

WM. HOSKIN JARVIS, ONT.

—has been appointed the exclusive Sharples dealer for this territory. Because—we want you to get Sharples Service with Sharples machines. You can get repairs or supplies the same day. Furthermore, our local agent will demonstrate to you the superiority of any Sharples machine. The Sharples Separator saves cream thrown out by all other separators because it skims clean at all speeds, due to the wonderful Suction-feed.

SHARPLES Famous Suction-Feed Skims clean at any Speed SEPARATOR

the only separator that will skim clean at widely varying speeds—the only separator that gives cream of unchanging thickness—all speeds—the only separator that will skim your milk quicker when you turn faster—the only separator with just one piece in the bowl—no discs, easiest to clean—the only separator with knee-low supply tank and once-s-month oiling

Take a trip into our local agent's store today and see for yourself the above exclusive marples advantages and what they mean to you in cream saved and in convenience.

SHARPLES MILKER The world's

fastest milker—and fast milking increases the milk yield. Produces 1.25 lbs. of milk per unit per minute—one man can easily operate four units. Used on over 300,000 cows daily.

The Sharples Separator Co., ...

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QUEENS TO BLAME.

Have Dragged Down Their Husbands and Thrones.

especially apt in causing the downfall of their consorts, not only in the past, but in present times. There can be little doubt that the ruin of the ex-Czar of the Russians was brought about by the extraordinary influence wielded over him by his wife. The Empress was at heart a pro-German, and this fact cost her husband his throne.

Although at the time of writing the sun of Constantine of Greece looks as though it were in the ascendant, there seems little reason to doubt that most of Tino's political manoeuvres and troubles were inspired by his wife, Sophie, sister of the extra large reason.

Poor, beautiful Marie Antoinette brought everybody connected with her to the guillotine, her adoring husband among them, but her influence was more thoughtless and misguided than deliberately wicked.

She firmly believed in the 'divine right of kings,' and was unpopular with the French from the time she landed in their country on account of her Austrian birth.

Finding that the populace would have none of her, she did everything in her power to make her husband, Louis XVI., show the masses how he despised them.

One of the greatest royal tragedies was the terrible murder of King Alexander of Serbia, caused entirely by the bad influence of his wife, Queen Draga. The name of Draga was hated throughout the land on account of her intrigues and the evil power exercised at the councils of the king.

Could she have foreseen the night when she and the king would be dragged from their bed to be murdered by the furious officers who had revolted through her conduct, perhaps she might have used her queenly rights in other directions.

These are only a very few instances where royal women have caused the downfall not only of a king, but of a country. To name all who has misused their wide influence in this way would fill a book.

Safety First.

As the Londoner sat in the village inn, drinking a modest pint and chatting with the local residents, he got on the subject of married life. He advanced the opinion that true happiness was more often to be found in the peaceful country than amid the turmoil of a town.

"Well I ain't so sure about that," said one old chap. "But I do know as I sat last night and held my old woman's hands for two hours by the clock."

"There!" said the visitor, in triumph. "That upholds my argument, and shows how much you love her!"

"Why, if I'd 'a' let go start 'seescratched my bloomin' eyes out!"

THE FARMER'S GARDEN

Do Not Select It Carelessly Nor Neglect It.

Have It Near the House to Save Steps—Soil Enrichment and Cultivation Pay—A Hot-bed or Cold Frame of Great Advantage.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

Although it should be an easy matter for any farmer to have a good garden, most of them give it but little attention. We may find a few vegetables growing near the house, but a continuous supply of fresh vegetables for the table is, apparently, not to be thought of. If they wish a larger supply they buy them from a gardener. This is the easiest way, but they never obtain the quality which is only to be obtained when the vegetable is taken fresh from the garden by the housewife. After all, the making of a garden is a simple matter. All it requires is a little planning beforehand and the determination to give it as much care as is possible. Most farmers have every facility for making a good garden, and they, if anyone, should be satisfied with only the best on their table I think that if they once had a garden from which the housewife each day obtained some fresh vegetable they would always, afterwards, plan to have a garden, and none but the best would please them. The meals would be so much easier to plan, and such variety would be added that our appetites would always be keen

In choosing a location for the gar den it is well to have it near the house. There are two reasons for this: first, there are many odd minutes, while one is waiting for a meal. or in the evening, when one would work in the garden if it were near the house; second, it is much easier for the housewife to obtain vegetables, and, therefore, she will be more likely to use them. If a slope to the south or southeast can be obtained, this will be earlier and allow us to start operations sooner. The soil is best of a light nature, sandy loam or light clay loam, because of the greater ease of planting and cultivation. Heavier, cooler soils are more satisfactory for some of the later main crops, but retard early work

Most soils, especially the heavy ones, should be manured and plough ed in the fall, but lighter soils may be left till spring, especially if the manure is well rotted. Fall plough ing gives the frost a chance to pulverize the soil, destroys many of the insect pests which feed on garden produce, and permits of earlier cultivation. As early as possible in the spring we should thoroughly cultivate the soil to get it into a fine condition of tilth before the seed is sown. If the soil is lumpy, roll and harrow it after cultivating, then plant it. This will leave the surface perfectly ier, and permits making the rows straight. Straight rows always look

much better and tend to give us

greater pride in our garden. To grow fine quality vegetables we must have high fertility, much higher than is common in most farm gardens. The use, then, of manure, well rotted, if possible, at the rate of from twenty-five to fifty tons per acre each fall, will aid in obtaining this high fertility in our gardens. All the hen manure should be saved separately, to be used during the planting season on certain crops, as this is much too valuable a fertilizer to be used like cow or horse manure. Where there is a lack of barnyard manure because of the need of the field crops, a certain amount of commercial fertilizer may be used to take its place. Potash may be obtained in the form of sulphate or muriate of potash, and should be used at the rate of 200 to 250 pounds per acre. Phosphoric acid in the form of superphosphate, bonemeal, or, on light sandy soil, lacking in lime, in the form of basic slag, is applied at the rate of 400 pounds per acre. Nitrogen is generally applied in the form of nitrate of soda. Because it very quickly disappears from the soil in the drainage water, it is generally used on the growing plants, 100 to 150 pounds per acre being sufficient; if put on twice, 50 to 75 pounds each time, during the growing season. You may buy a complete fertilizer from some fertilizer firm or seedsman, which will give good results.

As many of our best vegetables come originally from tropical countries where the season of growth is much longer than ours, we must use some means to give them this longer growing period. This can best be done by using hotbeds and cold frames. Many will say that it is easier to buy from a greenhouse man. No doubt this is so, but we miss much of the pleasure of gardening by so doing, and if a fair amount of care is used we can grow a plant which will give us as good, if not better results. Those who do not wish to construct a hothed may grow tomatoes and early cabbage plants in tin cans or berry boxes in a south window as they would a house plant. If we use tomato cans the solder should be melted from the seams. the can being afterwards tied up with a string.—A. M. MacLennan, Vegetable Specialist, Toronto.

Inspect all tools and implements intended for immediate use.

Test the seed-drill for sowing. Oil

Test the seed-drill for sowing. Oil all working parts; replace worn parts.

Don't forget that the roller wants

If the weather turns reasonably mild, April is a good month to shear the sheep.

Ploughing and cultivation will begin on all suitable land. If time will not permit to plough all the sad in the apple orchard, try the strip method, leaving the grass on either side of the tree pays.

Made-in-Canada Week

Beginning Saturday and Continuing for One Week Falls' will Inaugurate a Made-In-Canada Week.

We are buying tens of thousands of dollars' worth of merchandise "all made-in-Canada" for our 24 different departments. Formerly over fifty per cent. of these purchases were made in Foreign countries. Time has changed—Canada is bounding. It would be a revolution to many if they knew the hundreds of lines of merchandise now being made in Canada that had to be imported a few years ago. Every item listed below was made in Canada and will be underpriced from Saturday, April 16th, to Saturday, April 23rd.

A Few of the Items on Sale Are Listed Below.

There are scores of others throughout our 24 Departments just as Good or Better.

Nainsook—Made-in-Canada—36 in. fine even cloth for women, children and infants' wear, worth 45c yd, for the yard 33c.

Factory Cotton—Made-in-Canada—Heavy 36 in. cloth, useful for Sheets and Pillow Cases, a 25c value for the yard 19c.

Ginghams -- Made-in-Canada---In a splendid assortment of Plaids, Checks and Stripes. Get your share at the special price of **19c**.

Sheets •• Made-in-Canada --- Bleached Sheets, heavy quality, plain hemmed, size $2\frac{1}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ yds., the pair \$3.80.

Made-In-Canada Week will be a Very Important Week to Parties Requiring

Rattan Furniture
Separate Chairs
Chesterfields
Kitchen Cabinets
Quality Springs
Dining Room Furniture
Hall Furniture

Den Furniture Separate Tables Divenettes Refrigerators Book Cases Quality Mattresses Bedroom Furniture

Matresses Made - in - Canada --- Full size, heavy Ticking, all felt filling, Reg. \$15.00, for \$12.50

Curtain Scrim • Made-in-Canada—500 yards of a nice quality in Curtain Scrim in White, Cream, and Ecru, hemstitched edge, will sell for the yard 19c

House Dresses and Aprons • Made-in-Canada---Women's House Dresses in Ginghams and Prints, new styles and patterns, heavy materials, a \$2.50 value for \$1.75.

Bungalow Aprons • Large size sweep in good washable Print, each only **88c**.

In the Downstairs Store Made-In-Canada Week You Can Buy

Gold, Surprise, P. & G. Soap, Fairy, Lifebouy, Ivory, Sunlight and Comfort Soaps, 12 Cakes for \$1.00
Old Dutch Cleanser . 3 tins for 30c
Lux . 2 pkgs for 23c
Sani Flush . 28c tin
Substantial 5-string Broom, at each . 47c

Castile Cakes, will lather freely in hard or soft water. Special, 7 Cakes 25c



A City Store in a Town - - - But not City Prices

