Lamps—Torches. 17. Look on me— Gideon was the leader and his men

were to carry out his plan fully and

carefully. 18. On every side of all

the camp-The contemplated attack

would bring terror, as it would appear that the Midianites were wholly sur-

rounded. The sword of the Lord, and of Gideon-"For Jehovah and for Gideon."-R. V. 19. Beginning of

the middle watch-It was about mid-

night. The night was divided into

three watches, the evening, the mid-

dle and the morning. 20. Brake the

pitchers—The sound of the breaking

of three hundred pitchers at once

would seem like a great clash of

arms. The sword of the Lord, and of

Gideon-This cry from three hundred

men of war, accompanied by the

sounding of three hundred trumpets.

the breaking of as many pitchers and

the glare of as many torches at mid-

night was sufficient to strike terror

to the hearts of the enemy. 21. Every

man in his place round about the

camp-To each of Gideon's three

hundred men a work was assigned,

and each did it. The host ran, and

cried, and fled-The Midianites were

error-stricken and in utter confusion.

22-25. In their confusion and terror

the Midianites mistook their fellow

soldiers for enemies and turned their

swords upon one another. They were

completely routed and sought safety

in flight, pursued by the men of

QUESTIONS-Give an account of

How did the number in

Gideon's call to be the deliverer of

Gideon's army compare with that of

the Midianites? What was the first

scribe the second test. Why did the

Lord desire to reduce the number of

men What encouragement came to

Gideon? Describe the equipment of

Gideon's men. How was the attack

PRACTICAL SURVEY.

Topic.—One with God a majority.

Gideon's army decimated.

After :- e notable and decisive vic-

otry of Deborah, "the land had rest

forty years." Repeated disobedience

brought renewed disaster. The history

of Israel is the history of the world.

In the former study we saw Israel op-

pressed; in the present lesson we

have a foreign invasion, with enemies

crowding in on every side. Judges

6: 2 gives us a vivid picture of their

pitiable condition. Proud and prince-

ly Israel was burrowing in dens and

caves. Only by the almost surpassing

strategy could the barest subsistence

be secured. God's answer to their cry

was a prophet, and through him a re-

minder and reproof. God works

memory places the past in the light of

the present. Abraham said to the rich

man, "Son, remember." The bitter-

ness of Israel's experience was that it

was not misfortune, but retribution.

man. Gideon was doing an honest

work in the quietest manner possible

(Judges 6: 11) and had held his faith

in the midst of universal degeneracy.

In the riot of Baal worship he had

kept Jehovah's altar. "He had faith-

beginning of a devine deliverance must

first test applied to Gideon settled his

relation to the idolatry of his own

household and placed him in public

antagonism to Baal worship. The

name. "Jerubbaal," Baal's antagonist,

was not a misnomer. The path of pre-

sent duty always leads to the higher

II. Gideon's army decimated. In all

ages and all events God has jealously

to guard his own glory. He will stain

FOR WOMENS AILMENTS

Thousands of women have testified in the last 25

years regarding the healing qualities of Dr.
MARTELS FEMALE PILLS. A Scientifically
prepared remedy for delayed and painful
menstruation. Seld only in a Patented TinHinge-Cover Box. At your Druggist, or direct
by Mail, price \$2.00, Enickerbocker Remedy Co.,
71 Frent St. East Teronte, Canada.

flesh shall glory in his presence. "The

weak things," the "things that are

not," the instruments discarded by hu-

man wisdom, he uses for his great

purposes. The enemies of Israel were

numerous, and first on the field, Gid-

eon issued the call to Israel, and Abi-

ezer, his little flock, came up to meet

him. All his host was but a handful

before the outspread host of Midian

and Amalek. Nothing could be more

ingenious and convincing than the

double sign asked for and granted,

perhaps more in view of his own com-

ing decimations, than the greatness of

his enemies. The applied tests left

Gideon with a pitiful handful num-

erically, but every man a hero. Not

a fearful one was in all the ranks:

every one wise in self-control, and

III. Gideon's victory. Devine inter-

position does not preclude the wisest

and most effective disposal of the

means at hand. Decimated to the

point of utter human hopeleseness,

Gideon disposed of his heroes with the

skill of a divinely-instructed strategist.

The blaring trumpets, the crash of

breaking vessels, the sudden flash of

torches, bursting through the darkness,

and the appointed battle-cry, will sim-

ulated a besieging host. Midian was

battle is not your's, but God's." It is

nothing for him "to have by many or

No one need endure the agony of

corns with Holloway's Corn Cure at

THE REMEDY.

First Office Boy-I told the boss to

ook at the dark circles under my

Second Office Boy-What did he

"Statistics are nothing,

"The

W. H. C.

confused, and destroyed itself.

principles everything."

hand to remove them.

eager in spirit.

by few."

the pride of all human boasting.

DR. MARTEL'S PILLS

attainments and achievements of life.

ful among the faithless been."

be moral, spiritual, religious,

I. Gideon's call. God found his

Mysterious

recollection.

test applied to Gideon's army?

made upon the Midianites?

Gideon's call.

III. Gideon's victory.

Ieraei.

Israel.

through

Or. Hamilton Stands Behind His Formula

Bad blood is always responsible for pimpies, blackheads and humours. Pimples, eczema and hoils are the

I contend that to cure these ills, the liver, kidneys, and bovels must receive attention. Mr remedy, known as Dr. Hamil-

ton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut, invariably reaches the trouble. For putting life into sleepy organs. for forcing out every kind of waste and foreign matter, for making health-sustaining blood, where can you find such efficiency as in Dr. Hamilton's Pills?

In a thousand cases I have demonstrated that Dr. Hamilton's Pils cure facial blemishes and skin diseases. I look upon these pills as the best blood purifier and system builder ca the age, and guarantee they will cure

every complaint having its prigin in a weak or debilitated blood supply. If Dr. Hamilton's Pills will not cure that tired, rundown condition, if they will not change lack of force into energy and vim, then nothing will. By creating an abundant supply of rich, nourishing blood they maintain that standard of health so much desired by those participating in the strenuous life we live to-day. Get Dr. Hamilton's Pills and prove



their merit to-day, 25c per box.

THE VICTORY OF GIDEON'S BAND Commentary-I. Gideon's army tested (vs. 1-8). 1. Jerubbaal, who is Gideon-Joash, Gideon's father gave aim the name Jerubbaal, which means "let Baal plead," because Gideon had broken down the altar of Baal (Judges 8:25-32). Through the tests with the deece (Judges 6:36-40), Gideon was fully ascured that the Lord had called him and would give him the victory over the Midianites. He had summoned the Israeli'es to war against their enemies, and an army of thirtytwo thousand had answered the call. Well of Harod-A fountain on the north side of Mount Gilboa. A stream of considerable size Tows eastward to the Jordan from this spring. Hill of Moreh-It is though Little Hermon is the hill meant, which is across the valley from Mount Gilboa. 2. Vaunt themselves against me-The Lord saw the pride of heart of Israel and knew their disposition to neglect or forsake him. Mine own Land-Even if there was only the small army of Israel arrayed against more than four times as many Midianites, and the former should be victorious, they would not recognize God's hand in the victory. 3. Fearful and afraid—In Deut. 20:1-8 several directions are given with regard to going out to war, and in one it is provid ' that the "fearful and fainthearted" shall return home.

4. Yet too many—The Lord pur-

posed to show the people that the victory to be achieved would not come through human might. Unto the water-The fountain of Harod and the stream flowing from it. This shall go -this shall not go - Another test was ordered which would further reduce the number in the army. 5. Lappeth of the water-From the following verse it is learned that this expression means to drink by bringing water with the hand to the mouth. as a dog con eys water into its mouth with its tongue. Boweth down-To kneel or lie down to bring the mouth to the water, and thus to drink. 6. Three hundred — A small number drank by lapping the water. 7. By the three hundred men that lapped I will save you—It is maintained that the men who drank by lapping the water with their hands were more fully on their guard than those who bowed down to drink. They were standing and could keep their eyes on the enemy, and thus avoid being taken unawares. This test, however, may have been employed because the Lord knew that the greater number would drink in the convenient way of bowing down, and a very few would drink by lapping, and thus the number would be reduced to exactly the desired proportions. 8. Took victuals in their hand—The three hundred were properly supplied with food.

II. Encouragement for Gideon. (vs. 9-15). To give Gideon further encouragement the Lord arranged it so that he would hear a dream told by one of the men in the Midianite army, and its interpretation. The man dreamed that a cake of barley bread fell or rolled into the camp of the Midianites. It struck a tent and knocked it down, so that it fell flat on the ground. The man to whom he told the dream said: "This is nothing else save the sword of Gideon, the son of Joash, a man of Israel! for into his hand hath God delivered Midian, and all the host." This interpretation showed that the Lord had inspired fear into the hearts of the Midianites. III. The three hundred victorious

(vs. 16-25.) 16. Divided Into three companies—By dividing his three hundred men into three companies, Gideon would be able at the same time to attack the Midianites on a large portion of their camp lying opposite to them. A trumpet in every man's hand-Trumpets and torches were usually carried by the leaders of the army and not by common soldiers; in this case each soldier was supplied with them. Empty nitchers-Earthenware vessels such as were used for carrying water. They were to conceal the lighted torches.

> First Office Boy-He said I needed bar of soap. Muggina Queer a girl can never hit anything she aims at. Buggins— That isn't altogether true. Haven't You ever watched a girl throwing bouquets at herself?

GOOD MEDICINE FOR SPRING USE

Harsh Purgatives Should Be Avoided -A Tonic Will Restore Your Energy.

Not exactly sick but not feeling quite well. That is the way thousands of people feel in the spring. It is a sign that the trying indoor life of winter has left its mark upon you. Easily tired, appetite fickle, somethanes headaches and a feeling of depression. Pimples or eruptions productivity. may appear on the skin, or there may be twinges of rheumatism or neural-Any of these indicate that the blood is out of order, and these symptoms may easily develope into more serious trouble. Do not dose yourself with purga-

tives as so many people do, in the hope that you can put your blood right. Purgatives gallop through the system and weaken instead of giving strength. Any doctor will tell you that this is true. What you need in the spring is a tonic that will build up the blood and nerve. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can do this speedily and surely. This medicine enriches the blood, clears the skin, improves the appetite and makes tired, depressed men women and children bright, active and strong. As an example of the value of these pills we give the statement of Mrs. S. McBurnie, Tatamagouche, N. S., who says:—"I have good reason so speak in the highest terms of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I was badly run down, failing in weight, and suffering from dizzy spells and weakness. In fact my condition was such that I was hardly able to do my housework. A friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and after using several boxes there was a noticeable improvement. I continued using the pills for some time longer and found I had fully regained my old health and strength and was abie to do my housework without feeling weak and worn out as I did before I began using the pills."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can be obtained from any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Hints On Painting.

For the purpose of keeping flies and other insects away from freshly painted surfaces, mix a little bay oil with the oil paint or else place a small amount in an open dish nearby. The pungent odor will drive all insects away. A very simple way to prevent or

remove spots from a ceiling colored by an accidental water overflow is to take unslaked white lime, diluted with alcohol, and paint the spots quickly and the lime will form an in- sand in the soil is a benefit, as such color and spots will not show through.

To prevent the peeling of new coatings on old paintings proceed as fol- aliments. lows: Rub the painting with rough pumistone, wet by means of felt, then add to the paint of the first coat one part alcohol and nine parts paint. This paint will dry well an? give very good results, even in the most difficult cases. The remaining coatings are put on with the regular

To prevent the crawling of the paint, carefully rub a flannel rag over the work previous to varnishing, stripping or painting. This simple operation will prevent the crawling. In some cases crawling may be traced to defective varnish. The only remedy in this case is to obtain good varnish.

To prevent liquid paint, kept in flat recptacles in small quantities. from exaporating and drying place the dishes of paint one on top cr the other with the underside lined with felt or very porous clay. The felt or clay should be moistened. In this manner a moist atmosphere will be producted that will prevent the paint from becoming dry and keep it from evaporating.-Illustrated World.

Miller's Worm Powders destroy worms without any inconvenience to the child, and so effectually that they pass from the body unperceived. They are not ejected in their entirety, but are ground up and pass away through the bowels with the excreta. They thoroughly cleanse the stomach and bowels and leave them in a condition not favorable to worms, and there will be no revival of the posts.

Makeshift, As It Were.

A strange family had recently moved into the neighborhoo .. Robert had made the acquaintance of the small son and had learned from him that the man we only the boy's stepfath er, and in explanation to me, Robert said: "It ain't James' own daddy, mamma; he's just a second-handed one."-Chicago Tribune.

Rub It in for Lame Back .- A brisk rubbing with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil wiff cure lame back. The skin will immediately absorb the oil and i' will penetrate the tissues and bring speedy relief. Try it and be convinced. As the liniment sinks in the pain comes out and there are ample grounds for saying that its touch is magical, as it is.

Worth Knowing,

A dainty way to serve eggs for breakfast, luncheon or tea is to take round slices of bread, toast them delicately, butter them and dip them lightly in not water. On each round spread the white of an egg beaten stiff with a speck of salt. Make a depression in the centre, in which place a whole yolk, set the toast in eyes and see if Ididn't need a half day the oven just long enough to set the yolk and brown the white a little. Place on a platter and garnish with

narsley. Are you worried over rusty iron utensils? There's nothing like kerosene to remove rust from iron. Any metal article that is badly rusted should be immersed in kerosene and allowed to remain until the rust has softened. Then wipe it with a soft cloth and polish with steel wool or silver polish, according to the finish.

THE POULTRY WORLD

SOME HINTS BY AN ENGLISH EXPERT.

The success of poultry keeping as a business depends largely upon the owner's ability to keep his birds vigorous and free from disease, so that it is of paramount importance thoroughly to understand what conditions are necessary to ensure good health and

PREVENTION AND CURE.

The signs of good health in birds are generally a lively manner, clean eye, bright red comb, and good appetite. Before one can intelligently work for the prevention of disease, which is very much more desirable than its cure when it has appeared, something of the causes which produce disease must be known. The poultry keeper must learn to some degree the art of diagnosis, and must then determine what conditions have possibly produced the symptons which are underisable.

Thus, where the digestive machinery seems to be out of order, the quantity and kinds of food taken should be considered, as also should the amount of exercise the birds get, the accessibility of gravel or other forms of grit, the question of undue exposure to cold draughts of air, and the presence of parasites of one form or another. Again, where the respiratory organs are apparently affected, the owner should seek out for himself whether the, birds have been chilled or are infested with parasitic organisms more particularly multiplying in the organs

HYGIENIC CONDITIONS.

The general conditions required to maintain a flock of fowls in good health are, hygienically speaking. much the same as are required for other improved farm animals, exceptng, perhaps, that these conditions are more pressing in the case of poultry than in most other stock, as, proportionately to weight, birds digest food more quickly, while their blood also circulates faster and their temperature is higher. A laying fowl has been compared to "a very perfect and delicate machine, running under high pressure"; and the comparison is a just and reasonable one. Where such a machine gets really good attention, it runs easily and produces the most remunerative results, though, if neglected, it is sure to be more costly and disappointing than more ordinary machines would be.

UPON ELEVATED GROUND. The first requirement of health is to see that the poultry house and yard are located, if possible, upon elevated ground, so that the drainage is good and that water will not settle under with it. The alcohol will evaporate the buildings. A good proportion of sulating layer that will take the size soils dry more readily and do not become so muddy in wet weather. Dama-For the purpose of keeping flies ness is most undosirable. It conduces to rheumatism and many other

> Under what is known as the intengive system, fowls are sometimes kept in very limited spaces; but in our own experience the best possible results can only be had where the exercising yards are large enough. Where space can be spared, every fowl should have at least 60 square feet of yard space, as this will allow of the ground producing as much grass as the birds will eat under ordinary conditions. It is a great advantage to have an open shed, facing the south, so that the birds can scratch in the dry during the winter and in rainy spells at other seasons. This helps very much to main-

tain health and vigor. VENTILATION

In ventilating the houses for poultry, care must be taken so to arrange that cold dra ghts of air do not blow upon the birds. Fresh ir is most essential, but the houses can easily be ventilated without endangering the health of the fowls. Given a satisfactory method of ventilation, it is wise to cover the inside walls of board houses with building paper or some other air-tight material.

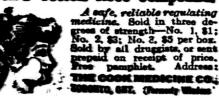
Cleanliness is a canitary condition of the greatest value, since accumulations of dirt and excrement provide breeding grounds for parasites of one sort and another. Hence, when conscructing the poultry house, everything should be so devised that the house can be converently and easily cleaned. All nest-boxes, roosts, etc., should be readily remo able, so that they can be t. 'en out of the house for cleaning, and the floor must be quite smooth to allow of scraping and sweeping. Cracks and !not-holes in the woodwork are best filled with something suitable, to prevent their becoming harbourage for pests.

CLEANLINESS

The longer fowls are kept on the same ground, the reater becomes the risk from parasite diseases, and the more must be the though and care devoted to keeping such nots in check. In this connection, disinfection is invaluable. The simplest means of disinfecting the inside of the poultry house, including all perches and other woodwork, is to apply hot lime-wash two or three times yearly. Where liberally and propertly used this will destroy animal parasites and bacteria.

Where fowls are infested with vermin they should be treated externally with insect pwder of some reliable sort at the time when the houses are disinfected, and insect powder may be stre in in the dust boxes and nests with advantage. The actual ground of the run should be disinfected occasionally. A simple plan is to plough well and dig it, so as to bury all the accumulated excrement and parasite; and it is an advantage if a crop of grass or some other suitable and quickly growing plant can

Cock's Cotton Root Compound



be cultivated on the ground from time to time thus ensuring its get ting a complete change. At this season of the year the fer-

tility of eggs for hatching is a most vital question, so that it seems advisable to consider what conditions tends to increase fertility. Where eggs have to be kept a long time before being set, it is advisable to store them in tightly closed cases and not where they will be exposed to the air. An ideal temperature for the eggs which have to be kept for a time is about 70 degrees Fht. Temperatures below 50 degrees are risky.

FERTILE EGGS

Stated as a general principle the fertility of eggs can be increased by giving the hens freedom, exercise, fresh air and suitable food. Where fowls that have been kept rather closely shut up are afforded abundant space with the object of producing more fertile eggs, about a fortnight of the new management should be given before the eggs are kipt for sit-

It is often stated that eggs for sitting sent by train or post should be rested for a few days before being put under hens; b t the results of such experiments as have been made to cetermine the value of his system go to show that better effects are secured by starting the incubation of the eggs directly they are received and without resting them. - William Toogood, Southampton.

THANKFUL MOTHERS

Once a mother has used Baby's Own Tablets for her little ones she would use nothing else. The Tablets give such results that the mother has nothing but words of praise and thankfulness for them. Among the thousands of mothers throughout Canada who praise the Tablets is Mrs. David A. Anderson, New Glasgow, N. S., who writes: -"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my children and from my experience I would not be without them. I would urge every mother to keep a box of the Tablets in the house." The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach; drive out constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers and make teething easy. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The _r. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

OUR DEBT TO ARABS.

Schools of Medicine Established Under Caliphs.

The origin of the Arab race is a matter of conjecture, but the Arabs were a unified political body with a king of their own long, long before the Christian era. wrote Frederick Simpich in the U. S. National Geographic Magazine. Just now there are perhaps 10.000,000 Arabs, and for convenience of c:assification they are usually seperated into two divi-sions—"Al Bedoo," or "The Dwellers in July 0 97% the Open Land" (commonly called Bedouins), and "Al Hadr," or "Dwellers in Fixed Localities."

The Bedouins, roaming with their herds all over Arabia and even up into Mesopotamia and Syria, are better known to American missionaries, officials and travellers than the Hadr class. are namads from necessity and not from choice, and, as the country comes under better rule, roads, trade, and irrigation will undoubtedly reduce the number of Arabs torced to lead this wandering

Although Bedouin and bandit are al synonymous terms in some parts of Arabia, this is hardly fair to the Bedouins when we consider the way they have to live. When they hold up a Mecca caravan, for example, and exact a sum in cash for "protection," they look on this merely as their rightful share of taxes, habitually collected and kept by border officials. A reform of these desert manners and methods will mosi probably ensue as a result of the British nandate over Arabia. Although nominally a Mohammedan. average Bedouin is said to worry

but little about the Koran's rules or whether his mode of living would please the prophet. The wilder tribes even worship the sun, trees, rocks, etc., dse have no religion at all it Marriage is early and easy and divorce simple and frequent. About 80 per cent. of all Arabs live

About 80 per cent. of all towns, villages, or other fixed places towns, villages, or other fixed places of abode and belong to the class. In this group is found the aristocracy of Arabia. Here are old, reput-able families, with records of births, deaths and marriages, deeds and honors, running back through generations Perhaps the most noted modern Arabia is the house of Koreysh, tracing its connections back to the prophet. The men of this family bear the title of Shereef or Seyd; and it was the Shereef of Mecca who led Arabia's break for statehood.

Education, however, as we regard it n America, is almost unknown Arabians. The few with culture are a class to themselves. Most learning is confined to the classics fo religious and secular literature; the Koran is learned by rote. In the smaller towns there are no schools at all. Yet it was Arab learning and skill, in

the long ago, which started the civilized world on the way to its present high efficiency. Under the Caliphs, schools of therapeutics were set up at Ba;dad, botany was studied as a brarch As one writer says. of medicine. principle mercurial and arsenical preparations of the materia medica, the sulphates of several metals, the properies of acids and alkalis, and the distllation of alcohol were, with their pracical application, known to Er-Razi and Geber, professors of Bagdad. he numerous terms borrowed from the Arabic language-alcohol, alkali, alembic and others-with the signs of drugs and the like still in use among modern apothecaries, show how deeply science is indebted to Arab research." All of which leads the Christian world believe that the Arab people, as a nation, can "come back."

Relief for Suffering Everywhere.-He whose life is made miserable by the suffering that comes from indigestion and has not tried Parmelee's Vegetable Pills does not know how easily this formidable foe can be dealt They are the result of long and patient study and are confidently nut forward as a sure corrector of disorders of the digestive organs, from which so many suffer.

"What should a speaker do in case he loses the thread of his discourse?" we asked the head of the College of Oratory. "He should wind it up as soon as possible," was the reply.-Cincinnati Enquirer.

"Gimme three cigars," ordered O'Rouke, shoving a quarter across the counter. "Strong ones or mild?" "Gimme the strong ones. The weak ones on medicine co. is always bustin' in me pocket."—The American Legion Week'y.

FARMER'S MARKET. Dairy Produce Cive Poultry-Rickens, lb.

Fowi, lb. Fruits-Apples, bkt. ... Do., bbl. ... Rhubarb, bunch ...

 Vegetables—Beets, bag
 3 25

 Carrots, bag
 1 75

 Cabbage, each
 0 15

 Cauliflower, each
 0 25

 Celery, head
 0 10

 Leeks, hunch
 6 10

 Leeks, bunch 0 19
Lettuce leaf, 3 for 0 19
Lettuce, head, each 0 18 Potatoes, bag 4 75
Parsley, bunch 6 10

MEATS-WHOLESALE. Beef, forequarters, cwt. ... 15 50 Do., medium 16 00
Do., common 11 00
Veal, common, cwt. ... 18 00 Mutton cwt. 16 00

Lamb, yearling, lb. 0 28

Do., spring, each 12 00

SUGAR MARKET. The wholesale quotations to the retail trade on Canadian refined sugar, onto delivery, are now as follows: Atlantic, granulated, 100-lb. bags. 316 71
Do., No. 1 yellow, 100-lb. bags. 16 31
Do., No. 2 yellow, 100-lb. bags. 16 21

Do., No. 3 yellow, 100-lb. bags.. 16 11 Acadia, granuiated, 100-lb. bags... 16 71 Do., No. 1 yellow, 100-lb. bags... 16 21 Do., No. 2 yellow, 100-lb. bags... 16 21 Do., No. 3 yellow, 100-lb. bags... 16 11 Bedpath granulated, 100-lb. bags....
Do., No. 1 yellow, 100-lb. bags....
Do., No. 2 yellow, 100-lb. bags....
Do., No. 3 yellow, 100-lb. bags.... Do., No. 4 yellow, 100-lb. bags... 8t. Lawrence gran., 100-lb. bags... 16 7: Do., No. 1 yellow, 100-lb. bags... 16 3: Do., No. 2 yellow, 100-lb. bags... 16 2: Do., No. 3 yellow, 100-lb. bags... 16 1:

OTHER MARKETS.

WINNIPEG EXCHANGE. Fluctuations on the Winnipeg Grain Exchange yesterday were as follows:-Open. High. Low. Close.

Oats-May 1 01% 1 03% 101 % Barley-May ... 1 551/2 July ... 1 50% 1 52 1 49% Flax-May ... 5 29 July ... 5 06 5 08 MINNEAPOLIS.

Minneapolis, Minn.-Close: Wheat, spot, No. 1 Northern, \$2.80 to \$2.95. Flour, 25c higher. In carload lots, standard flour, quoted at \$14.25 a barrely in 98-ib. cotton sacks. Bran, \$49.00. Flat, No. 1, \$4.76 to \$4.81. Barley. No. 1, \$1.29 to \$1.36.

Asthma Cannot Last when the greatest of all asthma specifics used. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy assuredly deserves this cxalted title. It has countless cures to its credit which other preparations had failed to benefit. It brings he'p to even the most severe cases and beings the patient to a condition of blessed relief. Surely suffering from asthma is needless when a remedy like this is so easily secured.

THE STUNG CLUB.

(St. Paul Pioneer Press.) Rare is the day when the news columns do not bear testimony that something cannot be had for nothing. Men and become parties to intrigue by embracing the conclusion that "here is something easy," or "here is something for nothing." And always they pay the price, if not in death or loss of liberty, at least in humiliation, grief and disgrace. Mortal flesh is weak, and that lesh which is immune to temptation hardly flesh but a petrified derivative That is why mere preaching slips too often past deaf ears if it gets with in striking distance of the ears at all. But the counsels of observation and common sense are for us all to take on And if we leave them, we have abundant opportunity to knew, we are doomed sooner or later to join that and inexclusive company of the stung

PERHAPS-NOT. (Florida Times-Union.)

"Pa, I have just been reading about disosaur." "Well, don't say nuthin' to your m about it; she'll be wantin' one for the dinin'-room."

MARRIAGE LIKE PHONING.

She-"In a way, getting married 1 ike using the telephone." He-"How's that?" She-"Well, you don't always ge he party wou want."

QUITE SUPERFLUOUS.

(London Fragments.) "Now, what pockets would you like

me to put in, sir?" "Don't bother about pocketsshan't have any use for them when

've paid for the suit!" To Drive Moths From a Piano. When moths get into a piano th

best means of ejecting them is t make up a mixture o turpentine, ben zoline and oil of lavender, and squir this inside the instrument with scent spray. Use even parts of ber zoline to one of turpentine; add a fee drops of lavender to each ounce.

JUSTIFICATION.

The Artist-This statute in "The Discu hrower." Wonderfully life-like pos-The Other Fellow-Yep! I reckon the disc is one o' them jazz records. Don blame him a bit for chucking it.

As a vermifuge there is nothing a potent as Mother Graves' Worm terminator, and it can be given to th most delicate child without fear of ir jury to the constitution.

with a groa not to ha was a mistak have kndwn would find us since I was be to you, and name and no "Yes." said rere commun

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the countess

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Madge knew

and fro as he

room; could

"God kndws!

"God

than speaking

and ruin! "And I hav he said bitter most as if s then she put "You mean "I mean th here to-night

have known t

Madge and w

known! Bu thought of n piness." "It is the said almost a "No," he s "It is not you always thoug denial, then s "It is I wh

"Yes," she

have been to in a mysteri that you sho done; that yo edifice milt I am puhishe "You, moth not understan "What | hav think and ac how have I re what is the question is, v The counte seemed as if

by her bwn

all he said.

"There is o went on afte 'Madge and clearly enoug have gone av anywhere wh and where th ed. Pood Ma "Everything

curse has re house sincedrew a heavy seemed so sn plans-and G schemed for own!-my pla ends as if P them. Irene