

CANADIAN CATTLE REACH GLASGOW FIRST TIME IN THIRTY YEARS

Event Was Marked by Public Reception, and Steer Valued at \$35, Handed Over to Committee, Sold at Auction for \$500.

A despatch from Glasgow says:—The first shipment of Canadian store cattle to arrive in Scotland in thirty years reached Glasgow last week and was received by an enthusiastic gathering of cattlemen, farmers and a special reception committee appointed by the City of Glasgow. The shipment consisted of consignments by the Harris Abattoir Company, Limited, of the United Grain Growers, Limited, of Winnipeg, and H. P. Kennedy, Limited, of Toronto, the last named firm acting as representatives for the United Grain Growers in the handling of their store cattle for export.

P. J. Irwin, representative for H. P. Kennedy, in Glasgow, cabled that on the shipment being unloaded, a Canadian steer, valued at 35 pounds for ordinary market purposes was selected and turned over to the public reception committee by whom it was sold at auction for the sum of 500 pounds sterling, and the money turned over to the Unemployment Fund of the City of Glasgow. A banquet in honor of the arrival of the first shipment of Canadian store cattle was held, with celebrities from all parts of Great Britain in attendance.

EXPLORER SUCCUMBS TO BLOOD POISONING

Earl of Carnarvon Discovered Tomb of Pharaoh After Seven Years of Fruitless Excavation.

A despatch from Cairo says:—The Earl of Carnarvon died peacefully at 2 o'clock Thursday morning. He was the last of a long line of British nobles who had been engaged in the development of the Nile valley. When the end came, Carnarvon's wife, daughter and son, Lord Portchester, who arrived from India a day or two ago, were at the bedside.

In 1896 he married Almina Wombwell, daughter of the late Frederick C. Wombwell. His wife inherited much of the fortune of the late Alfred de Rothschild. The death of the Earl of Carnarvon comes shortly after the culmination of the exploit that brought him chiefly into public notice: the discovery of the tomb of the Pharaoh Tutankhamen, in the Valley of the Kings, in Egypt, by the archaeological expedition which he headed.

His father, the fourth Earl of Carnarvon, was British Colonial Secretary under Lord Derby, and while holding this portfolio moved the second reading of the bill for confederation of the British North American provinces. Resigning upon the passage of the Reform Bill in 1867, he again became Colonial Secretary under Disraeli, in 1874, serving until 1878. Later he served for two years as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

He was reputed to have spent more than \$100,000 maintaining the expedition, which finally uncovered the Pharaoh's tomb last December, after seven years of fruitless excavation. The tomb, which contained an unprecedented quantity of objects of the greatest historical value, as well as the undisturbed sarcophagus of the Pharaoh, is said to have been the richest ever unearthed in Egypt.

Newfoundland Sealer Returns With 11,367 Pelts

A despatch from St. John's, Nfld., says:—The steamer Sagona, the first of the Newfoundland sealing fleet to return from the ice fields, has just arrived with 11,367 pelts. She has been absent just four weeks. The Sagona reported that she made her catch 115 miles off Cape Race, and that the other vessels of the fleet now are working there. Unless conditions improve, the Sagona's will be the only paying catch among the fleet, as she is the smallest vessel, and least expensive to operate. The total kill of the entire fleet up to the present is 73,500.



Cats Death Sentence.

Former President Radoslawoff of Bulgaria, who, with five other members of his cabinet has been sentenced to death by a Bulgarian court, for taking the country into war on the side of the Germans. They have also been condemned to pay war damages totalling about 33 million liras. Radoslawoff has fled the country.

FIRE PROTECTION IN NORTH ONTARIO

Some of Latest Type of Gasoline Engines Have Been Decided On.

A despatch from Coburn, Ont., says:—Considerable additions to the available equipment has been made for the coming season's work in the north by the Ottawa Fire Protection Service, according to E. G. Poole, supervisor for this district. Some of the latest type of gasoline engines with a pumping capacity of from 350 to 400 gallons per minute, have been decided upon and these will be used to protect town and village while they also will be available for use against forest fires in the bush.

Two railway motor cars and a number of trucks will be added to the equipment and the mounted patrol will be enlarged in numbers. The permit system will not be employed in the New Liskeard area this summer, but mounted rangers will patrol the district. Motor boats and canoes will be used extensively to cover the territory.



Mrs. Kemal Pasha.

The leader of a new era for Turkish women. Mrs. Kemal Pasha, the wealthy bride of the Nationalist leader, has not married in Turkish fashion. She has no harem, and his wife dresses in European fashion, entertains both men and women, and accompanies her husband on all public functions.

Trees as a Crop.

"I like to emphasize with all my strength that the object of a forester is not to protect trees from being cut. There would be no foresters employed in this or any other country if there were no lumbering operations. It is the forester's business to produce wood, and if he can make money in selling trees three inches in diameter he is doing perfectly legitimate business. The guiding principle in forestry is to see that wood production is continuous for all time; to see that acres that have been cut over shall come up again in commercial trees; that areas having been burned over shall be re-forested with commercial trees; and that waste lands and areas unfit for agriculture shall be made to bear commercial trees."—Dr. C. D. Howe.

This year's first shipment of horses from Alberta to Prince Edward Island left Calgary recently. It consisted of sixty head of splendid Clydesdales and Percherons. There has been a steady and consistent demand for Alberta-bred horses during the past few years in the Maritime, and quite an extensive trade has been built up.

More gold is now being produced annually from the mines of Porcupine and Kirkland Lake than the highest record ever established by the silver mining industry of Canada. Up to the middle of March, the output of silver from Ontario since the commencement of mining has reached approximately \$222,000,000. This compares with a total gold production of about \$113,000,000, making a combined total of \$335,000,000. In 1922, the output of gold and silver from Northern Ontario reached \$27,107,000, this being an increase of approximately \$7,000,000 over the output of 1921.



BRITISH EDUCATIONISTS IN CANADA.

Notable figures from the Motherland are visiting Canada just now attending the National Council of Education meetings at the University of Toronto. Three of the visitors are shown, Sir Henry Newbolt, lecturer and poet, who has just completed a tour of Canada; Miss Giffin (centre), headmistress of Hall School, Weybridge, a notable Englishwoman, and Sir Michael Sadler (right), vice-Chancellor of the University of Leeds and one of the leading figures in the world of education.

Canada from Coast to Coast

Halifax, N.S.—The steamer "Petrel," formerly a Government craft, is being fitted out here for a cruise of the Labrador, and will start north as soon as supplies are taken aboard. The expedition is being backed by the Montreal interest for the purpose of determining whether gold exists in Labrador fields, and the findings of the expedition will largely determine the activities in that field this year.

Fredericton, N.B.—The Carlton and Victoria Development Co., Ltd., has been incorporated to carry on the development of the areas in which gold Centerville and Florenceville in Carleton County, as well as other properties in Victoria County. The company has an authorized capital of \$24,000, and will have its head office at Florenceville.

Quebec, Que.—The plans for the construction of the new Basilica of St. Anne de Beaupre have been completed and provide for a church which will probably be the most spacious and finest, from an architectural point of view, in Canada. In architectural style the new Basilica will be a combination of Roman and Gothic, and the steeples and towers will be 225 feet high. The Basilica will contain 26 altars in all, including those of the chapels.

Toronto, Ont.—That some thirty new freighters, most of them built in Great Britain, will be added to the fleets of the companies operating on the lower lakes, was the evidence of H. E. Clark, secretary-treasurer of the Matthews Steamship Co., before the Royal Commission investigating the lake freight rates. During the past year, the lake steamship companies moved an enormous volume of grain from the head of the lakes to the seaboard, and it is anticipated that the movement in 1923 will be equally as large.

Winnipeg, Man.—Increased volume of freight movement from Eastern manufacturers to western agencies for the first ten weeks of the year, compared with the same period last year, is recorded by both railway systems operating around the north shore. While much of this movement consists of delayed shipments that should have come to the West last fall, a considerable quantity registered is new business.

Regina, Sask.—Over forty tank cars of oil from the Sweetgrass country, in Montana, have already been shipped to Regina in preparation for refinement in the new refinery now building here.

Vernon, B.C.—The Okanagan district shipped a total of 2,400,000 boxes of apples in 1922, nearly 100,000 boxes more than in the previous year, an official estimate issued here indicates. Peaches and cherries also made substantial gains.

Dawson, Y.T.—It is reported that some individual silver claims are producing in Keno Hill in addition to two big companies, that every horse, dog team, automobile, sleigh, and tractor in the district has been crowded into service rushing ore into Mayo Landing before the snow disappears. Eight thousand tons were transported before the first of April.

FOOD GOING FORWARD TO COAST VILLAGES

Newfoundland Government to Send Powerful Ship to Break Ice.

A despatch from St. John's, Nfld., says:—The Newfoundland Government has made plans to send a powerful ship to break ice along the coast, isolated for many weeks by the ice fields that block their harbors. The mail steamer Kyle, plying between this port and Sydney, N.S., was taken off that route and left for the southern settlements laden with provisions.

Already several vessels have put out on similar errands of mercy, but all have fallen victims to the ice. All are held ice-bound in southern harbors, some of them having been unable to move for six weeks. The Kyle, larger and more powerful than the others, hopes to be able to break through the ice barrier.

Tales of terror, suffering in many south coast villages have filtered through to the Newfoundland capital. The winter fell early, freezing in the herring fleet and thus leaving many fishermen without their usual means of winter sustenance. Later a series of bitter storms built a thick rim of ice along the coast, shutting out supplies that would have relieved the suffering of the people.

The Armenian Relief Association of Canada

Canada has purchased a farm of 135 acres near Georgetown, Ontario, and will bring out to it in May the first of fifty Armenian boys, who will be trained in farming and fruit growing. Another party of fifty will be brought out in September if friends of the Armenians supply the necessary funds. All the boys are orphans whose parents were killed by the Turks.

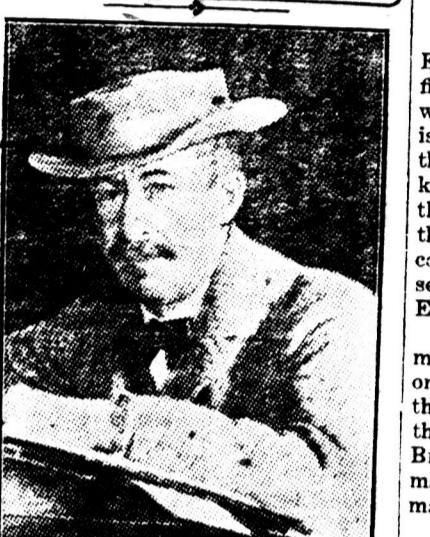
An Indoor Rink.

—Gee, but this ice cake makes a fine indoor rink!

Natural Resources Bulletin

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa says:

While gold and silver are by far the most valuable minerals produced in Ontario, the province produces other minerals which have considerable economic value. The output of mica alone was 2,229 tons, of a value of \$56,480. Of this amount 2,119 tons was what is known as scrap mica, worth but \$10 per ton, whereas the 24 tons of thumb-trimmed mica was valued at \$550 per ton and 86 tons of rough-cabbed mica brought \$255 per ton. The mica is produced principally in Leeds, Lanark and Frontenac counties in Eastern Ontario. The Gatineau district of Quebec also supplies large quantities of Canada's mica. The total production of Canada last year amounted to 3,543 tons, valued at \$129,281.



Carnarvon Dies at Cairo.

Lord Carnarvon, the joint discoverer of King Tutankhamen's tomb, who was reported as recovering from an attack of poisoning said to be due to mosquito bites, has succumbed to the malady. There is much speculation upon the effect of tomb poisons and old Egyptian curses in their relation to his death.

Small Voices.

There is what Matthew Arnold calls the world-deafened ear, that is accustomed to be assailed by the loud noises, and becomes unable to hear the softer, gentler sounds, in which there may come to us those "murmurs and glimpses of eternity" that we must heed if we are to live aright and have our part in the everlasting here and now.

The still, small voice will tell us, if we listen, the things that it is good for us to know regarding the meaning and the mystery of life and its ultimate goal. We shall have sage advice from the inward mentor if we do not stifle it. We shall find distorted vision corrected, false scales and balances set right, the spurious and the pinchbeck determined, as against the true, the beautiful, the real and the enduring.

That small voice, corrective and exhorting, is worth our constant reverent attention. It is our guidance from an infinitely distant land. A young inventor said that by means of wireless he could steer a boat from the shore with no navigator aboard the vessel. They laughed at him. He proved that he was right; he did the thing they declared impossible. Even so, from somewhere beyond the bounds of time and space there comes to us this spiritual guidance which some have seen fit to repudiate and deny, others to ignore, and still others to lead us lives to it. It is a power we do not control—though within its range it allows us a latitude of thought and feeling we too often abuse. If we insist, we can make a mess of the fine art of living in spite of all the inspiration that overpowers and environs what we do and what we are. In the midst of life we may be in death if we choose, by the election of courses that are debasing, inglorious, unworthy.

It is of importance in our human world that the small voice shall not be cried down by the boisterous arrogance, the "loud talkers" of which the radio has no monopoly, the vociferous who think they shall be heard for their "much speaking," the hue and cry of those who must be in front, whoever is crowded out and to the rear.

It matters greatly that there should be loud trumpet and vast dragons and giants; that the fragile, delicate, perishable, gentle things should have their place and their happy life assured there. There must be a protected space for small, shy animals that are sturdy and burly; for the minor voices in life's orchestra; for the half-lights and the pensive shadows; for the mysterious and the vague connotations of poetry; for interludes of peace at heart and quiet in the mind. It is not the arrogant idlers, the lotus-eating sybarites making of life a confusion and a fever, who find the content that abides in the silences when sound is at an end.

PACKAGE OF DYNAMITE CAUSE OF A LIVELY SPRINT

When Attorney Produces Exhibit in Suit, Judge, Jury and Spectators Make Headlong Rush for the Exit.

A despatch from Detroit says:—Judge, jury and spectators clipped several seconds off the record for the 100-yard dash Thursday afternoon, when enough dynamite to take all the shape out of the county building was found within a foot of the desk of Judge Clyde I. Webster. The discovery was made during taking of testimony in the \$25,000 suit of Aaron Bayer, 14 years old, against Ray D. Baker, a contractor, for alleged carelessness. The contractor, it is claimed, left caps and dynamite strewn negligently about the ground near some work at East Warren and Fairview Avenues, and the boy picked up a cap and threw it against the wall. In doing so it blew half of one of his hands off. "We wish to place in evidence some sticks of dynamite," said one of the attorneys, stooping over to pick up a bundle that had been lying since early morning near the judge's desk. Ten seconds later, when the attorney got the package over to his desk, he discovered that everyone had magically vanished. There was a protracted recess before the unanimous consent of the jury was obtained to come back and look at the explosive. Even then, most of the jury and the judge seemed most interested in looking out of the windows while the lawyer was gingerly exhibiting the sticks of dynamite.

Great Britain Provides for Ex-Servicemen Pigeons.

A despatch from London says:—Ex-servicemen pigeons which were under fire several times during the war, while carrying messages for the British Army, have been pensioned off by the War Department to the care of a keeper whose duty it will be to see that they are properly cared for until they die. The birds were used to convey messages ashore from ships at sea and also between France and England.

Once while carrying a message 105 miles bird No. 12 was shot through one wing but carried on and brought the dispatch to land. The information the bird carried saved the town of Bridlington from a bombardment. Its mate was shot down by a German submarine.

First Aid to Man Run Over by Train

A despatch from Montreal says:—Quick action on the part of a G.T.R. locomotive engineer probably saved the life of W. B. Clark, whose leg was severed by a train at the St. Remi Street crossing. The engineer immediately brought the train to a stop, and cutting off a piece of the bell rope, made a tourniquet, which he applied to Mr. Clark's bleeding limb and partly stopped the flow of blood. The leg had been severed below the knee, and when the victim was admitted to the Montreal General Hospital, it was found necessary to amputate above the knee. Mr. Clark was reported today as resting comfortably.

Income tax paid by Canadian farmers in 1921-22 amounted to \$1,324,693 out of a total of \$78,684,354, according to a statement in the House of Commons, by the Hon. W. S. Fielding, Minister of Finance. The number of farmers who paid income tax in Ontario in that year was 6,138, as compared with 1,870 the year before.

Search Party for V.C.

Captain Christopher O'Kelly, V.C., of Winnipeg, a hero of the 52nd Battalion, in company with a prospector, has been missing in the North since before Christmas. A search party of officers who served with him is being organized to go north.

Weekly Market Report

total of \$78,684.354, according to a statement in the House of Commons, by the Hon. W. S. Fielding, of Finance. The number of who paid income tax in Ontario last year was 6,138, as compared with 1,570 the year before.

Weekly Market Report

TORONTO.
Oleomargarine, lb. 21 to 27c.
Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.50; per 5-gal. tin, \$2.40 per gal.
Honey—Sugar, lb. 23 to 25c.
Honey—60 lb. tin, 11 1/2 to 13c per lb.; 5-2 1/2-lb. tins, 12 1/2 to 13c per lb.
Potatoes, comb honey, per dozen, \$2.75 to \$4.50.
Onions, Ontario—No. 1, 85c to 1.01; No. 2, 75 to 85c.
Smoked meats—Hams, med., 26 to 29c; cooked hams, 36 to 42c; smoked hams, 26 to 28c; cottage rolls, 32 to 35c; breakfast bacon, 33c to 38c; special brand breakfast bacon, 33c to 38c; backs, boneless, 34 to 40c.
Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 55 lbs., \$18.50; 70 to 90 lbs., \$18; 90 lbs. 23d, \$17; lightweight rolls, in barrels, \$38; heavyweight rolls, \$35.
Lard—Pure terrors, 16 to 17c; terrors, 16 1/2 to 17c; terrors, 16 1/2 to 17c; terrors, 14 1/2 to 15 1/2; tubs, 15 1/2 to 16 1/2; tubs, 15 1/2 to 16 1/2; tubs, 15 1/2 to 16 1/2.
Heavy steers, choice, \$7.50 to \$8; butcher steers, choice, \$7 to \$7.50; do, good, \$6.25 to \$6.75; do, med., \$5.25 to \$6; butcher heifers, choice, \$6.75 to \$7; do, med., \$5.50 to \$6; do, \$4.50 to \$5; do, \$3.50 to \$4; canners and cutters, \$1.50 to \$2; butcher bulls, good, \$4 to \$5; do, common, \$3 to \$4; do, fair, \$5.50 to \$6; \$5.75 to \$6.25; do, fair, \$5.50 to \$6;