

THE WEEK'S REVIEW

BACKGROUNDS FOR CANADIAN CITIZENSHIP.

Some of our biggest Canadians live at home and some others have gone to live elsewhere. One of the big men who draws a greater crowd in New York, Boston or Chicago than in Toronto, is George Locke, chief librarian of the Public Library. He is a most entertaining speaker, and a Canadian through and through. His book, "When Canada Was New France," is better calculated to inspire genuine love of country and patriotism in a Canadian child than anything else we know of, awaking as it does the historic and romantic interest in its own land without which no child can be nationalized, or perhaps it is better to say localized. Mr Locke is generally to be found in the big Carnegie Reference Library which is the centre of the Library activities of the capital city, and one of the most interesting places in Toronto for the visitor. The invaluable collection of over 4,000 pictures and prints made by the late John Ross Robertson are housed here and cover every phase of Canadian history for 300 years. Mr. Locke makes a specialty of literature for children and the work of cultivating the children's minds and taste is not confined to reading alone. The story-telling sessions in which nineteen of the Library assistants are engaged interest children of all ages from the nursery tale stage up to the chronicles and romance of history. There is no other way to offset the influence of the cheap, nasty, trashy literature with which the United States floods the country. These things come in wholesale and all that can be done is to set up the opportunity for children to develop literary taste. The Library thus viewed, Mr. Locke says, is a protecting industry. Children will read something and they ought to get the best possible. They read 1,500,000 books from the Library last year. Speaking of fiction Mr. Locke told the Canadian Club that it was the strongest power in the world today. The writer aims to make his book readable and interesting. That is why people read it, and therein lies its influence. Foreign born boys and girls can be reached through the library when other means fail, and the club was surprised to hear that the district settled by the foreigners was the best read, as far as the children were concerned, in the city. Mr. Locke thrilled his audience also as he reminded them how Henry of Navarre, the hero of Macaulay's ballad, wearying of France, went to Panama and came back with the first report recommending a canal there. He then came as governor to Canada and travelled to Georgian Bay and Lake Simcoe, going down through Bobcaygeon to Port Hope. In the time of Shakespeare a native Canadian born in Quebec in order to get in touch with a tribe of Indians to get even with the Iroquois, crossed the height of land, came down the Humber river and was the first white man to see Lake Ontario. When Canadians realize the background of their country's history in this way it helps them to understand citizenship better with all its privileges and responsibilities. In conclusion he recommended them to read Bliss Carman's Coronation ode with its vision of the Canadian British "bred beneath the tent-cloth of a wider whiter day."

AN UNWORTHY HINDU.

Now that the Indian Legislative Assembly is actually functioning it may be possible to convince bigots like Dr. Hardiker, of New York, that the British Commonwealth really exists. The Assembly recently passed a resolution affirming that the relations between India and the British Empire be maintained on a basis of equal partnership and complete racial equality. Dr. Hardiker and his friends might make note also that Britain is not like Russia under the Tsar which dissolved the Duma if it did not do what was agreeable. The Indian Legislature has been established and will remain established, only growing more powerful and gaining wider powers as it displays its maturing wisdom and control. Dr. Hardiker unfortunately is himself an argument in the hands of those who declare that the people of India are not capable of self-government. He came recently to Toronto and received a respectful hearing from people who disagreed with him. At every meeting he addressed he grew bolder and more sedulous. Finally when it was decided to bring Rustomjee, the well-known Parsee with General Putnam, of New York, to the other side of Dr. Hardiker's India polemic Dr. Hardiker urged his last and rowdiest audience to go to

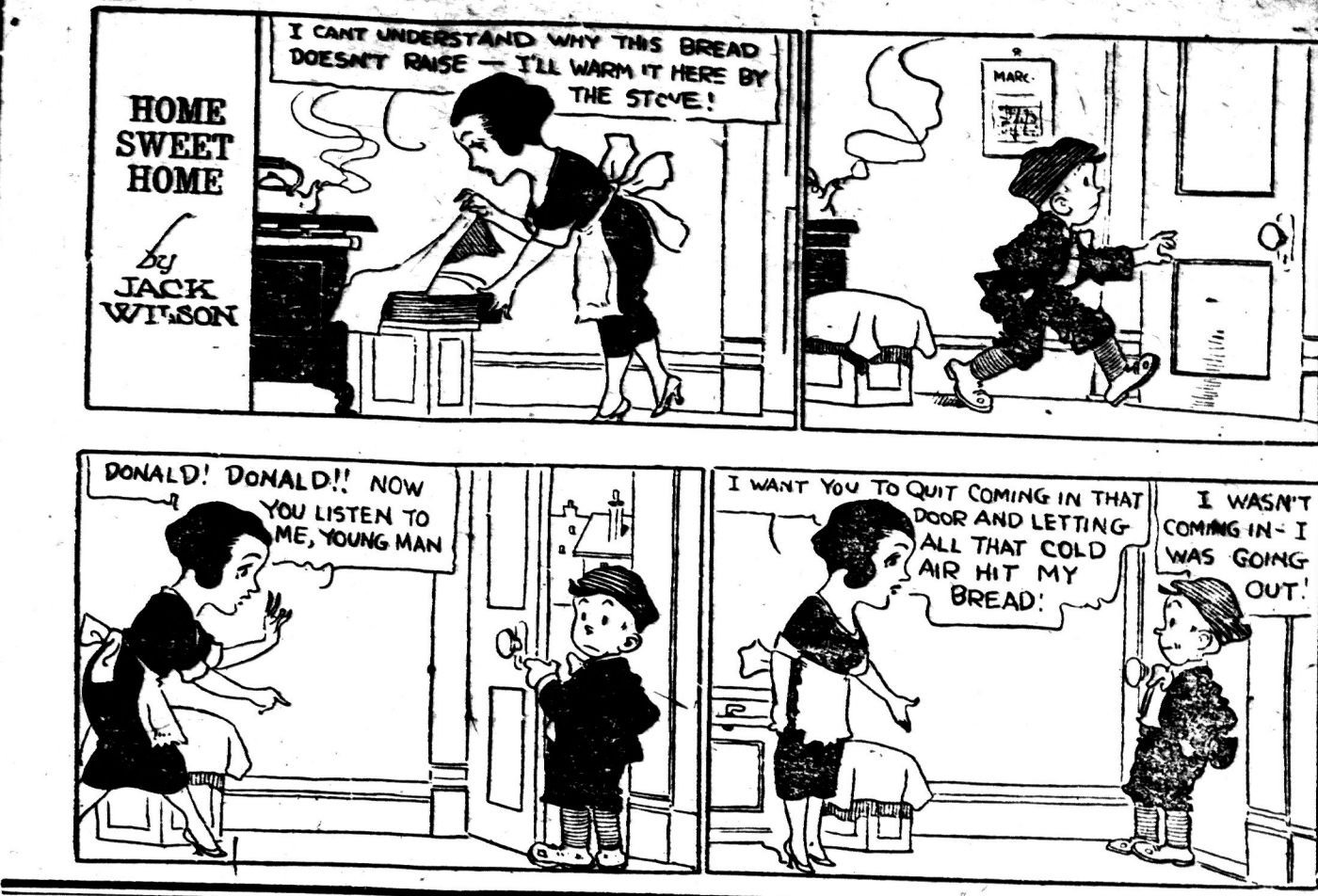
Rustomjee's meeting and "stop his mouth." This from the representative of a people claiming to be fit for self-government. Dr. Hardiker is very young, very New Yorkish, and very far from understanding what British liberty means. His followers went to the meeting at which Rustomjee and General Putnam were to speak and broke it up in confusion. They were unwilling to hear the other side. Dr. Hardiker was unwilling that his statements should be considered or criticised. He showed that he did not know how to use liberty when he had it, nor how to show the courtesy of a guest to his host. He made a poor case for his fellow-countrymen in asking to be accepted as their representative and spokesman. He suggested to many that if he was a simple Hindu then indeed those who thought self-government was premature for India might be right after all. But Britain knows better and trusts the wiser and saner elements of the Indian nation to work out the problem now placed in their hands, and to curb such German-inspired and Gotham-bred Hindus as Dr. Hardiker into some semblance of reason and moderation. There have been some ugly mistakes made in the last few years in India, but they are mistakes of officials, not of British intention or policy, and Lord Reading may be trusted to work out a solution of the problem which will make the bond of Union with Britain as dear to India as to South Africa or Canada.

CO-OPERATION EXTRAORDINARY.

A business employing \$33,000,000 is quite a respectable affair, and in British Co-operative Wholesale Society has this amount of money in its investments. It is showing the way in England to what the ignorant Russians are blindly and wickedly striving after in their Bolshevism; the bigoted and intolerant I. W. W.'s hoping for in United States, and various breeds of socialists and anarchists speculating over everywhere. The C. W. S. is engaged in all kinds of industry, commerce and romance, but always in a full co-operative way, socialist, non-profit-making, gradually eating into the capitalist system of the country. Its enterprise is equal to that of any capitalist house. The directors spend \$5,000,000 with the utmost coolness to extend their control over industry and raw materials. Mills and factories of all kinds are owned by them. They are the largest timber importers at the Manchester docks. They have sawmills and a cabinet factory. They own a pottery, a cattle market, a butter factory, a cutlery, a fish-curing depot, a boot and shoe factory. They own 35,000 acres of land in England and 10,000 acres of wheat land in Canada. They own immense tea estates in Assam, and last year bought 30,142 acres more in India and 1769 in Ceylon. They buy palm kernels in West Africa to make oleomargarine, soap and candles at Liverpool. They grind their own flour and bake their own bread. They conduct international trade on the same non-profit making, co-operative basis. It has also given credit of \$2,000,000 to the Roumanian Village Co-operative Societies, \$1,250,000 to two Polish Co-operative Societies; and \$500,000 to the Belgian Societies. An attempt was made to trade with South Russia Co-operative Societies. It is constantly extending its operations and should its growth continue at the rate achieved since the war began it may yet be the system which will absorb all other businesses on account of its inherent strength, vitality and just dealing. Already in Western Canada there are many co-operative societies—400 it is said in one prairie province. If it has principles of vitality within it, which gives it greater staying power than the capitalist system, then it will survive all vicissitudes and take its place as the new mode of commerce, ousting the old way of competition, and drawing the world into closer relations in all its parts. Its effect would be to turn the business of the world into the system and method of a gigantic departmental store.

PROPER FRUIT SHIPMENTS.

Uneasiness felt by fruit-growers in Ontario and other parts of Canada over the treatment they receive from dealers in Britain has led to considerable investigation and discussion. The need for care in handling shipments begins even earlier than when the fruit reaches the seaboard or is landed on British docks. The domestic phase of the situation is receiving attention, and the establishment of a central agency to look after the sale of Ontario apples has been proposed. A Carriers' Protective Service is also under consideration. The need for a better assortment of fruit when variations of from



A TIME FOR LOOKING FORWARD

After long and difficult wanderings we are coming to steadier days. Let us turn our backs on doubt and dissension and observe with fair minds the great problems that face Industry as well as Agriculture. We cannot lag by the wayside and go forward at the same time.

One thing is certain as springtime approaches: as the farmers of the nation put their hands and hearts into the labors before them, so will Agriculture travel into seasons of prosperity.

Fertile and fallow fields will soon emerge smiling from the grip of winter, asking to be made fruitful. That will be the critical annual moment. Sowing time will determine what crops shall grow and what acreage be harvested when ripeness fills kernel and grain.

For yourself, be the true Canadian optimist. Defend your faith in the success of the year and in the future of Canada—and help your fields to yield to the limit of their powers. From that foundation, only, can Agriculture and Industry be brought to that peak of health which kindles good fortune in town and country alike.

When spring comes, be one looks ahead. Plan your year wisely; govern well your land, your crops, your machines, your help exercise a broad-gauge economy so that deserved profit may result. Then the summer of 1912 will see the sun shining on great seas of grain and the granaries of autumn will be overflowing.

WOMEN'S INSTITUTES

NEWS ITEMS COVERING THE ACTIVITIES OF WOMEN IN ALL PARTS OF ONTARIO.

FENELON FALLS.

There are nine branches now in the East Victoria district. We have the hot school lunch in a number of our schools, also sanitary towels and basins, and great interest is being shown in the care of both school house and playground.

We expect within a few weeks to have medical school inspection introduced in our schools. We maintain, along with the branches in West Victoria, a rest room in our county town, which is free and is certainly appreciated by mothers with children in town on market days.

Our members are all being well educated, as it were, on the subject of child welfare, which our branch has been discussing for some time. Every year we send liberal donations to the Sick Children's Hospital, Institute for the Blind, Soldiers' Re-establishment, Navy League, Armenian Relief, etc., and also help support a public reading room in our town. We are now arranging for a grand concert to be held during March.

MRS. C. P. SMITH.

ANCASTER.

The Ancaster Women's Institute held the monthly meeting at the Mansie, the home of Mrs. Currie. The President, Mrs. Stevenson, in the chair. Several communications, were read by the Secretary Mrs. Seaward. Current events were introduced by Mrs. Moore and Mrs. Lyons, gave a very touching recitation. A lengthy discussion took place on the question of a Community Park for the village and steps were taken to secure funds for this much needed playground. The roll call brought responses in "Something funny" from 20 members. A social tea was served and the singing of

the National Anthem brought a successful meeting to a close. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Seaward on the first Thursday in April.

MRS. CURRIE.

WELLAND.

Welland County is having her Rural schools inspected, under the Department of Education. Dr. Sirrs, of Toronto is very successfully carrying on the work of inspection. Where possible, the doctor meets the Women's Institute and gives splendid talks on Medical Inspection and School Improvements, giving the Women's Institute a good line of work to take up in the different branches. The services of the school inspectors, Mr. J. W. Marshall and Mrs. Jas. McNeill, have added much to the success of the work.

MRS. EARLE RAMBEY.

A GENTLE LAXATIVE FOR THE CHILDREN

Mothers—the surest way of keeping your little ones well and happy; whether it is the new-born babe or the growing child is to keep their bowels regular and their stomach sweet. Nine-tenths of all childhood ailments are the result of clogged bowels and sour stomach. The most necessary and the best medicine for little ones is a gentle laxative—something that will relieve constipation; sweeten the stomach and promote rest and natural sleep. Such a medicine is Baby's Own Tablets. They are absolutely guaranteed free from opiates or other injurious drugs and may be given to the youngest infant with perfect safety. They banish constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers and give the baby that health and happiness which all children should have. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A salmon has been known to produce 10,000,000 eggs.

ISSUE NO. 11, 1921

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WE WANT 200 MORE MEN AT once to fill positions in early spring at \$125 to \$200 per month operating gas tractors, driving motor trucks and cars, selling tractors, cars and farm power machinery, or as auto tractor mechanics in city and country garages. Only a few weeks required to learn these trades in the day or evening classes at the Hemphill Government chartered Motor School in every large city of Canada. Start now and you will be ready for spring rush. Call at nearest branch for free catalogue. Visitors always welcome. Hemphill Motor School, 209 Pacific Avenue, Winnipeg. Branches at 163 King Street West, Toronto, Regina, Saskatoon, Edmonton, Calgary, and Vancouver. 30

SALESMAN WANTED.

GRAMOPHONE MANUFACTURER wants agents. Sample gramophone and records at factory price. Catalogue free. Voice-O-Phone Co., 1 Adelaide Street East, Toronto. 12

HERE IS AN OPPORTUNITY FOR an energetic man to be independent and free from the worry of unemployment, representing a strong Health and Accident Company. Liberal policies, good commissions and opportunity for advancement to position of District Manager. A. F. Stolz, Manager, Merchants Casualty Company, Royal Bank Bldg., Toronto. 6-22

SALESMEN AND AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED FOR 5,000 Facts About Canada, 1921 Edition now out. Compiled by Frank Yeigh, 50 chapters full of Canada's wonderful story of progress in a nutshell. Send 30 cents for a copy to Canadian Facts Publishing Co., 688 Huron Street, Toronto. 11

POULTRY WANTED AND FOR SALE.

HENS WANTED ALIVE, 25 CENTS a pound, any size. Ducks 35 cents. Roosters, 22 cents. I pay express within 200 miles of Toronto. Crates loaded free. Eggs wanted. On February 15th I paid Mr. W. A. Leach of Dumfries, \$16.32 for 68 pounds of eggs at 24 cents a pound. If you want high prices ship to Albert Lewis, 666 Dundas West, Toronto. 11

\$7.00 Per Day Profit. OUR HENS PAY A PROFIT OF (\$5.00) each over and above feed bills. - (500 hens will pay you a profit of \$7.00) per day. A Cock of our strains will pay you many times over in extra eggs from your stock during first phase in the Saskatchewan Laying Contest and second place in the Canadian Laying Contest. Write for beautifully illustrated catalogue. It's free. L. R. Guile, Box 5, Rockwood, Ont. t.f.

BABY-CHIX FROM OUR HEAVY producing Barren Rock, Rhode Island Red—best strains. Live delivery guaranteed. (Chicks 60c. Eggs \$2.50 per setting. Circular free. Albreton Poultry Farms, Currie's Crossing, Ont. 11

ELMGROVE FARM.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—BRONZE Turkeys, Embden, African and Toulouse geese, Pekin and Indian Runner ducks, White and Barred Rocks, White Wyandottes, Rhode Island Red, and Silver Campines. Write for catalogue. J. C. Rudolph, Albion, Ont. 13

ARTICLES WANTED.

FALSE TEETH (OLD) ANY CONDITION \$1 to \$25 per set. Also old gold discarded jewellery, watches and diamonds. Ellison, 467 Church Street, Toronto. 17

PAISLEY SHAWL WANTED, IN good condition. Write Mrs. McCann, 194 Jameson Ave., Toronto. t.f.

MEDICAL.

FITS—STINSON'S HOME TREATMENT for epilepsy. Twenty years' success. Thousands of testimonials. No case should be considered hopeless. Free booklet. Wm. Stinson Remedy Co. of Canada, 2611 Yonge street Toronto. 27

RHEUMATISM ROUTERS—AN effective, scientific remedy for Rheumatism, Chills, Colds, Feet, Nervous Troubles. No drugs. Convenient to use. Regular price \$2.00. Send \$1.00 for special limited introductory offer, or write for particulars. Rheumatism Routers Co., 96 Hillesdale Ave., Toronto. 11

MISCELLANEOUS.

MAKE MONEY AT HOME—\$15 TO \$60 paid weekly for your spare time writing showcards for us. No canvassing. We instruct and supply you with work. West-Angus Showcard Service, 57 A. M. Osborne St., Toronto. 11

KNITTING YARNS—LOVELY colors, pure wool, but very moderate prices. Knit shades free. Georgetown Wollen Mills, Georgetown, Ontario. 19

WE WILL SPIN WOOL INTO YARN or blankets. Address Georgetown Wollen Mills, Ont. 15

SEND A DOMINION EXPRESS Money Order. Five Dollars costs three cents.

Mirard's Liniment For Dandruff.

Your frankly profit on other object being it is the best

The Sunday Liberator

Lesson XII

JESUS ON T

Lesson—Matt

Golden Text—Co

own love toward

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Historical

Time, Friday, A

Place, Gulgatha,

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