

# SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

LESSON V  
GOD LEADS A PEOPLE - Exodus 13:17 - 16:12  
Printed Text - Exodus 13:17-22; 14:1-15

Golden Text - "The Lord will guide thee continually." Isaiah 58:11.  
THE LESSON IN ITS SETTING  
Place - The Israelites gathered together, as they went out of Egypt, at Succoth, which is to be identified with the city of Pithom in the northeast of this great country. Various events in this lesson occurred between the city of Succoth and some part of the Red Sea, which is not today easily identifiable.

Time - B.C. 1490.  
"And it came to pass, when Pharaoh had led the people so, that God led them not by the way of the land of the Philistines, although that was near." If the Israelites had come from Egypt straight up into Palestine all through Gaza, they could have been in the center of the Promised Land within a week. This is the way almost all the great military campaigns of the world have followed. The march is difficult, at certain seasons of the year it is blistering hot, and the main armies would be through an arid desert, but nevertheless, such a march is possible. Napoleon himself led his troops up this way in his futile attempt to reach Constantinople. "For God said, I will send the people before me, and they shall be there in the morning." But God led the people about, by the way of the wilderness by the Red Sea. The Red Sea is about 1350 miles long, with an extreme breadth of 305 miles, the deepest portion measuring 1200 fathoms. It is located between Egypt and Arabia, stretching from Suez to the Strait of Bab-el-Mandeb. Why this Red Sea is named has been called the Red Sea for the last two thousand years, no one seems to know. The name has been explained by the corals within its waters, by the color of the Edomite and Arabian mountains bordering its coast, or by the glow of the sky reflected in it.

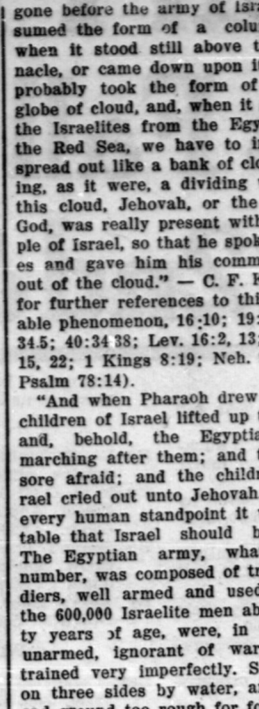
God's ways are so often not our ways; ours seem to be capable of the quicker results and less suffering. But God's ways often appear so much longer than necessary, and involve so much hardship and disappointment, yet God always knows best. We see two evident reasons why in the good providence of God the near way was chosen. First, the escaped slaves could not bear the sudden danger and fierce struggle in the near way (because of the powerful Philistine people against whom they would immediately have to fight and for which they certainly were not prepared). "And the children of Israel went up armed out of the land of Egypt." Literally they went up equipped (see Joshua 1:14; 4:12).

"And Moses took the bones of Joseph with him; for he had straitly sworn the children of Israel, saying, God will surely visit you; and ye shall carry up my bones away hence with you." This was according to the explicit order of Joseph just before his death (Gen. 50:25; see Acts 7:16). Faith in the Promised Land must also have kept burning in the hearts of some Israelites from one generation to another, or the bones of Joseph would have been forgotten. Would that all of us, in dying, could leave such legacies of one kind or another to those who follow us, especially our own children, might therefore derive strength for continually walking in the favour of the Lord, living the faith-life!

"And they took their journey from Succoth, and encamped in Etham, in the edge of the wilderness." The exact position of Succoth is not known, but scholars are coming to believe that it was very near to or actually identical with the city of Pithom in lower Egypt, on the banks of the canal connecting the Nile River with the Red Sea.

Etham is on the east of the Isthmus of Suez, although its exact location has not been determined. "And Jehovah went before them by day in a pillar of cloud, to lead them the way, and by night in a pillar of fire, to give them light; that they might go by day and night." The pillar of cloud by day, and the pillar of fire by night, departed not from the people. "We are not to regard this miraculous phenomenon as consisting of two different pillars that appeared alternately, one of cloud, and the other of fire. There was but one pillar, both cloud and fire (14:24); for even when burning in the dark, it is still called the pillar of cloud (14:19) or the cloud (Num. 9:21), so that it was a cloud with a dark side and a bright one, causing darkness and also lighting the night. Consequently, we have to imagine the cloud as the covering of the fire, so that by day it appeared as a dark cloud in contrast to the light of the sun, but by night as a fiery splendour. When this cloud had

# Crane Treasures Reward For Her Efforts



Mrs. Stanley Crane keeps a careful eye on her youngsters, the first to be hatched in the London Zoo, to make sure that nobody robs her of the reward of her careful efforts.

# Farm Queries

Conducted by PROFESSOR HENRY G. BELL  
With the Co-Operation of the Various Departments of the

Q - "Talking with an Englishman who has farmed in Devon, England, I found that over there they broadcast lime and fertilizers by means of an instrument drawn behind their oxen. The machine is built on lines similar to the outfit they use to apply the highways in winter. I would appreciate your opinion as to whether that is a sound way to do it, or whether it is a drill that would handle fertilizer." - R.A.S. - Simcoe Co.

A - The implement to which you refer is known as an end gate sower and is operated from the back of a wagon by a connection with the axle and side of the wagon; it gives a very fair distribution of lime and, fairly good broadcast sowing of oats, but I would not advise it for fertilizing of pastures. Fertilizer in order to give best results on cultivated crops should be worked into the soil near the seed, but not in touch with it.

I believe you would get your best results from a combined grain and fertilizer drill which is constructed to give continuous and even distribution. I would call your attention to an apparatus which is being put out now to attach to an ordinary grain drill (Prof. H. G. Bell, Dept. of Chemistry, O.A.C.).

Q - As an amateur gardener living in the city I am writing to you hoping that you will advise me regarding the comparative values of different forms of fertilizer which are at my disposal.

First I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?  
Second, please advise me the value of fresh pig's blood mixed with water. I believe it is rich in nitrogen. I have used it mixed with water, 1 to 24 on tomatoes and one five pound honey pail of the mixture to each

VIENNA.—The half-effed signature of Adolf Hitler on a sketch of the church in his native Austrian village which turned up here raised the value of the drawing to 30,000 Austrian shillings (about \$5,677). The sketch, which dates from the days when he turned out such pictures to augment his meagre income, was discovered by a young Viennese while searching through family papers.

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

Q - "I have a quantity of wood ashes which I sift. There is much ash from paper and some from burnt bones, but most of the wood was the soft wood and twigs and branches and also shingles in it. Can you tell me if the potash is quickly available? Would it be good for celery? Is it valuable for tomatoes?"

# Canada's Favourite Tea

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

MADE IN CANADA

# DEATH ON THE DIAMOND

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

BY CORTLAND FITZSIMMONS

# Married Men In For More Accidents Than Bachelors

Married men are more likely to be injured in accidents than bachelors, according to a study by the National Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Marriage, they tell you, is the ultimate in bliss. Life is just a bowl of cherries and nothing can go wrong. But statistics of the Workmen's Compensation Board tend to indicate that married men are more likely to be injured in accidents than bachelors. The study, which covered a period of five years, showed that married men were injured in accidents at a rate 10 per cent higher than bachelors.

When Terry went down to breakfast that morning, he met Frances Clark as he was going into the dining room. "Isn't it horrible, Terry?" she sighed. "I'm glad Larry isn't here. It's getting dark. It is killing him. He knows I see Larry whenever I can and he knows we correspond and sometimes I feel guilty about because he is so upset about this. He the games cancelled for the rest of the season. That will give you an idea of his feelings."

"Trying to cut Doyle out?" Mullins inquired. "That's what Terry could reply, Doc Biers said, 'Reynolds is trying to do that. Having any luck, Reynolds?' " "Well, she's flushed and muddled, 'I don't have any chance when Terry is around.'"

"Well," he hovered, "with Terry in the Detroit team may fool you, Craven suggested. "That's what Terry could reply, Doc Biers said, 'Reynolds is trying to do that. Having any luck, Reynolds?' " "Well, she's flushed and muddled, 'I don't have any chance when Terry is around.'"

"Well," he hovered, "with Terry in the Detroit team may fool you, Craven suggested. "That's what Terry could reply, Doc Biers said, 'Reynolds is trying to do that. Having any luck, Reynolds?' " "Well, she's flushed and muddled, 'I don't have any chance when Terry is around.'"

"Well," he hovered, "with Terry in the Detroit team may fool you, Craven suggested. "That's what Terry could reply, Doc Biers said, 'Reynolds is trying to do that. Having any luck, Reynolds?' " "Well, she's flushed and muddled, 'I don't have any chance when Terry is around.'"

"Well," he hovered, "with Terry in the Detroit team may fool you, Craven suggested. "That's what Terry could reply, Doc Biers said, 'Reynolds is trying to do that. Having any luck, Reynolds?' " "Well, she's flushed and muddled, 'I don't have any chance when Terry is around.'"

"Well," he hovered, "with Terry in the Detroit team may fool you, Craven suggested. "That's what Terry could reply, Doc Biers said, 'Reynolds is trying to do that. Having any luck, Reynolds?' " "Well, she's flushed and muddled, 'I don't have any chance when Terry is around.'"

"Well," he hovered, "with Terry in the Detroit team may fool you, Craven suggested. "That's what Terry could reply, Doc Biers said, 'Reynolds is trying to do that. Having any luck, Reynolds?' " "Well, she's flushed and muddled, 'I don't have any chance when Terry is around.'"

"Well," he hovered, "with Terry in the Detroit team may fool you, Craven suggested. "That's what Terry could reply, Doc Biers said, 'Reynolds is trying to do that. Having any luck, Reynolds?' " "Well, she's flushed and muddled, 'I don't have any chance when Terry is around.'"

"Well," he hovered, "with Terry in the Detroit team may fool you, Craven suggested. "That's what Terry could reply, Doc Biers said, 'Reynolds is trying to do that. Having any luck, Reynolds?' " "Well, she's flushed and muddled, 'I don't have any chance when Terry is around.'"