Fridtjof Nanseen

A Career of Achievement in that Namen had done this "imposs Many Fields Lies Behind the thing.

There are, perhaps, on the whole, the Polar Regions

By Vilhjahmur Stefansson, Noted Arctic Explorer, Scientist and Author,

in New York Herald-Tribune. Several travelers, including myself, are used to being presented to audiences (where no other well known traveler is present) as the "greatest living explorer." But when no potentially jealous explorer is present and when men of information and judgment in the matter are gathered together, the name is always the same—that of Friltjof Nansen, that citizen of the world, born in Norway, who has just landed in New York for

you concede greatness at all to a craft try to conquer nature and to bend her

dge

had been to

id not want

sperate for

m queerly.

versation.

shortly.

n excellent

ingle men,

. Toronto.

ving after

genial to him, for he is a man of helped him materially. He won it in the humanitarian task of marshaling that Russian famine which has been in reality, even if you believed it to ficient rainfall and of other natural plan for its own subjugation. and at present uncontrollable condi-

gist. He had already won recognition expanse of ice which you can treat as in this field and was curator of the if it were solid land, but with multiterest in human life on the sea was liquid, and which are, moreover, in natural, for he was a descendant of those lords of the northern oceans, the they are moving, but not in the direc-Vikings, who had dominated Europe tion of their motion. Nansen was the through their shipwraft a thousand

great extent on fisheries. The plants the people.

The temperatures and currents and must interest him as well, for upon although it had been supposed to be than one or two of them, even thirty these in the last analysis the plants land, and her commander, the Ameri-

Bergen has been a seaport of consequence from the beginning of history. be based on that kind of drift. Everything conspired to interest Nansen in the ocean when once he had enmight have been the originator of the fled on Bergen as the place of his work.

It was interest in the sea and knowledge of it that led Nansen to contri- aboard or near her an active open-air within the Arctic Circle. bute eventually a new idea to the life through year after year, counting The time is just coming when the foundation of greatness.

at, no doubt, who could have handled the Russian famine as well as Nansen, though he did handle it well enough to deserve the Nobel Prize. emerge at the opposite side. But there were few in Europe or anywhere, probably none, who had at once the information upon which Nansen based his new idea and the originality to synthesize that information and bring out an idea from it.

Somehow the public is usually unable to perceive greatness in an explorer or imagine greatness in him unless he has really or supposedly performed some deed of physical prowess. . Nansen began his career with that sort of prowess, which may have been accident or diplomacy. No one had crossed Greenland. Ordinarily human reasoning goes no farther than to assume that what has not yet been done is either impossible, or at the least, very difficult.

About Greenland, indeed, many had said specifically that it could not be crossed. Peary had climbed the western slopes; and it is easy tosee now from analysis of his testimony that he foreshadowed the crossing. Moreover, he understood that it could be done and wanted to do it. No one doubts to-day that he could have done it. There is even some reason to believe that Peary would have done it more easily than Nansen, for certainly he showed in his career a genius for organization and for the development of new and good methods of snow and fce travel which Nansen hardly approached. Indeed, the technique of cold weather living and the method of sledge travel were always Nansen's weakest points.

The fact was, however, that Nansen startled the world by crossing Greenland. Thereby incidentally, certainly without premeditating it, probably without realizing it. he broke, or plorer, the one arrious competitor of capital of Siam. It carried gifts for the temple.

his active life, the American Peary. King of the North felt his life in ruins about him when

Fridtjof Nansen, the Fam- few royal roads to greatness; but they ous Explorer, Who is Now are comparatively numerous in the Visiting America and Who, field of exploration. For where else do you discover so many achievements Instead of Resting on His which the public believes to be im-Laurels, Plans, at the Age possible or superhuman but which of 67, New Conquests in those on the inside know to be easy the public but who, as Cicero tells us, used to wink at each other in passing.

On this fortunate peculiarity of ex

ploration, the ease of its "difficult" achievements, is based, too, that system of ethics which makes it the unforgivable sin for an explorer to take the public into his confidence about tow easy some of the heralded feats really were. It is safe by now, however, to tell the truth about the crossing of Greenland, for both of the contenders, Peary and Nansen, have since risen to unassailable heights, recognized as leaders in their craft by explorers as well as by the public. Their reputations now rest safely on the doing of really great and fundamentally A tour through the United States.

There are several explorers living who are great in their own fields, if the mood of children to kick at the mood of childr obstructions. The small and petulant of this nature. But Nansen, so far as forces to their will. They are driven great, or at least a distinguished and outstanding man, had he followed alsible. On the part of such children of most any other congenial occupation. since. On the part there had been, be-And many occupations are confore Nansen's time, many high expresvaried tastes and numerous talents. about "conquering the Arctic." There sions of lofty but ineffectual purpose the air's exhibitantion. Neither are their four-legged companions wasting time. He did not win the Nobel Prize, for had been, too, advances by a few men of genius by Eric the Red, by Pearry, the line of exploration or through Rae, McClintock, and perhaps as many work where his previous distinctions others as you can count on the fingers

the relief forces of the world against had done more than to step fighting natural obstacles, to adapt themselves made, in our eyes, even more terrible to conditions as they found them and than it was by the propagandists who to go ahead with their work on that were trying to blame it exclusively on basis. Nansen was the first to formu-Boishevism. It was terrible enough late and carry out a plan by which the be wholly or chiefly the result of de-be actually made to co-operate in a so-called hostility of the Arctic could!

of two hands.

Even Pearry had been outright de Nansen started in life as a biolopolar sea is not covered with one vast constant drift-constant only in that

of the sea would interes: him too, for 1872-74, showing that it could be done age. York Herald," had drifted northwest- popular books about the Arctic. For Arctic which Nansen has done more along. other physical conditions of the water ward through what was really water, it is doubtful that you will find more than any one else to develop, but the Names fight of 1920 will be the Names

tered the biological field and had set-rounded-out Nansen plan of building a published since then including, for with wholesome food, planning to live gregate of more than eleven years



Harry in the Wilderness of Mid Outer

SNOW-BATHED WOODLANDS, KEEN AIR AND HEALTH The jolly week-end party, in the depths of the Muskoka woods, is in high spirits with every nerve a-tingle to against the door for a moment when

Arctic basin was from the side of York and Peking, London and Tokio. | nautical development as a thorough-

Norway and Iceland. He built the Fram and put her in ning for Norway her independence idealistic dream, could as easily visit ages of the boys at the Foundation the ice in 1893. She emerged in 1896 from Sweden, and later represented our kiddles from the moon as from might vary. It was a long story to with complete vindication of a theory Norway as Minister to London. He Lapland or Alaska. and of a method that were not only carried on his oceanographic work The importance of the coming Nandemonstrably new from the historical while he was a politician and diplosen flights is essentially one of pubpoint of view but were so new from mat. He carried it on, too, while as a licity, or as we now euphemistically the scientific or logical point of view statesman representing the League of say, public relations. He should, that most of the highest authorities Nations, he administered the famine therefore, employ the best of public in the world had called them every- relief in Russia. thing from impractical through visi- He is carrying on oceanography still liberal appropriation for an "educaonary and suicidal to insane.

acter and balanced genius. His drift, entirely different from his pioneer suggest, the personnel of the expediaccordingly, was no mere triumph of work of thirty-five years ago. He is tion. Girl Scouts or debutantes should one theory but carried with it the doing now nothing that is revolution- accompany the flight, if the real in- "Copey" as the ideal of all readers. Bergen Natural History Museum when the solid land, but with multi-gathering of the largest body of ac- ary, but instead, everything that auth- terest of the public is to be enlisted in the venture. only twenty-one years old. His intudes of cakes of ice which offer a concurate and important knowledge that orities agree is feasible and comparation between solid and curate and important knowledge that orities agree is feasible and comparation between solid and curate and important knowledge that orities agree is feasible and comparation between solid and curate and important knowledge that orities agree is feasible and comparation between solid and curate and important knowledge that orities agree is feasible and comparation between solid and curate and important knowledge that orities agree is feasible and comparation between solid and curate and important knowledge that orities agree is feasible and comparation between solid and curate and important knowledge that orities agree is feasible and comparation between solid and curate and important knowledge that orities agree is feasible and comparation between solid and curate and important knowledge that orities agree is feasible and comparation between solid and curate and important knowledge that orities agree is feasible and comparation between solid and curate and important knowledge that orities agree is feasible and comparation between solid and curate and important knowledge that orities agree is feasible and comparation between solid and curate and important knowledge that orities agree is feasible and comparation between solid and curate and important knowledge that orities agree is feasible and comparation between solid and curate and important knowledge that orities agree is feasible and comparation between solid and curate and important knowledge that orities agree is feasible and comparation between solid and curate and c has ever been brought together by a tively easy, but rich in promise of re- At the very least we must know that single Arctic expedition.

how novel the conclusions were in man airship Graf Zeppelin and to Cats should be taken, dogs and pigtion of their motion. Nansen was the first to make planned use of this "diffirst to make planned use of this "difficulty."

In which is the conclusions were in the conclu sea was equally natural, for the weath of Norway to-day and her leadwealth of Norway to-day and her leading occupations are dependent to a

sens. The Tegetthof, under the Aus
Nansen accumulated a mass of data
what we accumulated a mass of data
this journey may really prove to be,
secretly enjoyed the terrific oaths of
secretly enjoyed the terrific oaths of trians, had drifted with the ice in storms so few and mild on the aver-

can naval lieutenant DeLong, had ply the old belief in the prevalence of even formulated some plans that could violent storms, ignoring not only Nansen's conclusion, itself based upon suf-Perhaps had DeLong lived he ficient evidence, but all the mass of ship hat was peculiarly adapted to re- instance, the reports of my own exsisting ice pressures, stocking her peditions which have covered an ag-

thought of the world. To develop a on fresh meat secured by hunting to world is to make practical us of tihs to propose it afresh in connection cides to find out and understand what thus, as a well manned scientific lab- age mildness of storms in the Arctic plorers to the western side of the At- i nany case, now that he is among us. Men who can succeed in routine oratory, drifting across the Arctic is one of the cornerstones in the prowork are numerous. There are sever- basin by setting the vessel fast in the gram for use of the Arctic as an ice on the side from which the drift aerial highway to fly by the shortest Santa Claus to the moon, and most of certify that he is a great man. And appeared to come and expecting her, routes between such populous centres our folklore interest of the Arctic to we are used to worshiping great men, when enough years had passed, to of the north temperate zone as lie on the moon along with him? Then we even if we do not understand them opposite sides of the Arctic from each would be free to promote the Arctic men like Einstein, for instance. It concluded that the drift across the Sockholm, Seattle and Berlin, New gin using it in line with current aero- a tonic effect.

Alaska, Bering Strait and eastern Si- Nansen does not retire, nor rest on fare between Old World and New had been happy, hearing it read aloud. beria toward the side of the Atlantic, his laurels. After becoming foremost World commercial centres. Santa among explorers, he took part in win- Claus, being the crystallization of an eight and seventeen; I believed the

and at sixty-seven is about to re-enter tional" campaign and the publicists College of Oratory, Mr. and Mrs. John Nansen is a man of rounded char-polar exploration, though on a basis must study every angle, especially, I tively easy, but rich in promise of results. There is a broad scientific foun-several of the members have gray"Well, in my house the children One sample from many will show salation for his plan to engage the Ger- haired mothers who are fond of them. say 'And now Mother, will you read

> which he has been powerless, as all the Nansen flight of 1930 will be likeothers have been, to get the public to ly to succeed in calling to the atten-

> ally and internationally unwilling that ed then and the principles he estaba way around the apparent dilemma. to move the world.

ionary, but merely he continuation of some seadog who might be taken logical development. But if not re- along with the flyers to do the swearit is on them that the animals live, which give occupation and wealth to which give occupation and wealth to safety and comfort. The Jeannette, set it forth in 1897 you can convince will be revolutionary in the popularifinanced by Bennett, of "The New yourself if you look over the various zation of that real knowledge of the Rumania should be induced to go

tion of the public some of the out- Will We Have Perhaps because the Arctic is the standing conclusions of his drift voyhome of Santa Claus, we seem nation. age in 1893-'96. The gacts he gatherany realities shall prevail in our lished would begin after thirty years thoughts of the Far North. Person- to fill the press dispatches if those ally fond of Santa Claus, I would be methods were followed, and might the last to desire that any one should even succeed in getting a footing as handicap that benevolent saint ma- low down as our common school textterially. It seems to me I have found books. Nansen's ideas might begin

with the visit of the greatest of ex- Nansen has done, let's treat him well For the Nobel Prize and the gold been thinking about but bear in mind, Why not transfer the residence of medals of scores of learned societies



Reading Aloud to Boys and Girls Called Easy Road to Culture

Recently Charles F. D. Belden director of the Boston Public Library. told the secretary of the Narry E. Burroughs Newsboys Foundation in Boston that it would give him pleasure to come down and read aloud one evening to a group of boys in the Foundation Library. "How many will be there?" Mr. Belden inquired. "As many as you like, from a dozen to 800," the secretary said. "Eight hundred is too many," said Mr. Belden. "I am not going to make a speech. I am going to read a story. Stories are best read to small groups."

So, on a certain evening, Mr. Belden read Conrad's story called "Youth" to about 30 boys. Later, in his room at the library, Mr. Belden explained what he had in mind in reading aloud to the boys himself, and arranging for others to do so, too, at intervals. He is a tall, spare man, of precise speech; his room is small and dushy, with a long, black table set distinctly on its scarlet carpet and the vaulting in the low ceiling is picked out in the turquoise blue that ancient Egyptian princesses loved. Two doors of the room stood open; between these Mr. Belden walked, back and forth, back and forth, leaning he had turned, before crossing the floor again.

"I took Conrad's story." Mr. Belden said, "because my own four children At the time their ages were between try thm on, but a good one; it shows that there are beauties in literature beyond the printed word. One would not, read it and, thereafter, find read-

ing unattractive. . . ." Subsequently Mr. Belden arranged relations counsel. There must be a for others to take turns at the readings. Professor Ross of the Emerson Cronin, the library's own story tellers, and others. Mr. Belden spoke of Professor Copeland, the famous

> Mr. Belden, asked what he believed lay in reading aloud that was more

us a chapter after supper?' Mrs. Beltime," but that they will go on with it ing habit that has nothing to do with compulsion and everything to do with the pure joy of investigating good books."

What We Want

Points to Be Considered in Selecting Your Motor Boat

A number of qualities should be considered when buying motor boat says Henry Clay Foster in the March issue of "Filed and Stream". The boat selected will probably not come up to the ideal standards you have writes this boat editor, that no one boat is built to perform the duties of all other kinds.

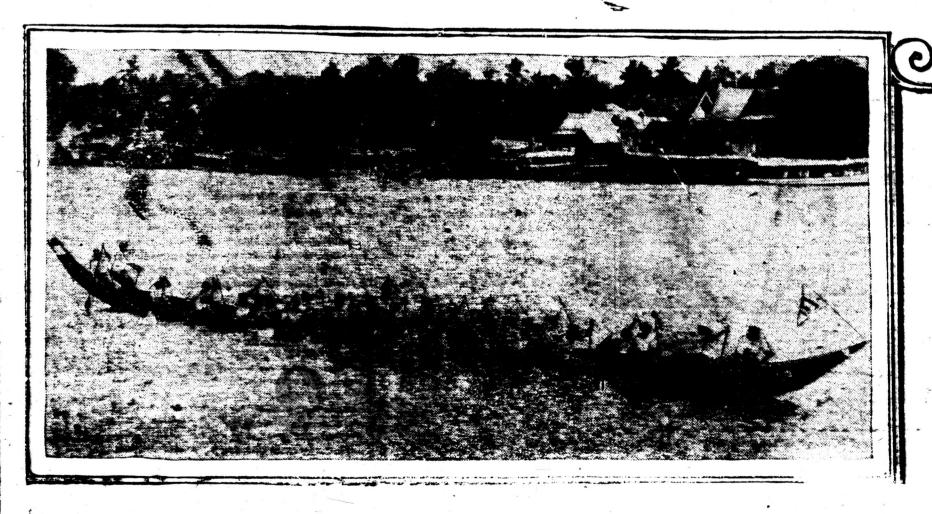
"When you want a boat for one kind of use mainly," he writes, "you Nansen studied all the facts and other, as, for instance, Chicago and by truly modern methods and to be does us lots of good; the thrill has admirably for every other use. A good, stoutly built fishing boat with a fish well in it, and otherwise equipped for rough usage, simply isn't a sleek mahogany runabout for social "There are certain qualities, like

sea-worthiness in choppy water, speed in rough water, speed in smooth water, comfort at anchor in rough water, maneuverability under various conditions, etc., which are paramount in certain types of models, but when these are sought by the designer in unusual degree he sacrifices other things for it. We must recognize that specialized models have their drawbacks as well as their strong points.

"If you want a boat which folds up," continues Foster, "do not expect it to be as stout or capable of absorbing as much abuse as a common old white pine row-boat about a commercial anchorage. It won't stand it. And that's no fault of the maker, either. If you really want a boat which folds up and is easily transportable, you want it bad enough to take care of it, use it within its limitations, and keep it in good shape for the next trip. If you don't, give up the idea.

"If it. is seaworthiness, that you want, stop and think: Seaworthiness where? If it is speed, what kind of speed? and where. If it is comfort, remember that is also a comparative term. How much comfort? You can't have the comforts of a 30-foot cruiser in a 10-foot rowboat,"

Love is an art that must be learned. Once learned, it is a very pleas--Sherwood Edds



SIAMESE CLAIM RECORD LENGTH FOR THE CLASS OF WAR CANCES

would have broken had it been breakSiamese paddlers, in picturesque traditional garb, paddling the world's longest craft of its kind at the water carnival at Nondapuri, near Bankok, the ant thing, though there are dangers.