

POWERS DEMAND REPARATIONS FOR NANKING OUTRAGES

Conditions Are Viewed in London as Bad and Growing Worse—Attitude of Cantonese Becomes More Threatening.

CHINESE GENERAL PROTESTS AGAINST PRESENCE OF TROOPS.

London.—With the drafting of demands for reparations for the Nanking outrages, the situation between China and the powers assumed a new and more grave aspect. That such demands were formulated, and now are under consideration by the representatives of the powers in Peking, is admitted officially here.

The steps to be taken if the demands are not complied with are also under consideration, and it is stated that, if necessary, they will be fairly drastic.

Conditions in China are viewed diplomatically here as bad, and growing worse. It was revealed that portions of the sworn statements made by British and United States nationals regarding the atrocities at Nanking had been expurgated before they could be made public.

According to news received by the British Admiralty the attitude of the Cantonese toward foreigners, especially the British, has become more and more threatening. Looting continues at the British Consulate at Nanking, and it is not safe for foreigners to land there. Steamers are being fired on with rifles and machine guns. A gun on Lion Hill is kept trained on the vessels, and reports received here say more guns are being mounted.

The situation is regarded as quite

as grave as it was during the Boxer rebellion. What the outcome will be, no one in British diplomatic circles will hazard a guess. Unlike the Boxer troubles, Chinese Nationalist sentiment is strongly behind the present movement, and will have to be faced by the powers in any action they take to deal with the situation.

Shanghai.—Coinciding with further reports of anti-foreign activities in various sections of Nationalist-controlled China, General Chang Kai-shek, Cantonese Commander-in-Chief, protested against the presence of foreign troops and warships in Shanghai, contending that such a display of forces did more harm than good.

"We are not anti-foreign," the Nationalist military leader declared, "but pro-Chinese. Our aim is to secure international equality—to become an equal in the family of nations."

Estimating that the Anglo-American bombardment of Soong Hill, Nanking, last week, had caused the deaths of 6 Chinese and the wounding of 15 others, General Chang said that he had given instructions for the lodging of a protest with the British and United States naval authorities against what he considered "the unjustifiable bombardment of the city." The General said that a full and accurate report on the Nanking bombardment was not as yet available, and that his estimate of Chinese casualties was subject to revision.

As far as the display of foreign forces in Shanghai was concerned, he said, foreigners must understand that the old policy of force and warships, "which prevailed in the China of the last century, no longer serves any useful purpose. Every additional warship and soldier sent out to China fails to produce the desired effect, and really does the sending nation more harm than good."



NEW HOLDER OF WORLD'S RACING CAR RECORD

Major H. O. D. Seagrave, designer and driver of the great 1,000 horse-power racing car, which he brought from Britain to try out on the beach at Daytona Beach. Recently his official time was 203.84 miles an hour. The previous record was 173.83 miles an hour, held by Capt. Malcolm Campbell, also a Britisher. This picture was taken a few days ago when Major Seagrave on a trial trip made 166 miles an hour at Daytona Beach.

SIR CHARLES TUPPER DIES IN VANCOUVER

Veterin Politician and Cabinet Minister of Thirty Years Ago Succumbs to Pneumonia.

Vancouver, B.C.—Hon. Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, K.C.M.G., K.C., LL.B., died at his home here following an attack of pneumonia which had confined him to his home here for nearly two weeks.

Sir Charles was a member of a family which had been conspicuous in the political life of Canada even before Confederation. His father, Sir Charles Tupper, was Prime Minister of the Dominion in 1896.

As his interests were Dominion-wide, so had he lived for, born in Nova Scotia, his youth was spent there, during his political life he was at Ottawa and after his retirement he took up residence in Vancouver.

Born at Amherst in 1856, a son of the great Tupper, it was considered almost from his infancy inevitable that he should turn to politics. He was first elected to the House of Commons for Pictou in 1882 and through many political storms until 1904 he continued to represent his constituency. On his elevation to the Cabinet in 1888, he became the youngest Cabinet Minister in the history of Canada. He sat in five Federal Administrations and was, in turn, Minister of Marine and Fisheries in the Macdonald, Abbott and Thompson Cabinets, Minister of Justice in the Bowell Ministry and Solicitor-General when his father was Prime Minister. He held Cabinet rank until 1896.

One of the outstanding achievements of his political career was his work as British Agent at the Bering Sea Arbitration in Paris in 1893. It was in connection with this Commission that he was awarded a knighthood in the same year.

He retired from political life, with almost 24 years of unbroken service behind him, at the age of 49.



Mrs. Mary Companion

Who has been awarded the bronze medal of the Canadian Humane Society, and has also been mentioned in the Carnegie Fund Commission for rescuing Harry Billings, aged six, from drowning in the West End creek at Brockville. Mrs. Companion is 77 years of age and is being presented with a substantial purse by the citizens of Brockville in appreciation of her bravery. She plunged into a creek fully dressed after the boy.

A Wise Remark.

The best coin for the exchange of service is not a pound note or a golden sovereign, but it is the coinage of dignity, respect, fellowship, and companionship.—J. Ramsay MacDonald.



The Dog Derby of Northern Saskatchewan covers a distance of 160 miles in four heats of forty miles a day. It was won by Harry Olenky, of The Pas, Manitoba, in 16 hours, 58 minutes and 40 seconds. Earl Brydges, of The Pas, was second in 17 hours, 42 minutes.

Synopsis of Proceedings of Provincial Legislature

PROGRESS DAY BY DAY

MARCH 25TH—

Resolution re the Provincial Celebration of Canadian Jubilee and a day next week set aside to discuss same. In Committee of Supply dealt with estimates. Inspection of theatres was discussed. Estimates of Hydro and Agriculture will be next dealt with.

Jubilee Resolution—

"Resolved," the resolution commences, "on this important occasion in the history of our country, when we are about to celebrate the Diamond Jubilee of Confederation, this House unanimously desires to place on record its profound sense of the notable progress the Dominion of Canada, and especially the Province of Ontario, has made during the past 60 years.

"While the people of Ontario rejoice in the advancement of the Province along many and varied lines of enterprise, the betterment of the conditions of life, and the moral, social and material advance of the community, we value all these advances in proportion as they contribute to the general welfare of the whole Dominion and of the Empire in which we have a common citizenship.

1867 Spirit Essential as Ever—

"Realizing that the spirit of unity, co-operation and conciliation that inspired the Fathers of Confederation is as essential to-day as it ever was to the welfare of our country, this House extends its most cordial greetings to all our sister Provinces as well as to Canadians everywhere, and earnestly hopes that the approaching celebration of the Diamond Jubilee of Confederation will be an occasion for knitting together more closely all the various Provinces in a spirit of goodwill and co-operation, and that it will serve to renew the devotion to high ideals and the realization of public responsibilities which have long been characteristic of the Canadian people.

"And we earnestly desire that all public bodies, including Municipal Councils, School Boards, patriotic, business and fraternal organizations, utilize every available means for commemorating the Diamond Jubilee of Confederation, so that it may be accomplished in a manner that will worthily express the patriotism of the people of Canada, and will serve to impress the world with our abiding faith in its future and in the permanence of our liberties and institutions."

"Gratitude to Providence."

"The members of this Legislative Assembly," the resolution further reads, "furthermore desire to associate themselves with all other Canadians in sincere and humble gratitude to Divine Providence for the manifold blessings we have enjoyed in the past, as well as for the assurance of peace, comfort and happiness in the days that are to come." Moved by the Premier, seconded by Hon. W. E. Sinclair.

MARCH 28TH.

For third successive session was discussed the establishment of Township School Boards. The Premier (Minister of Education) did not press the bill, but intimated the bill was proposed to assist rural schools. Nine members spoke to the bill. To eliminate the weak school, attempt to foster rural high schools were the main points. Private Bill to give certain properties to continuing Presbyterians of Beaverton received second reading. Annual report of Hydro tabled; the revenues from customers reached over twenty and a half million.

MARCH 29th.

A wordy battle over who was to blame over not calling Committee of Public Accounts. Hon. Wm. Finlayson (Minister of Lands and Forests) introduced a bill to provide \$5,000,000 for north country development; also a bill respecting municipal taxation,

this to be discussed by Municipal Committee and ready for next session. The Liquor Bill received its third and last reading, being amended only in so far as to penalties for "poison alcohol" vendors. The Royal consent is all that is needed to make the bill law. The details are, it is understood, well along with the Commission to make the Act operative at or near May 1st.

MARCH 30TH.

More argument about not calling the Public Accounts Committee. The Government wanted Liberal Leader Sinclair to proceed, but the calling of the committee was definitely postponed till 1928. Northern roads and the work thereon was discussed by Minister Finlayson. There is only 25 miles of the North Bay-Timiskaming motor road to be finished, and this will be completed by September 1st. Speaking for an hour and a half, Minister of Agriculture Martin showed how important agriculture really is to Ontario.

MARCH 31ST—

The business of the session was concluded at a late hour and many of the rural members left for home not deciding to wait for the formal prorogation which will take place on Tuesday.

The Hon. Chas. McCrae, Minister of Mines, continued his statement about his department. A custom smelter is to be established at a convenient location for use by small mining companies. The discovery of lead, zinc and copper in Sudbury district ushers in a new era in Ontario assets and a great future is anticipated. Last readings were given to some 42 measures and a unanimous resolution passed urging the participation in the Diamond Jubilee of all public and municipal bodies. The Premier referred to the session as the most pleasant in his 25 years' experience. He further stated that a trip to the great Northern mining areas of the Province would be arranged for the whole Legislature during the coming season. The T. N. and N. O. would undoubtedly be extended to the Rouyn area at an early date. The session concluded its labors for the year in 59 days.



E. R. Wood

President of the Dominion Securities Corporation, whose company has bought controlling interest of the Provincial Paper Mills, Limited.

NORWAY AGAINST PROHIBITION LAW

Lagting Adopts Measure Following Recent Referendum Vote.

Oslo, Norway.—The Lagting passed the bill abolishing prohibition in Norway, pursuant to the vote recorded in the recent referendum.

The bill provides for certain restrictions in the sale of liquor and the new regulations are expected to become effective next month.

Towns having a population of 1,000 or less will vote on the sale of liquor in 1928 and will hold referendums on the subject every six years thereafter.

Liquor, under the bill, may not be sold or served to minors and will be available to adults only from 3 o'clock in the afternoon until 11 o'clock at night. The sale of liquor will be prohibited on important holidays and the day before and the day after.

Britain's Famous Singer Passes Away in England

Worthing, Eng.—Edward Lloyd, credited by the critics with having the purest tenor voice of any singer in the last century, died on Thursday, aged 82.

He was a fellow-chorist with Sir Arthur Sullivan, later to become one of England's most famous composers, at the Chapel Royal. Mr. Lloyd retired from the concert platform about thirty years ago, emerging from retirement only to sing at the coronation of King George.

NIAGARA DISTRICT LOSES LANDMARK

Old Mill, Military Hospital in 1812, Contained Wooden Machinery.

St. Catharines.—An old landmark near Niagara-on-the-Lake is being demolished because of its unsafe condition owing to age. It is the old grist mill on the Chaplin Meadowbrook Farm, just west of Niagara-on-the-Lake.

During the War of 1812 the old mill was used as a hospital, both British and American wounded soldiers being treated in it. When the ancient mill was in use, the ground wheat was carried to the top of the mill by the miller, and was poured in a cooler, and from there was run into the bolt for separating the flour, bran and shorts, there being in those days no elevator for the purpose.

The machinery was all made of wood, including the wheels and shafting. There was not an iron wheel in the whole mill, which is built of very heavy timber, with all posts and beams at least fourteen inches square. The

girths, studding and braces are all hewn out of one piece of timber, and the frame is sawn. The sills and posts are of white oak, and all the other timber is of white wood.

Canada's Arctic Expedition to Go Farther North This Year

Quebec.—Canada's Arctic Expedition will set forth on the annual northern cruise during the first week in July, it is learned here.

The Beothic, which was used last year for the first time, will again be in commission, commanded by Capt. Mackenzie, while it is proposed to penetrate farther north than has ever before been done on these expeditions. The Beothic is at present engaged in the sealing hunt off the Grand Banks.

Willingdon Casts His Vote As Victoria's First Freeman

Victoria, B.C.—Exercising the privilege granted him as Victoria's first freeman, Viscount Willingdon cast a vote on a civic by-law here on Thursday, said to be the first time in the history of Canada that a Governor-General has cast a ballot in municipal affairs.

Markets

TORONTO.

Man. wheat—No. 1 North, \$1.55; No. 2 North, \$1.50; No. 3 North, \$1.48.

Man. oats, No. 2 CW, nominal; No. 3 not quoted; No. 1 feed, 58½¢; No. 2 feed nominal; western grain quotations, in c.i.f. ports.

Am. corn, track, Toronto—No. 2 yellow, kiln dried, 84½¢; No. 3 yellow, kiln dried, 82½¢.

Milled—Del. Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$2.25; shorts, per ton, \$3.25; middlings, \$4.05.

Ont. oats, 55¢, f.o.b. shipping points. Ont. good milling wheat—\$1.23 to \$1.24, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freights.

Barley—Malting, 68¢.

Buckwheat—75¢, nominal.

Rye—No. 2, 57¢.

Man. flour—First pat., \$8, Toronto; do, second pat., \$7.50.

Ont. flour—Toronto, 99 per cent. patent, per barrel, in cartons, Toronto, \$5.25; seaboard, in bulk, \$5.30.

Cheese—New, large, 20½ to 21½¢; twins, 21 to 21½¢; triplets, 21½ to 22½¢. Stiltons, 23¢. Old, large, 25¢; twins, 26¢; triplets, 27¢. Old Stiltons, 28¢.

Butter—Finest creamery prints, 50 to 51¢; No. 1 creamery, 48 to 49¢; No. 2, 46 to 47¢. Dairy prints, 36 to 38¢.

Eggs—Fresh extras, in cartons, 37 to 38¢; fresh extras, loose, 36¢; fresh firsts, 33¢; fresh seconds, 30¢.

Poultry, dressed—Chickens, 5 lbs. and up, 40¢; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 38¢; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 35¢; do, 2½ to 3½ lbs., 34¢; broilers, 10 to 2½ lbs., 38¢; hens, over 5 lbs., 32¢; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 30¢; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 28¢; roosters, 25¢; turkeys, 46 to 47¢; ducklings, 5 lbs. and up, 35 to 38¢.

Beans—Can. hand-picked, \$3.60 to \$3.90 bushel; primes, \$3.45 to \$3.60.

Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.25 to \$2.30; per 5 gal., \$2.15 to \$2.25 per gal.; maple sugar, lb., 25 to 26¢.

Honey—60-lb. tins, 13 to 13½¢; 10-lb. tins, 13½ to 13¾¢; 5-lb. tins, 14 to 14½¢; 2½-lb. tins, 15¢.

Comb honey—\$4 to \$5 per dozen.

Smoked meats—Hams, med., 28 to 30¢; cooked hams, 42 to 44¢; smoked

rolls, 25¢; breakfast bacon, 30 to 35¢; backs, boneless, 33 to 40¢.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., \$21; 70 to 90 lbs., \$19; 90 to 100 lbs., and up, \$18; light weight rolls, in barrels, \$11.50; heavy weight rolls, \$38.50 per barrel.

Lard—Pure tierces, 14 to 14½¢; tubs, 15 to 15½¢; pails, 15½ to 16¢; prints, 16½ to 17¢; shortening tierces, 13 to 13½¢; tubs, 13½ to 14¢; pails, 14½ to 15¢; blocks and tins, 16 to 16½¢.

Heavy export steers, \$8 to \$8.40; do, fair, \$7.50 to \$7.85; butcher steers, choice, \$7.50 to \$8; do, fair to good, \$6.50 to \$7.25; butcher heifers, choice, \$7 to \$7.75; do, com., \$6 to \$6.25; butcher cows, good to choice, \$5 to \$5.75; do, com. to med., \$4.50 to \$5; do, fair to good, \$5.50 to \$6; do, canners and cutters, \$2.50 to \$3.50; butcher bulls, good to choice, \$5 to \$5.75; do, med., \$4.50 to \$5; do, bolognas, \$4 to \$4.25; baby beef, \$8 to \$10.50; feeders, choice, \$6.50 to \$6.75; do, fair, \$6 to \$6.25; stockers, choice, \$6 to \$6.25; do, fair to med., \$5 to \$5.75; springers, \$80 to \$95; milch cows, \$65 to \$80; plain to med. cows, \$40 to \$60; calves, choice, \$12 to \$13; do, med., \$10 to \$11; do, com., \$7 to \$8; lambs, choice, \$13.50 to \$14; bucks, \$10 to \$10.50; sheep, choice, \$7 to \$8; do, heavies, \$4.50 to \$5; do, culls, \$3 to \$3.50; hogs, thick smooths, fed and watered, \$10.50; do, f.o.b., \$10; do, country points, \$9.75; do, off cars, \$10.00; select premiums, per hog, \$2.05.

MONTREAL.

Oats—Can. west., No. 2, 73½¢; do, No. 3, 64½¢. Flour, Man. spring wheat pats., firsts, \$8; do, seconds, \$7.50; strong bakers', \$7.30; winn. pats., choice, \$5.00 to \$6; P-lod oats, bag, 90 lbs., \$3.30 to \$3.40. Bran, \$32.25. Shorts, \$34.25. Middlings, \$40.25. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$14.50.

Cheese, finest wests, 16½ to 16¾¢. Butter, No. 1 pasteurized, 48½ to 49½¢. Eggs, fresh extras, 37¢; fresh firsts, 35¢.

Good steers, \$7.75 to \$8.60; good cows, \$6.50 to \$8; com. cows, \$4 to \$5; med. calves, \$7.50; do, better, \$8 to \$8.25 per cwt; hogs, \$11 to \$11.50.