

Garage is Completed

And Everything is now Running in Full Swing
Full Line of TIRES---ACCESSORIES
ALL MAKES AND VARIETIES

Special Price on 30x3 1-2 Guaranteed Tires \$10 each

We have now in the Showrooms 1 Durant Sedan and 2 Durant Touring Cars, also a good showing of new McLaughlin Cars.

Full Line of Repairs for McLaughlin Cars
We guarantee all work done in Our Garage.
A trial solicited.

WE HANDLE WHITE ROSE GASOLINE

THE UP-TO-DATE GARAGE

TODD BROS.

Dealers in McLaughlin and Durant Cars and Beaver Trucks

HAGERSVILLE, ONT.

For Housekeepers

DECORATION—In our Wall Paper Department we are showing most of the best productions of the foremost manufacturers of Wall Paper in England, United States and Canada.

This department is in charge of one of the best home decorators in Ontario.

Visitors are always welcome.

Express charges paid for out-of-town customers.

Window Shades and Poles
Draperies Paints Stains
Varnish Enamel

E. H. JACKSON CO.

LIMITED

The Drug Store on The Corner
SIMCOE ONTARIO

Poultry Wanted!

Highest market Prices paid for Live Poultry.

Heavy and Driving Horses for Sale at Right Price

P. E. Armstrong
Jarvis, Ont.

HAY WANTED

The Undersigned is prepared to purchase hay in any quantities, baled or loose. Highest market price paid.

E. S. GILES
Hagersville, Ont.

R.R. No. 5. Phone 943

Important to Those Who Care

How to Remove Dandruff.
How to Stop Falling Hair.
How to Color Grey Hair.
How to Reduce the Bust.
How to Eliminate Double Chin and a host of other valuable information on Beauty Culture.

Dr. DuMaurier's Revelations of the Art of Beauty Culture, \$1.00 (post-free).

Sold by The Beaver Drug, James South, or post free on receipt of \$1.

DR. DU MAURIER
D. D. M. E. H. R.
66 King Street E., Hamilton, Ont.

Your School Supplies
Our Stock of Scribbles, Pencils, Drawing Books, Inks, Etc., is complete.

"The Jarvis Record"

Church Services

St. Paul's Anglican—
REV. ARCH-DEACON IRVING, Rector.
11 a. m.—"The Athanasian Creed."
7 p. m.—"God, the Universal Father."
Monday, 4:30 p. m.—Junior Auxiliary in schoolroom.
Tuesday, 2:30 p. m.—Women's Auxiliary.
All are cordially invited to attend these services.

Knox Presbyterian—
REV. A. W. HARE, B. A., MINISTER
11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.—Rev. M. E. Siple.
Y. P. S. Friday at 8 p. m. Subject—"Friendships That Are Worth While."
Leader, Mr. Chas. Davidson.
You are invited to these services.
Choir practice Friday at 9 p. m.

Wesley Methodist—
REV. G. SMITHERMAN, Pastor.
11 a. m.—"A Society Tragedy."
7:30 p. m.—"God's Doorkeepers."

Garnet Methodist—
1:30 p. m.—Sunday School
Epworth League and Prayer Meeting on Friday evening at 3 p. m.

HARRIS' BUTCHER SHOP

Choicest Fresh and Cured Meats and Poultry

We aim to please our Customers.

All Orders promptly attended to.

THOS. HARRIS
Main St., -- JARVIS

Shop in Simcoe At OUR Expense

We Refund Car Fare from Jarvis on a purchase of \$6.00 and over, Hagersville on \$10.00 and over, and from Nelles Corners on \$12.00 and over.

Murdoch's
Simcoe's Favorite Shopping Place

BOOMING BETTER SIRE

Publicity Methods Used in Forwarding the Campaign.

Motion Pictures the "Real Thing"—Lantern Slides Also Useful—The Use of Gate Signs is Becoming Popular With Breeders—Can't Have Eggs and Mites, too.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

The ultimate object of the campaign for better sires is to improve the quality of the beef and dairy herds of the country. To achieve the object it is necessary, first, to create in the minds of farmers an interest in and a desire for a better class of cattle. This cannot be done by writing and talking alone. The ideal way to create this interest would be to have the people see numbers of good cattle. As this is seldom practicable, the next best thing is the use of good pictures. It is in this direction that we have found motion pictures useful. If you can show an audience a number of reels of high class cattle, you secure their interest immediately, and when shown in pastures similar to the pastures in their own fields the appeal is very strong. Wherever such pictures have been shown, it has resulted in a number of the audience making enquiry about breeding, feeding and methods of caring for cattle to obtain the best results.

Motion Pictures Have Their Limitations.

Motion pictures are not well adapted for making studies of type. It is in this connection that we have found lantern slides valuable. The slides we have used have included close-up pictures of ideal representatives of all breeds contrasted with slides of undesirable and unprofitable types. One of the most interesting is a series showing a number of scrub cows, the good bulls to which they were bred and the resulting calves. This is the next best thing to having the animals actually there. In brief, motion pictures secure the attention of the audience and create a desire for more information; lantern slides illustrate types and methods. Motion pictures made on Ontario farms have been used to illustrate the leading beef and dairy breeds. Wherever possible, groups of animals by one sire are included to show uniformity and high standard of breed type.

It is proposed to prepare a picture of market animals showing different grades. Some of the most common of poor to fair quality with their calves by high class bulls, showing marked improvement in one generation by the use of a good sire, have been secured. It is hoped to secure more of these as they are the very best of object lessons.

The Use of Gate Signs.

In an educational campaign there are a number of essentials, one of which is to create an interest in the minds of those you wish to influence. It is no easy matter to reach the man who most requires the information. Bulletins and other literature sent to him often find their way into the waste basket unread. He is not easy to get out to meetings where the matter is to be discussed. The main object in using the signs is to reach the man who does not read bulletins or attend meetings. When he sees a sign on his neighbor's gate announcing the fact that a pure-bred bull is kept on that farm, it starts him thinking. If ever he is where a pure-bred bull is kept in indicated in this way, natural curiosity will as a rule lead a man to make inquiries. Such an individual will probably have been claiming that his grade bull is just as good as the pure-bred, but he soon realizes that if he keeps a bull and has no sign up stating that it is pure-bred, the inference is that it is inferior.

The spirit of "Keeping up with the Joneses" which is a real factor in human progress. When you get a man in a receptive frame of mind, you have accomplished considerable in other words, you have fertile soil. The motion picture sign is to create interest, and in this it is succeeding in a great measure. —J. E. Rettie, Assist. Live Stock Director, Toronto.

Can't Have Eggs and Mites, Too.
Hot weather brings the roost mites. They multiply so fast that the hen-house is swarming with them and the egg yield has dropped to almost nothing, perhaps, before you realize what is the cause. Therefore, don't wait for them. Make the house disagreeable to these pests before they show themselves. The process of keeping out the mites is one of the simplest in poultry culture. Kerosene will do it. It is easily applied either by a broad flat brush or a spray. The paint brush will save kerosene, but takes time. The spray will save time and use kerosene. Take your choice, but paint or spray the roost and supports with kerosene before the mites put in an appearance. The morning is the best time, as the roosts will be dry and much of the odor from the oil will have disappeared before the hens return at night. Spray or paint every two weeks during warm weather. A good-audible egg check every month keeps the ball rolling. Don't let the mites get it.

The New Farm House and Trees.
When planning to build a farm house it is well to select a location near good trees so that their shade may be used and enjoyed by the family every day during the summer. It takes so long to grow good trees that existing ones should be cherished and utilized to the fullest extent. If trees must be planted, the site should not be placed directly in front of the farm house, but should be put somewhat to each side so as to make a frame through which a view of a portion of the front is obtained.

Keeping Celery.

At a constant temperature of 33 degrees Fahr., celery can be kept for several months. It is placed on the market as fresh looking as the day it was cut. Recent experiments at the Ontario Government Cold Storage Station at Brighton, bear out this statement, which knowledge will prove of immense value to growers. To obtain the best results, the cold storage, celery should be "well grown, partially bleached, cut with part roots on, with a little roughage left for protection; and finally, cut, banded and placed in cold storage the same day.

Common Cows Need Good Grain

With the spring season at an end, every owner of dairy cows should begin to plan his winter feeding. Cows often suffer more for lack of feed between the time when the pasture is good and the time when they do after winter is really at hand. Every experienced feeder has learned that it is easy to let cows decline in milk as a result of poor feed, but very hard to bring them back. A good feed, however, the year is possible only when the grain is kept at a high level of milk production all the time.

The foundation of all good dairy rations is a succulent feed, either silage or roots, and a legume hay, which means clover or alfalfa. Just as soon as the grass begins to get short, therefore, the feeding of silage and hay should begin. If never pays to scrimp on roughage. Let the cows have as much as they will eat up clean all the time. That is what a cow is for—to convert roughage into milk. A good grain mixture should contain at least three different feeds, one of which is rather high in protein. A good grain mixture for cows of medium production is ground corn or barley four parts, oats or bran two parts, linseed meal one part. The best grain would vary with the milk produced. The cow that is milking heavily is the one to receive the liberal grain allowance. A good rule to follow with reference to amount of feed, is to give one pound of grain to each hundred pounds of milk produced by a Guernsey or Jersey, and one pound of grain to each hundred and one-half pounds of milk by a Holstein.

Old Dust Heaps of London.

Lovers of Dickens are not likely to forget the Golden Dustman, in "Our Mutual Friend," and the heaps of dust that were his fortune. Not so many years ago there was many a mountain of rubbish, rags, and various unsavoury off-cuts, in London itself. There are many stories of the wonderful finds that have been made by dust sifters in those heaps, and one of the fraternity named Mary Collins, who lived in the neighborhood of Lisson Grove, once gave some curious evidence before a police magistrate when she appeared to charge a woman with robbery. The prisoner had stolen a bag that contained one coral necklace, another with a pearl clasp, several handsome rings and brooches, five gold seals, some gold rings and brooches, broken bits of gold and silver and other articles of lesser value. In reply to the magistrate the prosecutrix stated that she had found the property among the dust, and that the person who followed her trade found almost every small article that could be mentioned. She was employed by a dust contractor who allowed his employees 8d. per load for sifting, in addition to all the spoons and other articles that they might find among the dust. Mary Collins had followed her occupation for eight years, and had done so well with her "finds" that she built herself a house at a cost of £300. In addition she showed a cash-box in which were thirty-nine sovereigns, two five-pound notes and several guineas and half sovereigns.

Method of Cultivation For the Eradication of Bladder Campion or Cow Bell.

Badly infested fields should be ploughed deeply in the fall and then cultivated and cross-cultivated with a broad-sharred cultivator in order to break up and weaken the under root-stocks. In the spring this cultivation should be repeated frequently enough to prevent the plant making any growth above ground until it is time to put in a hoed crop, which must be kept thoroughly clean in order to be effective. A well-cared for corn crop planted in hills so that it can be cultivated both ways has been found to give excellent results. Special attention must be given to hoeing out any bladder campion plants which may appear in the corn crop and which are not destroyed by cultivation. One fall and one spring's thorough cultivation, followed by a well cared for hoed crop, has been found to destroy practically all the bladder campion in a field, except in exceptionally wet seasons.—J. E. Howitt, O. A. College, Guelph.

WEEDS ARE RUBBERS

They Cost Older Ontario at Least \$28,000,000 Annually.

They Are Heavy Reducers of Legitimate Crop Yields—More After Harvest Tillage Is Needed—Dandelion Control—Why a \$5,000 Bull Was Sold for \$50.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)
A superficial survey of Southern Ontario shows very clearly that the weed plants have gained so much headway on very many farms as to have become the largest profit-robbing factor. Thistles, ragweed, mustard, etc., are crowding out the useful food plants, reducing yields and making work more difficult. Too Little Farm Help and Too Many Dogs.

In the old days when labor was more plentiful and gang-ploughs for after harvest tillage were found in use on every farm, clean, weed free fields were to be seen on every hand. Farms that were models of cleanliness and the pride of their owners are no longer so. The men of the old school and the condition of abundant, willing help on the farms has gone. The presence of competing weeds does not worry the present day farmer to a point of action. Shortage of help, apathy on the part of land-owners, neglect to make noxious weed by-laws operative, and the sheep-killing dog, have been the chief contributing factors favoring the wholesale weed development that is now experienced by this province.

Annual Losses Run to Millions of Dollars.

The average loss per acre on cultivated lands is difficult to determine. On the well kept farms the annual loss caused by the presence of weeds is not less than two dollars per acre. On the farms that have been poorly managed for a number of years the annual loss from weeds may be as high as ten dollars per acre. Taking the lower figure of two dollars per acre as the minimum loss, on the Southern Ontario farms that have an aggregate area of 14,000,000 cleared acres we have a loss of \$28,000,000 per year. The weed increase which has been so rapid during the past ten years will, if not checked, cause a direct loss to the Ontario farmers of \$100,000,000 per annum.

Let the Plough and the Harrow Be Kept Going.

If the noxious weed robbery that is being perpetrated on the Ontario farmer from April to October each year just because he is willing to be robbed were stopped, money for household comforts, taxes, etc., would be more plentiful. After harvest tillage, autumn ploughing and the cleaning up of the fence rows and roadsides in good time will help check the advance of weeds. The agriculture of no province is so rich that it can afford to tolerate a weed nuisance that is costing many millions each year.—L. Stevenson, Secretary Dept. of Agriculture, Toronto.

DESTROYING MUSTARD

How to Get Rid of a Very Unwelcome Weed.

Iron Sulphate Will Give Satisfaction—Clean Cultivation Will Eradicate Bladder Campion or Cow Bell—Fitting the Horse Collar is an Art.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

Following is a continuation of last week's discussion on the best methods of destroying certain weeds affecting Ontario farms:

Spraying With Iron Sulphate to Prevent Mustard From Seeding in Cereal Crops.

Iron sulphate or coppers can be successfully used to destroy mustard in standing grain without injury to the crop.

Preparation of Solution.

A 20 per cent. solution should be applied. This can be prepared by dissolving 80 pounds of iron sulphate in forty gallons of water. Iron sulphate is dissolved quite readily in cold water. The solution should be strained through a cheese cloth, as it is put into the spray pump tank. This will remove dirt and small particles that are apt to clog the nozzle.

Time to Apply.

Apply on a calm clear day just as soon as the first few plants in the fields show flowers. It is very important to spray early. If the plants are left too long the treatment is not nearly so effective. If a heavy rain comes within twenty-four hours after the solution is applied, it will be necessary to spray again.

How to Apply the Solution.

An ordinary hand pump barrel sprayer, such as is employed to spray fruit trees may be used, or a potato sprayer can be rigged up to do this work. Many of the up-to-date sprayers have a special broadcast attachment for spraying weeds. These are excellent for large areas, as they cover a wide strip at each round. Care must be taken to see that every mustard plant is covered with the solution in the form of a fine spray.

The results of the ten years' cooperative experiments show that mustard may be prevented from seeding in oats, wheat or barley by spraying with a twenty per cent. solution of iron sulphate without any serious injury to the standing crop, or to the fresh seedlings of clover.—J. E. Howitt, O. A. College, Guelph.

Method of Cultivation For the Eradication of Bladder Campion or Cow Bell.

Badly infested fields should be ploughed deeply in the fall and then cultivated and cross-cultivated with a broad-sharred cultivator in order to break up and weaken the under root-stocks. In the spring this cultivation should be repeated frequently enough to prevent the plant making any growth above ground until it is time to put in a hoed crop, which must be kept thoroughly clean in order to be effective. A well-cared for corn crop planted in hills so that it can be cultivated both ways has been found to give excellent results. Special attention must be given to hoeing out any bladder campion plants which may appear in the corn crop and which are not destroyed by cultivation. One fall and one spring's thorough cultivation, followed by a well cared for hoed crop, has been found to destroy practically all the bladder campion in a field, except in exceptionally wet seasons.—J. E. Howitt.

Fitting the Horse Collar is an Art

Much trouble results on the average farm each year from sore shoulders on horses caused by the improper fitting of collars, and improper adjustment of hames.

The collar should fit the shoulder so that in length there is just room for the flat of one's hand between the collar and the neck at the bottom. In width the collar should snugly against the sides of the neck from a point three inches above the shoulder point, to a point about half way up to the top of the neck. The one-third to one-half of the collar should be wide enough to allow one to pass the thick of the hand between the collar and the side of the neck. If the upper part of the neck is thick a "Quarter Sweeney" or "Half Sweeney" collar should be used so as not to pinch the neck. A collar too wide in the top will produce a sore neck on account of side motion of the collar as the horse walks.

Sweat pads should be avoided as they hold the heat and sweat and produce a tender shoulder, often causing a galled condition.

The hames should be adjusted so as to hold the collar snugly against the sides of the neck, and so as to bring the line of draft right angles to the face of the shoulder as nearly as possible.

The collar should be kept clean by washing with a damp cloth each night when it is removed from the shoulder.

Washing the shoulder each evening with cold salt water will help to toughen the skin and prevent shoulder galls.

Bank Bucks Better Bulls.

"Better bulls, bucks, and boars build bigger bank balances," says the First National Bank of Bend, Ore.; and to prove it they bought an \$800 Rambouillet buck and 74 pure-bred Rambouillet ewes to distribute among sheepmen in central Oregon—the first pure-bred sheep in Deschutes County.

Maize is cultivated by the Peruvians at a height of 7,000 feet above the sea.

Penny Stamp Worth a Fortune.

That stamps are still as lucrative a hobby as before the war is evident from the result of a recent auction sale in Paris, where \$200,000 was paid for a collection.

The highest bid for a single lot was \$10,000, which was paid for an unused block of six Geneva stamps of 1843, while a pair of "Post Office" Mauritius stamps, of the nominal value of one penny and two pence respectively, fetched \$5,000. The high price of \$5,800 was given for a Hawaiian Islands Missionary stamp of 1851.

The Store That Has for The Longest Time Served The Greatest Number

Every Day More Clearly Proves The Fact That Falls Leads in Furniture Value-Giving

Two Specials in Curtains, in Marquette 2 1-2 yds long, finished with lace and insertion, the pair \$1.47 and 1.87. Swiss Curtains Cream and Ecru, very high class curtains, the pair \$5.00, 7.50 and 10.00.

6 Only Odd Chesterfields and Chairs Half price, done in heavy English Tapestry. \$75 chair for \$37.50. \$70 chair for \$35.00 \$50 chair for \$25.00 \$40 chair for \$20.00 \$35 chair for \$17.50

Hammocks—Half the pleasure of June days would be lost without a Hammock. Plenty of Regular and Couch Hammocks here, almost as comfortable as a bed. Regular Hammocks \$4.00 to \$10.00. Couch Hammocks \$24.50 to \$29.00.

A Word About Linens for the June Bride

We offer you as fine a showing of Linens as you can find in a city, including Madeira, Table Linens, Damasks, Towels etc. If you are selecting a gift for the Bride, let us suggest some for you, our prices are very low on linens, and our quality The Best. If you are choosing for your own Home then let us help you, we can save you money and give you value.

New Material For Summer Wear

Ratine, the new summer suiting for street or sport wear; also for dresses, all the latest colorings including Tangerine, Orchid, White, Rose, Blue, Green etc. 36 in. wide. price 95c per yard.

Beach Cloths, 36 in. wide and colorings being fast, this line of goods is top notch for dresses, suits, and sport skirts, price 60c yard.

Pandora Cloth, something entirely new in cotton dress goods, so light and pretty, and not too thin. In colors, Dutch Blue, Mid Blue, Orchid and Pink, 34 in. wide. Priced at 75c yd.

Plain Swiss Organdies, 45 in. wide, and guaranteed to retain crispness without starch. Special \$1.00 yd.

Fancy Swiss Organdies, 45 in. wide and hand embroidered, exquisite in shade and design. \$2.00 2.25 and 2.50 yd.

Falls' Refrigerators are Worth Looking into. Many people need new Refrigerators right now, the warm spells of weather have already exposed the weakness of their old ones. People wishing to see and to know "what's" what in Refrigerators are invited to inspect our showing third floor Furniture Department.

Hosiery, Gloves, Bathing Shoes and Caps

Bathing Shoes made of fine Black Satin with White piping. All sizes \$1.50.

Bathing Shoes made of Scarlet Satin, all sizes \$2.50

Bathing Caps, new styles, very fascinating are these new caps made of fine rubber in every imaginable color, 19c to \$2.50

Children's 1-2 Sox, fine range of colors. White, Rose, Yellow, Romper Blue and Resida Green. Sizes 4 to 8 1-2, 50c.

Children's exclusive high grade silk hosiery made from the very finest silk thread procurable, very fine ribb, colors Sky, Pink, Cordovan, White and Black. Sizes 4 to 10, ranging in price according to size from \$1.25 to 2.75.

Women's long Silk Gloves, 16 button Black, White, Brown, Navy and Mastic. Sizes 6 to 7 1-2, \$2.00 to \$2.75.

Clearaway of Wraps and Coats Begins Saturday

Mostly there are but one of a kind. Women who appreciate lovely wraps, full of sound worth, will be first to secure one of these garments. \$50.00 Wraps will sell for \$25.00. \$35.00 and 37.00 Wraps will sell for \$25.00. \$27.00, 28.00 and 32.00 Wraps will sell for \$20.00. \$20.00, 25.00 and 27.00 Wraps will sell for \$15.00

Summer Frocks With all the Airy Charm of June

Colorful as flowers and quite as fresh, these delightful summer dresses open vistas of all sorts of good times. Vacation fun in town or county or the lake. Gingham, Organdies, Voiles, Linens. \$3.50 to \$5.00.

Wednesday Store Closes at 12 O'Clock

New Floor Lamps

Some very beautiful ones displayed in the Homefurnishing Department, Third Floor. They are most reasonably priced.

Rattan Chair

Built to Excel. A Rattan chair depends for quality upon the rods, the weaving, the joining, the wrapping of the posts, etc., the finish is also important. Every Rattan Chair in our large showing is dependable and comfortable. Each \$9.50 to 35.00

H.S. Falls Co.