FOR SALE

DAIRY FARM OF 115 ... under cultivation, bal... County of Peel; half... churches; good village; ... never failing stream; ... bath and water heating ... barn; first-class stabli... outbuildings; spring ... all buildings; Hydro-elec... stance; house for hired ... 27, Cheltenham, Ont.

ONE OF OXFORD'S ... two sets of splendid ... lon A1; price $21,000. ... Woodstock, Ontario.

ES NEAR LYNDEN, 2... ear, 25 acres slashing, 7 ... frame barn, 32 x 50, ... 3/4 miles from Hamilton, ... avel road, 2 miles from ... This is an exceptional ... Biggar, 205 Clyde Block, ...

ES IN PARRY SOUND ... 50 under cultivation, ... and stones, clay loam, ... mile from C.N.R. Sta... churches, 7 room frame ... ellar, barn, stable, drive ... ase. can be bought with ... and implements. This ... n. J. D. Biggar, 205 ... milton, Ont.

R BEAMSVILLE, 30 ... clay loam, including 8 ... pasture land, 7 room ... e foundation, good cel... rn and woodshed, veran... 0 x 36, 9 acres fall wheat, ... etc., in Campden Vil... y. Will take city prop... J. D. Biggar, 205 Clyde ... Ont.

R FRUIT, NEAR NI... on-the-Lake; apple, ... nce, small fruits and as... clay loam, 5 acres sand; ... use, 9 rooms; barn 20x40; ... ings, all in good repair. ... Clyde Block, Hamilton, ...

ES, NEAR FEGUS; 11 ... arden, 4 acres pasture; ... black currant bushes, ... hes; apple, pear and oth... room brick house, fur... h; barn 20x60; buildings ... eautiful shade trees and ... yards away; churches, ... station at Fergus, 1 mile ... ll and telephone. This ... is offered for less than ... house. J. D. Biggar, ...

TOWNSHIP SENECA, ... Haldimand, near Cais... ouse; good barn; cement ... inces; small orchard; ... complete equipment of ... stock. For sale as a ... l sacrifice; immediate ... Biggar, 205 Clyde Block, ... Regent 934.

PERIOR FOR DAIRY... in growing; very fertile; ... County of Halton; will ... ply H. G. Cockburn & ...

ELLANEOUS

OUT-OF-TOWN AC... ominion Express Money ... dollars costs three cents. ...

ANTED.

WHAT HAVE YOU; ... Reid Bros., Bothwell. ...

OULTRY.

HIGH-CLASS GOLDEN ... yandottes; been breeding ... 35 years. If you are ... iers and winter layers ... pedigreed siredales from ... lines procurable. I. J. ... Ont.

OR SALE

ALLY BLACK FOXES; ... other pairs. Reid Bros., ... Canada.

D CORN

... quality guaranteed; 8 ... nt, White Cap, Yellow ... w, Early Bantam Sweet, ... eka Evergreen sweet ... tion Bean and Timothy ... t from grower and save ... profit. S. J. McLennon, ... th Woodslee, Ont.

IES FOR SALE.

... FOR SALE IN TOWN ... missing of 35 acres; lies ... roperly is town, and only ... business centre. Apply ... shawa, Ont.

RRY SOUND DISTRICT

... timber, hemlock, birch ... ply W. Jenkins, Everett, ...

RY FOR SALE.

... L MACHINERY COM... ... and matches tenoner, ... cut-off saw bench, mor... ... and pulleys, and ... ... and pulleys, for ... ... ed portable ... Ont.

ANTED—MALE.

... FIRST-CLASS GARAGE ... and wages ... Ont.

... SAWMILLING ... Georgetown, ...

ERY FOR SALE

... DOUBLE CYLIN... ... equipped; ... hundred and ... timer, 582 ...

ome Girls.

... Girl—Minnie Mumm ... rect girl—Amy Ability ... right Addie Pose (Adl... ... the upper circle—Ella ... tion) ... irl—Jeanie Ality (Gen... ... l—Annie Mation (Ant... ... l—Chorus Kate (Corus... ... easures up—Ann Ounce ... irl—Flo Ridd (Florid), ... irl—Dinah Stee (Dyn... ... rl—Eva Nescent (Evan... ... —Emma Nation (Eman... ... girl—Rose Aree (Ros... ... irl—Mary Gold (Mari... ... Carrie Kature (Cast...

Ask Your Druggist For Dr. Miles' Calendar For 1920

IT is FREE and the best large-figure Calendar published. It gives the weather forecast for each day in the year, also time of Sunrise and Sunset and phases of the Moon. "An exceptionally complete and useful Calendar!" That's what everybody says. The edition is limited. It is therefore very important that you call early so that you will be sure to get this splendid free Calendar at the beginning of the year.

Just go to your druggist, tell him your name and address, and that you want Dr. Miles' 1920 Calendar. He will do the rest—FREE.

GERMANY BUILT 810 U-BOATS TO FORCE BRITAIN TO PEACE

Von Capelle, Ex-Navy Minister, Tells of Submarine Building During War

Navy Had No Hope of Shutting Off Supplies From Great Britain

A Berlin special cable says: Vice-Admiral Eduard von Capette, former Minister of the Navy, was bombarded with questions to-day as to why more submarines were not built so as to have made the submarine campaign successful.

Hecklers at the National Assembly sub-committee's investigation into the war, having failed to get much information as to why the submarine campaign was not avoided, changed their tactics to questioning the former Minister of the Navy on submarine construction. The admiral replied succinctly, in an endeavor to prove why submarine construction was retarded in 1916, and why it jumped enormously in 1917 and 1918.

A summary of his contribution to U-boat contsruction was read by von Capelle at the start of the session.

"Eight hundred and ten submarines were built before and during the war," said the former Minister of the Navy. "Of these 45 were construced before the war, 186 were built during the administration of Admiral von Tirpitz, and 579 were built by me in the two and a half years I was in office.

"I took office in April, 1916, and in the nine months remaining in that year, I ordered built 90 U-boats, and Herr Struve wrote to Gen. von Ludendorff urging more U-boats, von Capelle added. Ludendorff replied in this matter that there was unanimity on this opinion in upper army circles, in the Admiralty and among the general staff.

Herr Sinsheimer attempted to elicit the exact purpose of the submarine campaign against Great Britain—whether it was the intention to crush Great Britain, or merely to compel her to agree to a "usable peace."

Von Capelle replied: "We believed we could force England to a 'usable peace' within five months."

"Was the submarine war planned to make feading of England impossible, and therefore make impossible in 1917 I ordered 269, and in the nine months I was in office in 1918 I ordered 220."

It was here his questioning began.

"Why was there such a discrepancy between 1916 and the two following years?" demanded Herr Gothein.

Von Capelle replied sharply: "There are a number of reasons why so small a number was ordered in 1916—first, the Reichstag took an overwhelming stand against the submarine, and I could not start to build because I saw myself in opposition to the Government; second, I had been out of the naval service, and was unaware of the technical improvements in submarine building, and had to give intimate study to the subject; and third, the Skagerrak battle caused serious damage to our boats. Their repair held up the construction of other boats."

BRITAIN'S MINES HURT.

Germany had decided to live up to international law, and not sink merchantmen without warning, continued von Capelle, but, he said, he thought that in the fall of 1915 the Admiralty had issued a second order to attack British ships because Great Britain, "poisoned against us," had made the work of submarines very difficult by mines which covered the entire North sea. There was a demand for mine searchers, torpedo boats and motor-boats, which further reduced U-boat construction, he added.

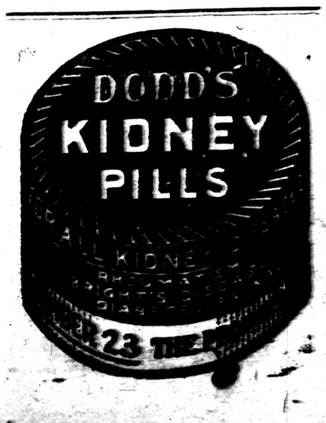
Admiral von Capelle asserted he had been consulted three times with regard to the submarine construction by Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the first time when Herr Struve (a member of the Reichstag) had presented to the Chancellor a memorandum urging increased U-boat construction, which had been signed by George Gothey (another Reichstag member); the second time when, in 1917, the Chancellor wrote, saying U-boat construction must not be left out of consideration, showing, von Capelle said, that the Chancellor counted on a long war, and third, when von Bethmann-Hollweg telegraphed that Deputy Fischbeck had expressed doubt whether Germany had enough U-boats, whereupon von Capelle said he visited the Chancellor, and assured him that everything was going well.

the reaching by England of her goal?" asked Herr David.

"There was no hope in the navy that food or ammunition could be kept from England," replied von Capelle sarcastically. "We should have been more suspicious of England."

Herr David asked where the expression "force England to her knees" originated, and what it meant.

Von Capelle made an evasive reply, saying: "The expression can be interpreted in several ways; I interpreted to mean making England pliable and war-tired."



Back at His Work in Quebec Woods

William H. McDonald Shouts Praises of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

His Troubles Were Not Only Painful but Alarming Till He Found Relief in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Bury, Que., No. 12th (Special)—William H. McDonald, a young man living near here, is shouting the praises of Dodd's Kidney Pills. Rheumatism in his arms, severe pains in his back and head and an alarming pain in the region of his heart rendered him not only helpless but much alarmed as to the future. He found the relief he needed in one box of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I will recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to anyone with weak kidneys," Mr. McDonald says in telling his story. "I am back at work in the woods feeling as well as ever. What with rheumatism and those pains in the head and near the heart, I was sick and anxious.

"But after a week's illness I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. One box of them made me as well as ever I was in my life."

Pelicans and Flamingoes.

News that airplanes are being used for hunting flamingoes in the Bahamas has alarmed and disgusted the Audubon societies. It certainly does seem unfair that man, having surpassed all feathered creatures in the art of flying, should take up a merciless chase of them in their own element, the air.

Besides, the flamiugo is a remarkably interesting bird. It is a sort of low-comedy-bird, walking, as it were, on stilts, and with an enormously long neck. In "Alice's Adventures in Wonderland" it figures amusingly.

It is a tropical bird, ranging as far south as southern Brazil. In the Old World it is found (though of other varieties) in ehe equatorial belt of Africa.

Perhaps the only rival of the flamingo as a low-comedy bird is the pelican, with its absurdly enormous bill that carries a pouch beneath for the accommodation of captured fish.

The pelican, happily, has been rescued from threatened extermination by the Audubon societies, through whose influence the U. S. Government was persuaded to protect their principal breeding grounds by setting aside the latter as inviolable "refuges."

Most important of these breeding grounds was a tiny island in the Mosquito Inlet, Florida—a mud flat of less than four acres—more or less overgrown with sat grass and mangroves. There a once-numerous colony of brown pelicans was almost exterminated by egg-hunters and alleged sportsmen who shot the birds "for fun."

To-day, thanks to protection since 1903, the pelicans have greatly increased in numbers, extending their "rookery" to nearby islets. nobody disturbs them, and the place has become a delightful attraction to tourists.

Count von Zeppelin.

was not killed in the war, but died of pneumonia at Charlottenburg, near Berlin, on March 8, 1917. He was born in 1838 and was a lieutenant of cavalry at the age of 25, when, in April, 1863, he was sent to the United States as Prussian military attache of the Union army in the evil war, being attached to the Army of the Mississippi, in which Gen. Carl Schurz commanded a brigade. It was at that time that Count von Zeppelin had his first experience in an aeronaut, going up in a captive balloon belonging to the corps to which he was attached.

Miller's Worm Powders work so effectively that no traces of worms can be found. The pests are macerated in the stomach and pass away in the stools without being perceptible. They make an entire and clean sweep of the intestines, and nothing in the shape of a worm can find lodgement there when these powders are in operation. Nothing could be more thorough or desirable than their action.

Films From the Cape.

The eastern province of the Cape of Good Hope will be celebrating its centenary in April next year. It is an opportunity for the settlers to make their country better known to other continents, and a very good scheme is mooted by ene of them. He proposes that films should be taken of the wild life of the province. There are plenty of first-rate subjects which would greatly interest the cinema and movie goers of Europe and America. A troop of baboons raiding a settler's pumpkin and mealie field would make a very entertaining picture, and it might be explained that the visitation is the exception and not the rule. The elephants of the Addo bush would make another first-rate film, and there are koodoos, spring boks, and many other wild creatures. Unfortunately the buffalo belongs too thoroughly to the genus "wild" to ever allow himself to be filmed. The settlers have ample time in which to get the pictures taken, and quite apart from centenary considerations, such a record of the fauna of the province would be valuable in years to come.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County—ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. Cleason, Notary Public.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System.

Druggists 75c. Testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

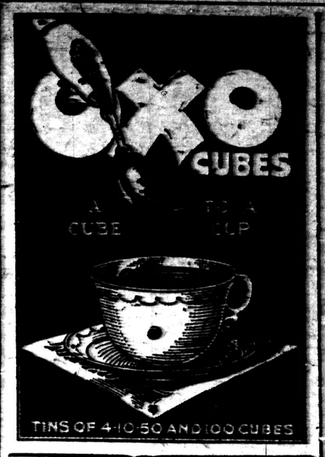
Smock Marriages

A Bangor lawyer attending court in the ancient town of Wiscasset, Lincoln county, recently went rummaging in the colonial court records of the place and in the course of his reading came across the official registration of a "smock marriage," says a Maine correspondent of the Boston Transcript. Not knowing what a smock marriage was, the lawyer looked further, and got considerable light upon a century or more ago and also to some extent in the American colonies.

Smock marriages were weddings where the bride appeared dressed in a white sheet or chemise. The reason for such a garb was the belief that if a man married a woman who was in debt he could be held liable for her indebtedness if he received with her any of her property; and also that, if a woman married a man who was in debt, his creditors could not take her property to satisfy their claims if he had received nothing from her at marriage. In England, says an antiquarian, there was at least one case where a bride was clothed in puris naturalibus while the ceremony was being performed in the great church at Birmingham. The minister at first refused to perform the ceremony, but, finding nothing in the rubric that would excuse him, he finally married the pair.

To carry out the law fully as the people understood it, the ceremony should always have been performed as it was in the church at Birmingham, in the case noted, but, modesty forbidding, various expedients were used to accomplish the desired end without the unpleasant features. Sometimes the bride stood in a closet and put her hand through a hole in the door; sometimes she stood behind a cloth screen and put her hand out at one side; again, she wound about her a white sheet furnished by the bridegroom, and sometimes she stood in her chemise or smock. Eventually, in Essex county, at least, all immodesty was avoided by the groom furnishing all the clothes worn by the bride, retaining litle to the time in himself. This he did in the presence of witnesses, that he might be able to prove the fact in case he was sued for any debts she might have contracted. A marriage of this kind occurred at Bradford in 1773, and the following is a true copy of the record of the same:

Bradford, Dec. ye 24, 1773.



This may certifie whomsoever it may concerne that James Bailey, of Bradford, who was married to the widow Mary Bacon Nov. 22 last past by me ye subscriber then declared that he took said person without anything of estate, and that Lydia the wife of Eliazer Burbank & Mary the wife of Thomas Stickney, and Margaret the wife of Caleb Burbank, all of Bradford, were witnesses that the clothes she then had on were of his prividing and bestowed upon her.

William Baleh,
Minister of ye Gospel.

It is noted by the same writer that in all cases of smock marriages that have come to his notice the brides have been widows.

It is thought that during the reign of George III. there were many smock marriages in Maine, then a part of the Province of Massachusetts Bay, chiefly in the counties of Lincoln and York, or in the territory which is now so known. There is nothing to show that the practice outlived the revolution. In Maine, up to 1852, a husband was liable for debts of his wife contracted before marriage, and no such subterfuge as the smock marriage could relieve him.

All this is very interesting, comments the Transcript. Smock marriages were frequently performed in Vermont about a century ago. They were entirely honorable to both the participants, for they put wholly aside all considerations of financial and selfish interest. According to tradition, they all turned out happily, and well they might. The principle involved in them may be said to have triumphed in our social life—the great majority of marriages being now smock marriages in the sense that the parties are financially independent of each other. By the way, one of the earliest and strongest arguments for woman suffrage was the necessity of relieving women from the financial bondage that they were under to their husbands fifty years ago. All that a woman had then practically belonged to her husband. Wendell Phillips, in his address at the first national woman suffrage convention, held at Worcester in October, 1851, called attention to a curious case that had lately occurred in this state. A man married a woman who had $50,000 of her own, inherited from her father. Dying about a year after his marriage, this man left a remarkably generous and manly will—he left these $50,000 to his wife, so long as she should remain a widow.

UNAPPRECIATED ECONOMY.

"The servant who works for me must be very, very economical," said the boarding-house mistress to the applicant for work.

"I'm such a one, ma'am," promptly returned the applicant. "Indeed, me last mistress discharged me for bein' that way."

"For being economical?"

"Yes, with me clothes; I used to wear hers."

A NEW FUNCTION.

"John, I simply must have another gown."

"For what occasion?"

"The new cook is coming to-morrow and I have nothing decent to receive her in."

Corns and warts disappear when treated with Holloway's Corn Cure without leaving a scar.

MAN'S STATURE.

When Adam and Eve Walked They Were Tall as Trees.

It was a French savant named Henrion who 200 years ago gave to the world authoritative statements as to the height of Adam and Eve. He said that the father of the race was 123 feet 9 inches high and Eve 118 feet 9 inches. He noted that from the creation of these enlarged editions of humanity degexneration had been rapid; that Noah was only twenty-seven, Abraham only twenty and Moses but thirteen feet in height.

According to this French authority, if the Christian dispensation had not arrested this decrease man by this time—200 years ago—would have been a mere microscopic object, and we may conclude that by our time he would not have been at all. M. Henrion did not give any explanation as to how he arrived at his estimate of the height of these ancients.

Perhaps the most gigantic story on record is that concerning an immense skeleton, said to have been in Sicily, which measured 300 feet in length. This story, however, carries its own refutation, as it is said that found beside this giant was his walking stick, which was thirty feet long and thick as a telegraph pole. A clever calculator made the estimate that a walking stick only thirty feet in length for a man who measured 300 feet would be as ridiculous as one of seven inches for a man of ordinary stature.

Pain Flees Before It—There is more virtue in a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil as a subduer of pain than in gallons of other medicine. The public know this and there cannot be found. Thirty years of use has familiarized the people with it, and made it a household medicine throughout the western world.

When Moses Was Timekeeper.

In the British museum is a large stone composed of carbonate of lime, which would serve perfectly as a day laborer's calendar, inasmuch as it would indicate to him every Sunday and holiday of the year, though not the day of the month. Moreover, the stone is an actual time record of the work done for a long period in an English coal mine.

The "Sunday stone," as it is called, was removed from a colliery drain. When the miners were at work the water running through the drain left a deposit colored black by the coal dust, but when no work was being done the water ran down clear and left a white deposit. These deposits in the course of time built up a black streak, immediately followed by a white streak made during the night. Wide white streaks indicate the holidays and Sundays.

"Gee-Whiz! How it Hurts—the Pain in My Foot!"

"Sometimes it is in my arm. Merciful Heaven, how my back hurts in the morning!" It's all due to an overabundance of that poison called uric acid. The kidneys are not able to get rid of it. Such conditions you can readily overcome, and prolong life by taking the advice of Dr. Pierce, which is "keep the kidneys in good order." "Avoid too much meat, alcohol or tea. Drink plenty of pure water, preferably hot water, before meals, and drive the uric acid out of the system by taking Anuric." This can be obtained at almost any drug store.

Send a bottle of water to the chemist at Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., and you will receive free medical advice as to whether the kidneys are affected. When your kidneys get sluggish and clog, you suffer from backache, sick-headache, dizzy spells, or twinges and pains of lumbago, rheumatism or gout; or sleep is disturbed two or three times a night, take heed, before too late. Get Anuric (anti-uric-acid), for it will put new life into your kidneys and your entire system. Ask your nearest druggist for it or send Dr. Pierce ten cents for trial package.

ROUMANIANS OBEY ALLIES

Are Now Leaving City of Budapest

First Taking Everything of Value.

Budapest cable says: The Roumanians have notified the Allied High Commission officially that the Roumanian High Commissioner at Budapest, Constantine Diamandy, intends to leave the city Tuesday; that the staff of General Mardaresco, commander of the Roumanian troops in Budapest, will leave Wednesday, and the headquarters of General Mosois on Thursday.

The evacuation of Budapest will be completed Friday. The Czecho-Slovaks have informed the Mission that their troops will evacuate the mines at Salgo-Tarjan, 55 miles north-east of Budapest, Tuesday. Consequently, the Hungarian authorities will receive new coal supplies.

The Roumanians are making the best of the last days of their occupation. There have been numerous "requisitions," including 240,000,000 crowns from the Customs House. Even burglaries are increasing, and, according to the best information, Brigadier-General Bandholtz, the American member of the Commission, has made a protest to Gen. Mardaresco.

Always Serviceable.—Most pills lose their properties with age. Not so with Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. The pill mass iso compounded that their strength and effectiveness is preserved and the pills can be carried anywhere without fear of losing their potency. This is a quality that few pills possess. Some pills lose their power, but not so with Parmelee's. They will maintain their freshness and potency for a long time.

OUT WHERE THE WEST BEGINS.

Out where the hand clasps a little stronger,
Out where the smile dwells a little longer,
That's where the West begins;
Out where the sun's a little brighter,
Where the snow that falls is a little whiter,
Where the bonds of home are a wee bit tighter,
That's where the West begins.

Out where the skies are a trifle bluer,
Out where friendship's a little truer,
That's where the West begins;
Out where a fresher breeze is blowing,
Where there is laughter in every streamlet flowing,
Where there's a more reaping and less sowing,
That's where the West begins.

Out where the world is in the making,
Where fewer hearts with despair are aching,
That's where the West begins;
Where there is more singing and less sighing,
Where there is more giving and less buying,

The only aim in life some people seem to have is to throw stones at other people who live in glass houses.

PILES

Zam Buk

BRITISH TRADE IS INCREASING

American Chamber of Commerce in London Warns.

Three Billions From Foreign Investments, 1919.

London cable says: The American Chamber of Commerce in London, in its report for October, notes a gradual revival of British production, especially of coal, and an increase of trade in British foreign markets, particularly as strikes continue to cripple America's export trale.

According to a leading London bank, the chamber's report says Great Britain's "invisible exports," consisting of returns from foreign investment, etc., are estimated at almost $3,000,000,000 for 1919, as compared with less than $2,000,000,000 in 1913. The adverse balance of imports over exports, the report adds, will, however, result in an estimated net adverse balance for the year of about $60,000,000, as against a favorable pre-war balance of $1,100,000,000.

The Chamber urges ready reception of credit loans in the United States, to enable foreign countries to purchase American goods. It declares the present situation in Great Britain is uneasy, owing to the delay in her essential imports from America, caused by the dock workers' strike in New York.

The plan for a world union of Chambers of Commerce, creating a "business league of nations," which the American Chamber of Commerce devised some time ago, appears to have been favorably received in England. British business circles followed closely reports of what transpired at the recent inter-trade conference at Atlantic City, N.J., the Chamber declares, and the British feel their part in the conference was to align themselves with the U. S. in assisting re-construction of European nations, rather than to seek credits or trade assistance for themselves.

Your Asthma, Too. The efficacy of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is not something that is merely to be hoped for; it is to be expected. It never fails to bring relief, and in your own individual case it will do the same. So universal has been the success of this far-famed cure that every one afflicted with this disease owes it to himself to try it.

The "Breeches" Bible.

"Then the eyes of them both were opened, and they knew that they were naked and they sewed fig-tree leaves together and made themselves breeches." The quotation constitutes a version of the Adam and Eve story of Genesis. It was taken from the rarest of the various editions of the Bible known as the "Breeches" Bible. It was printed in London in 1615 by Robert Barker, "Printer to the king's most excellent magestie."

As if the fact that Adam and Eve were naked, and had decided to don breeches, were insufficient, a footnote on the subject was introduced. It specified that the breeches "were things to gird about them."

Reference books say that it was the most popular Bible that ever appeared in England and that for sixty years it held its own against all rivals, contesting the ground with the authorized version.

Peevish, pale, restless, and sickly children owe their condition to worms. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will relieve them and restore health.

Specially Good Sandwiches.

Try mint and cucumber sandwiches. Dip thin slices of cucumber in French dressing.

Put these on slices of buttered bread; sprinkle with chopped fresh mint.

Fig sandwiches are tasty and wholesome and may be made with fig paste.

To prepare the paste, use one-half pound of chopped figs and one-quarter cup of granulated sugar.

And water barely sufficient to cover; cook in a double boiler, and when done add one tablespoon lemon juice.

Delicious fillings for sandwiches are made by mixing orange marmalade, chopped nuts and cream cheese; or by chopping a small bottle of stuffed olives, two sweet peppers and one-quarter pound English walnut meat, and adding to cream cheese.

A REMEDY.

"See here, Bridget, the dishes you've put on the table of late have been positively dirty. Something's got to be done about it."

"Thrue for ye, ma'am. If ye only had dark-colored ones, they wouldn't show the dirt at all."

MURINE EYE REMEDY Heals Eyelids, Soothes, Heals—Keeps your Eyes Strong and Healthy. All drug Eyes, Clear, Rich, or Red, Blurred, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Safe for Babies and Adults. At All Druggists in Canada. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Company, Chicago, U. S. A.