

## Canada from Coast to Coast

**Summerside, P.E.I.**—During 1924, 10,000 silver-black fawns were inspected and registered in the offices of the Canadian National Live Stock records. This brings the number on record to date up to more than 20,000, the industry having doubled in one year. The Province of Prince Edward Island leads in the production of silver fawns, more than 4,000 having been shipped out last year, these animals going to all parts of Canada and the United States, as well as Europe.

**Halifax, N.S.**—In its last report covering the agricultural situation in the province, the Provincial Dept. of Agriculture states that hay was an abundant crop this year. Pastures are excellent. The Annapolis Valley apple crop is disappointing, the yield being about 1,100,000 barrels, as against 1,600,000 last year. Other fruits are only fair and prices low.

**Saint John, New Brunswick.**—A reduction in stumpage on softwood to \$2.50 per thousand feet, to operate for a period of one year, is announced by J. M. B. Baxter, Premier of New Brunswick. This concession is expected to greatly help the provincial operators in marketing their cut on a profitable basis, and will also probably result in a larger cut of timber this winter.

**Montreal, Que.**—The deepening of the channel between Montreal and Quebec to 35 feet, will be continued next summer it is announced, and at the same time work will commence on the dredging of the north channel, below Quebec, thus assuring to this port the probability of bigger boats establishing services to this Atlantic terminal.

**Port William, Ont.**—The record for the unloading of grain cars at the Port of Port William-Port Arthur, was twice broken in the week ended Oct. 3, first on the 29th Sept., when the highest record hitherto made, which was on Nov. 6, 1923, was eclipsed by 61 cars, and on Oct. 2nd was beaten by 63 cars. This number of cars unloaded on the latter day was 2,484—3,492,247 bushels being unloaded.

**Winnipeg, Man.**—It is conservatively estimated that at least \$3,000,000 was left in Winnipeg by American tourists during the past season. One well-informed business man places the amount spent by motor tourists alone at \$2,000,000. Contributions by tourists coming by train amounted to at least another \$1,000,000. The visit of the American Legionnaires alone brought 7,000 people to the city.

**Edmonton, Alta.**—Howard Stutchbury, Alberta's trade commissioner, states that the matter of making paper from cereal straw is perfectly feasible and that it will only be a short time until a plant is in operation. There never need be any fear of pulp shortage, he declares as long as grain is grown on the prairies.

**Penticton, B.C.**—Penticton, Naramata and Summerland are this year gathering the heaviest crops of apples that the orchards have ever produced. The crop is of excellent quality and is being handled expeditiously through the packing houses. One grower reported that he picked 51 boxes of McIntosh Reds off one tree. Another said he gathered 64 boxes, and still another picked 54 boxes.

### THREATS BANNED AT LOCARNO CONFERENCE

**Germany, Europe's Bad Boy, Back in Family Circle, Misdemeanors Forgiven.**

A despatch from Locarno says:—The circumstances in which the European pact was negotiated in Locarno are not paralleled in the history of Europe, and certainly not in post-war diplomacy. No doubt, the soothing influences of the weather and scenery of Southern Switzerland had much to do with this, as did the utter necessity of the situation; but it was still another factor that made possible the agreement of Western Powers to outlaw war in Western Europe.

This was the neutral attitude of the Allied representatives toward their former enemy, Germany. Europe's bad boy is now back in the family circle, with past misdemeanors forgiven, in the diplomatic sense. Some observers here have analyzed Germany's position as that of being flattered into agreeing to almost everything placed before it. There is no question but that Luther, Stresemann and their delegation have been intoxicated to some degree by the friendly attention of their Allied colleagues.

Mention of ultimatums, and threats of pressure were rigorously avoided here. Conditions were different from those of every other post-war conference at which Germany was present. Fine manners, friendly gestures and strict observance of social etiquette replaced the old style system, and with the heavenly weather, plus the absolute knowledge of every Allied statesman present that it was peace, "now or never," the Locarno conference proved a complete success.

Perhaps, under the foggy October skies of London or Paris, this conference would have failed to produce the same result.

There is small chance of parliamentary ratification proving lacking in any capital.

#### Air for Plants.

Air which contains plenty of carbon-dioxide gas makes plants yield better.

## GREAT BRITAIN AND FRANCE ENTER COMPACT TO AVOID BALKAN CONFLICT

A despatch from Paris says:—France and Britain have agreed to notify both Greece and Bulgaria that another Balkan conflict will not be tolerated. A continuance of hostilities on the Macedonian frontier, they fear, would soon result in drawing in other nations.

While the Foreign Ministers in Athens were making heroic efforts to prevent the border skirmishes that began on Monday developing into an actual state of war, news came from Belgrade that Jugo-Slavia was concentrating troops on her frontiers.

Information from Sofia is that the Council of Ministers was seriously considering a declaration of war against Greece. Another report was that the Bulgarian Government would ask the Allies for permission to mobilize the army. The report from Vienna that Bulgaria had appealed for intervention by the League of Nations was not confirmed in diplomatic channels, but such an appeal was expected.

It is reported the Greek forces have entered Petrich, after bombarding it most of the day, and that the town was in flames.

A Greek army consisting of two divisions is said to have invaded Bulgaria, the Sixth Division coming from

Rutok and the Eleventh from Mantzari.

A despatch from London says:—In both diplomatic and League of Nations circles here there is considerable anxiety over the possibility of grave developments which might arise from the Bulgarian-Greek frontier clash. The fear felt here is founded not only on the instability of the situation as regards Greece and Bulgaria themselves, but also on the possibility of complications arising through secretly exerted influence of outside powers.

In League quarters here it is said the Geneva secretariat is expecting to receive an appeal for intervention at any moment.

Jugo-Slavia (Serbia), of course, has at least a legal interest in the developments of the dispute, because, though she denounced her treaty of alliance with Greece, it remains in force until next summer. On that account it was suggested that the Bulgarian-Greek conflict might result—were Jugo-Slavia to refuse to go to Greece's aid—in an increase of the Serbo-Greek estrangement over the Macedonian railway, and a Salonica free zone, disputes which through the recent intervention of Anglo-French diplomacy had been brought to the eve of a settlement. Such a settlement would lead to a new Serbo-Greek entente.



### W. B. Northrup, Former Clerk of Commons, Dies at Ottawa

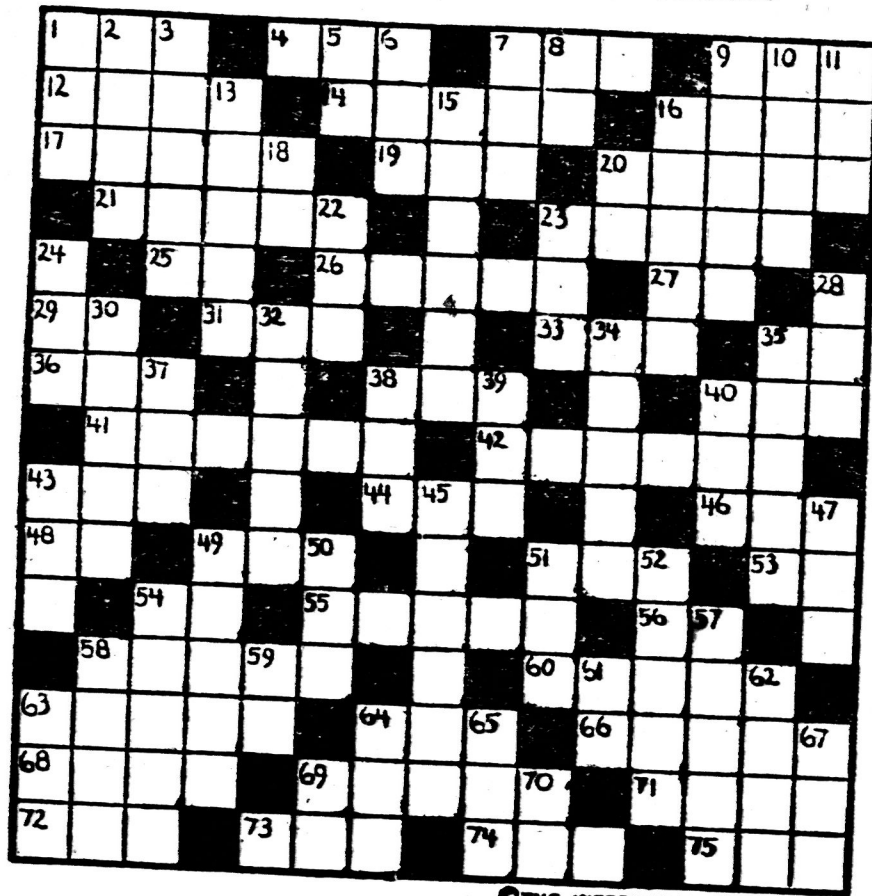
A despatch from Ottawa says:—One of the best-known figures in Parliamentary circles was removed with the death here, early Thursday morning, of William Barton Northrup, K. C., M.A., a former clerk of the House of Commons, and prior to that, Member of Parliament for the constituency of East Hastings. Mr. Northrup was 69 years old last Monday.

A barrister, and for many years head of the firm of Northrup and Roberts, Belleville, where he resided, Mr. Northrup contested East Hastings at a bye-election in 1892. He was successful and represented that constituency in the House of Commons until 1896, when he was defeated. Again in 1900 he was returned, when he held the seat until the general election of 1917. In the following year he was appointed Clerk of the House of Commons, a position which he held until 1922, when he retired and was succeeded by Arthur Beauchamp, K. C., then Deputy-Clerk.

### School Nurse Killed When Train Hits Auto

A despatch from Bridgeburg says:—When an automobile driven by Helen Ellsworth, aged 23, of Ridge-way, was struck by a fast Wabash passenger train at Shishler's Crossing, five miles west of Bridgeburg, late this afternoon, Margaret Sharpe, aged 28, school nurse, of Bridgeburg, was instantly killed, and Ruth Ellsworth, aged 21, injured. Both Ellsworth girls are school teachers in Bertie Township. Helen Ellsworth, driver of the machine, is seriously injured, her sister escaping with bruises. Miss Sharpe came here from Niagara-on-the-Lake. Dr. Roy Stackhouse, Associate Coroner, held an inquest, which was adjourned for one week.

## CROSS-WORD PUZZLE



#### HORIZONTAL

- 1—Pool
- 4—Prefix meaning "three"
- 7—Pronoun
- 9—Brother (abbr.)
- 12—A desert wanderer
- 14—An anesthetic
- 16—Wild animal
- 17—A countryman
- 19—To tangle
- 20—Sawmill-truck
- 21—Spit
- 23—A priest of ancient Britain
- 25—Musical note
- 26—To attempt
- 27—A heavy weight (abbr.)
- 29—Preposition
- 31—To tangle
- 33—A type measure (pl.)
- 35—To have existence
- 36—Young animal
- 38—A high explosive (abbr.)
- 40—A month (abbr.)
- 41—Quick in action
- 42—Hardened by use
- 43—Great period of time
- 44—Part of verb "to be"
- 46—A sailor
- 48—A New England State (abbr.)
- 49—Cyclopedic (abbr.)
- 51—A race of people (abbr.)
- 52—French definite article
- 54—Musical note
- 55—Combining form meaning "bone"
- 56—Like
- 58—Animals of imperfect growth
- 60—Part of stomach of ox used as food
- 63—One's father's sisters
- 64—The whole
- 65—Anger
- 66—Founder and Queen of Carthage
- 69—Big
- 71—Girl's name
- 72—Some
- 73—Asteric bovine animal
- 74—To put on
- 75—Man's name (familiar)

#### VERTICAL

- 1—The laurel-tree
- 2—In a row (post.)
- 3—Cod-like fishes
- 5—Musical note
- 6—Possessive pronoun
- 7—To shirk
- 8—Swift denoting the agent
- 9—Start
- 10—To invade suddenly
- 11—Metal-bearing rock
- 12—Obscure
- 14—A great bay in Canada
- 16—A state (pl.)
- 18—Life Guard (abbr.)
- 20—British (abbr.)
- 22—To consume
- 23—Color
- 24—A dandy
- 26—A number
- 28—Cryptogamous plants
- 30—A monastery
- 32—A river in E. France and Belgium
- 35—Fundamental
- 37—Favorite American dessert
- 38—A drink
- 39—To bind
- 40—Mineral coal used for ornaments
- 43—Part of body
- 46—To clutter
- 47—A color
- 48—Division of a long poem
- 50—A kind of lettuce
- 51—Very warm
- 52—Scottish word for "child"
- 54—Bay between New Brunswick and Nova Scotia
- 57—A country of Europe
- 58—To spoil
- 59—"Till sale" (abbr.)
- 61—Right Worshipful (abbr.)
- 62—Girl's name
- 64—Mush's ship
- 65—Boy
- 67—Head covering
- 68—Southern State of U. S. (abbr.)
- 70—Preposition

## THE WEEK'S MARKETS

### TORONTO.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.34½; No. 2 North, \$1.31½; No. 3 North, \$1.26½, c.i.f. bay ports.  
Man. oats, No. 2 CW, nominal; No. 3, not quoted; No. 1 feed, 47c; No. 2 feed, 44c.  
Am. corn, track, Toronto—No. 2 yellow, 96c.  
Milne-Del, Montreal freights, bags included. Bran, per ton, \$28; shorts, per ton, \$30; middlings, \$36; good feed flour, per bag, \$2.30.  
Ont. oats—\$7 to 41c, f.o.b. shipping points.  
Ont. good milling wheat—\$1.10 to \$1.13, f.o.b. shipping points, according to weights.  
Barley—Malting, 65 to 67c.  
Buckwheat—No. 3, nominal.  
Rye—No. 2, nominal.  
Man. flour, first pat., \$3, Toronto; do, second pat., \$7.50, Toronto. Pastry flour, bags, \$6.30.  
Ont. flour—Toronto, 30 per cent springers, choice, \$9 to \$10; do, \$40 to \$50; calves, choice, \$12.25 to \$12.50; do, good, \$10 to \$12; do, grass-fed, \$5 to \$6.25; good light sheep, \$4.50 to \$5; good lambs, \$12 to \$12.50; do, med., \$10.50 to \$11; do, bucks, \$10 to \$10.25; do, culls, \$8.50 to \$9.50; hogs, thick smooths, fed and watered, \$11.85; do, f.o.b., \$11.25; do, country points, \$11; do, off cars, \$12.25; select premiums, \$13.90.

### MONTREAL.

Flour—Man. spring wheat pat., firsts, \$8; do, seconds, \$7.50; strong bakers', \$7.30; winter pat., choice, \$6.20. Rolled oats—bag of 90 lb., \$3.25. Bran, \$27.25. Shorts, \$29.25. Middlings, \$35.25. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$14.  
Cheese—Kingswests, 24c; finest extra, 23½c. Butter, No. 1 pasteurized, 43 to 43½c; No. 1 creamery, 42 to 42½c; seconds, 41 to 41½c. Eggs, storage extras, 45c; storage firsts, 44c; storage seconds, 34 to 35c; fresh extras, 53c; fresh firsts, 45c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, Quebec, \$2 to \$2.10.  
Cows, \$3 to \$3.50; ordinary veal calves, \$10; better ones, \$11; grass calves, \$5; lambs, \$11.75 for ewes and wethers, \$11.50 for mixed lots good lambs, including bucks; com. kinds, \$11; hogs, mixed lots, \$12.25; select, \$12.75; sows, \$10 to \$10.25.

### BALEED HAY—No. 2, per ton, \$15; No. 3, per ton, \$14 to \$14.50; mixed, per ton, \$13 to \$14; lower grades, \$8 to \$9.

### CHEESE—New, large, 26c; twins, 26½c; triplets, 27c; Skiltons, 28c. Old, large, 30c; twins, 30½c; triplets, 31c.

### BUTTER—Finest creamery prints, 47c; No. 1 creamery, 46c; No. 2, 44 to 45c. Dairy prints, 40 to 42c.

### EGGS—Fresh, extras, in cartons, 60c; loose, 58 to 60c; storage extras, 44 to 45c; storage firsts, 41 to 42c; storage seconds, 37 to 38c.

### DRESSED POULTRY—Chickens, spring, lb., 32c; hens, over 4 to 5 lbs., 24 to 26c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 22c; roosters, 18c; ducklings, 5 lbs. and up, 27 to 30c.

### BEANS—Can. hand-picked, lb., 6½c; primes, 6c.

### MAPLE PRODUCE—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.40; per 5-gal. tin, \$2.30 per gal. Maple sugar, lb., 25 to 26c.

### HONEY—60-lb. tins, 12½ to 13c; 10-lb. tins, 12½ to 13c; 5-lb. tins, 13 to 13½c; 2½-lb. tins, 14 to 15c.

### SMOKED MEATS—Hams, med., 31 to 32c; cooked hams, 45 to 48c; smoked rolls, 22c; cottage, 23 to 25c; break-

### fast bacon, 22 to 26c; special brand breakfast bacon, 28 to 29c; backs, boneloss, 33 to 40c.

### CURED MEATS—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., 22c; 70 to 80 lbs., \$20.00; 20 lbs. and up, \$19.50; lightweight rolls, in barrels, \$43.50; heavyweight rolls, \$38.50 per bbl.

### LARD—Pure tallow, 18 to 18½c; tubs, 18½ to 19c; pails, 19 to 19½c; prints, 20 to 20½c; shortening tallow, 13½c; tubs, 14c; pails, 14½c; blocks, 15 to 15½c.

### HEAVY STEERS, choice, \$7.75 to \$8; do, good, \$6.75 to \$7.50; butcher steers, choice, \$6.50 to \$7; do, good, \$6 to \$6.25; do, med., \$4.75 to \$5.25; do, com., \$3.75 to \$4.75; butcher halfers, choice, \$6.25 to \$6.75; do, good, \$5.75 to \$6; do, med., \$4.50 to \$5; do, choice, \$3.50 to \$4.50; butcher cows, choice, \$3.50 to \$4.50; do, fair to good, \$4 to \$4.50; butcher bulls, good, \$4.50 to \$5.50; bolognas, \$3.25 to \$3.50; canners and cutters, \$3 to \$3.50; springers, choice, \$9 to \$10; do, \$8 to \$9; calves, choice, \$12.25 to \$12.50; do, good, \$10 to \$12; do, grass-fed, \$5 to \$6.25; good light sheep, \$4.50 to \$5; good lambs, \$12 to \$12.50; do, med., \$10.50 to \$11; do, bucks, \$10 to \$10.25; do, culls, \$8.50 to \$9.50; hogs, thick smooths, fed and watered, \$11.85; do, f.o.b., \$11.25; do, country points, \$11; do, off cars, \$12.25; select premiums, \$13.90.



Left to right, Foreign Secretary Chamberlain, Foreign Secretary Stresemann and Foreign Secretary Briand, the principal delegates of England, Germany and France at the Locarno parley.

### DESIRE FOR PEACE NOW RULES IN EUROPE

This is the Miracle of Locarno, Declares Premier Baldwin.

A despatch from Colchester, Eng., says:—"The miracle of Locarno is that a will for peace has been created in Europe for the first time since the world war," declared Premier Baldwin in a speech here on Thursday.

"We have therefore been able," he continued, "to build a solid foundation which will bear any superstructure erected upon it, and if the promise of Locarno is fulfilled, as I have every hope it will be, the peace of Europe will be built up in Western Europe as a prelude to peace throughout the whole of Europe."

"For the first time in Europe we have before us a treaty, which of its nature is inclusive, not exclusive. In other words, all such arrangements in the past have been arrangements which were designed in essence against a third party."

"At Locarno there was nothing of the kind. These new agreements, wholly pacific from beginning to end, are mutual guarantees between all the contracting parties, with no direction against any third or other party."

Winston Churchill, Chancellor of the Exchequer, who followed Premier Baldwin at the oyster feast in Colchester Guildhall, threatened to increase the income tax next year, without actually naming it, unless the Cabinet's new economy committee succeeded in effecting considerable savings.

The Chancellor otherwise was optimistic. Although he had not been able to decide whether the nation was actually beginning to live on its capital, the British people, though not getting rich as rapidly as they were before the war, were still getting richer, and certainly not poorer as a nation. There were evidences of greater consuming power in all parts of the country, and he concluded: "We may look to the future, if not with buoyant hope, at any rate with solid confidence."

### Bliss Carman to Lecture on English at McGill

A despatch from Montreal says:—Bliss Carman, noted Canadian poet, will join the staff of the Dept. of English, McGill University, for the month of November, it is announced at the university.

### KILLED WHEN PLANE CRASHED TO GROUND

Flight Officer Matthews Was Making Test at Camp Borden.

A despatch from Barrie, Ont., says:—Flight Officer T. C. Matthews was instantly killed at Camp Borden. He was a pupil learning to fly, and when making a test crashed to the ground.

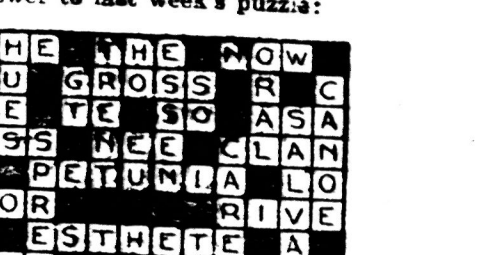
Mr. Matthews, who was undergoing a course on flying instruction, was flying solo in an Avro training airplane. He was trying a landing test, during the course of his qualification for pilot, and when approaching the ground the machine appeared to lose flying speed, stalled and fell. The machine was too close to the ground to allow the pilot to regain control. Pilot Matthews, it is reported, was instantly killed.

The late pilot officer was born at Macleod, Alberta, on July 17, 1902, and graduated from the Royal Military College in June, 1924.

### England Seeks to Solve Frayed Collar Mystery

A despatch from London says:—The mystery of why collars are frayed and buttons broken when the laundry comes home has claimed the attention of the British government. This became known through the announcement by the Department for Scientific and Industrial Research that for a four-year period it has contributed to the British Launderers' Association the sum of £12,605 (about \$63,000) to further the attempt to find means for preventing fraying of collars and the destruction of buttons. Nevertheless, collars still some return with saw-tooth edges and shirts home buttonless.

### Answer to last week's puzzle:



SHE THE NOW  
F U CROSS R C  
O P E Y E S O A S  
L E S S W E E L A N  
I R P E T U N I A L O  
O D O R I E S T H E T E A  
E T N A H O N E T T A  
S I D I O P T E R I N  
S O N S R E I S O O N  
A N E N E C O U N Y  
A R E U S S U S E