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EONE ELSE Herald)

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NEW CURE FOR WHITE PLAGUE

Tests in London Show Wonderful Results.

GERMAN SCIENTIST

Has Been Working Under British Physicians.

London, May 5 .- There have been so many attempts to find a specific for the scourge of consumption and so cures have been prematurely an-

d that it is no wonder the pubhe had grown sceptical, while responsible people have become chary of arousing the hope of countless sufferers from the white placue and their families and friends. It is only, therefore, because the information comes from a source which commands respect and belief that your correspondent, before the results of the investigation are given officially to the whole world, announces the discovery of a serum which seems destined

to revolutionize the whole science of serum therapy. The discoverer of the new serum is a German. He is a young and accomplished bacteriologist named Frederick Mehnarto, who worked with Dr. Koch in Africa on the sleeping sickness. After this he pursued his researches alone in Africa and other tropical countries. He reached South Africa in 1911. Mennarto claimed that while he was in the Belgian Congo he discovered his serum.

For the first half of the year 1912 his experiments were conducted at Camps Bay Laboratory, under the supervision of Dr. Jolly, the professor of physiology in the South African College. The result was that Dr. Mehnarto was advised to go to England and convince the British medical profession of the importance of his discovery.

On reaching London, in October, Dr. Mehnarto quietly advanced the claim that he had discovered a serum which was harmless in application and of such a character that it would, assuming that the patient had any fair amount tion as to her flight. It is not necesof vitality left, effectually cure any disease which was due to the presence of micro-organism in the blood. Dr. Mehnarto, however, found some distinguished medical men who were willing to therapy. As a result they agreed to go further into the matter and provide patients for testing the serum.

All these tests are for tuberculosis, but since their commencement the serbeing tried in cases of malaria, prosy pernicious anaemia, myphilia other disorders of the blood.

The report of such investigation, ed on months of experiments, must he beyond eavil, and the correspondent is assured that at present it would be understating the case by merely saying that Dr. Mehnarto's treatment had been successful, as the results have been phenomenal. Patients whose death had neen expected at any moment are now on the high road to recovery and others have been cured entirely. Other patients, whose tuberculo-is was of long standing and extreme virulence, have recovered so that neither the sputum nor the blood, on a bacteriological examination, shows there is any sign of the dreaded tubercle bacillus.

The results of the application of the serum in cases of tuberculosis have been remarkable. Furthermore, the serum can be applied to tuberculosis patients with high temperatures. Mucus colitis has been completely cured, as well as pernicious anaemia, by the use of the serum, and similar success is hoped for in cases of leprosy, the latest disease on which the new serum has been tried.

present experiments have christened the serum a contra-toxin, to mark the difference of its chief characteristics from

those of any other serum. Contra toxin not only cures, but it apparently confers immunity from another attack of certain diseases, at any rate for a certain period. This is shown by the fact that malaria patients who were treated in the Congo two years ago have had no recurrence of the disease, though they had previously been chronic sufferers from it.

---U. S. RULING HITS BANKS.

Washington, May 5. - The Treasury Department will charge 2 per cents with our manifest national duty." interest on all Government deposits in national banks beginning on June 1 next. This is one of the first important innovations in the fiscal policy of the Secretary of the Treasury.

For the last five years 2 per cent. interest has been imposed upon inactive deposits, which aggregate about 3900,-Interest never before has been imneed upon active deposits, and it is expected that the new order will bring

to the Government. Mr. McAdoo announced also that he would deposit an additional \$10,000,000 total of Government deposits up to the City Hall, where are hung the por-

Mr. McAdoo regards the rate of 2 per cent. as fair and equitable, and does not expect any opposition from the national banks on the new scheme.

SALE OF BROWNING COLLECTION. London, May 5.- The sale of Browning's collections is perhaps the most important of the season's events of his certificate returned. literary interest. It began at Sotheby's with oil paintings, drawings and lish Board of Trade had shown they prints. The room was crowded not only with dealers and buyers, but with many people who came to look with affection upon the treasures of Robert | again and have his salary and expenses. Browning and his wife. Despite the He was still without employment ed, the day realizing \$7,287.

SURE TO MARRY

British Women Get Many Offers in Canada,

London, May 5.-Pending at the annual meeting of the Central Emmigration Board to-day, Sir E. Durning Law rence spoke in strong terms of the anomaly laws, which he said prohibited the entry of any person whose passage expense had been wholly or partly defrayed by a public body or charitable organization; yet, if he wanted to send wasters" to Canada, he could do so with impunity. It was hard on the board, he said, or on any similar organization, that, after careful enquiry into a man's fitness and assisting him out,

he should be refused entry. Some details of the opportunities for matrimony which were presented to women in Canada were then given by Miss Teetgen, who said she had spent the greater part of the last four years in the Dominion. She said that if a woman went out to the west she married almost inevitably; she herself had seven proposals in seven weeks.

She told of a party of forty-five girls who went from Vancouver to Montreal; forty of them got married on the way and only five arrived at the destina-

THE AIR ROUTE

Would Free Mrs. Pank- number was considerably below that the was considerably below t hurst by Aeroplane.

London Standard Wa Asked to Co-oper e.

London, May 5.-The Standard graveto remove Mrs. Pankhurst abroad by taking her in an aeroplane. The paper

"Several prominent airmen have been requested to uncertake this criminal enterprise, and an invitation, which is remarkable for its audacity, has been extended to the Standard to co-operate in placing Mrs. Pankhurst beyond the reach of the British authorities in return for the bribe of exclusive informasary to say that the Standard declined to participate in a criminal conspiracy, and a warning was forwarded to Scot-

land Yard." The antithesis to this is the announcement that the Government has got wind of a suffragette plot to burn the hangars and military flying school on the Upper Avon, in consequence of which military sentries have been posted there day and night.

The Home Office is credited with having inaugurated a etern campaign to crush militancy, and the raid on the women's headquarters Wednesday was the first step, but the authorities have been aware for a long time that very little actual militant business is carried on there. Most of the outrages are planned at the homes of individuals and in restaurants which are frequented by the suffragettes. These are being closely watched, and when all the strings are gathered they will be raided. One house has already been searched, namely, the residence of Miss Sanders, the secretary of the Women's Social and Political Union. She was arrested on Wednesday. Detectives provided with u search warrant went through every corner of the house and the garden, but did not take much stuff away.

MAKE CANAL FREE

Moral Obligation, Says U. S. Ex-Vice-President.

St. Louis, Mo., May 5. - The United The bacteriologists engaged in the States is under a moral obligation to admit the ships of other nations to the Paname Canal on the same terms on which it admits American vessels." said former View-President Charles W. Fairbanks in an allress to-night before the American Peace Congress.

the trouble of resorting to an arbitral Mayor of London, the ecclesiastical Telegraph and Telephone Company, tribunal to determine a question that heads of the various churches, the has no basis either in fact or in good | Chairman of the London County Counconscience. The question is one which good faith and national honor should be King and Queen at Windsor. I regard and E. H. Rayner. settled by ourselves; and, if we rightly as of first-class importance the interunderstand it, there can be no doubt national agreement arrived at with re- PLOT TO SET LONDON ABLAZE that it will be settled in entire harmony gards to the suppression of this traf-

GIVES PORTRAIT TO KINGSTON.

Kingston despatch: At a representative gathering of citizens at a luncheon Government, made by Mr. McAdoo, the in the Frontenae Hotel to-day, Donald Ontario Railway and Municipal Board. former Mayor and ex-city silicitor of Kingston, was presented with an oil nortrait of himself and a handsome tie

Mayor Rigney, who presided at the an annual revenue of about \$1,000,000 gathering, made the presentations. The portrait was received with thanks by Mr. McIntyre, who hunded it ever, to the Mayor as a gift to the corporation, with national banks. This will bring the and asked that it be given a place in traits of many men who have served the city as chief magistrate."

GETS HIS CERTIFICATE.

London, May 5.—Captain Harrison, whose certificate was suspended after the Royal George stranded in the St. Lawrence River last fall, was heartily congratulated by the Mercantile Marine Service Association yesterday on naving

Captain Harrison said that the Engwere ready to see injustice by colonial courts rectified. He thought he could claim the command of the Royal George Interest very low prices were obtain- through the Canadian Covernment's ac-

COUNCIL OF WOMEN MEETS

National Body Convenes at Montreal.

GROWING RAPIDLY

And Doing Good Work for Womankind.

Montreal despatch: The Canadian Women's Parliament, or, as it is officially known, the National Council of Women, is meeting here to-day. The Council will be in session until Friday, May 9th, during which time practically every subject of interest to women will be dis-

The National Council is composed of stitutes the Executive, and does not pass resolutions or send out cut-and-dried instructions. Each delegate is expected to reach her own conclusions, and carry home to her particular local council her own recommendations.

More than one hundred delegates are expected, but at to-night's meeting the number was considerably below that fig. President of the Council.

The first meeting held this morning was that of the committee on vacation schools and supervised playgrounds. The committee on agriculture for women, the committee on laws for the better protection of wemen and children, the committee on public health, and the committee on the custodial care of the London, May 5.—The Standard grave- feeble-minded women and care of the ly announces the discovery of a plot aged and infirm poor, as well as the committee on education, also held meet-

> INFLUENCE ON PUBLIC OPINION. Mrs. Willoughby Cummings, of Toronto, the corresponding secretary, spoke

very hopefully and enthusiastically of the progress made. "The new spirit that has come over affairs is best illustrated by the attitude of those in public positions," she said. "Whereas they once asked: 'what does the National Council do?' they now inquire: 'What are the views of the Council?' and the results of its deliberations are frequently quoted in the Legislature. We are glad to know that the Council is having a very considerable influence in moulding and shaping public opinion. Our work lies largely in inaugurating useful schemes of public improvement, and when these are sufficiently advanced new societies are formed to carry the work forward. We agitated for medical supervision of schools, and after succeeding in getting a very modest beginning we are now able to report the appoint-

"The growth of the movement," said empiified by what is happening in Calgary, where, a few months ago, they began with the federation of forty-three first time that all the denominations have worked together Jews. Roman Catholics. Protestants and other bodies conferences is going to be very large, for some of our members are coming very long distances, as, for example, Mrs. Griffin, from Vancouver.

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES.

Paris and London. I have personally action." been appointed to attend as the repre- The various systems enquired into

That the condition of women in the Province of Quebec is worse than in and that the laws of the Province should be at once reformed to give woman her proper rights, is one of the M. McIntyre, K. C., chairman of the important recommendations made in the report of Dr. Stowe-Gullen, of To-

ronto. Two "glaring injustices" are pointed out in the report. One of these is the fact that the law of Quebec as to the right of succession. gives any relative of the testator to the twelfth degree a better right than the testator's own

Another law which is declared to be an injustice is that concerning the freedom of willing. This gives a man the right to dispose of his property to anyone he pleases, outside of his relatives. A man's wife, the report points out, may be unable to support herself. because of physical weakness, illness or a large number of children, yet he has the right to leave his whole estate to charity, should be so desire. "Quebec." declares the report, "is in the proud position of being the only country retaining a law so outrageous."

To-night a reception was tendered the delegates by McGill University, and an address of welcome was read, to which Mrs. Torrington replied.

Woman may be the weaker vessel,

REAL WAR NOW

London Militants Bitter Over Closed Offices

London, May 5.—"From no won it will be war—real war." This was the Duchess of Connaught's deliverance of the presiding officer, Miss Macauley, at the militant Suffragettes' weekly meeting in Essex Hall to-night. The women cheered the announcement lustily.

That the belligerant Suffragettes are not daunted by the capture of their stronghold and the arrest of their leaders was evidenced by the attendance, which far exceeded the capacity of the hall. Hundreds of women who were unable to squeeze in remained outside the gates during the entire meeting.

In attempting to suppress the militants' union, Miss Macauley declared, the Government had tackled a bigger job than it was able to carry through. No amount of coercion, Imprisonment of its members, or torture by forcible feeding would make them abandon the fight until victory had

Wireless Chain Built by Britain Herself

Is Report of the Advisory Committee.

London, May 5 .- The advisory committee appointed by Herbert L. Samuel, the Postmaster-General, to investigate with regard to the merits of existing systems of long distance wireless telegraphy, and particularly as to their capacity for continuous communications over the distances required by the proposed Imperial wireless chain, has now issued its report.

The committee finds, as the result of its investigation, that the Marconi system is at present the only system of which it can be said with any certainty that it is capable of fulfilling the requirements of the Imperial chain. This must not, however, be taken to imply that the Marconi companies must necessarily be employed as contractors for all the work required for the Imperial chain; indeed, in some respects, the committee thinks, it might be better for the Governments themselves to undertake the construction and equipment of the necessary stations, acting for that purpose under the best technical and scientific advice which can be obtained.

"On the other hand," continues the report, "it may be said, and it no doubt a fact, that at the present moment the Marconi Company alone has ment of twenty-five doctors and thirty- had practical experience of the sort Mrs. Willoughby Cummings, "is well ex- stations, in organizing traffic and ties that arise in a new industry; and the value of such experience and organseparate societies in relation to women. Ization may well outweigh other considand in Vancouver, the largest of all, erations if rapid installation and mm. Chestnut street, Toronto, was found alternative of appearing meanwhile bewhich has fifty-five societies. It is the diate and trustworthy communication be desired." After pointing out that wireless

augury. I believe the attendance at our | technical dettils, the committee adds: | cide, "In our opinion it is undesirable that in constructing and equipping the stations of the Imperial chain in the post-office should be pledged to the continued use of any apparatus now used in any so-called system, or be "This Council is only one of twenty- subject to any nenalty in the way of six National Councils, and at the end of continued regulties or otherwise for our session here, Mrs. Torrington, Mrs. the disuse of any apparatus while Campbell, Mrs. Courtice and I sail from may be installed in the first instance. New York on the Majestic for Europe. It is imperative that in any contract where, first of all, we meet at The which may be entered into the post-Hague, later at other conferences in toffice should re- rve complete liberty of

sentative of the Dominion Government, were the Marconi Tolefunken, conto which I shall report upon my re- trolled by the Siemens Brothers: the Poulsen, controlled in this country by The British conference on the the Universal Radio Syndicate: tao while slafe traffic promises to be one Goldschmidt, convolled by the Angla-"I do not believe," he continued, of an exceptionally important char- French Wireless Company: the Gal-"that we should put Great Britain to acter. It will be attended by the Lord letti, controlled by Calbtil's Wireless cil, and other public men of good stand. Glazebrook. F. R. S., Sir Alexander Afterwards we are to be received by the Kennedy, F. R. S., J. Swinburn, F. R. S.,

> London, May 5 .- According to the Daily Mirror, the police have discovered an amaking suffragette pio any of the other Provinces of Canada. to set London afire. They captured an elaborate written plan for setting fire to every large timber yard in London, also cutting all telephon wires in the vicinity of the yards with the idea of making it impossible to immediately summon the fire brigade London is full of timber yards, many in the neighborhood of small dweilings houses. The chief timber storage : ras are near the docks. Surrey commercial dock is the largest timber dock in the world, and in the season over three hundred acres of land and water are covered with timber. ---

BRITISH SUFFRAGE BILL. London, May 5 .- The debate on the

second reading of the Woman's Suftrage Bill will begin in the House of Commons Monday. Both sides to the controversy are actively canvassing for and against the bill, the fate of which is doubtful. The general opinion prevails, however, that it will be defeated by a small majority. In order to avoid a repetition of the

heated scenes which occurred last session between Lewis Harcourt and Chancellor Lloyd George, the Cabinet has decided that only two Ministers shall speak on the bill-the Prime Minister, sorry to lose Bryce." H. H. Asquith, against, and the Foreign but it is generally the man who goes Secretary, Sir Edward Grey, for the

NEWS OF THE DAY IN BRIEF

Health Improves.

WHOLESALE MOVING

Harvard Prize.

More than 31,000 families in Moutreal moved May 1. The thermometer registered 83 degrees

The Duchess of Connaught's condition

shows more improvement. Live stock men discussed Toronto's proposal for a winter fair.

The new Toronto General Hospital will be formally opened this month.

A band of Victoria College men will start on a novel religious campaign. Mining Commissioner Godson gave his first decision under his increased pow-

Toronto, celebrated the payment of the last of its debt.

Dr. Friedman returned to Montreal to see his patients and to form a Canadian company for the sale of his tubercuiesis

A three-day-old baby girl was found on the doorstep of a farmer named Gardiner, residing at Tilbury East Township, near Merlin.

The Finance Committee of the Calgary City Council has decided to raise the rate on all unsold city debentures to

Victor Chisholm, of the town of Milton, has been appointed regists or of deeds for the County of Halton, in the place of W. Kerns, deceased.

Miss Hazel Coad, who was injured in the automobile accident at Toronto on Monday evening, lies in the Parkdale Hospital in a serious condition. She has been unconscious since she entered the

The barge Sagamore ran hard aground on the west bank of the Livingstone Channel, near Amherstburg, and tugs announcement that Charles D. Hundt, have been unable to release her. She is who came from Germany as Dr. Friedreported to be leaking. Tugs are work- mann's secretary, also was no longer of ing on her.

The Murtaugh Patrie Hydro-Electric Bill, which is designed to utilize surplus this country, and Dr. A. C. H. Friedwaters of the anals for the development of electric power by the state, associated with him. passed the New York Assembly.

Fire which started from unknown causes destroyed the Cobalt Town publie incinerator. The loss is estimated in the neighborhood of \$7,000. There was ontside the town and the local fire department was helpless. Norman Gras, a former resident of

eluding experience in putting down of Western University, has distinguish- police magistrate of this town, and fored himself by winning the Wells prize at | mer newspaper editor, was this afterstaff, and in coping with the difficultal Harvard University. The Wells prize is noon committed for trial on a charge valued at \$1,000, and is given for the of bigamy preferred by his first wife. best thesis on English history.

dead in his room by a fellow-roomer named George Porcke. Beside his bed was an empty bottle, which had containtelegraphy is in a condition of raped ed some deadly poison, and there seems -and we regard this as a very hopeful development, and going into ming no doubt that the man committed sai-

59 BARS CLOSE

Into Effect.

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	BRITISH M. P. RESIG	NS.

BRITISH M. P. RESIGNS. London, May 5, Mr. Kebty Flet-

cher, whose challenge to Lloyd-George to explain the latter's transactions in Marconi shares has hitherto been ignored, has resigned as a member of Parliament on account of the condition of his health. He says that his re- quantity of metal in the furnaces, signation has nothing to do with his campaign against the Ministerial trans clined to run it off. actions in Marconi shares, which he will resume at the proper moment.

"HUNDRED YEARS PEACE."

cartoonist of The Westminster Gazette, under the caption "A Hundred Years of Peace," shows the British lion and the American eagle in telephonic conversa-tion across the Atlantic. The lion says:
"I say Jonathan, we have not had a of the Plural Voting Bill without divi-

The biggest test of true love is snoring .- New York Press.

HOPES FOR PEACE

Balkan Trouble Less Acute To-day.

London, May 5.-Suspense is the best word to apply to the Balkan situation to-night. The crisis is not ended, but there are some fairly substantial grounds for hoping for a peaceful settlement. The fact that a conference of the ambassadors which met to-day adjourned until next Monday is one of these. Another is the confirmation of the report that London Boy Wins Big tative in London, made overtures to the M. Popovitch, the Montenegrin represenambassadors in behalf of his country to evacuate Scutari if Montenegro received territorial compensation elsewhere. Another encouraging feature is that Austria has made no further move. Count Monedorff, the Austrian ambassador to Great Britain, attended the conference, and no doubt presented a warning from his country that the time would come when she would regard herself at liberty to take independent action. But, ac Count Monedorif will attend the adjourned conference on Monday, it is assumed that no action will be taken by his country before that time.

DESERTING HIM

The Metropolitan Methodist Church, Friedmann's Former Helpers Have Quit Him.

New York, May 5 .- Befre Dr. Friedmann left New York for Montreal on Wednesday night the last of his assistants, known as the "turtle cabinet," had parted company with him for one reason or another.

In the place of these attendants are those connected with the group of men who have bought the American rights to his remedy and are proceeding to put it on the market. They include Moritz Eisner; head of the new development cencern. One of them accompanies the

Berlin doctor on his trip.

Those who eaw Dr. Friedmann off last night did not include any of his former associates. Dr. B. C. Dwynell and Mr. Arnold, of Providence, went away with him. Dr. M. A. Sturm, Dr. Friedmann's former assistant, did not. It was stated that Dr. Sturm would not be the head of the institute it is proposed to establish in New York.

With Dr. Strum's withdrawal came the the Friedmann party. Dr. Benjamin, who accompanied the Berlin doctor to

MUST STAND TRIAL

the neighborhood of \$7,000. There was no insurance. The building is 6,000 feet Oshawa Magistrate Committed for Bigamy.

of long-distance, work required, in- London, Ont.,, and a brilliant graduate Cshawa despatch: William J. Watson, The hearing is set for the 10th of June John Tomi, laborer, living at 100 at Whitby, but Mr. Watson is given the

> mary trial. C. H. Crysdale, justice of the peace, presided at the preliminary hearing today, having a fellow-magistrate with him on the bench, though K. W. E. M. Sinclair, counsel for Mr. Watson, had requested Mr. Crysdale not to sit.

Documentary evidence was submitted. showing that William John Watson, 25. married Letitia Long, 18, at Lakefield, Unt., on September 4, 1878; and testi-Local Option By-laws Go mony was given as to Mr. Watson's marriage to Mary L. Farley, his present wife, in 1908, in Michigan. A certificate was produced from the Registrar-Gen eral of that State.

It was brought out by Mr. Sinclair in if. his examination of Mrs. Watson the first, who was the chief witness at the I harring, that there was a conference 3 Saturday evening at the residence of 6 a Mr. Germain here, at which were present Mr. Crysdale, D. J. Swanson. the prosecuting lawyer, Frank Mason, the Conservative candidate in South Ontario, and the complainant. The information against Mr. Watson was sworn out in the presence of these parties.

ST. KITTS' STRIKE

Foundrymen Left Metal in the Furnaces.

St. Catharines despatch: Seven hundred men employed by the McKinnon Dash and Metal Works quit work at noon to-day. Some time ago the men made a request for a regular pay day 39 each Saturday. The custom has been that of paying four times a month, but on no regular day.

Up to noon to-day no favorable answer had been received by the men, although the company promised a definite reply by Saturday. This offer was accepted by a committee of the men, but at a meeting at noon it was declined and the men all quit work. The foundry men left a large said to be worth about \$2,000, and de-

A meeting of the men was held in the City Park to-night, when another committee to wait upon the company was suggested, but this was deferred London, May 5.- Carruthers Gould, until to-morow morning, when another meeting is to be held.

BRITISH PLURAL VOTING.

fight for one hundred years." The eagle | sion. A motion to reject it was defeatreplies: "Bully for both of us, John; let ed 314 to 227. This is a bill to abolish us have a centenary. By bye. Mighty plural voting at elections in the British Isles. It was introduced in the House by the Government on April 8, when it passed its first reading by a vote of 303