

BATTLE IN N.S. MINING AREAS FOLLOWED BY LOOTING AND BURNING

A despatch from Glace Bay, N.S., says:—New Waterford, C.B., the scene Thursday morning of a battle between striking miners and British Empire Steel Corporation police for possession of a company power station, was quiet at night. The power station remained in the hands of the miners and was not working so that light and water and the mines of the district were being flooded for lack of pumping power.

Casualties in Thursday morning's battle in which 2,000 miners rushed the power plant occupied by 30 or more company police, stood at one dead, three seriously wounded, and 25 or 30 suffering from injuries of varying gravity.

William Davis, a miner, was dead, and Gilbert Watson, also a miner, was in a precarious condition with a gunshot wound in his stomach. Two seriously injured police remained in New Waterford while 25 police had been removed to the hospital at Sydney.

Accompanying the police to Sydney were General Manager H. J. McCann, of the corporation, and D. A. Noble, chief of the corporation force. McCann was previously reported missing.

British Empire Steel Corporation police, under command of Captain D. A. Noble, early in the morning raided the New Waterford power station, taken over by United Mine Workers pickets one week ago. After installing themselves within the plant and preparing to re-operate the station, which generates power for the maintenance of a group of mines in the southern area, the police proceeded to protect the plant from attacks by stringing barbed wire entanglements. In the meantime the United Mine Workers pickets had retired to the baseball park, where they were joined by hundreds of miners from the various collieries in the vicinity, and a counter-attack organized.

A despatch from Halifax, N.S., says:—Five hundred troops of all ranks entrained at Halifax on Thursday night, fully equipped and steel-helmeted for duty in the Cape Breton coal fields where clashes between striking coal miners and corporation police resulted in the death of one miner, the serious wounding of another, some 20 or 30 broken heads and the seizure of the police.

It is understood that a large squad of provincial police departed for Sydney on a regular train.

TO DECIDE ON DESIGN FOR NATIONAL ENSIGN

Committee Appointed to Consider Matter of Distinctive Flag for Canada.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—Falling in line with Australia and New Zealand, Canada is to have a new flag which will be recognized as the flag of the Dominion. An Order-in-Council has been passed appointing a committee to consider and report on the most suitable design for a Canadian national flag for use ashore.

A distinctive Canadian flag has so far been authorized for use only by Canadian Government-owned vessels and by other vessels of Canadian registry. In the former case the flag is the blue ensign, with the Canadian Arms in the fly, while merchant vessels of Canadian registry use the red ensign with the Canadian Arms in the fly.

At present, under an Order-in-Council passed some years ago, the red ensign with the Canadian Arms in the fly is flown over the office of the Canadian High Commissioner in London, as well as over other Canadian offices abroad, but the flag has never been authorized.

The committee has three suggestions before it at present. The first is to continue to use the red ensign with the Canadian Arms as Canada's national flag. The second is to use the Union Jack with the Canadian Arms in the centre. The third is to adopt an entirely new design.



M. Grabski, Polish premier, says Hindenburg's election heralds German efforts to secure a revision of their eastern frontier settlement. This can never be done peacefully as Poland will not consent, he declares.

TIME-SAVING AIR TRIP SUEZ CANAL TO INDIA

Commercial Weekly Service to Replace Present Fortnightly Military Service.

A despatch from London says:—The British Government has decided to inaugurate weekly commercial air service between the Suez Canal and Karachi, India. Sir Samuel J. G. Hoare, Air Minister, announced in the House of Commons.

It will replace the present fortnightly military service now operated by the Royal Air Force for strategic purposes. Bids for operation are being asked from private concerns and it is hoped to start operation next winter.

The time for the journey from London to India is expected to be lessened by from five days to a week. Passengers for India will board the plane at Port Said and fly over the 2,500-mile route in from two and one-half to three days; the present voyage takes eight or nine days. It is hoped night flying later will shorten the flight to a day and a half.

From Port Said the planes will go to Kantara and from there along the Persian coast to Karachi. Part of this route was followed by United States world flyers. The long route across the desert was opened by the Royal Air Force in 1921 and mapped for pilots by the simple means of having vehicles traverse the whole of it, drawing a chain harrow which made a furrow plainly visible from the air. Fuel depots were established along the line.

In view of the big passenger traffic between England and India the time-saving air route is expected to be very popular. Eventually the route will link up with proposed Imperial airship service, and by that time it is expected aerial lighthouses will have made night flying possible. Success of the new service is expected to hasten establishment of an all-air route to India.

Picked Zulu Warriors Execute Dance in Honor of Prince

A despatch from Eshowe, Zululand, Union of South Africa, says:—Never in his varied experience has the Prince of Wales witnessed such an extraordinary spectacle as that presented for his delectation to-day. For days past Zulu warriors have been streaming hither from distant parts in seemingly endless lines for the great indaba and war dance in honor of the son of their King. The warriors were accompanied by many of their women folk to spur the dancers to excel themselves.

When the Prince and his party took their seats on the parade ground the great gathering of warrior braves stretched as far as the eye could see, while 5,000 picked warriors of the finest physical proportions, lithe and naked except for sporons of leopard skin, were drawn up in the foreground for half a mile, six men deep, to perform the dance.

They formed a striking picture with enormous spreading headdresses of black feathers measuring a yard across. With strange gyrations and contortions the dancers worked themselves into a complete frenzy, accompanied by terrifying yells and dirge-like singing of the women. The dance culminated in the advance of the whole line, with shields aloft covering the faces of the warriors, who, in an apparently impenetrable mass, rushed to within a yard of where the royal party sat.

French Court Decides Heroism is Just Suicide

Heroism in giving up one's life to save another is just plain suicide in the opinion of the French insurance companies—a contention in which they have been upheld by the French courts, says a Paris despatch.

Henri Rouet, of Issoudun, jumped into the River Cher to rescue a young girl bather from drowning, but both were drowned. The company in which the widow's husband was insured refused to meet a policy of \$2,500.

"He had no business doing it," the company pleaded. "It was not an accident but a voluntary act."

The case was fought in a lower court, which rejected the widow's claim. She appealed, but now a higher tribunal has confirmed the original judgment.

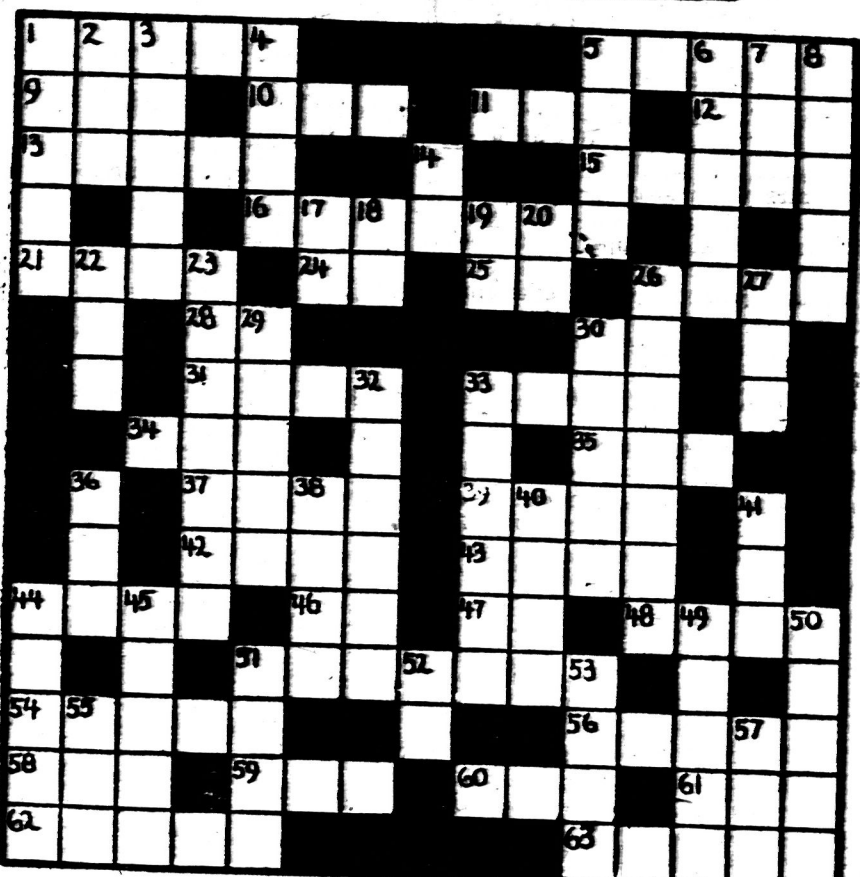
Weight of Brain Not Indicative of Mental Ability

That the size of the brain—its weight—is of very little importance, while its circulations tell the real story, seems to be once more proved with the announcement that the brain of Anatole France weighs but 1,017 grams, with an accepted weight for the average man of 1,394 grams, says a Paris despatch. The announcement is made in the Revue Moderne de Médecine et de Chirurgie as the first result of the studies being conducted by Dr. Felix Regault. The circulations, on the other hand, are pronounced "numerous and deep."

It is recalled that anthropologists were astounded when an examination of the brain of Gambetta revealed that it was considerably under the average weight although heavier than the brain of France has proved to be.

We'll Bet He Didn't.
Business Man (to office boy)—"I never saw such a stupid boy as you. The boy who was here before you was worth twice as much."
Office Boy—"Did he get it?"

CROSS-WORD PUZZLE



- HORIZONTAL**
- 1—Early form of an insect
 - 2—A kind of lily
 - 3—Girl's name
 - 4—Lacking moisture
 - 5—Note of the dove
 - 6—Ever (poet)
 - 7—Russian national drink
 - 8—Changes in position
 - 9—An acclamation of praise to God
 - 10—Bad or evil destiny
 - 11—Interjection
 - 12—To have existence
 - 13—A tribe
 - 14—In the year of our Lord (abbr.)
 - 15—Prefix meaning "with"
 - 16—The bird of peace
 - 17—Beret, without friends
 - 18—Gained
 - 19—Generation
 - 20—Suffix expressing quality or state
 - 21—An inland body of water
 - 22—Trime, orderly
 - 23—Conception, mental image
 - 24—Girl's name
 - 25—Personal pronoun
 - 26—Latin for "for the sake of example" (abbr.)
 - 27—Solitary
 - 28—A noted living French philosopher
 - 29—To move smoothly and easily
 - 30—Unmounted, as a gem
 - 31—Personal pronoun
 - 32—Male child
 - 33—Boy's name
 - 34—To go wrong
 - 35—Abounds
 - 36—To make fast, as a rope
- VERTICAL**
- 1—Lead-colored
 - 2—Unnecessary activity
 - 3—Wireless
 - 4—Hebrew ornament (Gen. IV 15)
 - 5—Stupor
 - 6—A horizontal surface
 - 7—Famous Southern general in Civil War
 - 8—Malicious burning of property
 - 9—Fourth musical note
 - 10—Interjection
 - 11—Interjection—"Stand as you are!"
 - 12—Province of Canada (abbr.)
 - 13—Point of compass (abbr.)
 - 14—Possessive pronoun
 - 15—The Virgin Mary
 - 16—To convert from fluid to solid
 - 17—An insect
 - 18—Receiver of a gift
 - 19—A small rail-bird
 - 20—A church festival
 - 21—Symbols of Easter
 - 22—Definite article
 - 23—Identical
 - 24—A musical direction meaning "slowly" (abbr.)
 - 25—A metal
 - 26—Lacking in weight
 - 27—Racket, row
 - 28—One of various European thrushes
 - 29—A small hallway
 - 30—Girl's name (familiar)
 - 31—Process
 - 32—Without feeling, as if dead
 - 33—To give a deceitful impression
 - 34—Historical period

COLONIAL OFFICE TO BE TRANSFORMED

Department for Dominion Affairs Hailed as "Historic Empire Change."

A despatch from London says:—In the House of Commons Premier Baldwin announced that the British Government proposes to create the office of Secretary of State for Dominion Affairs and the office of Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for the Dominions.

These offices, he said, would be part of the Government's proposed reorganization of the Colonial Office. Premier Baldwin stated that the new Parliamentary Under-Secretary would also be Chairman of the Overseas Settlement Department and that there would also be a permanent Under-Secretary.

For convenience sake the new secretariat would continue to be vested in Rt. Hon. L. C. M. S. Amery, Secretary for the Colonies, and would be housed in the Colonial Office, he said.

The Prime Minister stated that the existing organization was no longer in correspondence with the actual constitutional position of the Empire, and was inadequate to cope with the extent and variety of work thrown upon it. It fell short more particularly, he said, in distinguishing between work of consultation and co-operation with the Dominions and the administrative work in connection with the protectorates.

Much is being made in the British press of the setting up of the new secretariat of Dominion affairs. It is hailed as "a historic Empire change, a milestone on the road of Empire development." Its most useful function may be to find a way of keeping the Mother Country and particularly the Foreign Office, in touch with Dominions' opinion.

The Morning Post's editorial comment on the new departure is evidently aimed largely at Canada. "We do not think," says the Post, "this official recognition of the new status will mean a weakening of the bonds of Empire. On the contrary, they will now be strengthened. After all, the British Empire has been molded by common sense and because the Dominions now enjoy complete liberty, they are very little danger of their making extravagant use of it."

Leader of Labor Party to be Australia's Next Premier

A despatch from Sydney, Australia, says:—The Labor party have won Coulburn seat, which assures them a majority of two in the House over all other parties. Sir George Fuller, Premier, who will resign, has advised the Governor to send for Lang, the Labor leader. Lang began life in humble circumstances. At seven years of age he was a newsboy, at nine years a farm boy, at 13 an omnibus driver on country service outside Sydney, at 14 a city carter, at 17 a clerk to an accountants' firm, and at 20 he became business and estate agent. He was elected to Parliament at 37, and was State Treasurer at 44. He is now 49.

There is one fool more on earth than most people think.

THE WEEK'S MARKETS

TORONTO.

Man. wheat—No. 1 North, \$1.85 1/2; No. 2 North, \$1.82 1/2; No. 3 North, \$1.78 1/2; No. 4 wheat, not quoted.

Man. oats—No. 2 CW, not quoted; No. 3 CW, not quoted; extra No. 1 feed, 65c; No. 1 feed, 59c; No. 2 feed, 57 1/2c.

All the above c.i.f. bay ports.

American corn, track, Toronto—No. 2 yellow, \$1.29.

Millfeed—Del., Montreal freights, bags included. Bran, per ton, \$38; shorts, per ton, \$30; middlings, \$36; good feed flour, per bag, \$2.30.

Ont. oats—49 to 51c, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freights.

Barley—Malting, 78c.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 78 to 80c.

Rye—No. 2, nominal.

Man. flour, first pat, \$10, Toronto; do, second pat, \$9.50, Toronto. Pastry flour, bags, \$6.50.

Straw—Carrots, per ton, \$8.00 to \$8.50.

Screenings—Standard, re-cleaned, f.o.b. bay ports, per ton, \$24.00.

Hay—No. 2, per ton, \$13.00 to \$14.00; mixed, per ton, \$11.00 to \$12.00; lower grades, \$6.00 to \$9.00.

Cheese—New, large, 20 1/2 to 21c; twines, 21 1/2 to 22c; triplets, 22 to 23c; Stiltons, 23 to 24c; Old, large, 27 to 28c; twines, 28 to 29c; triplets, 28 to 30c.

Butter—Finest creamery prints 37 to 38c; loose, 36c; fresh firsts, 24c; seconds, 23c. Dairy prints, 26 to 28c.

Eggs—Fresh extras, in cartons, 37 to 38c.

Canada from Coast to Coast

Charlottetown, P.E.I.—The Province of Prince Edward Island and adjacent islands have been leased for oil prospecting purposes to Henry L. Doherty & Co., according to an announcement by that company. Six of the leading geologists of the Doherty organization have arrived here to go over about 1,400,000 acres of property on which the Cities Service Co., the Doherty oil and gas subsidiary, has the option for drilling for oil. The lease has been taken on option.

Halifax, N.S.—The Conference of Canadian Universities to discuss educational matters was held here, June 2nd to 4th, at which attended delegates from all Canadian universities and colleges. Preparations made to properly receive and entertain the visitors were carried out.

Fredericton, N.B.—The acreage planted to potatoes this year in New Brunswick will be from 10 to 15 per cent. less than last year, according to preliminary estimates. The poor price received by the growers last year has discouraged some with a consequent decrease in acreage.

Montreal, Que.—Inquiries for information regarding Montreal received by the Montreal Tourist Bureau would indicate that 1925 will be one of the best tourist seasons ever experienced. Last year, it is estimated, some 750,000 individuals from all over the continent visited Montreal and this year it is anticipated that the number will reach the million mark.

Toronto, Ont.—An active campaign has been put in force by the Canadian Co-operative Wool Growers' Association to have growers send in their wool on a consignment basis. Already for Ontario there has been received at Weston twice the quantity of wool, as compared with the same date a year ago; Saskatchewan sheepmen have forwarded twice the number of contracts, and Manitoba three times the number, as compared with May first last year.

Winnipeg, Man.—A distinct improvement in general business conditions in Manitoba and throughout the West; fewer failures and substantially improved collections were reported by the Board of Governors and the manager at the annual meeting of the Manitoba division of the Canadian Credit Men's Trust Association.

Regina, Sask.—Creamery butter production in Saskatchewan during April totalled 724,513 pounds, as compared with 698,993 pounds in the corresponding period of last year, an increase of 3.8 per cent, according to a report of the Provincial Dairy Commissioner. Production for the first four months of the current year amounts to 2,642,464 pounds as against 2,381,993 pounds in the same period last year, an increase of 260,471 pounds.

Lethbridge, Alta.—It is now estimated that over 7,200 acres of sugar beets have been signed up for the new beet sugar factory at Raymond. Six thousand acres was the figure set by the Sugar Beet Co., when they first entered into negotiations with the farmers.

Kelowna, B.C.—Approximately 1,000 acres are being planted to tomatoes in this district this year. More than half the acreage is already planted. The whole output has been contracted by a number of canneries operating in this district.

Canadian Motorists Entering U.S. Must Show License Cards

A despatch from Niagara Falls, Ont., says:—All Canadian motorists must now show license cards entering the United States by the local bridges, according to new regulations which went into effect here. The new ruling follows the method adopted on the Canadian side. In case a motorist intends returning by some other route he must secure the usual permit card.

Didn't Make the Team.
The old gentleman was a trifle bewildered at the elaborate wedding. "Are you the groom?" he asked a melancholy-looking young man. "No, sir," the young man replied, "I was eliminated in the preliminary try-outs."

Answer to last week's puzzle.

TOMATO O LATTER
H A D P A R S E A C A
R Y O E L I D E C S I
A D O R E R N R O O S T S
N E A P O D S H O I
G R A S P A C C U B A C O N
A N A N D O R E O B
E T E R N A L O R I O L E S
I A S P O T T E D O S
N O D D Y C U E R I E R D
O O S K I D S E E
R E D C A P T A R T I S T
R O T O N I O N I C E
O T O T H O S E N S
W H I R L S N R E S E N T

Among some Indian tribes it is considered improper for a mother-in-law to speak to her daughter's husband.

Earl of Ypres, who, as Lord French, commanded on the western front, passes to his rest. The cortege is shown leaving Westminster Abbey. Marshall Joffre, on the right, was one of the honorary pallbearers.

Weight of Brain Not Indicative of Mental Ability

French Court Decides Heroism is Just Suicide

Time-Saving Air Trip Suez Canal to India

Cross-Word Puzzle

Canada from Coast to Coast

Leader of Labor Party to be Australia's Next Premier

The Week's Markets