Stevenson was fined \$40 in Police Court at Millbrook, near Peterboro'.

Bishop E. li. Hasse, President of the Moravin Church in Great Britain and Ireland, will visit Canada next month. George Terrill, Unionist member of Parliament for Wiltshire, has resigned

as a member of the Parliamentary committee which is investigating the speculation in Marconi shares. The Berlin, Out., Library Board will make application to Andrew Carnegie for another grant of \$25,000 with which to build two wings to the Public Library.

A record catch of nine ton of whitefish was taken in the nets at Port Stanley. The bulk of the catch was shipped to A sensation was caused in the Seine, Paris, prison, where three motor bandits

made of the preparations to follow Carquay's example and commit suicide. Calgary Liberals selected Rev. John MacDougall to stand in Centre Calgary riding, filling the place made vacant by the resignation of O. G. Devonish. Dr.

MacWougall went to what is now Alber-

are awaiting execution by the discovery

Both Port Dalhousie lighthouses were lluminated for the first time this season. They will be kept lighted every night from now on.

Thomas Q. Seabrooke, a well-known romic opera comedian for 20 years, died in a Clark street hotel, Chicago, after a brief illness. He had been in ill-health

The Pere Marquette station at Leamington was robbed. It is believed the robbery was committed by tramps who were on a Pere Marquette freight train.

The jury which considered the case of Thomas Riley, charged at Hamilton with fected house be carried out and that the murder of his wife, saw fit to change all premises be thoroughly inspected the charge to manslaughter, and on conviction Riley was sentenced to serve seven years in Kingston penitentiary.

Bartholomew Leahy, reeve of Douro Township, is dead, aged 62 years. He had been in ill-health since January, when he slipped and fell on the icy pavement when on his way to attend a session of the Peterboro County Council.

John W. Halliwell, an employed of the Brinton Carpet Co., Peterboro', on his way home to his lodgings in the south ern suburbs lost his direction in the darkness and feil into the river. He was rescued still conscious, but died soon after being taken from the water.

Wm. Mathis, 37 years old, a retired farmer, was killed, his wife, Mary, and his daughter, Ruth, 24 years old, were probably fatally injured, and 25 other persons were less seriously hurt by s tornado that passed within a half mile of Sturgeon, Mo. Twenty houses were demolished by the wind.

AUSTRIA WILL ACT

If Demonstration Fails to Move Montenegro.

Vienna, April 7 .- Austria-Hungary is Montenegro unless the naval demonstration on the coast of Montenegro should prove that more serious measures are unnecessary to enforce the will of Europe, according to the newspapers of the Austrian capital, which are apparently inspired.

The Neue Freie Presse adds that the City of Scutari must belong to the future state of Albania, with or without the consent of Europe.

The Reichspost declares that if Russia prefers to see things arranged otherwise the whole work of the ambassadorial conferences in London will be null and

It is stated here that during the recent fighting in the vicinity of Scutari the Montenegrin and Servian besieging armies lost about 2,000 killed, and about the same number wounded.

London, April. 4.—The Bulgarian troops in front of the Turkish lines at Tchatalja have begun to retire under town in which the young women are cover of a series of skirmishes, according said to have been stranded. DeWoody to an Exchange Telegraph Company's will take up the matter with the imdespatch from Constantinople.

A further despatch to the same agency says that the right wing of the Turkish army at Tchatalja has advanced to Tchinakche and Kestenlik, from which it succeeded in dislodging the Bulgarian pedition, said that the vessel was a troops. The Turks also occupied a number of heights further to the west.

> To keep friends treat them kindly; to kill them treat them often

A FREAK OF THE LAW

Legalizes Trial Marriage for Young N. Y. Girls.

New York, April 7.-Trial marriages for young women under 18 years of age are legal in New York, according to a decision by Supreme Court Justice Cohalan, yesterday. If she marries with the consent of her parents and leaves her husband before she attains that age, the present law in effect permits her to come into court and obtain a decree of annul-

"This is to all intents and purposes providing in such cases for trial mar-riages," he said, "but it is a condition the remedy for which lies with the Legislature, and not with the court." The decision was in the case of Mrs.

ment as a matter of course, he declared,

Iva Mundell Coster, who sued to annul her marriage with Norman B. Coster. The justice found that although Mrs. Coster's mother had consented to her marriage, as she was only 17 when she became Coster's wife, she was entitled to maintain an action for an annulment.

On Niagara Falls For Smallpox Leniency.

General Vaccination or the Town is Quarantined

Niagara Falls, Ont., despatch: Confronted with the threat of the Provincial health authorities to quarantine this city at noon to-morrow if the orders of the District Officer of Health were not carried out, the City Council at a late hour last night decided to issue a general compulsory vaccination order and name a committee to build two quarantine hospitals

The meeting was called and this action taken following the arrival of an emphatic mandate from the provincial health authorities and backed up by the Ontario Goevrnment. The telegram as received late yesterday and read as follows: Mayor Cole, Niagara Falls:-

"Please take notice that if your Council does not forthwith carry out the orders of the District Officer of Health respecting smallpox there the Provincial Board will quarantine your city at twelve noon to-morrow. "J. W. S. McCULLOUGH,

"Chief Officer." Following the resignation Wednesday of T. E. Watson, M. Wimberton and City Health Officer F. W. E. Wilson, three of the five members of the City Health Board, the Council last night appointed Dr. Harris Logan as City Health Officer, and H. W. Hopson, druggast, and B. V. Bradford, merchant, to full the positions s denly vacated. The newly appointed Health Officer has already passed a re commendation through the Council that complete isolation of every inat once for any signs of infection. This stringent action really means a great campaign of isolation, vaccination and fumigation against the disease which has gained such a hold

The newly organized board will get into action at once, and a meeting win' likely be held to-day.

During the meeting last night startling revelations were made as to the apparent unconcern with which the enidemic is treated by some citizens. At the improvised isolation hospital in Stanford Park Fair Grounds smallpox patients were alleged to have led free and easy life and little restriction, if any, was placed upon their movements.

Books, it was said, were brought from the Public Library by friends. read by the patients, then returned. to be put into circulation in other parts of the town.

MORGAN'S BODY ON SHIP.

Havre cable: The body of the late J. P. Morgan arrived here to-day from Rome, and was transferred on board the liner France for transportation to New York.

Military honors were accorded during the transfer of the body from the train to the steamer. A battalion of infantry formed an escort, headed by the regimental band, which played Chopin's Funeral March." The regimental flag, draped with mourning emblems, were carried behind the coffin. A mortuary chapel had been arranged on board the France for the reception of the coffin. It was hung with black velvet, fringed with gold. The ceremony was of the most extreme simplicity, but very im-

WHITE SLAVE VICTIMS?

Chicago, April 7 .- C. A .DeWoody. chief of the Federal Department of Justice here, was notified yesterday of the alleged disappearance on March 26 of twenty young immigrant women enroute here from New York. They were of a party of 150 men and women, and are said to have been left behind in a small Pennsylvanta town, aparently missing their train. and fears were expressed that they have fallen victims to an organized band of "white slavers." Officials refused to divulge the name of the migration officials to-day.

TREASURE ON SANDWICH TATM

Windsor-despatch-While digging in an old graver pit on the Fra Sanwich, yesterday, Joseph Marrage workman, unearthed a moss-covered oak chest containing 500 in 50-cent pieces. The coins were of United States thirteenstar design, used nearly a century ago, and showed signs of having been undergroud for a long time.