

# Richard B. Bennett, Calgary, Is Conservative Leader

Two Ballots Required to Give Required Majority — Finally Unanimous

## GUTHRIE RAN SECOND

The business of the great Conservative Rally at Winnipeg is completed. The leader has been chosen and new enthusiasm infused into the working ranks. The Convention opened with the dramatic speech of the Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen essaying to justify his famous Hamilton speech when he stated that before Canadian troops should be committed to Overseas service a general election should be called, and Premier Ferguson immediately took the floor and flayed Mr. Meighen.

Mr. Meighen spoke for an hour and a half "in defence," he said, "of the proposal I made as leader, made in good faith because I believed in its merits."

Mr. Ferguson, in a short spirited attack on Mr. Meighen's judgment in threshing old straw, said in part:

"I am here, not to express my views. It comes to me with the greatest surprise that we find this declaration, because, frankly, I have never found any good to come of digging up a corpse buried more than two years, except to raise an odor. If Mr. Meighen adheres to that view, I want you to understand I repudiate it, and if this convention endorses him I will dissociate myself from the activities of this convention, no matter what happens to me."

### NOMINATIONS FOR LEADER

The following stalwarts were nominated as leader and their names went to ballot:

Robert Rogers, Winnipeg, Minister of Public Works in Borden Cabinet, 1912-17. Nominated by William J. Taylor, Winnipeg, and L. J. Cousineau.

Robert J. Manion, Fort William, Minister of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment in Meighen Cabinet, 1921. Nominated by Dr. J. M. Robb, M.P.P. for Algoma, and Wilfred S. Haney, M.P.P., Sarnia.

Charles H. Cahan, Montreal, elected to House of Commons from St. Lawrence-St. George in 1926. Nominated by Leslie G. Bell, M.P., Montreal, and Hon. Andre Fauteux, Quebec.

Hugh Guthrie, Guelph, temporary Leader of Conservative Opposition since Oct. 11, 1926. Liberal member of Commons from 1909 to 1917, when he entered Union Government as Solicitor-General. Nominated by Dr. J. T. M. Anderson, Saskatoon, and Charles W. Bell, Hamilton.

Richard B. Bennett, Calgary, Minister of Justice in Meighen Cabinet, 1921; Minister of Finance in 1926. Nominated by Hon. L. T. D. Tilley, M.P.P., St. John, and A. A. McGillivray, K.C., Calgary.

Henry L. Drayton, Toronto, Minister of Finance and Receiver-General in Union Government, 1919; Acting House Leader of Conservative Government in 1920. Nominated by Charles Duquette, ex-Mayor, Montreal, and F. W. Turnbull of Regina.

Seven others were nominated, but declined to stand, as follows: Sir George Perley, Hon. H. H. Stevens, Col. John Currie, Hon. J. B. Baxter, Right Hon. Arthur Meighen, Hon. G. Howard Ferguson, and Hon. E. N. Rhodes.

### TWO BALLOTS WERE HELD

**FIRST BALLOT**  
 Hon. R. B. Bennett, Alberta ... 594  
 Hon. Hugh Guthrie, Ontario ... 345  
 C. H. Cahan, K.C., Quebec ... 310  
 Hon. R. J. Manion, Ontario ... 170  
 Hon. Rob. Rogers, Manitoba ... 114  
 Sir H. Drayton, Ontario ... 31  
 To win the first ballot it was necessary for a candidate to secure at least 783 votes, or 188 more than was secured by Bennett.

**SECOND BALLOT**  
 Hon. R. B. Bennett, Alberta ... 780  
 Hon. H. Guthrie, Ontario ... 320  
 C. H. Cahan, K.C., Quebec ... 266  
 Hon. R. J. Manion, Ontario ... 148  
 Hon. Rob. Rogers, Manitoba ... 37  
 Sir H. Drayton, Ontario ... 3

Total vote polled ... 1,554  
 Bennett secured 2 more votes than was necessary to elect.  
 On the second ballot Mr. Bennett received an additional 196 votes. He drew from the forces of each of the other candidates as follows: Mr. Guthrie, 25 votes; Mr. Cahan, 44 votes; Dr. Manion, 22 votes; Mr. Rogers 77 votes; Sir Henry Drayton, 28 votes. It will be noticed that the greatest defection was from Mr. Rogers.

**THE NEW LEADER**  
 Mr. Bennett is tall and strongly built, and dignified in appearance and manner. In utterance he is among the most fluent of men in public life in Canada.

Since early manhood Mr. Bennett has been active in political life. In his early twenties he participated in the municipal politics of Chatham, New Brunswick, where he commenced the practice of law after being admitted to the Bar of the province in 1893. It was in 1870, at Hopewell, New Brunswick, that Mr. Bennett was born. His father was of United Empire Loyalist descent. He taught school, read law and later attended Dalhousie University.

In 1897 Mr. Bennett went to Calgary and in the following year at the age of twenty-eight, he was elected to the Legislature of the Northwest Territories for the district of West

### PREMIER WIRES FELECITATION

Premier Wm. Lyon Mackenzie King was one of the first to wire Hon. Mr. Bennett as follows: "I have just heard of your selection as leader of the Conservative Party of Canada and desire to tender to you very hearty congratulations upon the confidence in you by the members of your party and upon the distinguished honor they have conferred upon you."

Calgary, which he now represents in the House of Commons. He retained his seat until 1905, although he was defeated as a candidate for the Federal House in 1900. In 1905 he was defeated in Calgary for the Alberta Legislature, but was returned in 1909. Mr. Bennett entered the House of Commons in 1911 at the time of the general election and in 1921 was taken into the reorganized Cabinet under Premier Meighen as Minister of Justice. He was defeated in 1921 but re-elected in 1925 and again in 1926.

He is a man of great personal wealth and reputed to be one of Canada's leading millionaires.

### CONVENTION SUMMARY

1—Adopted a tariff resolution adhering to Conservative principles.

2—Adopted a resolution that Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta should be granted their natural resources, with an amendment providing for maintenance and administration of school lands and school lands endowment funds for educational purposes according to the laws of their respective provinces.

3—Adopted a resolution for the completion of the Hudson Bay Railway.

4—Adopted a resolution for a Pacific Coast outlet for the Peace River district.

5—Adopted a resolution respecting legislation for ex-service men.

6—Adopted a resolution favoring the principle of federal aid for the construction of inter-provincial highways.

7—Adopted a resolution for the protection and development of Canada's natural resources.

8—Adopted a resolution advocating the use and development of Canadian ports.

9—Adopted a resolution to maintain existing freight rates on grain and flour "as a maxima on grain and grain products."

10—Adopted a resolution advocating the development of the St. Lawrence canal as an all-Canadian project "to be developed in the national interest as and when conditions warrant."

11—Adopted a resolution for the advancement of the fishing industry.

12—Adopted a resolution to further agriculture "as the greatest industry in our country."

13—Adopted a resolution of party policy for the prosperity of Canada.

14—Adopted a resolution to put into effect all the recommendations of the Duncan report on marine rights "when returned to power."

15—Adopted a national fuel policy resolution.

16—Adopted a resolution advocating that old age pensions legislation "should be the subject of federal legislation only."

17—Adopted a Labor plank in the form of a resolution.

18—Adopted a resolution on imperial relations "cherishing the traditions and purposes of the British family of nations."

19—Adopted a resolution for an aggressive system of immigration, including a recommendation for the exclusion of Orientals.

20—Adopted a resolution favoring the maintenance of the Canadian National Railways "as a publicly owned and operated utility" and advocating that the directors be "non-partisan and free from all political interference."

21—Adopted a resolution for appointment of committee to arrange for monument over the grave of Sir John A. Macdonald, at Kingston, Ont.

22—Adopted a resolution advocating establishment of a permanent residence in Ottawa for the Conservative leader.

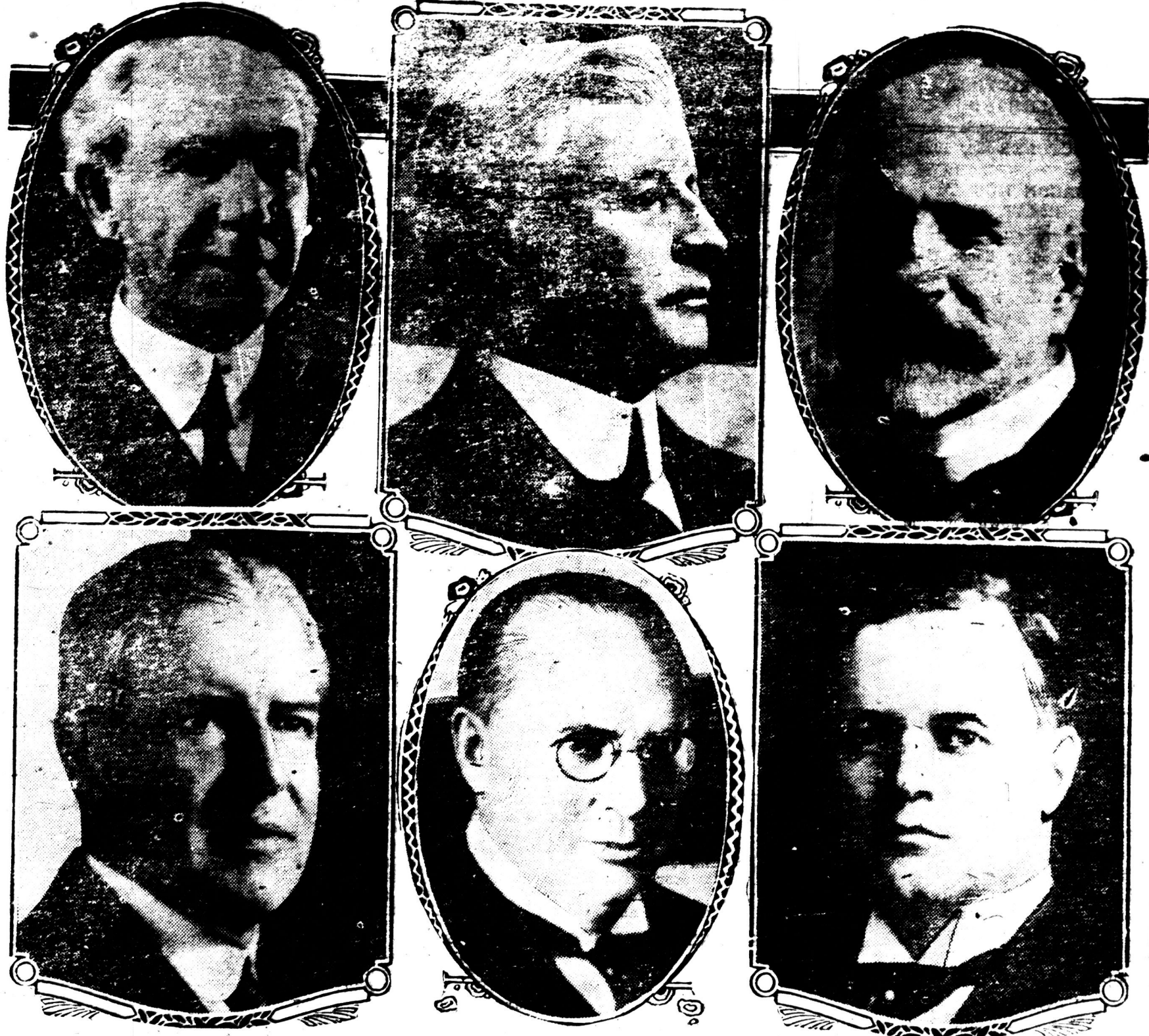
23—Adopted a resolution for the development of mining.

24—Adopted a resolution advocating the use and development of Canadian ports.

Well, the French action on tariffs ought to call attention again to the great truth that an infant industry thirteen feet tall looks peculiar in rompers.

With reference to the Bishop of Ripon's suggestion that scientists should take a ten-years' holiday, the scientists are of opinion that the Higher Clergy are too altruistic...

Canada's Leading Conservative ... Completed For Leadership



Above are photographs of the six Conservatives who accepted nomination to lead the Federal Party and were voted on at Winnipeg. Top right to left: Hon. Robert Rogers, Manitoba, stood fifth; Hon. Hugh Guthrie, Ontario, came second; C. H. Cahan, K.C., ran third. Lower row, right to left: Sir Henry Drayton, Ontario, ran last; Hon. R. B. Bennett is the new leader and Hon. R. J. Manion who polled fourth highest.

### Million By Ford in Brazil Rubber

New Company is Announced — Holds 4,000,000 Acres

Para, Brazil.—A 1,000,000 Ford industrial company of Brazil is to be incorporated here Thursday. Articles of incorporation indicated that the company intends to plant, refine, manufacture and trade in rubber. It holds concessions of nearly 4,000,000 acres on the Tapajo River.

The new Ford company was formed this week. Attorney O. Z. Ide, of Detroit, representing Henry Ford and others, signed the articles of incorporation jointly with W. L. Reeve Blakely, of Highland Park, and the statutory Brazilian stockholders.

Blakely and Ide were to leave for New York. Blakely planned to return here to take charge of the work.

Part of the company's concession was purchased from Jorge Dumont Villares, of Sao Paulo, who was associated with Blakely for two years in investigating conditions for the organizers.



Courage!

The above photograph of General Alfredo Quizano, one of the leaders of the abortive Mexican revolt, was taken just a few seconds before he fell, his body riddled by the bullets of a firing squad. He is seen waving good-bye to a group of newspaper correspondents, after asking his executioners to come nearer so they would not miss. The wall behind him bears grim evidence of previous death dramas. General Quizano refused to be blindfolded and met death erect and unflinching.

### Willingtons Will Visit United States

Ottawa.—The Governor-General of Canada and Lady Willington will pay an official visit to the United States early in December. They will arrive in Washington on Dec. 6, and will be the guests of the Hon. and Mrs. Vincent Massey at the Canadian Legation during their stay in the United States capital.

The visit of Their Excellencies to Washington is unique. While other

### THE "AMERICAN GIRL" SAFE

Miss Ruth Elder Venturesome Aviatrix and Her Pilot Picked Up Near England After Travelling About 3000 Miles

#### HAD ENGINE TROUBLE

"Landed by Steamship Barendrecht with broken oil line. Both Haldeman and myself O.K.," signed Ruth Elder, was the message which caused joy to all who wondered as to her fate.

Growing anxiety was causing a conviction that the American Girl had gone to join other missing trans-oceanic planes which carried their brave occupants to unmarked graves in the Atlantic.

When word came that the craft had

made a successful landing at sea, 900 miles from France, its maximum time limit in the air was almost up and the plane was several hours overdue at Paris, according to Captain Haldeman's estimate.

No word had been received from the American girl since Tuesday night when a steamship saw her winging her way overhead, barely started on the long trail leading from New York to Paris.

### Rains Proving Boon to Ontario

Large Acreage Seeded to Fall Wheat in Sections of Province

Toronto.—The occasional rains of the past week have proved a great boon for fall wheat throughout the province, according to the weekly report of the Ontario Department of Agriculture, which states that in the south western counties there has been a large acreage seeded late. On the whole the crop looks very well, but in some heavy clay districts, such as Haldimand and West Elgin, it is patchy.

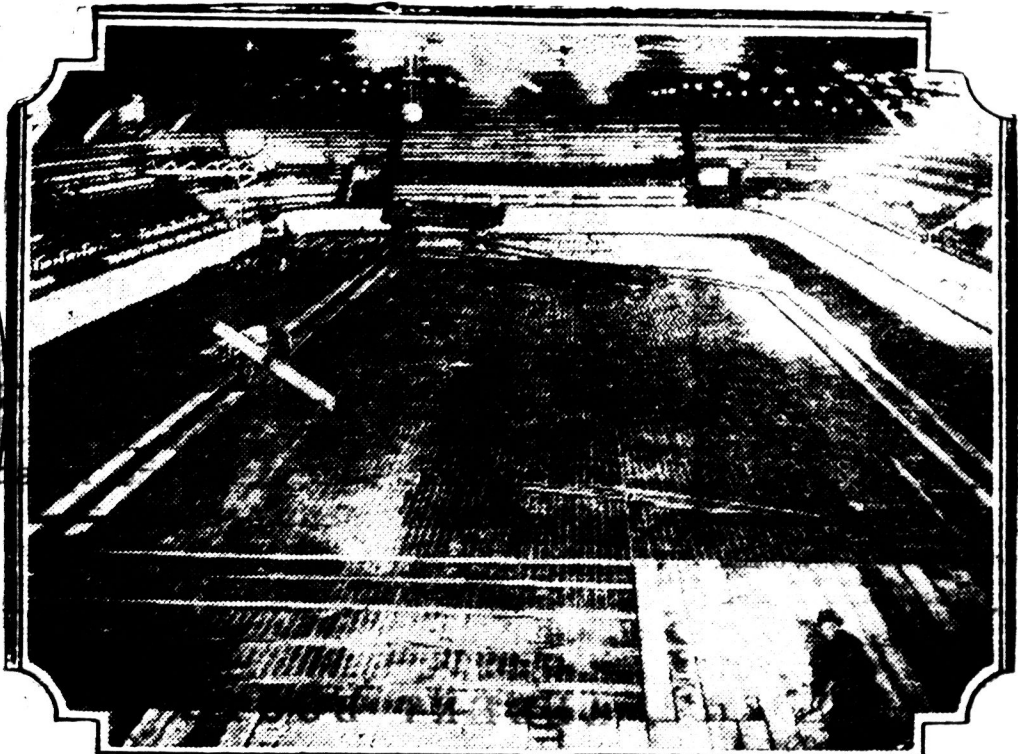
Plowing conditions have been considerably improved by the rains and this work is becoming more general. In Northern Ontario harvest work has been greatly delayed by the wet weather during the past month. In the remainder of Ontario the general farm work is well advanced.

The way things have been going this year, it wouldn't surprise us a bit to hear of a disastrous flood in the middle of the Sahara.

#### THE TRUTH

The roads are already too good for the good of a lot of folks who ought to stay at home.

### Amphitheatre Where Conservatives Met



#### NEW FLOORS AND SPEAKERS' PLATFORM PUSHED TO COMPLETION FOR CONSERVATIVE CONVENTION

The photographs above show the exterior and interior of the Winnipeg amphitheatre rink where the Conservative National convention was held. The building seated 10,000 and new floors were laid. The speakers' platform was built on the left side of the picture with press stands immediately in front of and behind it. The centre floor contained chairs and the 1,573 delegates were seated there. The elevated seats and boxes around the sides were for specially invited guests and the general public. This picture shows approximately half the rink interior.

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