

WANTED. WOLLEN MILL HELP. BRICKS FOR SALE. MEDICAL OPINIONS. WANTS WANTED. WALKING MAKEUP. WANTS FOR SALE. ADVANTAGES. DOESN'T CURE! SPRING SALADS. THINK KAISER'S IDEA IS RIGHT. IN SAYING PRUSSIA DEMOCRACY AFTER WAR. LLOYD GEORGE SPEAKS TO AMERICANS IN LONDON. GERMAN OPTIMISTS. PRESS CALLS ARRAS FIGHT OF LITTLE IMPORTANCE. FOR MORE PRODUCE. EDITORS OF U. S. FARM JOURNALS IN CONFERENCE. STRONG FOR WAR. PETROGRAD GARRISON PARTY AGAINST SEPARATE PEACE.

# BRITISH STILL DRIVE ON, DESPITE AWFUL WEATHER

## Smash Foo Counter-Attacks, Straighten Line and Forge Ahead.

### Fliers Again in 40-Mile Gale, Do Great Work Against Huns.

London Cable.—Thursday's night's War office report reads: "In spite of the exceedingly bad weather for aerial work, our aeroplanes were active again. They seized every opportunity to harass the hostile troops with machine-gun fire. During one of the short fine periods one of our naval squadrons, while escorting British bombing machines, was heavily attacked by a number of hostile aeroplanes, and did exceptionally well. Without suffering any loss itself it destroyed three attacking machines and drove down three others in a damaged condition. "Altogether four German aeroplanes were brought down yesterday and five others were driven down damaged. Six of our machines failed to return, three others were brought down. (By R. T. Small, Staff Correspondent of the Associated Press.

### Doesn't Cure!

Children can't be cured of eczema... The skin is sore and itchy... The doctor says it won't cure!... Spring Salads... Lion Salads... Sea Salads... Shellfish... Fish... Seafood... M. Summers, Ontario.

### THINK KAISER'S IDEA IS RIGHT

**In Saying Prussia Democracy After War.**

### Lloyd George Speaks to Americans in London.

**GERMAN OPTIMISTS.**  
**PRESS CALLS ARRAS FIGHT OF LITTLE IMPORTANCE.**  
**FOR MORE PRODUCE.**  
**EDITORS OF U. S. FARM JOURNALS IN CONFERENCE.**  
**STRONG FOR WAR.**  
**PETROGRAD GARRISON PARTY AGAINST SEPARATE PEACE.**

A large number of German prisoners taken by the British during the attack on the Hindenburg line were brought to the front. They were seen to be in good health and well equipped with arms and supplies. The British were seen to be in a state of readiness for a further advance.

**THE OFFICIAL REPORTS.**  
London Cable.—Wednesday night's report from British headquarters in France reads: "South of the Arras-Cambrai road our troops this afternoon stormed the villages of Henein and Waucourt with their adjoining defences and crossed the Colnet River and occupied the heights on the eastern bank. "Further progress also was made during the day north of the Scarpe and on the last Vimy ridge. Our gains reported this morning north of Vimy ridge have been secured and our positions strengthened. "In the course of patrol encounters last night north of Epehy, in which we took a few prisoners, a large enemy detachment came under the effective fire of our infantry and suffered heavy casualties. "During the fighting on Monday and Tuesday we captured prisoners from all the infantry regiments of six German divisions, namely, the 7th Reserve Division, 1st Bavarian Reserve Division, 17th Reserve Division, 11th Division, 17th Bavarian Division, and 18th Reserve Division. The number of prisoners from each of these divisions exceeds 1,000. "THE GERMAN VERSION.  
British attacks, participated in by cavalry and armored cars, to the north of Monchy yesterday, says the official statement issued to-day by the German army headquarters staff, broke down with heavy losses. "From Soissons to Rheims, the artillery firing increased to great violence. In the western Champagne the artillery firing is increasing. "Yesterday the French and British lost twenty-four aeroplanes on the western front. "A later report reads: "Strong English attacks near Souchez and thrusts near Fampoux failed. "Lively artillery activity continued near St. Quentin, and there was considerable firing between Soissons and Rheims."

### GOOD GROUNDS FOR A BREAK

**Brazil Explains Reasons for Severing Relations.**

**Argentina Reported to Be About to Call Troops.**

**Rio Janeiro Cable.**—The breaking of diplomatic relations with Germany is officially announced by the Brazilian Government in a communication to the press. A combination of reasons is given for this action, the official explanation reads: "Considering that the inquiry and the conclusions reached by the Legation at Paris on the subject of the torpedoing of the steamer Paraná establish the fact that the Paraná was proceeding under reduced speed, was illuminated outside and inside, including the shield with the name 'Brazil,' and considering that the steamer received no warning to stop, according to the Brazilian Government, it is naturally a matter of honor for the Brazilian Government to sever relations with Germany." "The Argentine Government has also received reports from the Legation at Berlin, the Brazilian Government severing relations with Germany."

# LAUGH AT U.S. Morant and German Press On Their Army.

Amsterdam, via London Cable.—The American army is held up to ridicule by Major Morant, writing in the Deutsche Tages Zeitung, who jeers at the idea that the United States can affect any effective military aid to the Allies. Major Morant says: "The American army is no danger to Germany. The Civil war cost half a million lives because neither side had a trained army. Now Wilson, forgetful of history, is trying the same thing, but it will be shown once more that the Braggs and the Granting in the American army are fighting for a value." Major Morant concludes with a sneer at "shoddy American war material," concerning which he says the Voerwaerts says ironically that it is now considered good form to join the anti-German world league. The Socialist organ declares that Brazil, Peru and Chile, professing to be allies, are really protesting against their material dependence on New York, London and Paris, and the ease with which rich German trans-Atlantic communities can be attacked. It says, however, that "as the fruits of many decades of industry have accumulated in Germany, the menace should not be minimized. "The world league is becoming grotesque in size," it concludes. "Goliath versus David."

# LLOYD GEORGE GREETED THE LATEST ALLY

**Speech to Americans Resident in London.**

## REAL PEACE COMING

### Prussia Described as an Army—U. S. Warned to Take Lesson.

London Cable.—As the first British Prime Minister to salute the American nation as comrades in arms, David Lloyd George, England's great Democratic leader, speaking before a notable assembly, brought together by the American Luncheon Club to-day, aroused intense enthusiasm by his scathing denunciation of Prussia and his warm welcome of America as an ally in the war. "The advent of the United States into the war," he said, "gives the final stamp to the character of the conflict as a struggle against military autocracy throughout the world."

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# GREAT FIRES AT ST. QUENTIN

**Extensive Conflagrations Show Terror of Huns.**

**French Patrols Continue to Make Advances.**

With the French armies in France, Cable.—Blinding flames from close beside St. Quentin cathedral brightened the snow-clouded sky at the Associated Press correspondent watched the progress of a lively artillery duel from a neighboring hill to-day. For hours belching white smoke was driven before a strong wind across the city, giving evidence of extensive fires. Upon the roads along the lines occupied respectively by the Germans and French fell heavy salvos of shells. Scattered about the fields many trenches marked the progress of the French pursuit of the retiring Germans towards positions which they now hold near the town. The wind was too violent to-day for all except the most daring aviators to attempt observations of the situation of gun fire. But meantime the French patrols continued to advance further. The undulating country is dotted everywhere with ruined villages, either burned or blown up by the Germans before their retreat. At Bray St. Christophe even the graveyard has been laid waste, the monuments and little chapel torn to shreds, the graves opened and searched, their contents sometimes scattered about. The correspondent, who traversed the whole reconquered territory, found everywhere traces of the destruction of villages and homes, as well as implements, and this has only served to animate the French soldiers with a stronger desire to get to grips with the Germans. At nearly every one of these places the Stars and Stripes can now be seen entwined with the flags of the allies. American Red Cross wagons are met at nearly every turn, and the men attached to them are greeted with general enthusiasm. The official communication issued by the War Office Thursday night reads: "There is nothing to report during the course of the day, except some activity by both armies, especially south of the Oise and in the region north of the Aisne. There have been rain and snowstorms along the greater part of the front. "At various points on the Belgian front a feeble cannonade was in progress."

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# U. S. WARSHIPS TAKE PATROL

**Transfer of Guarding of Atlantic Coast Effectuated.**

**"In War With Both Feet," Says Daniels.**

Washington Report.—We are in this war with both feet. We are not preparing for a short war, we are preparing for a long war, in which we will use all our resources to defeat the German Government, and we intend to fight to a finish. Perhaps Secretary Daniels did not use those exact words, but that in the language attributed to him when the story was told this evening of conferences yesterday and to-day between Mr. Daniels and high-ranking officers of the British and French navies. The officers with whom Secretary Daniels conferred were Vice-Admiral H. H. Dore, of the British fleet, and Rear Admiral Grasset of the French navy, who are in command of the naval forces of their Governments in the South Atlantic. Their flags are supposed to be at an American port. Another conference was held at the Navy Department to-day, at which Admiral William S. Benson, Chief of Naval Operations, was the principal representative of the United States navy. As a result of the conference the United States navy will take over much, perhaps all, of the patrol work done in the waters of the western hemisphere by British and French vessels, thus relieving the British and French navies of this work and permitting their use elsewhere. The United States navy will use the United States fleet in the West Indies and the Atlantic, and will operate in the Caribbean Sea and the Gulf of Mexico. The United States navy will also be permitted to operate in the Gulf of Mexico and the Caribbean Sea. The United States navy will also be permitted to operate in the Gulf of Mexico and the Caribbean Sea. The United States navy will also be permitted to operate in the Gulf of Mexico and the Caribbean Sea.

ut the poisons! intestine is the any distressing ail-prolific producer that impair all of the body. Keep healthy by eating kind of foods. Cut ng laxatives. No s, oils or bran cacs can eat Shredd Biscuit, a food ins all the material building healthy at the same time one interesting bit of information the advance is disclosed is that the Germans were planning to shell Arras with two of their 42-centimetre "Big Berthas," which first won fame about Liège and Antwerp. These guns had reached Douai, and it was planned to place them near Fampoux, which now is in British hands. According to rumor prisoners, prussic acid shells were to have been used.

Men will wrangle for religion, write for it, fight for it, die for it—anything but live for it.—Cotton.