

# TABLE TALKS

by Jane Andrews

In many homes Easter Sunday breakfast is a meal that ranks just behind Christmas and Thanksgiving dinners. And for an Easter breakfast—or at any other time for that matter—nothing goes better than a real Coffee Ring, made with yeast. Take my word for it, you'll find it will worth the little extra time it takes to make.

**COFFEE RING**  
Sweet dough:  
2 pkgs. granular yeast (or 3 cakes compressed yeast)  
1/2 cup warm water  
1/2 cup sugar  
1 tsp. salt  
1/2 cup butter  
1/2 cup milk, scalded  
1 egg yolk  
3/4 cups sifted flour

Soften granular yeast in warm water, 110°; compressed yeast in lukewarm water, 85°. Mix together sugar, salt, butter and hot milk. Cool until lukewarm. Add egg yolk, yeast, and 2 cups of the flour. Beat thoroughly. Add a little at a time, enough of the remaining flour to make a soft dough.

Turn out on a lightly floured board and knead until smooth and elastic (about 10 minutes). Place dough in lightly greased bowl, turn once to grease surface. Cover; let rise in warm place until double in bulk, about 1 1/2 hours. When light, punch down, turn out on floured board and knead lightly.

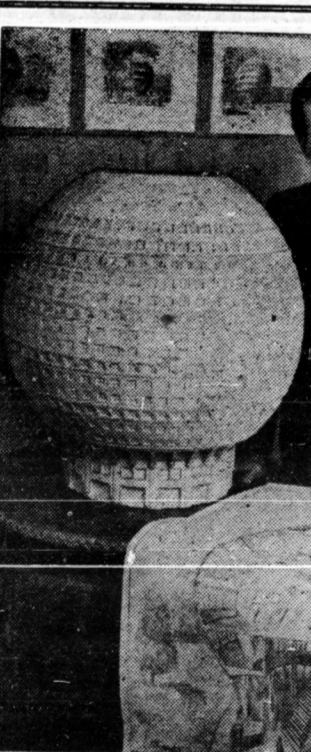
Roll into rectangle 21 x 10 inches.  
**Filling:**  
1 egg white  
1 cup almond flavouring  
1/2 cup sugar  
8 to 10 drops green food coloring  
1 cup blanched ground almonds or other nuts  
2 tbsps. melted butter  
Beat egg white with a fork until slightly foamy. Add almond flavouring. Gradually blend in sugar. Add coloring and nuts. Brush dough with melted butter; spread with nut mixture.

Roll dough lengthwise, as for jelly roll. Shape roll into ring on greased cookie sheet, around oven-proof container about 4 inches in diameter. Cut through the ring diagonally with scissors. Then cut off a diagonal slice 1/2 inch thick. Pull slice into petal shape, and flip it. Cut next two slices in same way, and place them on either side of first slice, overlapping it a bit.

Repeat cutting around the roll, forming a ring three petals wide. Lightly press the outside edges of the finished ring with the palms of both hands, to make it compact and circular.

Let rise in warm place until doubled in bulk (about 40 to 60 minutes). To keep ring from spreading, fasten a strip of well-oiled pie tape around the outside of the ring. Then the ring will bake rather than spread during baking, and stay the size of your serving plate.

Bake in moderately warm (325°) oven 30 to 35 minutes, or until golden brown. Allow to cool about 15 minutes.



"Grand" Garage Idea—Prof. Peter Birkenholz thinks his "ball garage" would be the answer to Munich, Germany's parking problem. Shown with a model of his invention, he claims the circular garage would accommodate 1,000 cars. The project would be 170 feet high and could be built by a new, non-scaffolding method.

Remove tape. Loosen ring from baking sheet and remove container from centre.  
**Glass:**  
2 cups confectioners' sugar  
4 tbsps. water  
1/4 cup sliced or chopped nuts  
1/2 cup candied or canned pineapple, cut in small pieces  
Mix sugar and water until smooth. Spread over ring. Garnish with nuts and pineapple. If you bake the ring ahead of time, and freeze it, heat in a warm (250°) oven 10 to 15 minutes if ring is at room temperature, 25 minutes if ring comes direct from the freezer.

## 'Sidewalk Supers' Get Recognition

In addition to all of this concern about the welfare and property of tenants, the Rockefeller Center devotes a great deal of time and money to cultivating the good will of the public. This policy was established firmly during the period when Nelson was particularly active in the management—by 1930 he was directly concerned in the daily operations—but it had actually been inaugurated by his father, Nelson. One told how his father formed the famous Sidewalk Superintendents' Club for excavation watchers in 1938 and how more than 75,000 persons become members and eleven branch chapters were organized in the country.

"While the work was at its busiest in the construction of the Centre, the Sidewalk Superintendents' Club was formed. The Club's public relations department where a big stream shovel was work. You know how it is—the impulse that makes a crowd gather and watch men doing jobs with ponderous machines like a big steam shovel.

After his initial appearance he worked in the store for the next three years. He became store manager. He was in charge of the store's operations. He was in charge of the store's operations. He was in charge of the store's operations.

For a comedian, his first lines on stage were tragic. At the age of ten he played one of the Three Wise Men in an entertainment given in St. Anthony's Church. His lines were: "Sorrow is sighing, cold, stone tomb." He can still recite the role.

Shares his dressing room during rare stage appearances with a pretty girl, Por'and Hoffa. It's okay. She's the wife, writes Sidney Skolsky in The Police Gazette.

When a kid he was popular at school. He worked in the Boston public library and had access to the teachers' room—where all the answers were.

Got the name of Allen in this manner. Had been working in Australia for three years. His salary was \$3 a week. On returning to America he learned that the Keith office would give him \$100 a week. He decided to change his name so the booking office wouldn't be bothered by the name of the original owner.

He doesn't smoke. Is continually chewing tobacco. He is a moderate drinker. Met his wife when both were playing in the "Passing Show of 1922." She was a chorus girl. They were married in 1928. He says his marriage is grand because it isn't like being married. His best friend is Al Chippit. The result of a trick, he said, was when juggling.

Always carries a pocket full of note paper with him. When he thinks of a gag, or an idea for a yarn, he jots it down. Also he carries a card in which he lists what he has to do during the day, and attend TV rehearsal. Buy book. Meet wife at 5:30.

Wears only two pieces of jewelry. A watch given to him by the late Jack Donahue, dancing star of the twenties, and a ring given to him by his son when he was graduated from high school. The ring, originally worn



The Outdoors Easter Bunny—Easter time is egg coloring time, and Martha Kopacz has already made up her batch of Ukrainian-style eggs. She made the intricate designs under the direction of Gloria Sormach, a consultant to a dye company.

mouthful of rock and earth. A watchman employed on the job walked up to him and said in no uncertain tone: "Move along, buddy! You can't stand loafing here!" My father obediently moved along and didn't stand loafing there any more.

But out of the incident came the idea of establishing a place where people could watch construction work at the Centre in comfort and without being chased away. Mr. Rockefeller assumed that other passers-by didn't like to be moved on more than he did and he had special openings cut in the board fences so that any one could watch without interference. The Centre's public relations experts quickly developed the idea and began presenting pedestrians with cards certifying their membership in the Sidewalk Superintendents' Club. From those Rockefeller Brothers, by Joe Alex Morris.

He was working in a hardware store in Boston when his theatrical career started. A friend had been booked for five dollars to appear in an act. The friend got cold feet. He went on in the friend's place for three dollars. He was billed as "Paul Buckle — European Entertainer."

After his initial appearance he worked in the store for the next three years. He became store manager. He was in charge of the store's operations. He was in charge of the store's operations.

For a comedian, his first lines on stage were tragic. At the age of ten he played one of the Three Wise Men in an entertainment given in St. Anthony's Church. His lines were: "Sorrow is sighing, cold, stone tomb." He can still recite the role.

Shares his dressing room during rare stage appearances with a pretty girl, Por'and Hoffa. It's okay. She's the wife, writes Sidney Skolsky in The Police Gazette.

When a kid he was popular at school. He worked in the Boston public library and had access to the teachers' room—where all the answers were.

Got the name of Allen in this manner. Had been working in Australia for three years. His salary was \$3 a week. On returning to America he learned that the Keith office would give him \$100 a week. He decided to change his name so the booking office wouldn't be bothered by the name of the original owner.

He doesn't smoke. Is continually chewing tobacco. He is a moderate drinker. Met his wife when both were playing in the "Passing Show of 1922." She was a chorus girl. They were married in 1928. He says his marriage is grand because it isn't like being married. His best friend is Al Chippit. The result of a trick, he said, was when juggling.

Always carries a pocket full of note paper with him. When he thinks of a gag, or an idea for a yarn, he jots it down. Also he carries a card in which he lists what he has to do during the day, and attend TV rehearsal. Buy book. Meet wife at 5:30.

# THE FARM FRONT

by John Russell

The keeping quality of eggs depends to a large extent on the quality of the shell. Any crack or imperfection in the shell results in rapid loss of interior quality. A good hard shell which can resist considerable shock is a highly desirable characteristic.

There are a number of factors which affect egg shell quality. The breaking strength of the shell is lower in hot weather. As egg production decreases the breaking strength tends to decrease and as the bird approaches the end of its laying year, egg shell strength decreases. But two factors are of paramount importance in egg shell quality, says M. MacIntyre, Poultry Nutritionist at the Experimental Farm, the inherited ability of the bird to produce good shells and the diet of the bird.

In a study of different feeding methods, says M. MacIntyre, a fed an all-mash ration produced eggs with stronger shells than did a feed of grain and mash or grain and pellet ration. The explanation for this seems to be that the birds on the all-mash ration, being unable to pick and choose their feed, received a more balanced diet.

Experimental work has shown that it is possible to improve the quality of the egg shell by selective breeding. The hardness or thickness of the egg shell of the average flock can be considerably improved by a selective breeding program, in which hens producing eggs of poor shell quality are removed from the breeding flock. Present knowledge indicates that by this practice most flocks can be improved to a certain extent, but ultimately a point is reached beyond which further improvement is practically impossible without affecting other hereditary characteristics.

Nutritionally, a lack of minerals and vitamins, particularly calcium, manganese, and vitamin D has an adverse effect on egg shell quality. In egg shell quality studies it has been shown that the source of calcium as well as the presence or absence of insoluble grit, produced egg shells of superior quality to those from birds fed oyster shells. The oyster shells fed in this trial were limestone, and it is thought that the presence of a hard substance in the gizzard in the form of insoluble grit or a hard calcium compound favours the production of better egg shell.

There are many ways now of improving heavy soils. The old standby of course is well rotted manure. If one is lucky enough to be able to get this in quantity, it is still the very best soil conditioner and enricher. Laid on in a big way it will make a fine garden out of almost any kind of soil. One disadvantage, of course, is that manure is often filled with weed seeds. When that is it would be best to pile somewhere for a year or so and then apply.

Even without manure, however, there are other things that can be used. One of these is home made humus, which is clean garbage. This can be directly or piled in a corner, covered with layers of earth, watered occasionally and allowed to rot.

The new chemical soil conditioners, too, will break down the heavy clay and dot the job overnight. Moreover the effect will last for at least several years.

Planting too close together and planting too deep are probably the most common of garden mistakes. Even tiny things like alyssum or portulaca, or leaf lettuce green onions require some space to develop properly. The safe rule is about two inches between plants as they will be high when full grown. With most flowers and vegetables this means at least a couple of inches between and with any zinnias, peas, beans, etc., four to six inches. With dahlias and corn this should be 12 to 18 inches. The rule for depth is three times the diameter of the seed or root planted. This means that really tiny seeds should merely pressed in the soil while such things as beans and peas should be covered about an inch deep. Big bulbs like gladiolus and dahlias should go down from six to 12 inches.

Nothing is so vital as the right kind of seed. Suitable seed is more than just high quality. It also means that the variety has been approved and tested officially for Canada. As seed is the only factor in gardening over which one has absolute control, and the cost is negligible, nothing but the best should be considered.

The bill in the form it was introduced for first reading reads the producer of whatever little control he had and delivers him, tied and delivered.

Government control over all aspects of marketing goes so far as to give the Milk Control Board power to replace the representatives elected by a group to bargain collectively if in the opinion of the Board the representatives are "not representative" of the persons who elected them.

Little left to farmers. What is left to the farmer is the ghost of a Marketing Agency which would not have the power to market.

Even this shadow of producer controlled marketing can only be obtained if 66 per cent of those entitled to vote in a poll to be taken by the Milk Control Board, vote for it.

# THE GREEN THUMB

by Gordon Smith

No Rush  
It is pleasant and natural to get outside with a spade just as soon as the sun starts to get warm. But so long as the soil is the least bit muddy and there remains a real threat of serious frost, it is well to take things easy. As a matter of fact for the great majority of plants there is no real growth until spring has definitely arrived and both air and soil are warm. At the end of the planting season, one should be patient too. In most parts of Canada one can go on planting and sowing well into the spring. A succession of really tender vegetables, that is the only way to operate. One plants a first sowing early, then two or three weeks later, a second sowing. There is usually plenty of time for a third or fourth at similar intervals.

There are many ways now of improving heavy soils. The old standby of course is well rotted manure. If one is lucky enough to be able to get this in quantity, it is still the very best soil conditioner and enricher. Laid on in a big way it will make a fine garden out of almost any kind of soil. One disadvantage, of course, is that manure is often filled with weed seeds. When that is it would be best to pile somewhere for a year or so and then apply.

Even without manure, however, there are other things that can be used. One of these is home made humus, which is clean garbage. This can be directly or piled in a corner, covered with layers of earth, watered occasionally and allowed to rot.

The new chemical soil conditioners, too, will break down the heavy clay and dot the job overnight. Moreover the effect will last for at least several years.

Planting too close together and planting too deep are probably the most common of garden mistakes. Even tiny things like alyssum or portulaca, or leaf lettuce green onions require some space to develop properly. The safe rule is about two inches between plants as they will be high when full grown. With most flowers and vegetables this means at least a couple of inches between and with any zinnias, peas, beans, etc., four to six inches. With dahlias and corn this should be 12 to 18 inches. The rule for depth is three times the diameter of the seed or root planted. This means that really tiny seeds should merely pressed in the soil while such things as beans and peas should be covered about an inch deep. Big bulbs like gladiolus and dahlias should go down from six to 12 inches.

Nothing is so vital as the right kind of seed. Suitable seed is more than just high quality. It also means that the variety has been approved and tested officially for Canada. As seed is the only factor in gardening over which one has absolute control, and the cost is negligible, nothing but the best should be considered.

The bill in the form it was introduced for first reading reads the producer of whatever little control he had and delivers him, tied and delivered.

Government control over all aspects of marketing goes so far as to give the Milk Control Board power to replace the representatives elected by a group to bargain collectively if in the opinion of the Board the representatives are "not representative" of the persons who elected them.

Little left to farmers. What is left to the farmer is the ghost of a Marketing Agency which would not have the power to market.

Even this shadow of producer controlled marketing can only be obtained if 66 per cent of those entitled to vote in a poll to be taken by the Milk Control Board, vote for it.

# SPRING FEVER vs. SPRING CHORES



Spring is in the air and that old urge hits Vic Russell. He's a-wishin' to go a-fishin, but...



... spring has a different meaning for Mom (that's Gladia Russell) who points out that the weather is fine for doing a few chores, including getting the garden plow out...



... and getting the garden hose ready for action. ("Daggone it who let the hose freeze during the winter?") and washing the windows and putting up the screens and...



... and, 'uh, m-m-m-m, mumble, bumble, that ole spring sunshine's got me. Sure did ruin the day's work-for HER. But don't grin, brother your turn's a-comin'."

## PLAIN HORSE SENSE

By BOB ELLIS

Sydney, N. S.  
We have just finished reading the extra-ordinary document entitled "An Act respecting the Milk Industry", introduced by the Ontario Government.

Being on the move most of the last few months the mail catches up with us only at irregular intervals. The expression of our opinion therefore will come quite late and by the time these lines are printed, the fate of the dairy farmers of Ontario and enforcement of this act.

The act is a step towards Statism and Totalitarianism. This column welcomes suggestions, whether constructive or destructive and will try to answer any question. Address your letters to Bob Ellis, Box 1, 123-18th St., New Toronto, Ont.

The regulations and by-laws of these weird institutions are subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council. To make the whole network tight, provision is even made for interlocking membership of the appointed bodies.

Government control over all aspects of marketing goes so far as to give the Milk Control Board power to replace the representatives elected by a group to bargain collectively if in the opinion of the Board the representatives are "not representative" of the persons who elected them.

Little left to farmers. What is left to the farmer is the ghost of a Marketing Agency which would not have the power to market.

Even this shadow of producer controlled marketing can only be obtained if 66 per cent of those entitled to vote in a poll to be taken by the Milk Control Board, vote for it.

## THE SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

R. Barclay Warren, B.A., B.D.  
Jesus' Intercessory Prayer  
John 17: 9-23

Memory Selection: Whatsoever ye shall ask in my name, that will I do, that the Father may be glorified in the Son. John 14: 13.

It was the night before the crucifixion. Jesus had gone out to complete arrangements for his betrayal of Jesus. Meanwhile Jesus with the disciples left the upper room where they had eaten and were on their way to the garden. Somewhere on this journey Jesus paused to offer this great prayer for his disciples. They had come to Him out of the world and had about to leave them. They were not of the world even as He was



Tuning In—A West Berlin hospital has installed a speaker on a large window separating quarantined patients from their visitors. The device enables victims of contagious diseases to speak to their visitors.

Happy Couple — Queen Elizabeth's personal chaplain, Canon Charles Robin Raven, 68, and his bride, Mrs. Ethel Paine Moore, 80, leave Trinity Church after their marriage at Boston's Back Bay.

## CROSSWORD PUZZLE

1. Place on a road	2. A small boat	3. A small boat	4. A small boat
5. A small boat	6. A small boat	7. A small boat	8. A small boat
9. A small boat	10. A small boat	11. A small boat	12. A small boat
13. A small boat	14. A small boat	15. A small boat	16. A small boat
17. A small boat	18. A small boat	19. A small boat	20. A small boat
21. A small boat	22. A small boat	23. A small boat	24. A small boat
25. A small boat	26. A small boat	27. A small boat	28. A small boat
29. A small boat	30. A small boat	31. A small boat	32. A small boat
33. A small boat	34. A small boat	35. A small boat	36. A small boat
37. A small boat	38. A small boat	39. A small boat	40. A small boat
41. A small boat	42. A small boat	43. A small boat	44. A small boat
45. A small boat	46. A small boat	47. A small boat	48. A small boat
49. A small boat	50. A small boat	51. A small boat	52. A small boat
53. A small boat	54. A small boat	55. A small boat	56. A small boat
57. A small boat	58. A small boat	59. A small boat	60. A small boat
61. A small boat	62. A small boat	63. A small boat	64. A small boat
65. A small boat	66. A small boat	67. A small boat	68. A small boat
69. A small boat	70. A small boat	71. A small boat	72. A small boat
73. A small boat	74. A small boat	75. A small boat	76. A small boat
77. A small boat	78. A small boat	79. A small boat	80. A small boat
81. A small boat	82. A small boat	83. A small boat	84. A small boat
85. A small boat	86. A small boat	87. A small boat	88. A small boat
89. A small boat	90. A small boat	91. A small boat	92. A small boat
93. A small boat	94. A small boat	95. A small boat	96. A small boat
97. A small boat	98. A small boat	99. A small boat	100. A small boat

Answer elsewhere on this page.