

hog raising was in its infancy in that part of the State. The farm on which the hut was located could not have been bought for \$6 an acre, and, he says, "it is but one of hundreds of corn and livestock farms in Iowa that raise corn and sell hogs." In hog raising in Western Canada.

In the fall of 1903 he decided to come to Manitoba because, to put it in his own words, "because hog raising would be more profitable there than in the more densely populated farming community of Iowa, which proved to be true."

Since locating in Manitoba he has been a regular attendant and exhibitor at the International Live Stock Show at Chicago, and won the Grand Championship over all champions of other breeds in the brood sow classes for three years in succession. Every time he has been there he has met some of his old friends, and would invariably ask them how he succeeded in success in raising hogs without corn. To this question he would invariably reply "You fellows feed too much corn. That is why you always have to be on the lookout for large sires to keep up the size and stamina of your pigs. But feed is the kind that produces good sized pigs with plenty of ham and a deep side of fat, which you cannot get by feeding corn." In addition to winning the Grand Championship Mr. Wieneke has also won thirty-four champion honors at twenty-four of the best fairs in Western Canada.

Mr. Wieneke is a quick marketer and easy keeper, kind to his surplus on the market at about five to seven months of age, and they are invariably sold before cold weather. One of Mr. Wieneke's neighbors sold his 1915 pigs in October at an amazing about \$20.00 each for them in addition to good pork and manure. That was last year. This year the market is much better, and considerably higher prices have been

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