

Children Cry for Fletcher's
CASTORIA
The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.
What is CASTORIA
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.
GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

The Jarvis Record
ISSUED WEDNESDAYS.
We are at all times pleased to receive local news. Send or bring in the facts, we'll do the rest. The coming and goings of Haldimand and Norfolk people are always welcome items of news.
If you wish your address changed give old as well as new address.
ADVERTISING RATES
Yearly contract rates on application to publisher.
Reading Notices.—No reading notice of any entertainment or matter by which anyone is to be raised by any person or cause will be inserted in *The Record* without charge, except when the job-work for the same is specified at the Record Job Department, when one small reader will be given gratis. The price for the insertion of business announcements is five cents per cent in each insertion.
Notice to Advertisers.—Changes of copy for contract advertising must be in the hands of the printers by Monday noon, at the latest, each week.
While willing at all times to do what is possible to accommodate patrons, we must, in justice to them and to ourselves, insist on a strict enforcement of this rule.
Judicial, Legal, Official and Government Notices.—Eight cents per line (12 lines to each) for the first insertion, and five cents per line for each subsequent insertion.
Small Ads Condensed advertisements of such a nature as "Lost," "Found," "Situation Wanted," "To Rent," "For Sale," etc., not exceeding six lines, 25c per insertion; 5c insertion 8c, 10c.
Advertisements ordered for insertion without written instructions will appear until written orders are received for their discontinuance.
Subscriptions.—One dollar per year strictly in advance; if not paid in advance a dollar and a half will be charged. United States papers 50c extra, strictly in advance.
MRS. ELVA RODGERS, Publisher

BUBBLING WITH OPTIMISM Baron Shaughnessy Strikes Hopeful Note



BARON SHAUGHNESSY

WHILE IN Vancouver, Baron Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, gave a most interesting address lasting almost half an hour to the members of the Vancouver Board of Trade. During his remarks he alluded to the fact that he had several hundred members of the Board of Trade as well as by prominent business men not connected with the board. Lord Shaughnessy briefly referred to what his company had done for Vancouver and the position of the sea.
Referring to the question of immigration and the duty of the citizens of Vancouver as well as of the entire Dominion in furthering the interests of this country.
Prefacing his address with a brief reference to the gentlemen who had accompanied him on the trip to the coast, Lord Shaughnessy alluded to the Vancouver of twenty-five years ago.
"When you look around," he said, "and see the changes that have taken place at that period, you feel no doubt all the credit that we are all entitled to a great credit for the present conditions here. You have your splendid wharves, your large ocean-going tonnage, your magnificent streets and residential section, your splendid business blocks, and if I might be permitted to say, probably the finest hotel on the continent."
"I think, too, that you will admit whatever little differences we may have had from time to time that, during these years your working partner, the C.P.R., has neither been niggardly nor narrow."
"I think," he said, "that if our friends and neighbors across the gulf in the older city of Victoria, where at present business is not as brisk as it might be a situation that we are experiencing in many localities on the continent, but I think that Victoria, which has made such marked progress and has been so exceedingly prosperous in recent years, will also bear testimony to the earnestness with which your partner assisted in forwarding all their good works."
"The policy of the Company in Victoria and at other points served by the company's lines has been one of creation and improvement. Sometimes we have overshot the mark and have anticipated the future, but we did it with an implicit confidence and there was only a little while to wait when everything would grow to what we had been providing for in Vancouver as well as in Victoria."
"The last three or four years have been years of depression in business, not in Vancouver alone but throughout the country. Probably this may be attributed to a degree of over-confidence and no doubt to some extent to over speculation,

but we have all learned a lesson."
Lord Shaughnessy said that there was evidence on which his banking friends would bear him out, of decided improvement in trade conditions on the Pacific coast. The lumber industry beyond doubt is more brisk than it has been for a considerable time, the mining is in a very prosperous condition indeed. The work that the company has performed in Vancouver and its environments involved a vast expenditure of money. It is true that we had a substantial return for the townsite that became the property of the company at the time Vancouver was established, but every dollar received from that townsite and many millions more have been expended within the boundaries of the city. (Applause.)
"This is not the time to undertake many improvements, not a time to go to take anything in hand or to say anything in the nature of program beyond the fact that it is clear to me that the degree of development of the port will be necessary to spend a very large sum on money in providing additional jetty for which steps have already been taken. The part in its present condition of development would be a matter of degree, not of kind, and any person who had not followed the history of Vancouver. When the first Empress came here in 1880, we hoped to secure traffic enough to feed these three Empresses on the east-bound voyage. Today we have tonnage beyond the facilities that have been provided at a cost of millions of dollars and we can see that we have in the future a very substantial increase in that tonnage. The Oriental traffic which was divided with a number of lines in which our company had a stake has now become a great inland canal in a substantial degree diverted to us and arrangements have been made with the Russian authorities that will insure a very large increase in the tonnage for Vladivostok passing through the port of Vancouver." (Applause)
Lord Shaughnessy then referred to what had been done by the C.P.R. for the development of the mining industry in the province, when the Consolidated Company was at a low ebb. He also made a brief reference to the opening of the Kettle Valley Railway and the fact that it was now nearer the coast by rail. Speaking with regard to the Esquimaux & Nanaimo Railway, acquired by the company some years ago, he said that had been extended and facilities were now being provided for a largely increased territory. With the return of better times, and when conditions were more favorable, no doubt extensions would be made "without any demand on the exchequer of the province." (Laughter.)
"We must try to determine," said Lord Shaughnessy, "what our policy is going to be in the future. I speak for the policy of all of us who are interested in the welfare and progress of the Dominion. At the moment we have one working thing that supercedes all others. The war must be prosecuted to a successful conclusion at all hazards. (Applause.) Nothing that is either directly or indirectly connected with the successful prosecution of the war should occupy more than a secondary place in our thoughts. The war will not last forever.
"I think, there are those of us who think that the end is not far off. But whether it be this year or next year or the year after, we must be prepared to take advantage of such opportunities as may offer. Canada has made tremendous sacrifices in men and men, giving direct contribution to the Mother Country and to the Empire. The fact that we have taken such a strong position that we have done so much to help win for us the sympathy beyond that of Great Britain and of British allies, and to the extent that those nations can do of service in forwarding large industrial and com-

FOREST GAME IN MARITIME PROVINCE



In the summer season the Province of New Brunswick is a happy land, where the sunny hours passed away on the feet of delightful people. In the fall she is lovely in her rich dunes of brown, and in the winter, when she is grayed in her robe of virgin whiteness, she is fair and charming; and if she is then mild, her admirers do not feel that her chastity is a chills of heart. Her favorite Canadian haunts is undoubtedly a land of the holiday-maker and sportsman. St. Andrews, where is situated the popular Canadian Pacific Algonquin Hotel, and many other seaside places are loved resorts of the bather and outdoor game player during the holiday season of June, July, August and September. Now holiday folk and fishermen left the province than the hunters of the big game take their places, for at the opening of the big game season large numbers of hunters of both sexes appear with their guns amidst the thick forests of the land. New Brunswick is one of the most popular of the Canadian provinces for big game hunting. Moose, caribou and deer are plentiful in this region.
A magnificent specimen of big game is the moose. When fully grown he weighs over 1000 lbs. His massive antlers are long and slender, and average six feet in width. He may be found in twelve of the fifteen counties of the province. It is only the hunting folk and the way they know now to hunt the moose. This is the "calling" done early in the season, and the still "calling" done later on in the cold weather. In September and October the moose is often surprised and shot wading in the lakes and rivers, and feeding on the roots of water plants. While poring the moose, the hunter can distinguish between the moose of the male and the female, for the male leaves round tracks and the female are somewhat different.

Fredericton, Havelock, New-Burton, Bathurst, Campbellton, and Perth are good starting points. A graceful antlered monarch of New Brunswick is the caribou. He weighs about 600 lbs. on an average. It is a delightful sight to watch him stride at a walking pace, or trot, or gallop over the country. The caribou stands from four and a half to five feet in height. Of this animal there are two varieties, the woodland and the barren ground species. The woodland is somewhat taller than the other and its color is darker about the body, but the horns are lighter. It is generally found in herds of about half a dozen. The barren ground caribou travels in large herds, and its coat is light. This kind is noted for its migratory habits in New Brunswick the places where the hunters are likely to find the best results are North-West Miramichi, Restigouche, Upsalquitche, Nepisiguit, and Tobique Rivers. The starting points for these areas are Newcastle, Campbellton, Bathurst, Chatham and Perth, all of which are reached by the Edmundston Branch of the Canadian Pacific. There are few localities in New Brunswick where a deer may not be located. Like the moose and the caribou he gives those who follow him an interesting and pleasant sport. Sportsmen desirous of hunting the big game of New Brunswick may secure good accommodation at the homes of their guides, (head and board) and boarding houses are also available.
The season for the hunting of the moose, caribou, and deer opens on September 15th and continues to November 30th. Shooting on Sunday is prohibited by law. Non-resident hunters must be accompanied by a licensed guide. The license to kill one bull moose, one bull caribou, and two deer costs a bona fide resident of the province \$3 and a non-resident \$50. Hunting with hounds is forbidden.
This year the opening of the big game season was marked by the children for sale on the St. John market of moose and deer meat. In recent times there has been a considerable reduction in the number of moose and deer, and the people are being more careful. Indiscriminate shooting is being checked to some extent at all events, and it has been suggested that the sale of the meat of big game on the markets should be stopped to discourage the hunter who hunts for the purpose of making money.

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