

TYPHOON SWEEPS COAST OF CHINA

Two Thousand Fishermen May Have Perished in Canton River, Many Junks Sunk

Hong Kong.—Two thousand Chinese fishermen are believed to have perished in a typhoon, which raged through out Monday. More than 100 junks were engaged in fishing in the Canton River Estuary and off the coast have not made port, and are believed to have been wrecked or sunk.

The only known foreign casualty was the drowning of a Dutch resident of Hong Kong, who was blown into the water.

Shipping at Hong Kong, a British colony, and at Macao, a Portuguese settlement, was badly battered by rough seas, but the wind did comparatively little damage to the cities. Ships at docks made fast with additional lines, and those anchored in exposed places were towed to safety. Thirty-five native fishermen clinging to wreckage were rescued by the crew of the British steamer Hydrangea, who drove lifeboats through plunging seas to their rescue.

Hong Kong and Macao have frequently been damaged by typhoons. Located on promontories on opposite sides of the Canton River and Estuary they are exposed to high winds. They are forty miles apart. Many lives were lost in Macao in 1923, when the city was badly damaged by three typhoons. Hong Kong suffered severely with considerable loss of life.

The whole south China coast is subject to devastating storms. The hurricane of August, 1922, was said to have killed 60,000 Chinese at Swatow.



Most Rev. Geo. Thornstoe of the archdiocese of Algona and Metropolitan of the ecclesiastical province of Ontario, who has tendered his resignation, owing to age and ill-health.

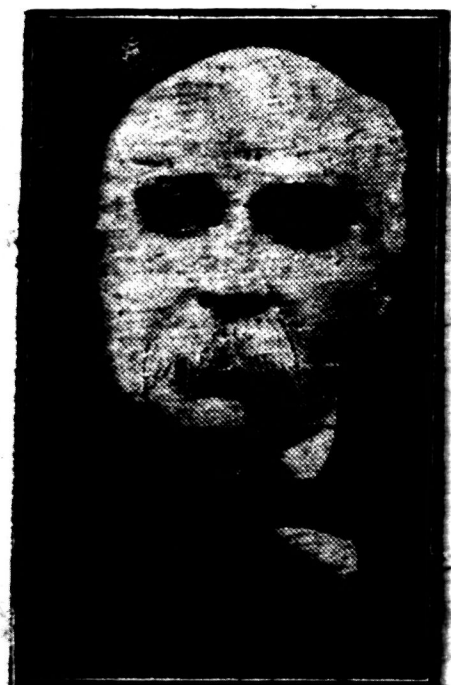
Dominion Produces Best Apples

Apples may be grown over a great part of Canada, so great in fact that if it were all planted the crop would be sufficient to supply the markets of the world. In point of flavor, high coloring and long-keeping qualities, the Dominion produces the best grades and the demand for Canadian apples from other countries is steadily growing as they become better known.

COLLAPSE AT HAND OF GREATEST INDUSTRIAL DISPUTE IN HISTORY OF BRITAIN

London.—The coal stoppage, which began five months ago, seems near its end. The trickle of men back to work slowly increasing for weeks has become a rush in some districts. Sixty per cent. of the South Wales miners are expected to be back on the owners' terms, by Monday, and what A. J. Cook, the miners' secretary, called "an organized retreat," shows signs of becoming a rout.

The delegates of the Miners' Federation in London voted to refer to the ballot of the men the Government's and their own peace proposals. It will take six days for the results of this ballot to be announced, but there are indications that by then the bulk of the miners will already be at work.



Georges Clemenceau, veteran French statesman, was 85 years old on Sept. 22.

PHOTOGRAPH SNAPS NEW CABINET OF PREMIER W. L. MACKENZIE KING, AFTER MEMBERS WERE SWORN IN

Reading from left to right, back row—Hon. Fernand Rivrot, Secretary of State; Hon. Robert Forke, Minister of Immigration; Hon. J. D. Elliott, Minister of Public Works; Hon. W. D. Baker, Minister of Customs; Hon. Charles A. Dunning, Minister of Railways; Hon. W. R. Motherwell, Minister of Agriculture; Hon. J. P. A. Caradin, Minister of Marine and Fisheries; Hon. James Malcolm, Minister of Trade and Commerce; Hon. Dr. King, Minister of Health and Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment; Hon. Lucien Cannon, Solicitor-General; Hon. P. Veniot, Postmaster-General; Hon. Peter Heenan, Minister of Labor; Front row—Hon. James Robb, Minister of Finance; Hon. Senator Raoul Dandurand, Leader of the Senate; Rt. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, Prime Minister and Minister of External Affairs; Hon. Ernest Lapointe, Minister of Justice; Hon. Charles Stewart, Minister of Interior.

Sierra Leone Exhibit Attracted Visitors at Fair

Toronto.—M. T. Dawe, Commissioner for the Government of Sierra Leone to the Canadian National Exhibition where, for the first time, that Government exhibited its products said, at the conclusion of the Exhibition: "I have been agreeably surprised at the interest shown by the public in the Sierra Leone exhibit and upon return home, I propose to approach the other British African colonies on the advisability and value to them of bringing out next year a composite exhibit which will bring home to Canadians the vast resources and products that are grown throughout the continent of Africa. It is particularly interesting that Sierra Leone has been the first African colony to exhibit in Canada as the Port of Freetown, the capital city, was originally founded by the importation from Nova Scotia in 1792 of 100 freed slaves, sent to the colony under charge of Lieut. Clarkson, who afterwards became the first governor of the Sierra Leone Co. I feel sure rough mountain trail to Princeton, Vermont in exhibiting at the Canadian National Exhibition will come back to us through increased trade between the two countries and I feel that an important step has been taken in the furtherance of inter-empire trade."

Demand for Canadian Fur

In 1850 Canadian muskrat skins sold in London at eight cents each, but the demand for this fur has rapidly grown and to-day the pelts fetch from \$1.50 to \$3.00. One reason that muskrat fur is so popular with the "trade" is the fact that, in addition to its natural beauty of appearance, it can be treated to look like several other rare and expensive furs, so that no matter what the vogue the muskrat pelt continues in demand.

Queen Mary Shops in the Limelight

When a Queen goes shopping the broad glare of publicity continues to play upon her as it does upon virtually all her activities outside the precincts of the royal palace.

Queen Mary took occasion while stopping at Goldborough to make a shopping expedition to Harrogate, nearby, and the account of her trip through the curio shops filled a full half column of close print in one of the big provincial papers. Even the purchases she made were enumerated in detail. These included a Chinese jade elephant and a monkey in similar material, some other Chinese antiques, a pair of blue Wedgwood vases and a Sheraton tea-caddy of exquisite workmanship. Her housewife's eye for a bargain, as well as her taste, were especially remarked.

Chief Justice Acted as Canada's Governor

Ottawa.—In the interval between the departure of Baron Byng of Vimy and the arrival of Viscount Willingdon, Right Hon. P. A. Anglin, P.C., Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada, was Administrator of the Government of the Dominion. He was sworn in as such on Sept. 30, and held the office until the new Governor-General was sworn in at Quebec on Oct. 2. The new Governor-General was sworn in by Mr. Justice Mignault, the Senior Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court of Canada, present at Quebec at the time.

Big Loan to be Paid Off From Surplus Resources

Ottawa.—The \$35,000,000 Dominion loan, on October 1st, was paid off in cash net from surplus resources. No new borrowings will be necessary for the present. The loan was in connection with Victory bonds, and was negotiated through banks for a three-year period.

Kingston.—The death occurred in Tangier, N.S., near Halifax, of John Carey Murray, B.A., B.Sc., Tuesday. Mr. Murray was a prominent mining engineer. He was a graduate of Dalhousie University. He also graduated from Queen's University in 1901, having studied mining there.

Eminent Engineer is Called by Death

For a number of years he was editor of The Canadian Mining Journal, and later became a consulting mining engineer, and at the time of his death he had been reopening some of the old mines of Tangier, N.S. Here he contracted a heavy cold and pneumonia, which resulted in his death.

Decedent was a son of the late Rev. Robert Murray of Studley, Halifax, N.S. He is survived by his widow and three daughters, Elizabeth, Kathleen, and a sister, Mrs. Sanborn, Vermilion, Sask.

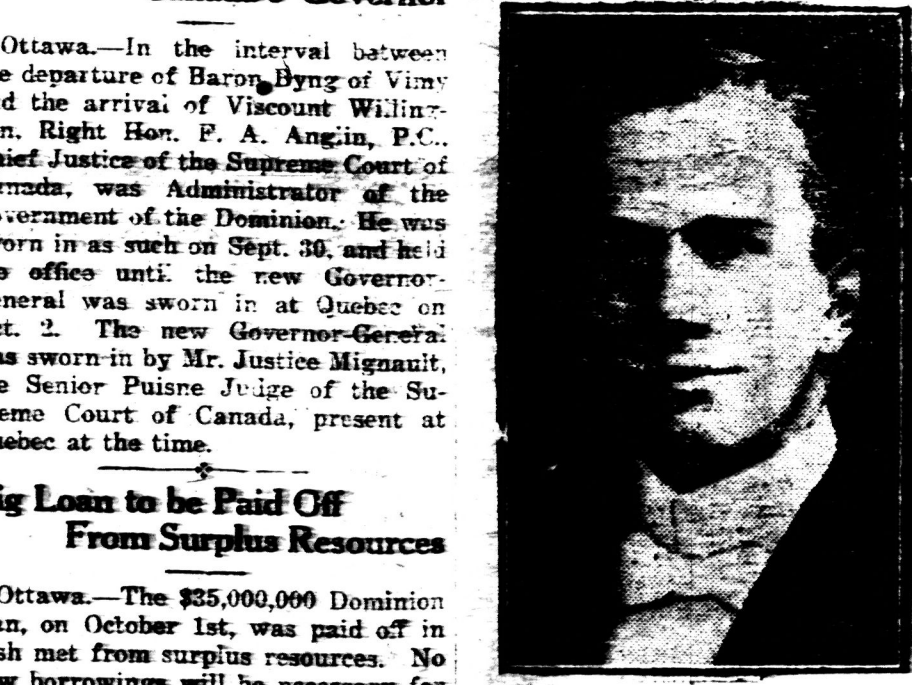
Cabinet Elections Probable in November

Ottawa.—Present expectations are that the by-elections for newly appointed Cabinet Ministers will be held in November, with nominations on Nov. 15 and elections on Nov. 22, if any of the Ministers are opposed. The writs in connection with the general election should reach Ottawa about Oct. 10.

It is not anticipated that the new Ministers will meet opposition when they appeal to the electors under the law which originated in Britain in the reign of Queen Anne. The ancient requirement is that when a member of the House of Commons accepts a position of emolument under the Crown he must seek re-election, and Canada is about the only Dominion in the British Empire which retains the law.

Newsboy Sets Fine Example of Honesty

St. Thomas.—A 10-year-old newsboy named Billy Herbert set an example of honesty when he hurried into the police station with a battered purse containing a dollar bill that he had just found on the main business street. The lad told Sergeant Geddes that another newsie who had been with him had urged him to split the money fifty-fifty, and say nothing about it, but his conscience would not let him do that. He insisted on leaving the purse and money with the police to give a claimant time to call and prove his property. Billy Herbert won the praises of the police officers and several city officials.



Dr. H. Nash, who carried a box of Hamilton, who carried a box of Hamilton, who carried a box of Hamilton for the benefit of hurricane victims.

NURSE FOUND AFTER THIRTY DAYS WANDERING IN SNOW-COVERED MOUNTAINS

Princeton, E.C.—From her comfortable hospital bed, Mary Warburton, 57, nurse, told a halting but coherent story of her wanderings without food, proper clothing, or guidance, for a month in the snow-covered Tulaheen Mountains, west of here, from which she was rescued last Monday by "Pond" Davis, a guide, and Constable Daugherty, of the Provincial Police, after hope that she would ever be found alive had been generally abandoned.

Clad only in a light khaki hiking costume, Miss Warburton said, she left Hope, on the Fraser River, on August 25, with a four-day supply of food for a 65-mile tramp over the mountains that the expense incurred by my Government the second day out, after having covered about 25 miles, she continued, she took the wrong path. The following day she stumbled when crossing a mountain stream and lost all her food, with the exception of the remains of half a pound of butter with which she had started out. The butter she conserved as long as possible, taking only

a small portion morning and night while it lasted. In a few days, however, she was absolutely without food, and obtained her only nourishment by chewing leaves and fungus, which she did not swallow. After the first week or so, she stated, she did not feel hungry.

In a final effort to trace Miss Warburton, Davis and Constable Daugherty left here last Saturday. Shortly after pitching camp in Paradise Valley on Monday they heard a faint "hello," and after a search Davis came upon the nurse, who, supported by a stick, was tottering in the direction of the camp fire smoke. She was in an emaciated condition, and her clothing was in tatters. All that was left of her shoes were the soles, which were bound to her feet with pieces of rope. "You're an angel from Heaven," was the woman's greeting as she collapsed at Davis' feet.

Miss Warburton was brought here by pack horses and automobile, and after arriving at the hospital insisted on taking a hot bath unaided, before she was put to bed.

Power Going to Waste

A great industrial centre is being built up on the St. Maurice River in Quebec. In addition to a huge pulp and paper industry cheap Hydro Electric energy has made possible plants for the manufacture of metallic aluminum from alumina, artificial abrasives from sand and sawdust, calcium carbide from lime and coke and a host of chemical products. Many of the northern water powers as yet unutilized will no doubt some day support similar industries requiring cheap and plentiful electrical energy. Such rivers as the Nelson in Manitoba with their millions of horse power going to waste could maintain industries for an enormous population.

Farewell Message of Baron Byng of Vimy

Quebec.—"I return to England imbued with the ideals of Canadianism. I have absorbed them during five happy years in Canada, and it is my purpose to do my very best to maintain them. The ideals of Canada have been beneficial to this country, and they will continue to be so, but it is not only Canada that they will benefit, for they will exercise an influence for good to the whole league of English-speaking nations."

This was the valedictory to Canada of Baron Byng of Vimy.

FAMOUS CANADIAN V.C. FALLS ON HARD DAYS

Mr. O'Leary and Family to be Sent to Ireland by Hamilton Board of Control

Hamilton.—Michael O'Leary, V.C., who, single-handed, bombed his way to renown in the Great War, has fallen on hard days. He and his wife and their children are in sore straits. They have been in this city for several months.

John McMenemy, Relief Officer, recommended to the Board of Control that sufficient be advanced to pay the passage of the family to a relative's home in Ireland. Michael, it is said, has a rich uncle there, who has promised to look after them, but he will send no money to them as long as they remain away from the homeland. The recommendation was approved.

Canadians Like Eggs

Canadians consume more eggs in a year than almost any other nationality, the total being over three hundred per capita per year. In other words, every man, woman and child in the country consumes on an average one per day for six days in the week. This is a considerably higher consumption than either in Great Britain or the United States. One reason for this is the fact that Canadian eggs are usually fresh and properly graded. There are about five boxes of other domestic fowls for each person in the country and they are, for the most part, well distributed in small flocks, from one end of the country to the other, so that it is usually possible for eggs to reach the consumer without going into cold storage.

October Good Month For Observing Mars

Chicago.—Secrets of Mars may be learned before the end of this month, according to E. B. Frost of the Yerkes Observatory at the University of Chicago. During the latter part of October, he said, the planet will come within approximately 42,600,000 miles of the earth, and with the sun opposite, the conditions will be most favorable for observation.



Marshal Sun Chang Feng, the "strong man" of eastern China, has now entered the Yangtze valley, becoming a third party to the conflict there.

THE WEEK'S MARKETS

TORONTO

Man. wheat—No. 1 North, \$1.50; No. 2 North, \$1.48; No. 3 North, \$1.44.

Man. oats—No. 2 CW nominal; No. 3, not quoted; No. 1 feed, 60¢; No. 2 feed, nominal; Western grain quotations in c.i.f. ports.

Man. corn, track, Toronto—No. 2 yellow, 96¢; No. 3 yellow, 94¢.

Man. feed—Del. Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$29.25; shorts, per ton, \$11.25; middlings, \$23.25; good feed flour, per bag, \$2.50.

Ont. oats—42 to 44¢ f.o.b. shipping points.

Ont. good milling wheat—\$1.22 to \$1.24, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freights.

Barley—Malting, 56 to 51¢.

Buckwheat—Nominal.

Rye—No. 2, 85¢.

Man. flour—First pat., \$8.30; Toronto, do, second pat., \$7.80.

Ont. flour—Toronto, 90 per cent. patent, per barrel, in carlots, Toronto \$5.70; seaboard, in bulk, \$5.60.

Cheese—New, large, 20 to 20½¢; twins, 20½ to 21¢; triplets, 22¢; Stilltons, 23¢; Old, large, 26¢; twins, 27¢; triplets, 30¢.

Butter—Finest creamery prints, 16 to 37¢; No. 1 creamery, 35 to 36¢; No. 2, 34 to 35¢. Dairy prints, 29½ to 30¢.

Eggs—Fresh extras, in cartons, 51 to 52¢; fresh extras, loose, 50¢; fresh firsts, 45¢; fresh seconds, 35 to 36¢. Storage extras, 43¢; do, firsts, 40¢; do, seconds, 34 to 35¢.

Poultry, dressed—Chicken, spring squabs, 1 to 1½ lbs., 32 to 35¢; do, springs, over 4 lbs., 38 to 40¢; do, springs, 3 to 4 lbs., 35 to 38¢; do, 2½ to 3½ lbs., 32¢; do, 2 to 2½ lbs., 32¢; hens, over 5 lbs., 28¢; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 28¢; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 24¢; roosters, 22¢; ducklings, 5 lbs. and up, 35¢.

Beans—Can. hand-picked, \$2.60 per bushel; primes, \$2.40 per bushel.

Maple produce—Syrup, per Imp. gal., \$2.25 to \$2.30; per 5-gal., \$2.15 to \$2.25 per gal.; maple sugar, lb., 25 to 26¢.

Honey—60-lb. tins, 12½ to 13¢; 10-lb. tins, 12½ to 13¢; 5-lb. tins, 13 to 12½¢; 2½-lb. tins, 13¢ to 14¢.

Comb honey—\$3.40 to \$4 per dozen.

Smoked meats—Hams, med., 33 to 34¢; cooked hams, 47 to 48¢; smoked ribs, 28 to 30¢; breakfast bacon, 35 to 40¢; backs, boneseas, 37 to 45¢.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., \$23 to 29 lbs., \$21.60; 20½ lbs. and up, \$22.34; lightweight rolls in barrels, \$42.50; heavyweight rolls, \$39.50 per bbl.

Lard—Pure tierces, 16 to 17¢; tubs, 17½ to 18¢; pails, 18 to 19½¢; prints, 19 to 19½¢; shortening, tierces, 13½ to 14¢; tubs, 14 to 14½¢; pails, 15 to 15½¢; blocks, 16½ to 17¢.

Heavy steers, choice, \$7 to \$7.50; do, good, \$6.50 to \$6.75; butcher steers, choice, \$5.50 to \$6.75; do, good, \$6 to \$6.25; do, com., \$4.50 to \$5.50; butcher cows, choice, \$4.75 to \$5; do, fair to good, \$3.75 to \$4.50; butcher bulls, good, \$4.50 to \$5.50; boneseas, \$3.50 to \$4; canners and cutters, \$2.25 to \$3; good milk cows, \$7 to \$11.00; springers, choice, \$50 to \$115; med. cows, \$45 to \$60; feeders, good, \$6 to \$6.50; do, fair, \$5 to \$6; calves, choice, \$12.50 to \$13.50; do, good, \$9 to \$11; do, med., \$7 to \$9; grassers, \$4 to \$4.50; good lambs, \$11 to \$11.75; do, bucks, \$9 to \$9.75; good light sheep, \$6 to \$6.50; heavy sheep and bucks, \$4; hogs, thick smooths, fed and watered, \$12.25; do, f.o.b., \$11.50 to \$11.75; do, country points, \$11.25 to \$11.50; do, off cars, \$12.50 to \$12.75; select premium, \$2.37 to \$2.42.

MONTREAL

Oats, C.W. No. 2, 66¢; C.W. No. 3, 64¢; extra No. 1 feed, 65¢; flour, Man. spring wheat, 83¢; do, strong bakers, \$7.80; do, winter pats., choice, \$6.80 to \$6.40; Rolled oats, bag 90 lbs., \$3.65. Bran, \$29.25. Shorts, \$31.25. Middlings, \$39.25. Hay, No. 2, per ton, carlots, \$14 to \$15.

Cheese, finest wests, 17¢; do, finest easts, 17½¢; butter, No. 1 pasteurized, 33 to 33½¢; eggs, storage, extra, 45¢; do, storage firsts, 39¢; do, storage seconds, 34¢; do, fresh extras, 52¢; do, fresh firsts, 47¢.

Hogs, selecta, \$12.75; do, thick smooths, \$12; do, lights, \$11.50; sows, \$8.50 to \$9.50; veal calves, \$11.50.