#### Britain Has Its **Growing Pains Too**

Britain's population not only is on the increase but on the move, according to the 1961 census figares. Some areas, such as the coal mining and textile areas of the north and west, are losing inhabitants. But the suburban areas around the big cit es now are filling up and expanding, en-

Significantly, the major Britis cities are not themselves growing The population of Greate. Lon now is 8,172,000, a drop of 176,000 in the post 10 years Bir mingham and Manchester are down proportionately. It is the "dormitory" residential areas
around these major urbar centers that are growing so impressively

Indeed, so many people apon area and the south of England that some humorists toresee the British Isles soon overbalance ed with the south getting its toes wet, and the north of Scotland sticking up out of the Atlantic,

The suburban sprawl, according to a preliminary report on the ead-count of last April, is bringing all manner of problems in its trail. It is placing a vast strain on the public transportation sys-- the buses and underground railways that must convey so many workers from their and back each day. Short-haul pressure as commuters who once least a seat to themselves, now fied themselves standing in the

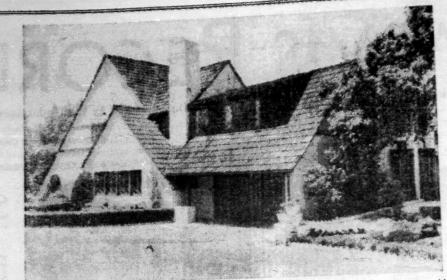
resever tord and housing cities, roads and parking lots are tecoming choked with commu ers' cars, school and other public facilities are overcrowded, and the countryside is rapidly disappearing from view - except where it is protected by greenbelt regulations.

largest British cities find themselves losing their normal resicential areas, losing their population, and instead becoming only a tremendous commercia complex which is harder and harder for the would-be customer, or worker, to reach.

These British islands are notably small in area, and with an increase of population of 2,500,000 in the past decade, the areas that gained are beginning to feel as though the "standing room only" sign should be hung out, whereas declining areas feel more lonesome and neglected, writes Henry S. Hayward in the Christian Science Monitor.

Where did the population come were absorbed last year alone, the West Indies. This year, the incoming West Indian contingen

may be trebled. Although 108.000 persons emigrated from the United Kingdom the past year, since 1954 55 imnugration has steadily exceeded emigration. In fact, Britain at present is experiencing the greatest influx of new residents since European refugees fled here before and during World War II. Over the decade an estimated just enough pressure to remove 225,000 immigrants from over- the stained portion of the paper.



105ER'S HIDEOUT? - Former Vice President Richard M. Nixon and his family will live in this furnished home until their own home is constructed.

When the weather is hot, try

a chilled, frosty bowl of cold

soup, and you'll be surprised at

what a good start it is for a hot-

day dinner! Cold soup means to many

people simply vichyssoise (in

it's pronounced vee-chee-

swahhz) a cold, creamed soup

made, among other things, of

potatoes and leeks with a chick-

This soup, tradition says, was

invented for Louis XIV of France and, like so many fa-

mous dishes, was invented acci-

dentally. Louis, always afraid

of what his chefs were serving

him, had an official taster. B

the time food was brought from

the kitchen down long corridors

and the tasting ceremony was

performed, food was cold. To

ssoise was made even colder

avoid censure for this, vichy-

and served to the king as a spe

cial delicacy, even though i

was actually of peasant origin.

This cold soup now has many

versions, and has become an

are proud of their vichyssoise

international dish. Many chefs

and will give the recipe when

asked for one of their favour-

son, the chef told me that he

used a little bit of apple as an

should be slightly sweet," he

said. "Add a very little nut

meg and mace also. Apples should be peeled and chopped

before being added to the chicken base." This chef used 2

parts coffee cream to 1 part of

strained stock - but unless your

stock is especially rich, this pro-

portion would thin it too much

as to taste, writes Eleanor Rich-

ey Johnston in the Christian

Science Monitor.

ingredient because, "vichyss

ites. At the Arizona Inn in Tuc-

en broth base.

case you've ever had trouble,

TABLE TALKS

CHILLED BORSCH

Pinch pepper
2 tablespoons minced scallions
1 cup finely diced beets

If you use canned beets, add

water to the juice to make the

2 cups beet juice, if necessary.

Place beet juice, 34 cup sour

cream, lemon juice, and season-

ings in a bowl and beat smooth

lions, diced beets, and coarsely

Chill well. Serve garnished with

Cucumbers and shrimp are

combined in this clear, summer

COLD SHRIMP AND

CUCUMBER SOUP

1 41/2-ounce can of deveined

1 cup thinly sliced cucumbers

Drain and rinse shrimp. Dis-

solve bouillon cubes in boiling

water: add salt and dill, lemon.

onion, and cucumber. Cover and

and heat for about 5 minutes

longer. Chill; just before serving,

sprinkle with white pepper

At the Hotel Castellans-Hiltor

in Madrid, I once had a cold

soup that is a specialty of the

chef there. With it were served,

in separate little dishes, diced

fresh bread, chopped onion,

green pepper, cucumber, and to-

mato. The soup was called Caz-

CAZPACHO

2 raw fresh green peppers

2 French rolls (soaked in

Pass all ingredients through a

neat-mincing machine, strain

and add a little water, making

the soup the thickness of cream

soup, Salt to taste. Always serve

CHILLED CANNED SOUP

Blend can cream of celery

soup, cream of chicken soup,

cream of mushroom soup, cream

of pea soup with 1/2 can of milk

and 1/2 can of water. Heat, stir-

before serving. Serves 4.

ring, just to boiling point, Chill

2 raw tomatoes

1 clove garlic

ounces olive oil

4 tablespoons vinegar

1 teaspoon red pepper

water)

Serves 4. . .

pacho.

simmer 10 minutes, Add shrimp

s teaspoon white pepper

4 cups boiling water

teaspoon salt

4 thin lemon slices

4 cup sliced onion

4 chicken bouillon cubes

4 sprigs dill with seeds

with rotary beater. Add scal-

cut cress leaves (discard stems)

sour cream (use remaining

cup for this). Serves 4.

1 small bunch water cress

2 cups beet juice

11/2 teaspoons salt

34 cup sour cream

14 cup sour cream

1 tablespoon lemon juic

seas settled down in England and Wales alone, which figure is just under 10 per cent of the total

Why do so many immigrants still come to these increasingly overcrowded islands? England and Wales have a population density of 790 per square mile ex-ceeded in Europe only by the Netherlands. The comparable density figure for the United

They come, apparently, for the social benefits of the British welfare state, its "free" national health program of medical care (the payments for which are in the form of taxes rather than fees), full employment, good wages, better opportunities ,and high living standards. They come despite housing shortages and general lack of elbowroom.

Meanwhile, there still are more women than men among Britain's nearly 53,000,000 inhabitants. It has been that way since the census began 160 years ago. In the tast 10 years, moreover, Scotand's population has increased by 82,000, and is now over 5,178,-000, the highest recorded. The increase should have been

337.000: but 255,000 Scots migrated, half overseas, half to other portions of the U.K. Then, too, the coastal towns are becoming larger, which prob-

ably testifies to the influence of the motorcar and the ability of more people to retire. As usual, the planners are not satisfied with the way all these Britons are drifting around and finally coming to rest in the wrong places. They want more planning policy - for industry, oads, new towns, revival of city entres. They want to reverse th

trend from depopulated areas to those already overcrowded. Yet, overcrowded or not, it i clear that more people than ever still like it here!

Q. What can I do about the edges of books that have be-come badly soiled?

Next to vichyssoise, probably A You can clean them b the most popular cold soup is using fine sandpaper fitted jellied consommé or bouillon. If this is made in your kitchen, around a curved sanding block. Use a block which has approxistock. This takes several book edges. Sand lightly, using hours of cooking before adding the vegetables - onions, carrots, turnips, garlic, parsnip, bay

leaves, leeks, parsley, etc. Then the stock must be cooked again for at least an hour, then strained. In 4 hours' cooking, liquid will be reduced by Soup made this way should jell when chilled for several hours; if it does not, add a little gelatin for your cold soup. In most modern homes, canned conson mé or bouillon is used. Simply put your can of soup in the refrigerator and chill for several hours; open and serve with lemon wedges, garnish with .

spray of parsley or mint. Here is a simple and very easy version of vichyssoise. It serves generously. All good cooks agree on one thing about this soup - fresh chives are best for the garnish.

VICHYSSOISE

cup butter 4 leeks, sliced (white part

a cup sliced onion 2 cups diced, raw potatoe 4 cups chicken broth

4 cups entered 4 cup heavy cream Salt and pepper Finely chopped chives Heat butter; add leeks and onions and simmer about 5 min-utes until soft but not browned. Add potatoes and broth. Simmer 30-40 minutes or until potatoes are tender. Press through a fine

and seasonings. Another famous cold seup is Borsch. Here is an easy recipe for this delightfully coloured soup.

sieve or food mill. Add crean

## Telephone Manners In New Zealand

"Hulle" on the telephone do not represent good telephone manpers appears to be spreading in the telephonic world. New Zealanders in the recent telephone courtesy campaign staged in Wellington, the capital city, were encouraged to announce their identity when answering the telephone, not simply resort to "Hello" or "Hullo."

Some New Zealanders, it apears, who carefully avoid such expressions when answering the elephone, have been in the habit of saying: "Are you there?" This led one New Zealander omewhat warmly to write to the

press that this form of address also should be strictly taboo as good telephone manners. "Of course there is someone there," That may be so, we agree, but

"Are you there?" as a form of address would seem in order when one knows the caller. It is pleasant and friendly and far reoved from the somewhat abrupt siness office efficiency of Shrinklethistle speaking." New Zealand public telephone

equipment is of the type which eturns the coins if calls are unsuccessful. To operate it, the ser listens after dialing and on voice response presses button A. This connects him. But imagine, said the writer

to the press, when a caller is down to his last pennies on a public telephone and, having pressed button A on response to "Are you there?" finds that it was the wrong number. (Having made a complete connection, the pennies cannot be retrieved.)
"If the number had been stated

(on voice response) in the first place, he could have hung up and dialed again. A little abrupt, perhaps, for the mystified person who was called," he said, "but when down to our last pennies we cannot afford niceties." "Are you there?" may be heard on the telephone in other coun-

tries as well as New Zealand and probably for the same triendly and pleasantly relaxed reason. But wherever used it should be strictly avoided on party lines. These collective telephonic systerms have their own peculiagdifficulties and humors, as has been pointed out in New Zealand, but "Are you there?" pleasantly broadcast over a party line could have the entire line

responding.

Manners on a party line, it was said, should be a simple matter and a party liner is entitled to receive his call without confusion and enjoy it in peace.

"With the spread of long-distance calling," said one New Zealand newspaper, "toll manners become more important. The public should be patient with toll staffs, who may be desperately busy. There are still

There are people, it is all worth noting, who would be glad to know, as the same journ

tian Science Moni The difficulty is no things do not exist this corresponden States from the

'Are you there order, as it coul said explorers sity on the part that case, th The pole station proper.

On the other perience shows, South Pole will with "Are you The South Pole

"The person land journal. in the garden. V for your man telephone can be phone instrum in time and it m department rep

This could be a surance to callers long time for their man, not be unduly conce minment wearing out in replaced free of charge. The main point, of apart from the expense involve is that good telephone manne require the caller in such case to at once leave his name a number. Thus his man would no be obliged to hurry up the garden path on a shout from the house: "Telephone, telephone!"

Q. How can I prevent m homemade jams from crystal

can do the smaller things as Andrew did. We can introduce our ing?

A. By adding a tablespoon relatives and friends to Jesus of glycerin to each pint of jam We may, like him, introduce a This makes the jam more tra child to Jesus, whose gifts may parent, and reduces ater bless the world. Andrew was a fisher of men. Launching Time: It's that pre-



CRUTCHES AREN'T FUN, NO MATTER WHOSE - President Kennedy uses crutches (left) to walk from his car to ramp to board the Presidential yacht, Honey Fitz, for a cruise down the Pole mac River with Japanese Prime Minister Hayata Ikeda. As he reached the ramp (right), the President discarded his crutches and used the railing for support.



CAUGHT IN THE ACT - These photos released by the U.S. State Department show U.S. counter spy Karel Hlasny (carrying briefcase under arm), an instructor at the Army Language School, Aonterey Calif., supposedly carrying classified information as he enters San Francisco resurrent A few members of the company taurant. A few moments later, at right, Czech diplomat Miroslav Nacvalac (second from left) enters the same establishment to pay Hlasny for the "information." The U.S. charged that on six occasions from Nov. 3, 1958, through Jan. 21, 1961, Nocvalac met Hlasny in San Francisco and gave him a total of \$1,700 for what he thought was espianage material. The U.S. demanded that Nacvalac, No. 3 man in the Czech delegation to the U.N., be recalled.

# TESTINDAY SCHOOL

Andrew: Bringing Men to Jesus John 1:35-42; Matthew 4:18-29;

John 6:8-9 Memory Selection: Come after me, and I will make you to become fishers of men. Mk.

Andrew's chief claim to fame is that he brought his brother Simon to Jesus. Simon, later called Poter, became the most dynamic of the twelve disciples Even though Andrew apparently played second fiddle to Peter all his life, he did not complain of ask for a more prominent place. It takes more grace than I can

To play the second fiddle well. Andrew has been described as man "who hovers on the edges the inner circle of the disoles, occasionally in it but usu-

the miracle of the feeding of the Five Thousand. He knew a boy with a lunch of five loave and two fishes. Perhaps he had made friends with the boy, telling him some fishing experience, or how to tie a tricky knot. On last day of our Lord's public ministry, he brought to Je-sus the Greeks who had first approached Philip. Andrew was no racial bigot. He wanted peo-ple of every race to know Jesus. Tradition says that Andrew

John Russell died a martyr in Achaia. A pro-consul, whose wife and brother Holstein steers raised as fed yearlings from spring calves brought satisfactory returns had been converted through Andrew's ministry, ordered Andrew's crucifixion and the odd even through the carcasses were K-shaped cross is known as the St. Andrew Cross. Legend tells not smooth and well finished. At the Animal Research Instiof early labours in Scythia, now Russia, and so he became a patute of the Canada Department tron saint of the Russians and of Agriculture in Ottawa, 18 his X was a part of their flag Holsteins gave lower returns over feed costs than did 17 Shorthorns (the highest) and 14 before Communism gained con-trol in 1917. Andrew so impressed the early Christians in scotland that it has been the Shorthorn-Holstein crosses. But according to CDA's W. A. Jorland of St. Andrew ever since, with his cross in their flag, too. When Scotland and England united, the white X went into the British flag where it appears today with two other prosess for England and Ireland.

Oritain is the only major nation with a Christian cross in the flag, and Andrew is the only

the three groups were suckied, the others pail-fed on whole milk for the first nine weeks of the test. The suckled calves had access to a creek from midsummer un one of the twelve ever so hontil weaning in the fall, After the first nine weeks the pail-fed calves were fed meal and hay Very few have the leadership quality and preaching ability of Peter. But almost everyone of us

THE FARM FRONT

they would eat. In late fall all calves were fed a fattening ration of silage, hay and grain and the following spring were slaughtered as they reached market finish.

Average gain of the Holstein and crossbreds was 1.72 pounds daily from birth to market, and for the Shorthorns 1.65 pounds During the winter fattening period the Holsteins ate 9 pounds of grain daily, the Shorthorns 8.5 and the crossbreds 8.1. In spite of the extra grain consumed by them, the Holsteins had the est type and quality of carcass as they tended to grow and develop instead of putting on fat.

Holstein carcasses graded 34 per cent Standard and 66 per cent Commercial; Shorthorns 6 per cent Red, 23 per cent Blue, and 18 per cent Standard and 53 per cent Commercial. The crossbreds' grades were intermediate. . . .

Average cold carcass weight of the Holsteins, crossbreds and Shorthorns were 438, 404, and

18. Provided with weapons

10. Ford 11. Watches narrowly 16. Gentle



her "Sweetnik" for the fair at Rome is Yugoslavian-born dollmaker Lierka Draskovic. The doll above is made of wood and fabrics and has a painted ball

YOUR MOTHER DID THAT!' - At the White House, Charley (right), President Kennedy's Welsh

53.0, 54.6, and 54.9. The suckled calves in each group finished onsiderably heavier than th pail-fed ones. The returns over feed costs from all calves were Potato leaf roll has not been

common in recent years, but the breat of a serious outbreak in Eastern Canada still exists.

J. P. MacKinnon of Fredericton, N.B., points out that an epidemic of leaf roll in late 1930's finished Green Mountair as a commercial variety, and varieties now popular are not highly resistant to the disease.

Mr. MacKinnon is an author-

ity on plant pathology with the Canada Department of Agriculgreen peach aphid. Good cul-tural methods undoubtedl; help in keeping it under control bu there must be some natural barriers, of which little is known, that are preventing large scale spread of the disease. Development of resistant or varieties appears to be the best

hope for lasting control. Greenhouse tests at Fredericton have shown the green peach aphid to be very effective in spreading the leaf roll virus. When caged on diseased plants for five days, over 90 per cent picked up the virus; some became infective in the first two When infective aphids were

placed singly on a new plant every day for 15 days, some infected all 15 plants. Once they picked up the virus, the aphids plants as long as they lived.

## dervier, is introduced to Pushinka, whose mother, Strelka, was put in orbit around the earth and recovered last August by the Russians. The six-month-old puppy was a gift to the President from Soviet Premier Khrushchev. In foreground is Pushinka's passport.

Just Like The Cat

Marcello Came Back

headed by Tennessee's Estes Kefauver cast a net into the gumbo of Louisiana rackets eleven years ago, a prime catch brought to the stand was one Carlos Marcello. Senator Kefauver heard testi-

mony that Marcello had a hand in Louisiana narcotics, bookmak ing, slot machines, and nigh clubs, denounced him as 'one o the leading criminals in the U.S. The U.S. Immigration Service

swiftly moved in: Marcello, ne U.S. citizen, could be deported. The specific reason for doing i was that back in 1938 Marcello had been convicted of hustling narijuana. Thus began one of the longest would-be deportation cases on record.

First the U.S. started shopping around for a country that would accept Marcello, who came to America as an 8-month-old infan in 1910. (Naturally there was no copy of his birth certificate.) Al-Marcello down, France, where hi parents had once resided briefly, declined. So did Tunisia, when the U.S. offered in proof a document that reported that Marcel lo was born Calogero Minacori, the son of Giuseppe and Luisa, in Carthage.

him of yore, and now he wa back again to pick up where he left off. He had sold his place However, since Marcello's parents themselves had claimed Italian nationality, the Italian Government finally agreed to har bor him. But Marcello's attorneys brought suit in an Italian court, asking that he be declared a non-Italian; the action, which is still pending, blocked his deportation

There things stood - Marcello living happily in New Orleans — until this year. Then somebody came forward — "a foreign informant," the U.S. says - with a record that showed a son named Calogers was born on Feb. 6, 1910, in Guatemala, to Giuseppe Minacore (with an "e," not an "i,") That was when things be-

gan to move. One day in April, when Marcello stopped in at the Immigra-tion Service office in New Or-leans for a resident alien's regular check, border patrolmen took him into custody, hustled him into a car without so much as a toothbrush, drove him to the airport and bundled him onto a plane for Guatemala. U.S. offi-cials breathed a sigh of relief. They were rid of Marcello at last — they thought
But now Marcello is back in

the U.S. How he got in and where he came from neither he nor his at-torneys were saying. Marcello simply turned up at the Immigration Service office in Shreve port and reported that in Guate mala he hadn't been welcomed at all. Instead, he said, he had been spirited away to El Salvador thence across another border, and had eventually made his way back to his favorite state. Louisi-

Wearily, immigration officials ordered him to the alien intern-ment center at McAllen Texas, to await further hearings. A reporter asked him where he realcame from. Marcello, in a soft, bemused voice, said: "I don't know myself."

In the use of tears A woman is wise, She can cut a man Right down to her sighs.

DRIVE WITH CARE!

## Shed A Tear For The Old Cream Jug!

Once again June is National Dairy Month, and anything we say will be appreciated by the National Dairy Council which has provided fact-sheets for our editorial convenience. This ex-plains how, of course, the inattentive and disinterested editors across the country suddenly chance upon a concert of crudite editorials which move the masses in the direction of greater milk consumption. It isn't just coincidence.

In perusing the statistics, notice that while America is de-livered its daily bottle, nevertheless umpteen million odd quarts of milk never move into sumed on the farm, Besides being the benefactor of mankind, the dairy farmer looks out for himself. The high commercial purposes of National Dairy Month thus dwindle, for net only do we have the eager customer: along the apartment hallways, but we have the prudent dairy farmer who never has to pay a milk bill. He, too, is a consumer. There is more to this statistical

ituation. The milk business, as it annually does more and more the off-farm customer, is doing less and less for its own people. The reason is that as our society pursues its course, fewer and fewer farmers keep fewer and fewers cows, although milk roduction and consumption conthe increasing efficiency of the dziry cow, and the limit is not yet in sight. It is also because of improved methods, mechanical aids, better knowledge of nutriments, and many another "fac-tor" the city customer need not

tendency to consolidate, making one big business where there used to be 10 little ones. In short, although all this milk is retained on the farm for home use, each cream like that. We have it all successive June sees fewer and the time. I put a pan or two fewer farm families to enjoy it. down cellar every night. Just So while we cheer at National Dairy Month, we can also to be careful, and every move I al Dairy Month, we can also shed a symbolic tear for the shed a symbolic tear for the last notch, and if I put cream last notch, and if I put cream passing of the old cream jug — the farm cream jug as distinguished from the paper carton that graces the apartment breakfast nook. And this is extremely important. A friend of mine who

you come for dinner?"
"This evening," the man said. show that fewer and fewer dairy farmers are producing more and more milk, and what this means to bowls of cream should be contemplated well as we lay down all else and observe National Dairy Month. - By John Gould

city ways, and after a rat-race life had closed his skyscraper

on Long Island and had bought another on the west side of Hedgehog Hill where the sunsets would be lovely and the pace less demanding. He had hove a sigh He found soon enough that things had changed while he was away. His lost youth was not be ing recovered as he expected.
And here he was back in the

hinterland of his yesterdays with his yens, and he wasn't gettire the kind of cream he remembervou have any cream any more?

have cream, and reached for a

bottle off the truck. "No," the

runs a milk route in a nearby

town was approached a few sum-

neighbor who wanted some cream. The gentleman had a valid desire and a legitimate

It seems he had forsworn his

office and had retired to the

scenes of his boyhood. Bright

were the suns that gleamed for

complaint.

talking about. But I can't sell it to you, and I'd want to look up the law before I even offer you off-hand. I think you are doomed to a consumer's life of abstin-ence in this respect." The man said, "I would lik in a wide tin pan on the cellar genial. After it has been there beneficence into magnificence,

stuff. I can get that stuff in any

an real cream such as my

oudding and my mother put on my porridge. I mean cream that has character, strength and fla-vor. Cream.

wor. Cream. My friend replied. "Yes, I do

have such cream. I have it at home on the table, and we use

it with a free and lavish hand. It

is just the kind of cream you ar

delicatessen on Broadway

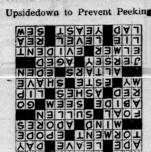
would like to have the cream skum off the skim-milk into a brown bowl with a yellow stripe around the edge, and I would like to have that bowl ! rought to me so I could put it on my

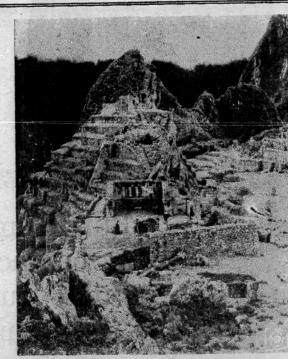
table and do what I wanted to My friend said, "I know what you mean. You want a bowl of activated lactic bacteria which exceeds the legal limit by about four hundred and sevent seven million, and I am restrained from such commerce by the Milk Con-trol Board, the Market Administrator, the Board of Health, and the Department of Public Welfare. It is against the aw to traffic in the commodity you have just described so delight-The man said, "Alas!" or words

to that effect.
"I tell you what you can do," and you can dip into it. We have like that in my truck they'd throw the book at me. When can

grip when driving screws into wood? A. If you'll dip your screws into some paint or glue before using them, they'll stay where they're supposed to indefinitely.

Keeping on your toes will keep you from getting down at heel,





FESTIVITIES UP IN THE AIR - These ruins of Machu Picchu. one-time stronghold of the Incas, located high in the Peruvian Andes, will be the site of a seven-month folk festival. The festival will commemorate the 50th anniversary of its discovery by Hiram Bingham. This collection of magnificent palaces, sac red temples, gabled houses, elaborate plazas and massive stone stairways and walls was lost to the world and unknown ever to Peru itself until the Yale professor's accidental discovery.

## String-on-Finger Things To Do Before Vacation





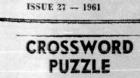








ISSUE 27 - 1961





17 16 

Answer elsewhere on this page.