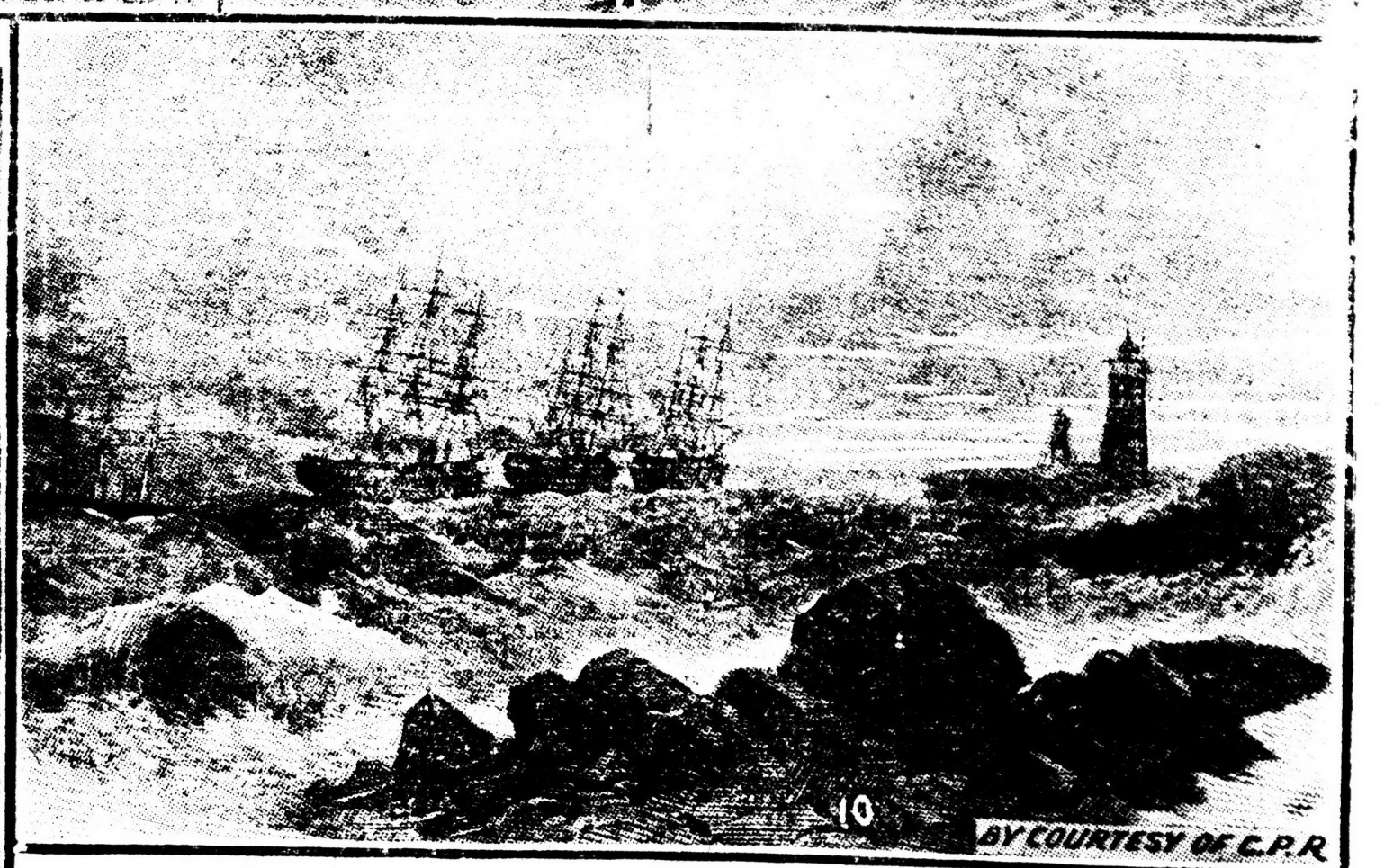
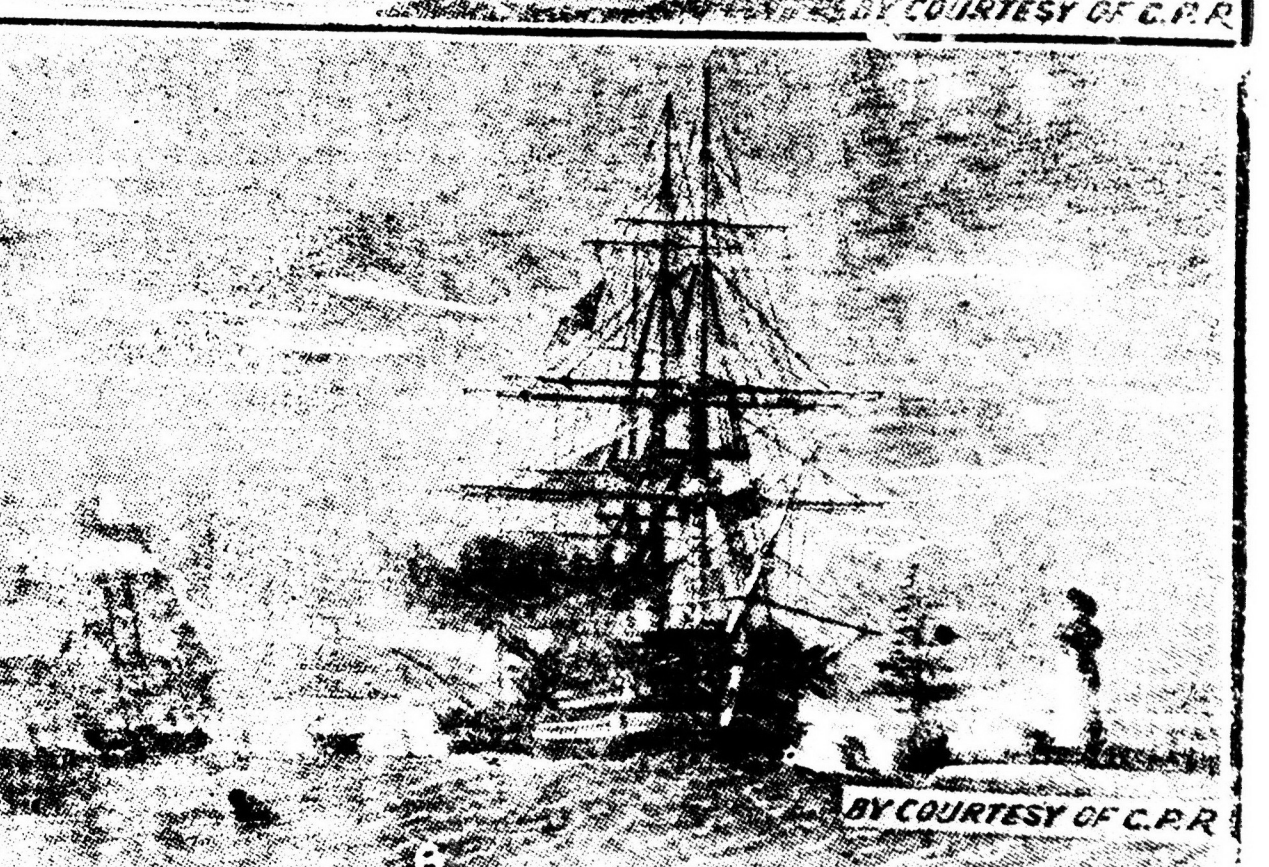
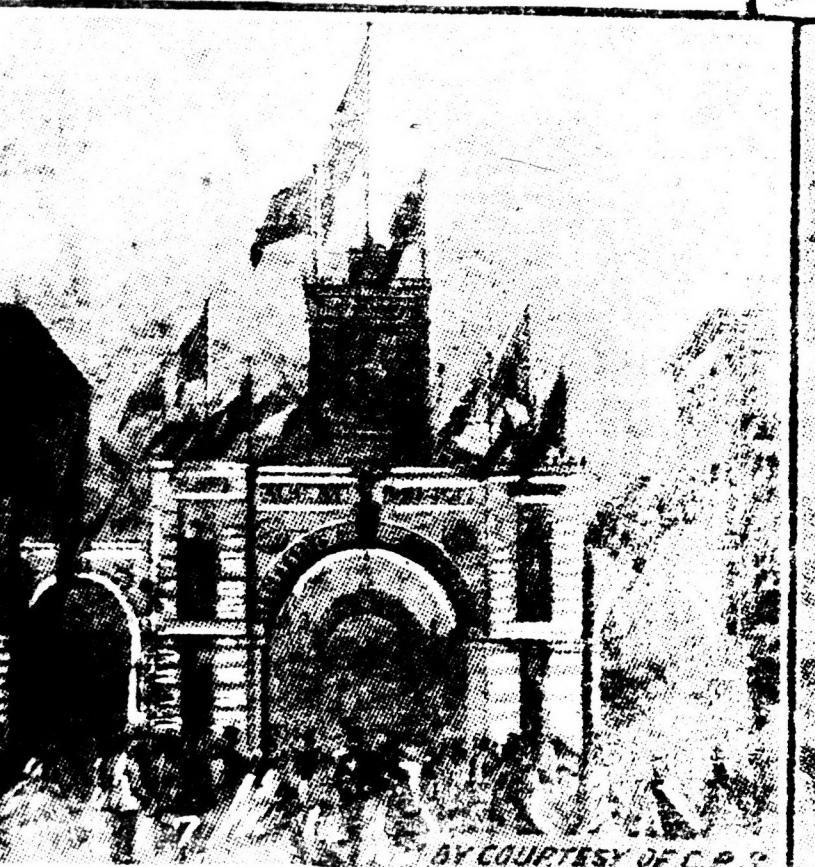


Pictures of Canada during the Royal Visit of 1901.

- (1) The Parliament Buildings, Quebec, the official residence of the Prince of Wales during his stay in Quebec.
- (2) His Royal Highness descending a Tinker Slide at Ottawa.
- (3) His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales shooting on the Prairies of the Far West.
- (4) The Prince of Wales laying the last stone of the Victoria Bridge over the St. Lawrence.
- (5) The Government House, Charlottetown, P.E.I.
- (6) St. John's, Newfoundland.—The Prince of Wales landed at St. John's.
- (7) The Prince of Wales in Canada.—The Orangemen's Arch at Toronto, Ont.
- (8) Departure of the Prince of Wales from Plymouth Sound for Canada.
- (9) The Prince of Wales at Quebec.
- (10) Departure of Prince of Wales from Portland, Maine, for England.
- (11) Grand Canoe Reception given to the Prince of Wales, on the St. Lawrence.

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There are few people alive in Montreal to-day who remember the historic visit of H. R. H. Prince Albert Edward of Wales, to the Canadian Metropolis in 1861. There are still fewer who were privileged to attend the festivities incident to that visit, but still here and there remain older citizens of Montreal who can reflect the brilliant ceremonies with which the Boy Prince, who later became King Edward VII., was welcomed by the loyal population of the city. At that time the city was only a village as compared with the metropolis of to-day, and its population was much more pronouncedly English-speaking.

It would be hard to conceive a greater contrast than that presented by the reception to King Edward's grandson in 1913, and that given the first Prince Albert Edward in 1861. The old and steamships were then the predominant features,

while such few railways as existed were of as primitive a type as the beavers sported by the nobility. The Canadian Pacific had not been dreamed of by the band of great potential dreamers of continental progress who were then in their buoyant youth. Since then the tiny engines, mostly burning wood, with a few coaches of the primitive age of which the Boy Prince, who later became King Edward VII., was welcomed by the loyal population of the city. At that time the city was only a village as compared with the metropolis of to-day, and its population was much more pronouncedly English-speaking.

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Kingston, the best means of travelling then.

Arriving at Montreal on August 25th, the Prince visited the Exhibition, where special performances were given in his honor, and later in the day proceeded to the recently completed tubular Victoria Bridge.

A round of festivities followed, one of the most notable being the grand ball given in honor of the Prince of Wales by the citizens of Montreal on the night of Monday, August 27th. There being no dance hall large enough the citizens built an immense wooden pavilion for the occasion, which was lavishly decorated.

There were no fox trots in those days, but quadrilles, lancers, waltzes and other formal terpsichorean exercises, but the pleasures of the Albert